

FOR THE APPROACHING HARVEST

Binders, Mowers and Hay Rakes

WE WISH TO REMIND YOU THAT WE CARRY IN STOCK DEERING AND JOHN DEERE BINDERS, DEERING, DAIN AND ADRIANCE MOWERS, EITHER 4½ OR 5-FOOT CUT; MILWAUKEE, DEERING AND JOHN DEERE HAY RAKES OF ALL SIZES.

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF REPAIRS CARRIED FOR ALL THOSE MACHINES. BRING IN YOUR LIST OF REPAIRS FOR ANY MACHINE MADE. WE KNOW HOW AND WHERE TO GET THEM FOR YOU THE QUICKEST WAY. PROMPTEST ATTENTION GIVEN THOSE ORDERS.

Plows and Plow Shares

REMEMBER, WE CARRY THE FAMOUS JOHN DEERE PLOWS—THE BEST ON EARTH. FULL LINE OF THEM—WALKING AND RIDING. EVERY PLOW GUARANTEED TO GIVE ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION. OLIVER CHILLED PLOW LINE, BOTH WALKING AND RIDING.

MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF CHILLED AND STEEL SHARES KEPT IN THIS TERRITORY.

DRILLS

BEAR IN MIND THAT WE ALSO CARRY A FULL STOCK OF DRILLS—THE CELEBRATED VAN BRUNT AND THE SUPERIOR.

AT ANY TIME WHEN YOU ARE IN NEED OF ANY IMPLEMENTS, CALL ON US, CONSULT US. WE WILL GIVE YOU THE BENEFIT OF MANY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE.

Binder Twine

REMEMBER, WE SELL THE PLYMOUTH, KNOWN THE WORLD OVER AS THE BEST BINDER TWINE MADE. COSTS NO MORE THAN THE INFERIOR KINDS AND GOES FURTHER.

HARDWARE

CALL ON US WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN HARDWARE, BUILDING MATERIAL, SHELF OR HEAVY HARDWARE. WE GOT THE GOODS AND GOT THE PRICE.

ALFRED MUNZ, Redmond, Oregon

TO GUARD AGAINST ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING STATE GAME WARDEN ASKS HUNTERS TO ADOPT A UNIFORM CODE OF SIGNALS

STATE GAME WARDEN ASKS ALL HUNTERS TO ADOPT CODE OF SIGNALS

The State Board of Fish and Game Commissioners have recommended the following suggestions to be used by sportsmen in the field in order to prevent accidental shooting and to relieve persons who are injured or lost in the forests and mountains: To prevent accidental shooting, every hunter should wear a red cap, shirt or sweater, or some other article of clothing that can easily be identified from game birds and animals, especially when hunting deer in the forests. Since there is a contrast between red and the color of any bird or animal that is being hunted, this color will serve the best purpose.

Hunters should never shoot at moving brush, leaves or grass with the expectation of killing game. It is dangerous, for the moving object is likely to be a man. Never shoot at any object until you are absolutely positive of identification.

To prepare for an emergency every hunter and angler should carry in his pocket a piece of candle and matches in a water-tight match safe. In case of becoming lost or injured, one can readily start a camp fire.

Lost or Distress Signal: When a man is lost or injured and needs help, a signal by shooting should be given. This signal will be the firing of a gun once, with an intermission of ten seconds before the

second shot, then an intermission of 60 seconds, then a third shot. If no answer is received, this signal should be repeated after an intermission of five minutes. The answer to this signal would be a single shot from the rescuing party, followed by one recognition shot from the lost man. Care should be taken to get the time between shots as accurately as possible. Hunters should keep in mind this signal and avoid, if possible, giving it when shooting at game. In the absence of a watch, the time can be judged with sufficient accuracy by counting ten between the first and second shots and sixty between the second and third shots. Whenever a shot is heard in the mountains a hunter should count ten to determine whether it is a signal of distress or not.

The person who is lost should, after hearing an answer to his signal, remain at the place where he gave the signal until the rescuing party arrives, otherwise he may take the opposite direction and not be found at all.

