

The Redmond Spokesman

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REDMOND MAN NEARLY DROWNS

James B. Green Falls in River, But Presence of Mind Saves Him From Death

PULLED FROM CURRENT WITH POLE AND LINE

While Fishing in the Deschutes River at Steelhead Falls, Well Known Man Comes Near Crossing the River of Death

James B. Green, the well known horseman of this city, came very near losing his life by drowning in the Deschutes river at Steelhead Falls last Friday. He, in company with Elmer and Ed Erickson, Roy Branton and "Dutch" Kennard, were fishing in the river. Roy Branton was making a long cast from a high bank and cautioned Mr. Green to step back so as to be clear of the line he was throwing out. In doing this Mr. Green, as he supposed, stepped backward on the bank, but in reality stepped off the bank and fell a distance of about 25 feet into the river. Mr. Green cannot swim, but he had presence of mind enough to "keep his head," as he said, and began to paddle "dog fashion" and stay on top of the water for a short

time, although he had went down several times. As soon as Mr. Green went into the river Mr. Branton threw out his fishing line and Ed Erickson also cast his line for him to catch it. In the meantime Mr. Erickson went down the river a few feet and found a long pole laying on the bank, which he extended to Mr. Green and, together with his hold on the fishing lines and the pole, he was brought to shore and first aid applied.

The river where Mr. Green fell in is full of eddies and cross currents and had it not been for his presence of mind he would certainly have drowned, notwithstanding the aid extended him by the other members of the fishing party.

Ed Erickson and Elmer Erickson were about to jump into the river and succor Mr. Green when they saw that the efforts with the fish lines were of avail and they could save the nearly drowned man by pulling him out that way.

HORSETHIEVES GETTING GAY IN CENTRAL OREGON

Sheriff Elkins left yesterday for Crescent in an effort to head off some horse thieves who are wanted in Lake county, says the Prineville Journal of May 28. Buck Lindsay is at the head of the gang. They have ten head from Lake county and it is thought the same bunch has stolen horses from George Millican. Sheriff Snyder of Lake county is calling upon neighboring officers to be on the lookout for the thieves, who are supposed to be trying to get across the mountains into the Willamette valley.

In the primary election just held, every candidate for governor who advocated laws interfering with industries and imposing new burdens on manufacturing was defeated.

The Coos Bay port commission has closed a contract to complete the 300-foot channel into that harbor.

County Court Says to Destroy Noxious Weeds

The Law and Penalties for Failure to Comply Are Cited—Property Owners Had Better Get Busy

Editor Gray of the Prineville Journal last week printed the following good advice:

Weeds must be destroyed! Thus saith the county court, but the county court has said so before, yet the weeds go merrily on and multiply. This time the county has been divided into three parts so that each member of the court will have something to look after. Not that they are going to relieve the road supervisors of their responsibility in the matter, but rather to check up negligent supervisors who fail to do their duty.

The law has fixed fines ranging from \$10 to \$25 for the first offense and from \$25 to \$100 for the second or each subsequent offense for allowing Canadian, Chinese or Russian thistle, cocklebur, white or Jim Hill mustard, or silver salt bush to grow upon your premises or along the road abutting your premises. Unless something is done to check the growth of these noxious weeds they will take the country. The court will not brook further delay in this matter.

BUYS REGISTERED DUROC BOAR

M. C. Conlon of the firm of Jackson & Conlon, dealers in and breeders of registered horses and hogs, recently received the registered Duroc boar purchased by him at Kennewick, Wn. This hog is sired by the Grand Champion at the International Show at Chicago, 1913, and is one of the famous "Gold dust Herd." He is coming one year old and will head their herd of 15 registered Durocs.

SAGE TICK IS DEADLY POISON

Crook County Woman Dies in Delirious Agony After a Bite From Insect

DOCTORS STATE THAT BITE IS VERY FATAL

Montana Leads in Number of Cases, 70 Per Cent in That State Dying From Insect Bites—None Are Immune

Prineville Journal: Mrs. W. R. Stacks of Lamonta died of spotted fever last Friday morning, aged 41 years. She was buried at Grey Butte cemetery Sunday. Mrs. Stacks was born in Kansas in 1873 and came to Oregon six years ago. Three years ago she was married to W. R. Stacks and since that time has lived on the Lamonta ranch. Besides a husband, she is survived by a daughter, Miss Beulah Barker.

This is the third fatal case of spotted fever that has happened in this part of Central Oregon. Two last year and this case, which was especially virulent. The sage tick bit the woman on the breast, near the nipple, and the poison was taken directly into the blood. The symptoms became alarming from the very first. Medical aid was called, but little could be done. She became delirious in about ten days and four days after that her death ensued. She did not regain consciousness. Her body was covered with dark purple spots varying in size from a pea to the end of your thumb.

Little is known of the disease. Dr. Belknap has been familiar with it in this country for 25 or 30 years. He wrote up the symptoms of a number of his early cases and had the article published in an eastern medical journal in the hope of getting some enlightenment on the subject, but could learn nothing. He and Dr. Marsden of Burns, compared notes on the disease, but no definite treatment was established.

