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Published Every Friday at Lents  
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Geo. A. McArthur..... Proprietor

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5812 Ninety-second Street  
 Phone 622-28

Will the invitation of President  
 Harding to the powers of Europe re-  
 sult in international disarmament  
 and universal peace?

Or will it merely serve to impress  
 upon the minds of the American peo-  
 ple the hopelessness of the undertak-  
 ing and the necessity of preparing  
 for the next war?

These are the all-absorbent ques-  
 tions of the hour, and no man is wise  
 enough to answer them.

The world is weary of conflict, but  
 no nation really trusts another.  
 Therein lies the great danger of fu-  
 ture explosions.

The final result will depend entire-  
 ly upon the attitude of the foreign  
 delegates when they arrive in Wash-  
 ington in response to the president's  
 invitation.

If they come to us with the expecta-  
 tion and willingness to give and  
 take in a sincere effort to arrive at a  
 just and equitable status of interna-  
 tional relations, then we may hope  
 for peace and eventual disarmament.

But if they come as they went to  
 the peace conference in Paris, deter-  
 mined to wrest every possible advan-  
 tage for their own respective gov-  
 ernments, regardless of the rights of  
 other peoples, then we may look for-  
 ward to nothing but an early resump-  
 tion of the war that has just ravaged  
 Europe and paralyzed the commerce  
 of the world.

The peace conference at Paris has  
 turned out to be something of a farce,  
 except that it is a breeder of dis-  
 trust, hatred and jealousy, while the  
 league of nations has ceased to be  
 much more than an empty name.

There is nothing in the present  
 situation to prevent future wars.  
 There is much to stimulate and fan  
 the smoldering embers into flame.  
 Having seen the folly of a resump-  
 tion of the Paris conference, it is possible  
 and devoutly to be hoped that Eng-  
 land, France, Italy and Japan will  
 see the wisdom of applying the golden  
 rule to their deliberations in Wash-  
 ington, to the end that a just, last-  
 ing and binding settlement may be  
 reached.

Japan may surprise the world by  
 her spirit of conciliation and conces-  
 sion, but to do so she must execute  
 a complete about face and march in  
 the opposite direction, and unless she  
 does this there will be no settlement,  
 no peace, no means of preventing fu-  
 ture wars.

Today Japan is arming herself by  
 tremendous strides, far beyond the  
 needs of a country that does not con-  
 template future aggressive conflict,  
 and her actions are viewed with skep-  
 ticism by many deep thinkers and  
 profound students of international af-  
 fairs.

It is possible, of course, that the  
 very environment of Washington, the  
 cradle of liberty, may exert an eleva-  
 ting effect upon the delegates to the  
 coming conference.

But in any event, having taken the  
 initiative, it is the duty of the gov-  
 ernment of the United States to go  
 the limit in an effort to restore the  
 world to a condition where justice  
 and right will prevail in international  
 affairs.

Then our own hands, at least, will  
 be clean, though we find it necessary  
 to stain them with the blood of other  
 nations in future wars.

Buying expensive clothing does not  
 always constitute being well dressed.  
 Neatness, tastiness and harmony in  
 blend are more essential than price.

### "SOME MAN"

Would you like to have your boy  
 turn out to be a real 100 per cent man  
 physically as well as mentally?

Then don't shut him up in a hot-  
 house of roses and keep him there  
 until he breaks away of his own ac-  
 cord.

Roses are a delight to the eye and  
 the sense of smell, but they do not  
 develop the muscle or add to the  
 breadth of mind.

Get him a ball and bat, a pair of  
 boxing gloves and a punching bag.  
 Give him a couple of Indian clubs  
 and teach him to swing them.

Encourage him to run and jump  
 and wrestle and leap fences.  
 Let his hours of recreation be  
 healthful and vigorous, and not of the  
 pink tea variety.

Teach him to fear God, to be lov-  
 ing, respectful and obedient to his  
 parents and mindful of the rights of  
 other people, and you will develop an  
 adult who will be "some man."

### HIGH COST OF TALKING

Congressman Alice Robertson of  
 Oklahoma some time back appealed  
 to congress to "stop talking and save  
 money."

Right—a dead center shot.  
 There must be a great surplus of  
 wind in congress when a woman  
 deems it expedient to appeal to the  
 men to talk less at the expense of  
 their countrymen.

The congresswoman estimates that  
 one week of congressional talking  
 costs the country nearly ten thousand  
 dollars in printing bills, and that only  
 covers a part of the expense.

And yet there are two sides to even  
 this question.  
 If our distinguished congressmen  
 were not talking us poor in Washing-  
 ton they might be talking us to death  
 at home.

We hate to part with our money,  
 but we are determined to cling to life.  
 Let 'em talk—in Washington.

If exercise is the road to good  
 health some of us ought to live a  
 thousand years.

### WHY IS A STATESMAN?

Editor of the Herald—Not being  
 satisfied with your answer as to what  
 constitutes a REAL statesman please  
 accept my version of a statesman: A  
 high public official who lays awake  
 nights, thinking of what he can do for  
 the people. Not to be confounded  
 with a POLITICIAN, who lays awake  
 nights thinking of how he can do the  
 people. —C. H.

