## THE STAYTON MAIL.

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STAYTON.....OREGON.

# WEEK'S DOINGS

General Review of Important Happenpenigs Presented in a Brief and Condensed Form.

Anxiety is felt for a number of ves-

sels about due off the Japanese coast. In a 14-hour battle the Russians met

a severe defeat east of Ta Tche Kiao. Kansas City packers claim to continue to get nonunion help and to turn out

a greater product. The Knight Commander, sunk by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, had a cargo of iron and steel.

Malheur, Oregon farmers have two months in which to accept the government irrigation project.

Ex-Senator H. G. Davis, Democratic nominee for vice president, is reported to be engaged to be married.

A Big Four engine at Indianapolis struck an electric car, killing two persons and injuring a number of others.

Thirty-seven cotton mills have shut down at Fall River, Mass. The strike is on account of a reduciton in wages.

The resignation of Superintendent Potter, of Chemawa Indian school, has been accepted. His successor has not

Corean agitation against Japanese land grants is becoming serious.

Parker has fixed August 10 as the date of his notification of acceptance.

has been sighted 70 miles from Yoko-

All employes of the packing plants have gone out. About 85,000 men are affected.

A battle has been fought near Ta will be large. Thugs at Bonesteel, S. D., resisted

eviction, and two of them, as many officers and a civilian were shot. Russia has stirred up the ire of

Germany by seizing a steamer in the Red sea flying the kaiser's flag. Britain, informed of the seizure of two more ships, is determined to have the war status of the Russian volun-

teer fleet fixed. It is alleged that great dissatisfaction exists among the members of the meat packer's unions because of the second strike order, and that a revolt

against President Donnelly's order will occur. Senator Gorman has refused to take

Colonel E. Butler, a prominent St I ouis politician, has been indicted for

Pacific coast shippers have asked the war department to state what goods are contraband.

British press will not believe danger the Dardanelles is settled.

The Massachusetts state board of arbitration is trying to avert a strike at cotton mills, with a prospect of success.

Bonesteel, S. D., gamblers have met the demand of citizens to make grafters go, and the reign of terror seems to be at an end.

The meatpackers strike has been renewed in all the leading packing plants and the tie-up is complete. The trouble is alleged discrimination in reinstaating employes. Unless peace is made at once all allied unions are likely to go out in sympathy. President Donnelly, of the union, is said to have demaanded that strikers be reinstated in 10 days instead of 45.

The grand lodge of Elks has abolished the grip and sign.

A reign of terror attneds the land rush at Bonesteel, South Dakota.

G. M. McKinney has retired as head of the Harriman immigration bureau.

Ex-Senator Vest is seriously ill and little hope is entertained for his recov-

Correspondens at Mukden report an engagement in which the Russians lost

Leading London papers contend that the war status of the volunteer fleet is the paramount issue.

Malacca on assurance that she was not carrying contraband supplies.

St. Joseph, Mo., union packers assaulted many nonunion men because plants are not discharging them fast

Eleven million dollars has been allowed by the Russian government for the immediate improvement of the Siberian railway.

The government may reclaim a great tract of land in Harney county, Oregon, and has made temporary withdrawals to permit a full investigation.

press.

#### KUROPATKIN MAY RETREAT.

#### Outmaneuvered, He Must Abandon Liao Yang.

London, July 27 .- Specials to the London morning papers confirm the news of active operations at the seat of war. The Telegraph's Chefoo correspondent, under date of July 23,

"A junk from Dalny reports that last night a Japanese fleet of 20 warships and 20 torpedo boats bombarded Hwangshin for three hours, and the forts replied."

The same correspondent learns that the Japanese first army is being largely reinforced by veterans from the reserves. The correspondent of the Standard with the Japanese army, under date of July 24 says:

"It is difficult to understand the intentions of the Russians. Kuropatkin is evidently bent on a retreat northward, yet he lingers in the south, attracted apparently by Port Arthur."

The correspondent of the Chronicle, in a dispatch dated at Mo Tien Pass, July 23, regards General Kuropatkin outmaneuvered and anxious to Arthur remains uncaptured.

The Chronicle's Yinkow correspondent reports that there was heavy fighting Saturday and Sunday in the neighborhood of Ta Tche Kiao with General Stakelberg's force, consisting of 20 battalions of infantry, a brigade of artillery and a division of Cossacks.

#### RAIDS TO CEASE.

#### Protests of Britain and Germany Heeded by Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 27.-Grand Duke Alexis presided at vesterday's council, which Count Lamsdorf, the toreign secretary, and Vice Admiral ment, and other high naval officials at- enemy's left flank.