The following is a condensed table of signals to be used by all sportsmen:

- Begin with one shot.
- Wait ten seconds, repeat one shot.
- Wait 60 seconds.
- Repeat one shot.
- Answer to signal by rescuing party, one shot.
- Recognition of answer by man lost, one shot.
- Wait five minutes before giving the second signal.

WILLIAM L. FINLEY,
State Game Warden.

CONCLUSIVE.

She looked like a real old Southern mammy, and when she appeared before Judge Marsh in the Stapleton Police Court over on Staten Island as complainant in a charge of assault and battery against her liege lord and master, her speech did not belie her appearance. A bottle of gin had been the cause of all the trouble, she said, and added that her husband was drunk most of the time. After listen-

ing patiently to a long tale of intemperance, Judge Marsh remarked to the defendant:

"If what your wife says is true, I should imagine you to be a rather bibulous person."

"Bibulous!" snorted the old woman. "Bibulous! Ah beg yo' pardon, sub, but dat niggah doan know no mo' 'bout de Bible dan mah sistah's cat's tail—an' what's mo, Ah ain't got no sistah!"

PROCEEDINGS OF STATE DESERT LAND BOARD

A special meeting of the State Desert Land Board was held at Salem August 2, at which the following business was transacted:

The assistant secretary reported to the board that he had received from the Title & Trust Co., on account of termination of trusteeship, settlers' notes of the Central Oregon Irrigation Company aggregating \$43,679.55; that he had given said trustee company proper receipt for same. He further reported that a balance of trust funds amounting to \$477 in cash still remained with the Title & Trust Co., they desiring to hold same until a certain closing fee, demanded by them of the Central Oregon Irrigation Company, had been paid. Thereupon Messrs. Jesse Stearns and Roscoe Howard of the Central Oregon Irrigation Company, appearing before the board in person, explained that such closing fee is a matter to be decided upon between the Title & Trust Co. and the Central Oregon Irrigation Company, and that it concerns in no way the Desert Land Board, and further that they believe that said closing fee is not included in the agreement made by said trust company and the Central Oregon Irrigation Company.

After full discussion it was ordered that the secretary inform the Title & Trust Co. that the board expects said company to forward to said secretary the sum of \$477 to terminate the trusteeship of the Title & Trust Co.; that by contract of February 5, 1912, between the Central Oregon Irrigation Company and the Desert Land Board, as a result of which contract the trusteeship originated, the fees of the trustee shall be paid for by the company and that, therefore, the board cannot be interested in any way in the matter of said closing fee; that further it does not appear that any extraordinary services have been rendered by the trust company which would entitle them to any extra compensation other than that provided for in their agreement, accepting the trust. It was further ordered that upon receipt of the sum of \$477 from the Title & Trust Co. the board and company shall execute a full and sufficient release of trusteeship and claims arising therefrom to said

Title & Trust Co.

Mr. Roscoe Howard protested to the board against the board's action of May 19, with regard to credits in the guaranty fund for cancellation of contracts between the company and settlers. After full discussion it was ordered (Mr. Lewis not voting) that when the outstanding contracts of the company subsequent to application contract No. 583 shall equal 25,000 acres, the company shall then be required to resume the payment for the guaranty fund of \$1 per acre for each acre of land sold thereafter.

Letter of E. B. Williams protesting against an alleged shortage of water on the Central Oregon Irrigation Company's segregation was received and upon Mr. Howard's representations that shortage of water was only temporary and that Mr. Williams had by telephone communication informed Mr. Howard, just before his departure from Deschutes, that said shortage no longer existed in connection with land held by Mr. Williams, it was ordered that Mr. Williams be informed of Mr. Howard's report in this connection.

The secretary reported that an acceptable engineering inspector has been obtained and that said inspector, John Dubuis, is prepared to report for work on August 4. It was ordered that the appointment of John Dubuis as field inspector for the board be and the same is hereby approved; Mr. Dubuis' salary to be \$125 per month and all necessary expenses while in the field. That Mr. Dubuis be and hereby is authorized and directed to make such investigations and inspections in connection with the work of the Desert Land Board as the officers of said board may direct; to employ such assistance and incur such expenses as may be necessary in carrying out said directions.