Dr. Belknap said: "It is only in the last 10 or 12 years that physicians have got much information on the subject. The disease is epidemic in the Bitter Root Valley of Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada and Central Oregon. It is especially virulent in Montana, where 70 per cent of those bitten die from the effects of the poison. In the other places mentioned the mortality varies from two to three per cent. The high and dry valleys seem to add virulence to the poison. There is no known cure for the disease. The tick probably feeds on sage rats and other vermin and when distended with blood drops off on the ground and from there finds its way to members of the human family. The bite effects all ages and both sexes alike and is dangerous from early March to July. The treatment is symptomatic.

Largest advertisers in magazines and daily newspapers are the manufacturers of cigarettes. The goods sell for a small amount of money per package and each advertisement the manufacturers put out costs a lot of money. They must get good returns on their outlay for advertising, for no one ever heard of a cigarette or tobacco manufacturer going broke and discontinuing business.

O. W. R. & N. MAN TELLS ABOUT THIS COUNTRY

L. M. Foss, traveling freight and passenger agent for the Oregon-Washington Railroad and Navigation Company, in talking about the potato crop in this district said that 60 per cent less potatoes had been planted this year than last, and he predicted the price would be a good one the coming fall and winter. Mr. Foss is a great believer in diversified farming and said the farmers in this whole section should not specialize in any one crop, but should have something to turn off every month in the year.

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All PAID checks will be returned to you the first of each month, to be kept as legal evidence of payment.

Redmond Bank of Commerce

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS

PECULIAR LAW FOR WOMEN

Here Is Something the Women May Not Be Entirely Conversant With

QUESTIONS CITIZENSHIP OF MARRIED WOMEN

Some Things They Should Know When Taking Up Land or Making Final Proof—Will Help Out in Their Filings

The Colony Coyote of Wyoming publishes the following story that may be of interest to women in this section of the state:

Every married woman who takes up land under any of our land laws requiring that the entryman be a citizen of the United States must make a showing as to her citizenship, whether she is a native born citizen or not. If this is neglected the entry will be held up and an affidavit of citizenship required. Many married women who are required to furnish this affidavit of citizenship regard it as a useless bit of red tape, but it is very necessary owing to a peculiarity in our laws.

On March 2, 1907, Congress passed a law decreeing that henceforth all married women are of the same citizenship as their husbands, but this law does not apply to persons who were married before March 2, 1907. It is plain to see that if an American born girl marries a foreigner she loses her citizenship and can only regain it by inducing her husband to become naturalized. If a foreign born girl comes over to this country and marries an American citizen she straightaway becomes a legal citizen of the United States.

This law is not well understood by most people and much confusion results from its working. Most married women believe that they are of the same citizenship as before marriage and if asked would unhesitatingly swear that they are native born citizens, notwithstanding the fact that they may have married an alien since March 2, 1907, and thereby lost their citizenship.

The land office has found that it cannot rely upon the simple assertion of a married woman because she is liable not to be fully informed on the point, and therefore they require that every married woman show beyond the possibility of a doubt that she is a citizen of the United States according to law. It is not a matter in which the Interior Department has any option. Congress has made the laws which govern citizenship, and has also decreed that the pub-

WHITEROCK FARMERS HAVE GOOD MEETING

RESULTS SO FAVORABLE THEY WILL MEET REGULARLY

Topics of Interest to Farmers Were Discussed and Many Valuable Points Brought Out

In order to meet and talk with A. E. Lovett, Crook county agriculturist, the farmers in the neighborhood of the Whiterock on the Deschutes river met at the home of O. E. Anderson Saturday night, May 30.

After a short talk by Mr. Lovett all present took part in an open discussion of topics of interest to the farmers in the neighborhood. This discussion included the preparation of the land for the different crops grown, the growing of leguminous crops, the testing of new varieties, the use of bacteria cultures for alfalfa and clover, the feeding of dairy animals, the use of various crops for silage, the feeding of silage, the use of fertilizers and many other topics of interest.

There were ten farmers and their wives present and all decided that much good could be accomplished by having regular meetings in the neighborhood. After a wholesome lunch of cake and coffee, furnished by Mrs. Anderson, it was decided to meet at Loren McFarland's on the night of Saturday, June 13. The meeting adjourned at 11:30.

It is expected that they will hold meetings regularly every two weeks and all farmers and others interested in good farming and the bettering of our farm conditions are cordially invited to attend.

lic lands pass only to persons who are legal citizens of the United States. The Interior Department, through the Land Office, must take such steps as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the law, and this showing as to citizenship of married women is one of them.

If every married woman would remember this and whenever she is called upon to show her citizenship make a full showing as to the date of her marriage, and if married before March 2, 1907, then show her citizenship by birth or naturalization, if married since March 2, 1907, show the citizenship of her husband, she would avoid being obliged to return later and make affidavit to these facts.

A woman who has married an alien since the passage of the Act of March 2, 1907, must produce a copy of her husband's naturalization papers, duly certified to by the clerk of the court before which he was naturalized, and must make affidavit as to the fact of having been married to this man since March 2, 1907, in order to prove her citizenship.

The Spokesman for good printing.

I. W. GRAY

Agent for the Oregon and Western Colonization Company

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I. W. GRAY

REDMOND, OREGON