

THE TRIBUNE

LEADING PAPER OF CURRY CO.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22nd, 1908.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. One Copy One Year \$1.00. One Copy Six Months .75. One Copy Three Months .50.

Published Every Wednesday, by HARVEY T. STEWART.

The printer assumes no responsibility for the return of communications to which no return is paid.

OUR AGENTS: A. R. FAHNS, Bendon Oregon.

ADVERTISING RATES, REASONABLE.

Japan has had a "burst up" in her Cabinet and is about to "burst up" financially, hence she will postpone the threatening laid up for Uncle Sam who can now close both eyes when he sleeps.

Sensationalists are spreading the report that the Japs have mined the straits of Magellan to blow up our fleet, but we predict that Bob Evans will not be scared around Cape Horn by such improbable reports.

With the Henry-Hell trial in full swing in the West, and the Thaw trial in the East, and Judge Hanna being ripped up by the Oregon press as he ought to be, there is much to buzz about in Judicature "pro et con."

In advocating the importance of an able-prosecutor for U. S. District Attorney, the Salem Journal hit the bullseye when it named George M. Brown in the following significant style: "George M. Brown of Roseburg, a district attorney who has hung more murderers and convicted more criminals than any other public prosecutor in Oregon, would command respect as an appointee."

This coast is just now realizing its defenseless condition in case Japan should attack us before our fleet arrived, or whip it when it does arrive. Perhaps men who have denounced a great navy will now realize their errors and join in a demand for the best and biggest navy in the world, as we have the best, and biggest and richest country on the globe to defend. Peace is cheaper than war, and a big navy is the greatest conservator of peace the world has ever known among maritime nations. Rumors of war with Japan are falling in showers, but war is not for us. England will have to fight Japan before our quarrel ripens. But if we have to fight, our fleet can crush the Japs as fast as they can reach them, and our Jackies will only think they have had a little target practice instead of a scrap.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Jan. 17.—The American fleet of 16 battleships entered the port of Rio de Janeiro at 3 o'clock this afternoon, after passage from Port of Spain, Trinidad, more than 3000 miles, unmarred by serious accident, replete with interesting incidents and ending in a royal welcome from the thousands that had gathered to greet the visitors. The great armada weighed anchor at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of December 29, at Port of Spain, and exactly at 3 o'clock today the vessels were swinging at their anchors in this beautiful harbor. All of the battleships are here, but the supply ships, Colgo and Glacier are still at sea, not having been able to keep along with the others. The fleet has now covered about 4600 miles, about a third of the voyage to San Francisco.

Owing to an attack of rheumatism Admiral Evans was at first unable to leave his ship and take part in the grand welcome prepared for him and his fleet, but later recovered sufficiently to go ashore and join in the festivities. The Brazilians did every thing in their power to honor the warrior representatives of a nation, without which, the freedom of South America could not be maintained. One third of the long voyage was covered in fast time, and no untoward fate was experienced despite the evil-meant predictions of our enemies.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any one of either sex who cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the past 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WARDING, KIRWAN & MARTIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Fulton, as chairman of the special committee on the Schuebel appointment, sits securely on the lid and has him more effectively "judged" than he ever had Bristol, whom he simply lassoed and let him play the length of the rope—but always roped! There is a Boctine in sight for whom there may be no return.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Editor TRIBUNE:—The late acquittal of Geo. Pettibone at Boise, rings the curtain down on the last act of the great tragedy, and discloses Pinkerton McPartland and Governor Gooding to the gaze of a disgusted world as a brace of conspirators such as past ages furnish few examples, and this age not one.

There is some compensation in the fact that Gooding's failure to make good will save the country the spectacle of the ignorant monster occupying a seat in the United States Senate which had been promised by the Mine Owners' Association in the contingency that he should succeed in hanging Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone. He goes to the political scrap heap now; not even the Mormon vote will be piloted into the breach again to save him.

In a letter to President Roosevelt anent the existing financial and industrial collapse, the inflexible Thomas W. Lawson shows up some ugly facts. He makes plain that the banks had recklessly loaned the people's deposits to promoters, accepting "artificial wealth," that is, bonds and stocks greatly overvalued, as security.