The secretary of the Desert Land Board was authorized to purchase a current meter suitable for carrying on the work of inspection and also a camera suitable for field use.

The following persons having paid their fees in connection with proof of cultivation, reclamation and settlement under the Carey Act, and having submitted satisfactory evidence of such cultivation, reclamation and settlement, duly attested by witnesses, it was ordered that certificate of proof be issued G. A. McFarlane, applicant No. 8364, and R. D. Hildom, applicant No. 795, both of the Central Oregon Irrigation Company.

It appearing that in accordance with an order of the board entered

April 19, 1913, J. J. Coen has submitted the sum of \$504.07 in payment of principal, interest and maintenance due on account of Columbia Southern contracts numbered 20, 63 and 71, and that Mr. Coen and Mr. Alma D. Katz have come to an agreement whereby it is not required of Mr. Coen that he pay delinquent maintenance fee, it further appearing that the full amount of Mr. Coen's principal and interest on notes, to date, is \$72.07, it was thereupon ordered that the sum of \$504.07 be placed in the reclamation fund and that Mr. Coen be reimbursed by voucher from the reclamation fund to the amount of \$32.

No further business appearing, the board thereupon adjourned.

CAMPAIGN IS BEGUN TO RID THIS STATE OF JACKRABBIT PEST

COMMISSION WILL PROBABLY RESORT TO HUGE DRIVES, AS THEY ARE OF OPINION THAT INOCULATION IS OF LITTLE AVAIL—RABBITS INCREASING AT AN ALARMING RATE

First definite steps on the part of the State of Oregon to exterminate the pest of jack rabbits which has been on the increase in Eastern Oregon for years, were taken last week by the commission recently appointed by Governor Oswald West. A meeting of the commission was held at which the ways and means of giving relief to the farmers of Malheur, Harney, Lake, Crook and Umatilla counties were discussed. The consensus of opinion was that the concerted "drive" is the most efficient method.

Present at the meeting were Game Warden William L. Finley, State Veterinarian W. H. Lytle, L. A. Lewis and Professor H. W. Henshaw of Washington, D. C., chief of the biological survey of the department of agriculture. Mr. Henshaw happened to be in the city and was called upon to give his expert advice and sug-

gestions. He pledged the co-operation of the survey, and said the department might send a man to Oregon to assist the commission in planning a crusade.

Mr. Henshaw has made a life study of animals, particularly the wild species of the United States. His studies have taken him all over the world, and he has made particular study of the rabbit pest in Australia. He told of the inefficiency of inoculation as a remedy, declaring the injection of disease germs into rabbits, which were afterward turned loose among their kind, had shown little if any real result.

The commission decided that it would encourage the killing and marketing of jack rabbits in larger numbers than hitherto. It will insist, however, that the animals shipped to the cities for food must be properly dressed, just as are chickens or turkeys, so the flesh will be wholesome and the display in the markets attractive.

The commission also will encourage the use of the fur or hide of the jack rabbit to a more extensive degree. Information secured from Australia tells of the value of these skins, the whole idea in the southern continent being to exterminate the rabbits wherever possible and to commercialize all the others.

"The value of the rabbit drive is proven in Eastern Oregon, where between 16,000 and 18,000 were killed in three drives," said Mr. Finley after the conference. "The virus method is regarded as worthless; the surrounding of land with rabbit-proof fencing brings only fair results. However, we are gathering all the data we can and will get the aid of the biological survey to help us out."

The increase in the number of rabbits is due to the killing off of the coyotes, which are the natural enemies of the bunnies. With the coyotes less numerous, the rabbits have had a chance to multiply faster than the casual hunter can pot them, until they have caused immense damage to the crops and gardens.

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A Directory of each City, Town and Village, giving descriptive sketch of each place, location, population, telegraph, shipping and banking points; also Classified Directory, compiled by business and profession.
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