The result of the conference removes all doubts concerning the present attitude of Russia with regard to the volunteer fleet. The validity of the view Tche Kiao, and it is believed losses expressed in the British note regarding fire the Japanese replied, and the bomthe irregularity of the position of the vessels was so far admitted that the council agreed to waive the right of

> After a long discussion, in which Count Lamsdorff took a leading part, it was decided that the present status of the volunteer fleet was not sufficiently well defined according to interna- this movement splendidly, but the intional law to render further searches and seizures advisable and that therefore Russia, in the interests of friendly relations with the powers should withdraw the authority given the volunteer fleet in this respect.

## GREAT BRITAIN PACIFIED.

#### the national Democratic chairmanship. Settlement of Red Sea Scizures Satisfactorily Arranged.

St. Petersburg, July 27 .- The Associated Press is able to state on the highest authority that the Russian and British governmentts have agreed on a mutually satisfactory basis for a settle- Russia Will Release Malacca and ment of the question of the status of Russian volunteer fleet steamers in the averted until the greater question of Red sea and the seizures by them of British ships. A few minor points er Malacca is at Suda Bay, Island of still ramain unsettled, but these will probably be cleared up tomorrow, and it is not expected that further compications will arise.

Great credit for the satisfactory termination of this incident is due Foreign and released unless palpable contra-Secretary Lamsdorf, who, it is admitted, acted in the calm and conciliatory spirit worthy of a great statesman. The attitude of Sir Charles Hardinge, the British ambassador, both for moderation and dignity, also evokes praise.

## Sink Prize Ship.

Yokohama, July 27 .- The Vladivostok squadron yesterday sank the steamer Knight Commander, from New York, off the province of Izu, after transferring the crew of the Knight Commander to the steamer Tsinan, which arrived here this morning. The Vladivostok squadron also captured a German vessel believed to be the Arabia, with 300 tons of flour, and an unknown British steamer. The two vessels were sent to Vladivostok in charge of prize crews. The American Trading company is the agent for the Knight Commander.

## Boys Turn Bandits.

Chicago, July 27 .- Emulators of the exploits of the carbarn bandits, four youths arrested yesterday, confessed to gram from Lima confirming the pubkilling one man in a saloon and 'holding up and robbing a score of others at Russia will release the British sihp different times. The murder was that of John Lane, stage carpenter of the Illinois theater, who was shot in an at- ment of the region at the headwaters tempt to hold up Gustav Riegel's saloon on the morning of July 4. The proprietor also was shot. The prisoners are Peter Dulfer, James and William Farmby and David Kelley. All are less than 20 years old.

## Let Supreme Court Arbitrate.

Panama, July 27.-The Star and Heradl, in an editorial article proposes A warlike tone pervades the British United States. The idea is well received in all circles here.

#### VICTORY JAP

## Russian Army Driven From Kiao Tung.

RESISTANCE WAS STUBBORN

Muscovites are Believed to Have Lost 1,000 Men, While Victors Lose Half as Many.

Tokio, July 25 .- General Kuroki. after a severe fight, occupied Kiao Tung on July 19. The place had been fortified by the Russians, who defended it stoutly. In the fighting General Kuro- has had the desired effect, and the loki's troops drove the Russians from their strongly fortified position on the hearr river will comply with the gov-Chi river, which is northwest of Mo ernment's requirements. If farmers Ten Pass and east of An Pin, inflicting \$5 per acre per year for 40 years, in upon the enemy more serious losses order to get water from the governthan they sustained themselves. The ment reservoirs onto their lands, and fight began on the 18th and ended on will be turned over to the users of abandon Liao Yang without fighting, the 19th. The Japanese lost 424 men the water. The government will merebut also reluctant to retire while Port killed and wounded. The Russian losses are estmated at 1,000.

> General Kuroki began his advance early in the morning of the 18th.

The fighting continued until dark, The Russians made two counter atmidnight, posting their artillery in the valley below and on the high ground to the south of the Russian position. The main Japanese body was assigned to attack the Russian center, a small detachment sent toward the The Russian Vladivostok squadron Avellan, chief of the admiralty depart. right flank and another to watch the who will be benefitted by this work

After these positions had been taken the fighting ceased for a time, but it was resumed at dawn. The Russians had 32 guns in action, and they vigorously shelled the Japanese. To this bardment lasted for four hours. During this time the Japanese infantry moved forward and the flankers had succeeded in scaling the heights on the Russian right by 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour the main force was ordered to storm the Russian cen-The Japanese artillery protected fantry met with a severe fire and lost

heavily in gaining the beights. The final successful charge was delivoff the Russian retreat, and this soon beame a rout. The enemy retired in two directions, to the northward and to the eastward. The Russian forces admire him. engaged included, in addition to the and a regiment of Cossacks.