Describing another scheme resorted to by many banks, Mr. Lawson says of John B. Walsh:

"John B. Walsh, at the head of one of the 'System's' branches in Chicago, and head of only a few of many system banks and trust companies in the west, by accident was caught. He is now being criminally tried. The testimony has brought to light the fact that for years it was his custom to personally buy \$100,000 worth of coal mines or railroads and immediately sell them to one of his banks for \$1,000,000 of the depositors money, and almost immediately have the bank which bought sell them to one of his trust companies for \$3,000,000 of its deposits, and that he repeated these operations to the extent of loading the banks and trust companies of which he was the head of many millions, and that it was his custom when he had no mines or railroads handy to order his secretary to forge as high as six different names at one time to notes for hundreds of thousands of dollars and to exchange these notes for the banks' and trust companies' deposits."

Of the dozens of financiers who have essayed explanations of the panic, suggesting remedies, etc., Mr. Lawson seems the most clear headed of the lot. J. H. URTON, Langlois, Ore.

Joseph Cannon, speaker of the House, ought ordinarily to be entitled to honor because of his high office and to respect because of his gray hairs, but the people are withholding both from him. This fossil of a eruder age would excite pity by his Bourbon stupidity, or meritment by his inconspicuous archaism, if the abolition of his office did not give him the power to injure his country. How long will a free people endure a cheap skate autocrat to reign a tyrant over them? Nature will soon take care of Cannon, but there will be others of his stamp to take his place. The office must be shorn of its despotic power, and the incumbent thereof made answerable not to Mammon but to the people. If the constitution must be changed or superceded to do this, let it be changed or superceded. Let the speaker of the House be placed in nomination and elected by the whole people as the president now is, and as doubtless

would have been provided if the framers of the constitution had ever dreamed that an office intended purely to facilitate parliamentary procedure would be the power of custom and the machinations of unscrupulous politicians become as great as to overshadow our whole governmental system.—Appleton Press.

Gag Law.

It is the inalienable right of a newspaper to criticize any person holding public office or performing public duties, if that person is derelict or untrue to the trust reposed in him. Indeed this is not only the right but the duty of a newspaper, and if it fails to call attention to the delinquencies of public officials it ceases to deserve the confidence of the people.

In the performance of what he deemed his duty to the people of his community, George Putnam, editor of the Medford Tribune, criticised a local grand jury and the district attorney for failing to indict a man who had been guilty of a murderous assault. The grand jury retaliated by indicting the editor. Now behold the unattractive force that was enacted when his case came to trial.

Putnam desired to prove that the murderous assault was committed. This he had to do in order to show that the grand jury failed in its duty when it omitted to indict the man guilty of the assault, and that his editorial criticism was consequently justified. But the court refused to admit this evidence on the ground that the question whether an assault had been committed was res judicata; inasmuch as the grand jury had concluded that there was no assault, their conclusion could not be assailed. In other words, when the grand jury had acted no newspaper had any right to question the correctness of their conclusions.

It would be difficult to conceive of any more pernicious or more dangerous judicial decision than this. It stims a direct blow at the freedom of speech, which is guaranteed by our constitution, and it places a grand jury beyond the reach of censure or criticism. This is not common sense and we do not believe it is law.—Journal.

New Motive Power Invented by Maxim.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A new motive power known as "motorite" which is expected to revolutionize torpedoes and torpedoboats and possibly, in the future, replace steam as a motive power for ocean-going vessels, has been invented, it is announced, by Hudson Maxim, the well known inventor. It is said that Mr. Maxim has already made extensive tests with torpedoes and torpedoboats and has notified the government of his invention. "Motorite," which is the basis of the torpedo and torpedoboat, is said to be a combination of certain powerful explosives and by means of it torpedoes and torpedoboats are propelled through the water at great speed. Mr. Maxim says that an ordinary sized torpedo can be sent through the water at a rate of sixty miles an hour while the best of the present gasoline driven projectiles do not travel faster than 35 miles an hour. Mr. Maxim's new model torpedoboat, which is practically submerged, can be propelled, the inventor says, at a rate of from 55 to 65 miles an hour. With a boat going at this speed and a torpedo traveling at twice the present speed and for more than twice the distance now possible, Mr. Maxim believes he has made a discovery which will revolutionize the building of warships. The inventor is also of the opinion that his new motive power will sooner or later come into use on merchant vessels and will double their speed. He declines to give details of "motorite" until his applications for patents, now pending, have been acted upon.

The Spirit of Winter.

