

PAYING THE POSTAGE.

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Postage was always a sore point in the old days. It might be either prepaid or collected on delivery, and unlucky recipients of long-winded epistles or other useless matter often had through the Gulf of Mexico and the a substantial grievance. The author Caribbean Sea. of "The Old Farmer and his Almanac," gives a few of Mr. Thomas' frequent hints to his contributors to pay the

postage on what they sent to him. His first allusion to the matter was in the Almanack for 1806, and is appended to a compliment which he pays mind is mirrored in the work done, to a highly respected Quaker corre-

"Friend R. D. is tendered the editor's best thanks, for his several valuable communications, at the same time solicits a continuance of his correspondence. The postage the editor will ever be happy in paying, though in some is a great looser."

One of the "loosing" cases appears in 1809:

"A. R. Q. is thanked for his seasonable information. Though we would remind him that his communications come so coated up that we are obliged to pay double postage on them, we would advise him in future to leave off white sapphire ever discovered has the wrapper or pay the postage."

Again in 1810: "E. W. and others will be kind enough to pay postage on resided for many years in Brazil, answers to Riddles in future, or they where he possesses several mines. Bewill not be noticed."

A little later: "G. S. our Boston carats, but a flaw caused the cleavage querest, have no objection to his ask- of a piece weighing 400 carats. This ing questions every day in the year, piece will produce a cut stone of 100 provided he pays the postage."

E. F. in 1812 appears as a sinner against several principles: his "anec- length and one inch and a haif wide dote is of the coarser kind, and not and thick. capable of being polished without injuring the pith. His Meteorological observations, if correctly taken, would used in the world comes from southbe useful. He will do well to remember the postage in future."

By 1814 the postage nuisance seems to have become intolerable. "J. H. Jr." is informed that "we conceive his Questions to be unimportant, and not worth the money we paid for them," and finally there is an emphatic supply, although contributing very litpronunciamento to the world at large:

"Ne notice will in future be taken of any answers to queries unless post paid."

Different Views of It. (Nellie Munson Holman in "Success 28 per cen of the entire supply. Magazine.")

"What is the secret of success?" asked the magazine.

"Do write," said the per

"Be progressive," said the euchre pack.

"Be exact and on time," said the clock.

"Be careful not to break your word," said the typewriter.

"Don't be afraid to strike when you find your match," said the lamp.

"Push and pull," said the door. "Stand firm and unyielding," said the flagstaff.

"Don't change with every wind that blows," said the weather vane.

the hoe.

"Climb steadily up," said the hill.

"Keep bright and don't mind the northward to the limit of tree growth. said the sun. clouds."

ready for emergencies," said the inno- lene for illuminating purposes, a new cent flower; "even I always carry a use has been found for the gas in the pistil."

One Sacred Secret.

en. How do you account for it?

Kerwin-Oh, you don't suppose a married woman is goin to give her little plan away, do you?

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No. 27-1905 P. N. U. WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

Statistics collected in Germany show that three-quarters of all the tin eastern Asia. The total production in 1903 amounted to 93,093 tons. Al-

known to us.

though the output increases every year, the supply is still issufficient for the demand. The United States is the greatest tin-using nation in the world. It consumes 43 per cent of the entire tle to it. A tin-mine was opened in South Carolina a year ago, and there are said to be deposits in North Carolina, South Dakota and Wyoming.

Next to the United States, Great Brit-

ain is the greatest consumer. It takes

An attractive field for wireless tel-

egraphy has been opened up by the

organization of the Panama canal

project. Officials are considering the

feasibility of establishing wireless con-

nection between New Orleans and the

isthmus. Between these places there

is a clear seaway of 1,300 miles,

Work for the insane is a special

study at the Vilejuif asylum, Paris.

Painting, carving, sketching and even

tattooing are included, and recovery is

often due to the employment. In other

cases the condition of the patient's

aiding the physician in his study of

the case more than any amount of

The earth's interior, instead of be-

ing fluid, is now known to be exceed-

ingly hard and rigid. This is due to

the inconceivable pressure, and Pro-

fessor T. J. J. See points out that as

the heat is beyond the critical tem-

perature of every known element, the

matter must be essentially a gas re-

duced by pressure to a hardness and

rigidity possessed by no substance

What is believed to be the largest

just been brought to Berlin by M.