## NO MORE RAIDS.

# Put End to Red Sea Incident.

St. Petersburg, July 25.-The steam-Crete, where, under an agreement reached by Great Britain and Russia, she will be perfunctorily inspeted jointly by the Consuls of the two countries band of war intended for the Japanese shall be found, in which case the contraband only will be held. British government stores aboard the vessel will not be examind.

The Russian reply to the Brittish protest was handed to Ambassador Hardinge in the afternoon. Russia agrees that the Malacca shall not be brought before a prize court, and undertakes that no incident similar to this will occur in the future.

A claim for damages as a result of delaying the steamer wil, be presented in due course of time through the British embassy.

The captain of the St. Petersburg, in his report, gives as his reason for summarily making a prize of the Malacca the fact that the British master of the Malacca declined to produce the manifests of his cargo.

## Will Trust to Diplomacy.

Washington, July 25 .- The Peruvian Legation here has received a cablelished reports of the signing of the of the rivers Yurua and Puruss, otherwise known as the Acre territory. It is understood that both sides will withdraw their troops from the disputed territory, trusting to diplomacy to settle the question of title permanently.

## Panama Now Gold Standard.

Washington, July 25 .- The Panama canal commission today received inforthat the differences pending between mation from the government of Panathe Panama government and that of the ma of the ratification of the money Panamaa canal zone be submitted for system of the new government in acdecision to the supreme court of the cordance with the agreement reached by the joint commission. Panama is now a gold-standard country.

#### PARMERS TO AID.

#### Eastern Oregon Lands May Yet Be Irrigated.

Washington, July 26.-It now ap-

pears that the Malheur irrigation project in Eastern Oregon will become a reality, and not have to be abandoned, as was feared. Advices were received by Chief Engineer Newell, of the reclamation service, today to the effect that the farmers living along Malheur river have aroused themselves and intend to submit to the government their written promise to co-operate with the government in constructing this irrigaion work. Mr. Newell's criticism of these farmers, expressed through these dispatches a short time ago, and his threat to remove his engineers from Malheur country unless the farmers acted on his suggestion, cal engineers are now convinced that before long the farmers along the Malco-operate, they will have to pay but at the end of that time the entire works ly retain control of the work of construction until the cost has been repaid by settlers who are benefitted. Work along the Malheur river is in

such shape that as soon as the farmers owning lands within the proposed irrigation area pledge themselves to when the Japanese forces bivouacked. pay the required amount, the government will be ready to make final surveys and plans preparatory to letting tacks, but were repulsed in each case. contracts. In the eyes of the engin-The Japanese renewed the attack at eers this project is no longer questionable, but one that promises complete success.

It remains with the farmers to say when work shall commence. It is explained in this connection that the government will not accept a partial promise of co-operation, or promises from only a part of the farmers within vately that Great Britain, crippled fithe irrigation district. Every must pledge himself to contribute his share of the cost before the government will adopt the project. The government today advertised

for bids for 14,000 barrels of Portland cement to be used on the Minodoka irrigation project in Southern Idaho. Bids will be received by Engineer D. W. Ross, at Boise, until August 25.

#### LARGE SHIPS TAKING NO RISKS.

#### Japanese Holding Them Back for the Final Blow at Port Arthur.

On Board the Mikasa, Admiral Togo's flagship, off Port Arthur, July 20, via Fusan, Corea, July 26.-In reply to addresses made to him by the newspaper correspondents who are on board the steamer Manchuria, Admirered at 5:30 in the afternoon. The al Togo said, modestly, that he felt Japanese succeeded in partially cutting complimented to learn that the world was interested in his victories, and it was his desire, through the press, to dice subsequent diplomatic negotiations send his thanks to those persons who

The Japanese naval policy is to hold their larger warships in reserve until artillery, seven battalions of infantry the time comes to deliver a crushing blow at Port Arthur. In the meantime, torpedoboats are to make constant and harassing attacks. Every night the Japanese lay mines at the harbor entrance. The entrance to the port is now clear.

The steamer Manchuria is making a tour of the theatre of war with members of the Japanese Diet, foreign attaches and newspaper correspondents

## OFFICERS ARE DEFIED.

#### Bonesteel, South Dakota, Has Reign of Terror With Land Rush.

ment is running high in Bonesteel tonight, brought about by the rescue of an arrested gambler, who was taken tion board, the men will be taken from the bands of the police by a dozen back to work as rapidly as possible by the main street of the town and se- packers that all the old employes are creted. The gambler was arrested and to be reinstated within 45 days from when, suddenly, at the word of a the former employes are still uniming grasp of the officer, who drew his tration board for settlement. revolver and struck one of the attackrescuing party to a halt, the attacking morning everything will be in normal ceeded in getting him away.