The Spirit of Winter is with us, making its presence known in many different ways—sometimes by cheery sunshine and glistening snows, and sometimes by driving winds and blinding storms. To many people it seems to take a delight in making bad things worse, for rheumatism twists harder, twinges sharper, catarrh becomes more annoying, and the many symptoms of eczema are developed and aggravated. There is not much poetry in this, but there is Truth, and it is a wonder that more people don't get rid of these ailments. The medicine that cures them—Hood's Sarsaparilla—is easily obtained and there is abundant proof that its cures are radical and permanent.

Tested His Logic.

John Seemed to Make His Point, but Missed the Chicken.

The old couple were eating their first meal with their son after his return from college. "Tell us, John," said the father, "what have you learned at college?" "Oh, lots of things," said the son as he recited his course of studies. "Toes," he concluded, "I also studied logic." "Logic," said the old man. "What is that?" "It's the art of reasoning," said the son. "The art of reasoning?" said the father. "What is that, my boy?" "Well," replied the son, "let me give you a demonstration. How many chickens are on that dish, father?" "Two," said the old man. "Well," said John, "I can prove there are three." Then he stuck his fork in one and said, "That is one, isn't it?" "Yes," said the father. "And this is two," sticking his fork in the second. "Yes," replied the father again. "Well, don't one and two make three?" replied John triumphantly. "Well, I declare," said the father, "you have learned things at college. Well, mother," continued the old man to his wife, "I will give you one of the chickens to eat, and I'll take the other, and John can have the third. How is that, John?"—Judge.

For that Dandruff

There is one thing that will cure it—Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is a regular scalp-medicine. It quickly destroys the germs which cause this disease. The unhealthy scalp becomes healthy. The dandruff disappears, had to disappear. A healthy scalp means a great deal to you—healthy hair, no dandruff, no pimples, no eruptions. The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years." Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Pills, Cherry Pectoral.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Nov. 18th, 1907. Notice is hereby given, that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all Public Land States by Act of August 4, 1892,

JOHN F. CIRCLE of Eugene, County of Lane, State of Oregon, filed in this office on Jan. 14, 1907, his sworn statement No. 8631, for the purchase of the E 1/2 SW 1/4, 1/2 S E 1/4 of Section No. 34, in Township No. 31 South of Range No. 13 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 17th day of March, 1908. He names as witnesses: Dave Murphy, Edward Howell, Fred Howell, and Ira F. Howser, all of Eugene, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described land are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 17th day of March, 1908. BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TRESPASS NOTICE.

Any person or persons trespassing upon the Croft Lake Ranch, the Mc Lellan and Marshall Ranches of the law, and a reward will be given for information that will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties. EDWARD CROFT.

ECZEMA and PILE CURE FREE. Knowing what it was to suffer, I will give FREE OF CHARGE, to any afflicted a positive cure for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Erythema, Itch, Piles and Skin Diseases. Instant relief. Don't suffer longer. Write F. W. WILLIAMS, 400 Manhattan Avenue, New York. Enclose Stamp.

Trespass Notice.

All persons are hereby notified not to enter upon or trespass upon the lands of the undersigned at and near Port Orford, and upon Hubbards Creek in Curry County, Oregon, for any purpose whatsoever without the owners consent. Persons so doing for purposes of hunting, fishing, or traveling through or tearing down fences, leaving gates open, or molesting property, will be prosecuted according to law. Louis Knapp.

Timber Claims.

I am purchasing fir, cedar and pine Timber Claims from the original holders at prices warranted by their location, quantity and quality of timber. What have you to offer? Write to ANGUS G. MACKAY, Port Huron, Michigan

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Nov. 7, 1907. Notice is hereby given, that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

MORTIMER MITCHELL of Satsop, County of Chehalis, State of Washington, filed in this office on December 24, 1906, his sworn statement No. 8586 for the purchase of the N 1/2 E 1/4 of Sec 31, and N 1/2 NW 1/4 of Section No. 32 in Township No. 31 South of Range No. 14 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Saturday, the 8th day of Feb. 1908. He names as witnesses: John P. Wood, of Celeryville, Wash. Clark D. Smith, of Satsop, Wash. A. B. Howell, and J. W. Renfro, both of Roseburg, Ore. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 8th day of Feb. 1908. BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