Heppmer, a German engineer, who has

fore cutting the stone weighed 1,250

carats. That cut from the larger piece

weighs 418 carats, is two inches in

discussion or consultation.

It is the opinion of the Dominion superintendent of forestry that Canada undoubtedly holds the first place among the timber-producing countries of the world, and notwithstanding the great drain now put upon its resources in this respect by the demands of foreign countries, he thinks that its lead may be increased by judicious management of its great forests. The virgin white pine, he says, cannot last many years longer, but in the Douglas fir, the cedar, the Western white pine, the spruce and 'the hemlock, Canada possesses all but inexhaustible treasures. The spruce is the most widely "Never become dull and rusty," said distributed. Various species of it extend from the Atlantic to the Pacific

coast, and from the American border

In Germany, where disappointment "Cultivate a calm exterior, but be has attended the employment of acetyform of an explosive for blasting. Carbid of calcium in small particles is enclosed in a tin cartridge, the upper Parker-I have noticed that nearly all part of which contains water separatthe articles on "How to Manage a Hus- ed from the carbid by a partition. At band" were written by unmarried wom- the top of the cartridge is an electric percussion device. An iron pin, worked from the outside of the cartridge, perforates the partition and allows the water to come in contact with the carbid. This is effected by a blow five minutes before it is desired to cause an explosion. At the end of that time, sufficient gas having been developed in the cartridge, the electric spark is fired and the explosion occurs. The effect in blasting is said to be the rending of the rock with innumerable cracks, so that the fragments are easily removed.

DEATH-DEALING BREATH.

Insect with Remarkable Means of Defense.

There exists in the region of the Amazon, says the Scientific American, a variety of insects which are provided with a truly remarkable means of defense. These are coleoptera of the genus Clcindela, with thorax and legs of a light brownish yellow, back elytra marked with yellow, and of a total length of whom 0.6 to 0.7 of an inch. Although less insects are sometimes seen in the daytime, it is at night that they can most easily do

"In the paths of my garden," says M. Le Comte, "by directing the light of a dark lantern toward the ground, I have seen them running in all direcbetween the stones of the borders or And wasn't the result pretty tough?

their hunting.

concealing themselves under tufts of grass. Every time that I have tried to seize one of them a slight noise has been heard like that of steam under pressure escaping from a valve raised by jerks, while a jet of smoke has made its exit with force, in most cases from the extremity of the abdomen, and sometimes even from the mouth, and disseminating a strong odor of nitrous gas.

quite a strong feeling of heat in the hand, and the body of some of the insects that I succeeded in catching appeared to me to be hot. My fingers and the parts of my nands that had been touched by the hot smoke were stained an indelible brown. It would seem as if this were a very caustic substance which the insect projects with violence in an impainable dust against the enemies that threaten it, and that it holds in reserve for important occasions.

"This process is not absolutely abnormal, since a number of other animals also have recourse to projections of liquids or odors against their enemies for their defense. But this denotes in our insect both a special chemical talent and a special resistance of the intestines that may be qualified as most remarkable.

"Upon the whole, the little coleopter is nothing less than a dragon that projects fire and names from both of its extremities and that differs in principle from the famous monster of antiquity only in its dimensions. It may very well have been that our ancestors also knew some gigantic cicinfauna, and that they have not prevaricated as much as might seem to be the case in relating to us the misdeeds of the marvelous and terrible animal committed in the days of yore in guarding caverns in which was hidden every sort of treasure worthy of the

FURIOUS FOREST FIRES.

Man and Beast Are, Helpless Against Their Oncoming.

