

Twice as Good
One Third the Cost



Every day is bargain day in the Wave Circle. Come in and get acquainted. K C will help you cut down the living expenses and make doctor's bills a thing of the past. Do you realize that you can get the best and purest baking powder in the world

K C BAKING POWDER

at one-third what you've been paying for anywhere near K C quality. A 25 ounce can costs 25c. Think of the saving! Can you make money any easier? Get it to-day. The grocer returns the price of can if you are not satisfied.

All Grocers

Send postal for the beautiful "Book of Presents" FREE.

JAQUES MFG. CO.
Chicago.

Difference.

"Why don't you get up and give that seat to your father, Bobby?" reprimanded the lady. "Don't it pain you to see him reaching for a strap?"
"Not on the street car," chuckled Bobby, "but it pains me to see him reaching for a strap at home."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Feltner*

Too Severe.

Nell—When I marry it shall be to a man of nerve. I put Harry to the test and he failed.

Bell—And what was the test, dear?
Nell—I told him to go out on the busiest street and yell "Hurrah for Russia," but he backed out.

Splendid Scheme.

Rastus—I tol' Mandy not to fogit to wake me up at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Ike—Why, you doan' have to go to work. It's a holiday.

Rastus—I know, but I want de satisfaction of rolling over an' goin' to sleep again.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease FREE.

Write Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures sweating, hot-swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. A certain cure for corns, ingrowing nails and bunions. All druggists sell it. 25c. Don't accept any substitute.

Helping Him.

Jack Timmid—Congratulate me! May has accepted—

Cousin Kate—Of course. I told you I'd help you after she refused you the last time.

Jack Timmid—Oh, did you put in a good word for me?

Cousin Kate—Several. I intimated to May that I was after you myself. —Philadelphia Press.

THE COMFORTER

A congested vein pressing on a nerve accounts for the swelling, throbbing ache of

Neuralgia
St. Jacobs Oil

free the circulation, allays the pressure and soothes away the pain.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

Choice of Evils.

Singleton—Just as soon as a woman can manage a man her love begins to cool.

Wedderly—Yes; and just as soon as she discovers she can't manage him she begins to make it hot for him.

An Insinuation.

"Women," remarked Growells, "always have their purses filled with samples."

"Anyway," rejoined Mrs. Growells, in a tone redolent of sarcasm, "we don't get them filled in 'sample rooms.'"

RHEUMATISM
BODY RACKED WITH PAIN

No other bodily suffering is equal to that produced by the pain of Rheumatism. When the poisons and acids, which cause this disease, become entrenched in the blood there is hardly any part of the body that is not affected. The muscles become sore and drawn, the nerves twitch and sting, the joints inflame and swell, the bones ache, every movement is one of agony, and the entire body is racked with pain. Rheumatism is brought on by indigestion, stomach troubles, torpid liver, weak kidneys and a general inactive state of the system. The refuse matter instead of passing off through nature's avenues is left to sour and form uric acid, and other acrid poisons which are absorbed into the blood. Rheumatism does not affect all alike. In some cases it takes a wandering form; it may be in the arms or legs one day and in the shoulders, feet, hands, back or other parts of the body the next. Others suffer more seriously, and are never free from pain. The uric acid and other irritating substances find lodgment in the muscles and joints and as these deposits increase the muscle become stiff and the joints locked and immovable. It matters not in what form the disease may be the cause is always the same—a sour, acid condition of the blood. This vital stream has lost its purity and freshness, and instead of nourishing and feeding the different parts with health-giving properties, it fills them with the acids and salts of this painful and far-reaching disease. The cold and dampness of Winter always intensify the pains of Rheumatism, and the sufferer to get relief from the agony, rubs the affected parts with liniments, oils, lotions, etc., or uses plasters and other home remedies. These are desirable because they give temporary ease and comfort but have no effect on the real trouble which is in the blood and beyond the reach of such treatment. S. S. S. is the best remedy for Rheumatism. It goes into the blood and attacks the disease at its head, and by neutralizing and driving out the acids and building up the thin, sour blood it cures the disease permanently. While cleansing the blood S. S. S. tones up the stomach, digestion and every other part of the system, soothes the excited nerves, reduces the inflammation, dissolves the deposits in the joints, relieves all pain and completely cures this distressing disease. S. S. S. is a certain cure for Rheumatism in any form; Muscular, Inflammatory, Articular or Sciatic. Special book on the disease and any medical advice, without charge, to all who write. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE.

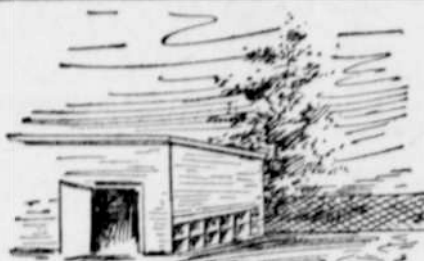
FARMS AND FARMERS



Husking Corn.