TIMBER LAND ACT, JUNE 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon, Nov. 8th, 1907. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892,

CORNELIUS N. WILSON of Satsop, County of Chehalis, State of Washington, filed in this office on December 24, 1906, his sworn statement No. 8593 for the purchase of the N 1/2 NW 1/4 sec. 3 and S 1/2 SW 1/4 of Section No. 28 in Township No. 31 South, Range 14 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office, at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday the 11th day of February, 1908. He names as witnesses: Clark D. Smith, Satsop, Wash. John P. Wood, Celeryville, Wash. A. B. Howell, Roseburg, Oregon. J. W. Renfro, " " " " Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands this requested to file their claims in ad office on or before said 11th day of February, 1908. BENJAMIN L. EDDY, Register.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE AND DISTRICT OFFICERS: U. S. Sen.—Jonathan Bourne Jr., of Portland and Chas. Fulton of Astoria. Congressman, First District—Willis C. Hawley, of Salem. Governor—Geo. E. Chamberlain Salem. Secretary of State—F. I. Dunbar, Salem. State Treasurer—Geo. A. Steel of Salem. Supt. Public Instruction—J. H. Ackerman, Salem. State Printer—Willis Dunway, Salem. Attorney General—A. M. Crawford, Salem. Clerk State Land Board—G. G. Brown, Salem. Joint Senator for Coos and Curry—John S. Coke. Joint Representative for Coos and Curry—Ed Rackleff. Judge, 2d Judicial District—J. W. Hamilton, Roseburg. Prosecuting Attorney, 2d Judicial District—George M. Brown, Roseburg. U. S. Commissioners—J. H. Upton, Langlois.

COUNTY OFFICERS. County Judge—E. A. Bailey, Gold Beach. County Commissioners—J. W. Cooley, Chetco; Ed Sypher, Langlois. Sheriff—S. E. Marsters, Gold Beach. County Clerk—George W. Smith, Gold Beach. County Treasurer—James Caughell, Wedderburn. Assessor—A. J. Marsh, Port Orford. School Supt.—Ames S. Johnston, Port Orford. Surveyor—D. Cunniff, Jr., Gold Beach. Coroner—Dr. F. A. Schlemann, Wedderburn.

MEETINGS OF THE COURTS. Circuit Court meets Fourth Monday in August of each year. County Commissioners' Court meets first Wednesday in January, April, July and September of each year. Probate Court meets first Monday in each month.

CURRY COUNTY POST OFFICES AND POSTMASTERS. Chetco..... Miss Ida Cooley. Harbor..... Fletcher Gardner. Gold Beach..... Geo. Kerr. Wedderburn..... Geo. Kerr. Illihee..... Mr. E. H. Russell. Marial..... T. W. Billings. Agness..... Mrs. J. D. Cooley. Ophir..... D. M. Moore. Corbin..... S. K. Dartt. Port Orford..... Ames Johnston. Denmark..... J. S. Capps. Langlois..... E. Rackleff. Eckley..... J. A. Haines

Save Time and Money! by sending us your Mail Orders. We fill them promptly and carefully. When in Roseburg Be sure to Come and See Us. We'll Treat you Square! Remember the Name! Remember the Place! JOSEPHSON'S The Mail Order House Roseburg, Oregon.

AMES S. JOHNSTON (Successor to John R. Miller.) GENERAL MERCHANT. Port Orford, Or. NEW GOODS, and fresh supplies will be received by every steamer. It shall be my purpose to keep a full stock of everything required by the trade in the line of GROCERIES and PROVISIONS, BOOTS and SHOES, MENS' and BOYS' CLOTHING, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HARDWARE, GRANITE and TINWARE, CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, CANDY, NUTS and NOTIONS. In fact, a supply of everything usually kept in a well stocked General Merchandise Store. ORDERS TAKEN FOR ANY ARTICLE NOT IN STOCK. Call and examine goods and get prices.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Groceries & Provisions Port Orford, Curry County, Ore. BARGAINS In Everything. Ladies' & Gents' Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods Hats and Caps Boots and Shoes Cigars and Tobacco. Fine Assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods, muslins, calicos, flannels, etc. Hardware & Tinware, Ffarness, Leather, etc. All Goods New and Up-to-date. Orders taken for articles not in A first class millinery shop in connection with store. Call, get our prices, and be convinced. N. C. NIELSEN.