The furyof a forest fire is indescribable, especially in soft-wood or coniferous forests. Here the flames sweep national territory. through, making a roaring wall of blaze that reaches from the ground, unjust discrimination is clearly recogcarpeted with inflammable material, nized in the conclusions of the internato the topmost branches where resin- tional Railway congress, published yesous sap snaps and crackles flercely, terday: throwing blazing particles to ignite throwing blazing particles to ignite other trees at a considerable distance. In addition a high wind blows, in many cases generated by the fire itself, the heated air rising causing an inrush of colder air from adjacent areas that acts like a draft of a furnace. Before this combination of ground and fore this combination of ground and death. During the fires in Washing- day before the senate committee at them together to perish through very process to increase "the temptapersons, with team and wagon, was some ovepowering and urgent commercut off by flames near Mt. St. Helen, cial condition"-New York Sun. and all that was found later to prove the tragedy were the irons of the wagon, the carcasses of two horses, vesthe buttons of the clothing the only evidence left to show how they fell. The horses had been cut loose in a vain mercy that sought to give them a chance to shift for themselves. Near the position of the men at various points from the central group of the planted." tragedy showed that they had tried to make some sort of a fight. 'the task monuments in Germany that have been was as hopeless as making a living space in the midst of a blast furnace. -The Chautauquan.

Peculiar Funeral Customs.

Swiss funeral customs are most peculiar. At the death of a person the family inserts a black-edged announcement in the papers asking for sympathy, and stating that "the mourning urn" will be exhibited within certain hours on a special day. In front of the house where the person died there is placed a little black table, covered with a black cloth, on which stands a black jar. Into this the friends and acquaintances of the family drop small black-margined visiting cards, sometimes with a few words of sympathy on them. The urn is put on the table on the day of the funeral. Only men go over to the churchyard, and they generally follow the hearse on foot.

Where Lies the East?

"Yes. I've just returned from a two months' visit in the East," the Portland young lady was saying, "and, oh, I had such a lovely time! Those Easterners are so different from us, though."

"What points did you visit?" inquired the new comer in Oregon. "I do hope you saw dear old Boston."

"Boston!" the Portland girl ejaculated. "I should say not. I was in Montana."-Portland Oregonian.

On a rainy, windy night, when you are unable to sleep, ever look yourself cured under the ordinary treatment yield to its purifying, cooling effect on

Not a Favorite Breed.

Lovers of good, plain dogs, which have been allowed to grow naturally, will appreciate the story of the English peddler who went to a dealer in dogs and thus described what he wanted:

"Hi wants a kind of dog about so igh an' so long. Hit's a kind of gry-'ound, an' yet it ain't a gry'ound, because 'is tyle is shorter nor any o' "At such times I have experienced these 'ere gry'ounds an' 'is nose is shorter, an' 'e ain't so slim round the body. But still 'e's a kind o' gry-'ound. Do you keep such dogs?"

"No," replied the dog man. "We drowns 'em."

A Jealous Elephant.

A large elephant, formerly the center of attraction in a certain Zoo, found itself supplanted in public favor by a new arrival-a young camel. This camel was the latest acquisition, and very naturally engaged the attention of visitors.

The elephant for a long time showed signs of dissatisfaction, and at last his jealousy reached a point where it must find expression. When the usual crowd gathered about the camel the elephant prepared for action. He filled his trunk with water, and with deliberate aim discharged the water all over the people who stood looking at the baby camel.

Just Discrimination in Railway Rates. on the subject in a responsible way are likely to agree with President Samuel Spencer of the Southern railway when he says: "There is no division of dele, the remains of an antediluvian opinion as to the desirability of stopping all secret or unjustly discriminatory devices and practices of whatsoever character.'

Mr. Spencer, in speaking of "unjustly discriminatory" rates and devices, makes a distinction which is at once apparent to common sense. There may be discrimination in freight rates which is just, reasonable and imperatively required by the complex commercial and geographical conditions with which ex- ordered to be attached to the municipal pert rate makers have to deal. To abol- laboratory, where all the bombs found ish such open and honest discrimination might paralyze the industries of ken for investigation and destruction. cities, states and whole sections of our

This distinction between just and

"Tariffs should be based on commercial prin

The present proposal is, as Mr. crown fire nothing can prevail. Ani- Walker D. Hines, of Louisville, showed mals flee before it or are roasted to in his remarkable testimony the other on and Oregon in 1902 lakes were Washington, to crystallize flexible and found packed solid with putrefying justly discriminatory rates into fixed and partly roasted bodies of bear, deer, government rates which cannot be panther, and other animals, fearless of changed except by the intervention of each other in the frenzy that brought some government tribunal, and by this drowning, heat, or suffocation. In tion to depart from the published rate these same fires a picule party of nine and the lawful rate in order to meet

> Too Deep for Him. "There's one thing I can't understand

about farming," said the city chap who tiges of the remains of human beings, had contracted with a farmer for a week's board, as he watched the hired man turning the soil.