The city authorities immediately pe- strike. gan swearing in extra policemen and have expressed the determination to enforce the law at any cost.

## Probable Action of Russia.

St. Petersburg, July 26.-While not admitting the illegality of the action in the situation since July 17. "At 5 treaty between Brazil at Rio de Janeiro of the Russians in converting vessels o'clock in the afternoon of July 18, and establishing a modis vivenda be- of the volunteer fleet into warships aftween Peru and Brazil for the govern- ter they had reached the Red sea, it is probable, in view of the fact that neutral ships did not receive previous notice, that Russia, in order to remove the shadow of a cloud upon their right to fly the war flag, will formally notify the powers of their conversion treating toward the village of Houtsiinto warships, thus putting all neutrals upon their guards. In the meantime, all the ships seized will be re-

> Steamers Equipped as Crnisers. Hamburg, July 26.—It is said that the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiserin Marie Theresa and four

# **FAVORS FORCE**

### Russian Acts In Red Sea Arouse Ire of British People.

## FOREIGN MINISTER IN DILEMMA

#### Realizes That the Policy Postered by the King Will Be Repudiated -Press Is With the Public.

London, July 22 .- The Associated Press tonight interviewed many prominent persons connected and in close touch with the government relative to the seizure of British vessels by steamers of the Russian volunteer fleet in the Red sea. As a result of these inquiries, there is shown to be a hostile feeling against Russia, of a strength and bitterness almost without piecedent. The most conservative men, who have been in the service of the government for many years, and who openly deplored the haste with which they thought Great Britain had plunged into the Transvaal war, tonight frankly declared for a policy of reprisal against what is regarded as Russia's violations of treaty and her piratical attack on British commerce.

The warlike tone of such papers like the Times, the Standard, the Morning Post, and the Daily Telegraph, which in national crises hitherto almost invariably have advised caution, has had its inevitable effect. There has been stirred up a storm of indignation among all classes in the United Kingdom, the strength of which the government itself can scarcely gauge. Those who deplored the outbreak of the war between Japan and Russia and insisted publicly and prinancially, after her South African experiences, must not, at all costs, bedrawn into the Far Eastern struggle, are among the most outspoken champions of a physical force that will prevent the repetition of the Malacca incident in the Red sea.

Those few officials at the foreign office who are in full possession of all details of Great Britain's desire to arrive at an entente with Russia are in despair. They realize that the policy so carefully fostered by King Edward and Foreign Minister Landsdowne will now be indignanty repudiated by all parties in the house of commons, and involve with the public the downfall of any ministry advocating it.

Every nerve will be strained, however, by the foreign office to secure from Russia an explanation that will pacify the aggrieved feelings of the British public, and no step will be taken officially that will tend to prejulooking to the settlement of all important questions now outstanding between Russia and Great Britain.

## BIG STRIKE ENDS.

#### Packers and Union Have Agreed to Settle Trouble by Arbitration.

Chicago, July 22 .- The strike of the packing-house employes begun nine days ago, and which has demoralized the packing industry through the country, was settled here tonight at a conference between representatives of the packers, officials of the Meatcutters' union and representatives of all the allied trades employed at the stockyards. The whole controversy will be submitted to a board of arbitration, Bonesteel, S. D., July 25 .- Excite- both sides agreeing to abide by what-

ever decision this board may raech. Pending the decision of the arbitraor 15 of his friends and rushed down the packers, and it is agreed by the was being escorted to the police station the date work is resumed. If any of leader, a crowd of cappers and friends ployed at the expiration of that time, of the prisoner made a dash for the po- such persons are to have the privilege liceman having him in charge Seiz- of submitting their cases to the arbi-

The strikers will return to work as ing party a blow in the face, cutting soon as they can be notified of the him quite severly, and then fired two peaceable adjustment of the trouble, shots into the air, hoping to bring the and it is expected that by tomorrow party surrounded the prisoner and suc- shape at all the plants in the different cities where the employes were on

## Japs Retreat After Hot Fight.

St. Petresburg, July 22 .- The czar has received the following dispatch from General Kuropatkin, dated July 19: "There has been no special change Japanese advance forces of considerable strength were observed in the direction of Sikseyann, on the Liao Yang-Saimatsza road, moving against a detachment of our troops. After two days' fighting. the latter force is reateze, east of Anping."

May Intercept American Steamers. Paris, July 22 .- The Temps, discussing the passage of the Vladivostok

squadron through the Straits of Tsurgaru, says its purpose is either to attack the unprotected cities on the eastern Hamburg-American liners recently coast of Japan, or to intercept Ameri-purchased by Russia have left Libau, can merchant steamers, which are supon the Baltic, under sealed orders, plying Japan with all kinds of provisfully armed and equipped as cruisers. ions through the port of Yoko.