By far the most serious task in raising corn is the matter of husking it in the field. Up to date no practical machine adapted to this purpose has appeared. Many have been tried, but they usually fall short in some important particular. None of them has become popular, and a fortune awaits the man who perfects a thoroughly practical corn husker, which will be as successful relatively as the modern husker is for corn fodder, says Orange Judd Farmer. When corn is to be husked direct from the standing corn, it should be allowed to mature quite thoroughly, particularly if it is of a variety with large ears and large cob, containing a high percentage of moisture. This must be determined by examination. Some seasons husking begins the latter part of September, while in others it is not safe to begin husking until the middle or end of October. The time will also depend largely upon the variety. Early maturing kinds have small cobs, and they can be husked much earlier than late-maturing and large-ear varieties. Corn when first placed in the crib contains 13 to 35 or 40 per cent of moisture. A common practice in the great corn States is to start through the field marking a "down" row. Husk two rows to the left of the wagon and the one row that is under it. Go around a good-sized "land" in this manner. The next time through the field and every succeeding time thereafter have the team straddle the last husked row next the corn that has not been husked. This will prevent the necessity of picking up a down row each time, and will enable the husker to do his work. The ordinary wagon box will hold from twenty-five to thirty bushels. When the corn is exceptionally good, a skillful husker will be able to more than fill one wagon box in half a day. The capacity of a box may be increased by putting on additional sideboards. On the right side of the wagon box it is desirable to place one or two extra boards to act as bump boards. The husker will not need to use so much care in throwing in his work. A good husker so gauges the distance from the row in the wagon box that it is not necessary for him to look where he throws his ear.

Winter Homes for Turkeys.
While the idea of the turkey is to roost high, this privilege cannot always be accorded if a structure is to be provided for the birds in which to roost. If they are to roost in the trees, then they may choose their own limb. It is a good plan to make the turkey house low, but placing the roosts as high as possible without humping the birds up against the roof. The ventilation in such a house must largely be provided from the bottom, and this is done by having a row of windows



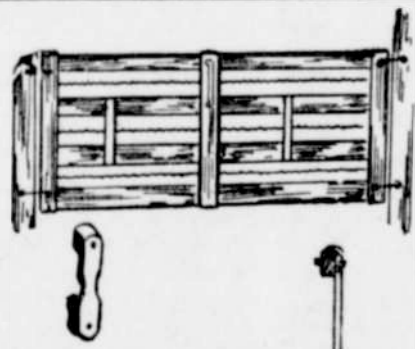
WINTER TURKEY HOUSE.

not over eighteen inches high at the bottom, so arranged that they may be lifted up to permit a current of air to enter.

These windows will also light the floor of the house, and a larger window may be placed on the opposite side, but higher up, in order properly to light the house. The turkeys will be anxious to get out of the house early in the morning to roam, so after they have gone to roost sprinkle a little grain in the chaff on the floor to keep them busy in the morning until they are let out. Turkeys on the range must be well fed during the period they are under cover, particularly at this time of year when the feeding on the range is poor, and when it is essential to keep them in good shape and able to fatten readily a little later.—Indianapolis News.

For Driving Hogs.

This is another idea which the one-man farmer will find exceedingly useful if he has to drive hogs for any purpose. It needs but one experience with the beasts to convince any man of the difficulty in making a hog go where desired. The hurdle described will help wonderfully in this work. Use slats of one by three material and make a hurdle two and one-half feet high and about four feet long. Make it of light weight material, so that it may be easily handled. In either end piece, at top and bottom, hocks may be placed so that the hurdle may be attached to



HURDLE FOR DRIVING HOGS.

posts if required at any time. Then make handles to make it convenient in manipulating it. One should be on the center upright near the top and one on either side of the upright in about the middle. These handles are made by fashioning a strip of wood large enough to get hold of, and then nailing it on to a block and through the hurdle material. Made light, in the manner described, one can drive a number of hogs with ease and also ward off the quarrelsome boar if a member of the herd. In the illustration the small cut at the left shows the completed handle and the one at the right the manner of fashioning the bolt through the block of wood, and the end of the nail or screw going through the slat.

Exhibiting Fruits at Fairs.

One of the handsomest and most attractive exhibits of fruit we have ever seen was that shown by Lucas County at the Ohio State fair. The fruits, which comprised practically the whole list of those available at that season, were neatly arranged on a large table about twenty feet square and in such a manner that the combination of varieties and colors at once attracted attention and prompted comment on the beauty of the products. Too frequently color on exhibition tables is overlooked.—Exchange.