"What be that, young feller?" queried the honest old grap ca, as he bit off a

generous hunk of home-made tobacco. "I can't understand," said the city the tires of the wagon were the re- chap, "why the ground was placed botmains of the women of the party and tom side up, so that it has to be turned over with a plow before the crops can be

> completed to Prince Bismarck, while forty-four others are in process of construction or are planned.

At the present moment there are 194

There is a grave-digging school in Brussels, and all the candidates for the post of sexton in Belgium to be eligible

must have graduated from this school.

Idleness is many gathered miseries in one name.-Richter.

Come Now Own Up

You don't like those gray hairs, do you? And your husband certainly doesn't like them. Then why not try a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor? It restores color to gray hair every time, all the deep, rich color of early life. And it cures dandruff also.

"I certainly believe that Ayer's Hair Vigot is a splendid preparation for the hair and scalp, for I have used it more or less for siz years. I can cheerfully recommend it to any-one in need of such a preparation."—MRS. KATE HOYT, Minneapolis, Minn.



Is Nation of Chauffeurs.

The French nation so closely guards her supremacy in the motor world that plans are being made so that every All railroad men quailfied to speak French boy will be made familiar with the operation and the principles involved in the construction of the automobile, says the Philadelphia Record. A course of instruction is being arranged for introduction into the public schools. There are a number of technical schools where the details of automobile instructions are imparted to those who desire such knowledge.

It is said that no city in the world gives the same encouragement to automobiling as Paris. It has been decided that all the public hospitals shall be equipped with self-propelled ambulances and a very speedy car has been on the streets of that city shall be ta-

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Her Purpose.

"Mother thinks you'll make me a good wife," said the girl's intended.

"Indeed?" replied the girl with the determined jaw, "you tell your mother I'll make you a good husband."-Philadelphia Ledger.

For coughs and colds there is no better medicine than Piso's Cure for Consump-

A Son's Suggestion.

Father (cutting the whip smartly through the air)-See, Tommy, how I make the horse go faster without striking him at all. Tommy-Papa, why don't you spank

us children that way?-Glasgow Times. Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing

Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Off Duty.

"Hello!" cried the policeman, "reading a paper, eh? I thought you were a blind man." "So I am during business hours," the

blind beggar replied, "but I'm off duty now."-Philadelphia Press.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Particular. "Darling," whispered the ardent suitor, "may I press you with my man-

ly arm?" "I am from Missouri," replied the beautiful girl, "and you will have to

show me." "Show you what?"

"Proof that you belong to the Pressers' Union."

Those afflicted with Eczema know more than can be told of the suffering imposed by this "flesh fire." It usually begins with a slight redness of the skin, which gradually spreads, followed by blisters and pustules discharging a thin, sticky fluid that dries and scales off, leaving an inflamed surface, and at times the itching and burning are almost unbearable. While any part of the body is liable to be attacked, the

hands, feet, back, arms, face and legs are the parts most often afflicted. The cause of Eczema is a too acid condition of the blood. The circulation becomes loaded with fiery, acid poisons that

Eczema made its appearance on my left limb the size of my thumb in 1893, and spread until it was large as my hand, burning, itching and paining me, and for which I could get no relief, until seeing the other cures advertised by you I wrote and secured the advise of your physicians, commenced S. S. S. and it cured me. Mayetta, Kan. I. H. SPRNCE.

are forced through the glands and pores of the skin which set the flesh aflame. Since the cause of the disease is in the blood it is a waste of time to try to cure it with local applications; the cause must be removed before a cure can be effected. S. S. S. has no equal as a remedy for Eczema; it enters the

blood and forces out the poison through the natural channels, and builds up the entire system. The skin becomes smooth and soft again, and the Eczema is cured. Cases that have persistently refused to be

tions seeking a reruge in the clefts over candidly, and admit your faults? the blood. Book on Skin Diseases and any advice wished, without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC GO., ATLANTA, GA.