World's Milk Production.

It is estimated that the total weight of cows' milk produced in the world is 25,400,000 hundredweight, distributed as follows: United States, 6,100,000 hundredweight, Russia 3,500,000; Germany 3,000,000, France 200,000, England 200,000, Austria 1,700,000, Italy 1,450,000, Canada 1,300,000, Holland 1,200,000, Sweden and Norway 800,000, Switzerland 700,000, Denmark 600,000, Belgium 600,000, Australia 550,000, Spain 500,000 and Portugal 500,000. The production of milk in Europe is 18,450,000 hundredweight from 45,000,000 cows. The number of milch cows in the world is 63,800,000—15,940,000 in the United States and 10,000,000 in Russia. There are only six head of horned cattle in Spain to each 2½ acres of cultivated land, while in France there are thirty-four and in England fifty-six. This shows the poor condition of cattle breeding in Spain, and explains the constant increase in the price of butcher's meat for public consumption.

Fattening Steers.

The old method of cramming corn into a steer regardless of whether or not he digests it, depending on hogs to pick up the undigested corn, is a poor as well as an old method. To put on good flesh and to put it on fast a steer should digest thoroughly all the food that he takes into his stomach. The food should be prepared carefully in order that perfect digestion should take place. Less corn and more ensilaged foods should be used in finishing a steer for the market, for the old idea that corn is the only food that will finish a steer properly is demonstrated to be a mistaken one by experiment stations conducted by responsible men selected by the government.

Cost of Filling Silos.

The cost of filling silos was estimated by the Illinois Station from records obtained from nineteen farms in various parts of the State and the figures showed a range of forty to seventy-six cents per ton, the average being fifty-six cents.

Why Winter Chicks Die.

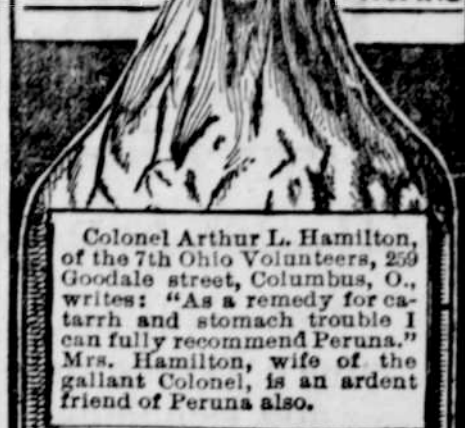
The English poultry expert, E. Brown, after several seasons of experiment, has concluded that the broiler chicks die chiefly during the first twenty days from want of exercise. By using dry feeds instead of wet feeds and making the chickens scratch for what they eat, the deaths were reduced to a small number.

Clover Hay for Sheep.

Clover hay is an excellent feed for ewes with lambs. Any farmer can have this kind of feed. It ranks high in milk producing food.

CATARRH

HEAD OF THROAT LUNGS STOMACH
KIDNEYS BLADDER FEMALE ORGANS



Colonel Arthur L. Hamilton, of the 7th Ohio Volunteers, 259 Goodale street, Columbus, O., writes: "As a remedy for catarrh and stomach trouble I can fully recommend Peruna." Mrs. Hamilton, wife of the gallant Colonel, is an ardent friend of Peruna also.



Somewhat Different.

"I suppose that old chap with the long white whiskers over there is one of your old settlers, isn't he?" said the grocery drummer.
"I reckon he's what yew might call a old resident," rejoined the village merchant, "but he ain't no old settler. He's been a-owin' me for nigh on to thirty years."

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

His Happiest Hour.

He—Do you remember the night I asked you to marry me?
She—Yes, dear.
"For a whole hour we sat there, and not a word did you speak. Ah, that was the happiest hour of my life!"—Echo de Paris.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

A Theory Demonstrated.

"Do you believe that any one can put people to sleep by means of hypnotism?"
"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "Mr. Dullboy was talking about it yesterday. I felt sleepy before he had spoken twenty words."

Piso's Cure is a good cough medicine. It has cured coughs and colds for forty years. At druggists, 25 cents.

There Are Others.

Harter—Grumbleigh strikes me as being rather selfish. He seems to live entirely with himself.
Carter—Oh, well, he isn't the only man in town who lives in a flat.

Is Your Hair Sick?

That's too bad! We had noticed it was looking pretty thin and faded of late, but naturally did not like to speak of it. By the way, Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair grower, a perfect hair restorer. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

"I am well acquainted with Ayer's Hair Vigor and I like it very much. I would especially recommend it as an excellent dressing for the hair, keeping it soft and smooth, and preventing the hair from splitting at the ends."—MINNIE FRITZ, Vedum, Mich.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.