We agree with the correspondent,  
 and further respectfully submit, that  
 as regards the former, we can only  
 say, as did the old farmer who gazed  
 upon a giraffe in a circus, for the  
 first time, "there ain't no such ani-  
 mal."

Nowadays when a fellow berins to  
 speak of the "best sellers" the thirsty  
 immediately forget everything else  
 and begin to mill around in a desper-  
 ate effort to locate the entrance.

### THE PRESIDENTIAL VEToes

Congress appropriates the money  
 necessary for conducting the affairs  
 of the government of the United  
 States. That money comes from the  
 pockets of the people.

The president has the right to veto  
 an appropriation bill as a whole, but  
 he can not veto an objectionable item  
 of expenditure in that bill and yet ap-  
 prove the remainder.

Presidents are often called upon to  
 approve appropriation bills that con-  
 tain items of expenditure that are  
 very obnoxious to a great class of  
 people, items which they consider pre-  
 judicial to the welfare of the country  
 as a whole, that serve but little pur-  
 pose, and that are forced into the bill  
 at the last minute upon demand of  
 some powerful politician who has an  
 axe to grind.

If the president disapproves the  
 bill because of the one objectionable  
 item he jeopardizes the affairs of gov-  
 ernment, for without funds the gov-  
 ernment cannot function.

On the other hand, if he approves  
 any portion of the bill he must ap-  
 prove all of it, including the objec-  
 tionable feature.

While we are changing our budget  
 system we should advance even fur-  
 ther and expand the veto prerogative.  
 The president should not be held  
 personally responsible for conditions  
 that are above and beyond his con-  
 trol.

The women's organizations of the  
 country are taking an active interest  
 in the creation and maintenance of  
 better country roads. If they pro-  
 duce definite results in this one field  
 alone they will have justified their  
 enfranchisement a thousand fold.

The Filipinos are anxiously await-  
 ing the day when the United States  
 will grant them their independence,  
 which leads a fellow to believe that  
 some people are never so contented  
 as when stirring up discontent. In-  
 dependence for the Filipinos will  
 mean renewed strife, disintegration,  
 and final annexation by some foreign  
 power.

### Danger in Unclean Dishes.

Just how serious is the danger of  
 infection from imperfectly washed  
 dishes in eating places has not been  
 determined, but the high count of  
 bacteria left upon restaurant utensils  
 suggests unpleasant possibilities. In  
 the investigation of Roy S. Dearstyne,  
 health official of Charlotte, N. C., the  
 utensils were from six eating houses,  
 of which one used a modern electric  
 dishwasher. The bacteria on hand-  
 washed coffee mugs from different  
 lunch rooms ranged from 20,000 to  
 200,000; on water glasses, 23,000 to  
 120,000; spoons, 3,400 to 70,000;  
 knives, 1,500 to 20,000; forks, 1,500  
 to 11,000. With the cleanly machine  
 washing, the coffee mugs had 3,800  
 bacteria, no other utensils more than  
 2,000.

It is said that American manufac-  
 turers are now in the position of be-  
 ing able to supply the toy demand of  
 the country. This is a large and  
 important industry; in fact, there  
 are millions in it, and these millions  
 formerly went to Germany which had  
 the practical control of the toy mar-  
 ket. That the business of supplying  
 the children of the nation with neces-  
 sary amusement is now in the na-  
 tion's own hands is a fact gratifying  
 at once to national feelings and na-  
 tional pockets.

STATEMENT—Of the Multnomah  
 State Bank of Portland, County of  
 Multnomah, State of Oregon, showing  
 the amount standing to the credit of  
 every depositor July 1, 1921, who has  
 not made a deposit, or who has not  
 withdrawn any part of his deposit  
 (commercial deposits), principal or  
 interest, for a period of more than  
 seven (7) years immediately prior to  
 said date, with the name, last known  
 place of residence or postoffice ad-  
 dress of such depositor, and the fact  
 of his death, if known.

H. J. Ames, Astoria, Ore.,  
 known, \$2.16.  
 India A. Hadden, Lents, Ore., not  
 known, \$0.15.  
 E. W. Phillips, Lents, Ore., not  
 known, \$2.27.  
 Chas. Thomas, Lents, Ore., not  
 known, \$0.16.  
 Total, \$2.74.

positor as required by the provisions  
 of Sections 10160-10163, inclusive,  
 Oregon Laws.

SHERMAN HARKSON,  
 Subscribed and sworn to before me  
 this 12th day of July, A. D., 1921.

C. E. Kennedy,  
 Notary Public for Oregon. My  
 commission expires June 22, 1923.

ss.

County of Multnomah,  
 I, Sherman Harkson, being first  
 duly sworn, depose and say upon oath  
 that I am the Cashier of the Multi-  
 nomah State Bank of Portland, Ore-  
 gon, County of Multnomah, State of  
 Oregon; that the foregoing statement  
 is a full, true, correct and complete  
 statement, showing the name, last  
 known residence or postoffice ad-  
 dress, fact of death, if known, and  
 the amount to the credit of each de-

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 bite when you buy meat from us.....

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## MEAT

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 we sell, for the matter of price is given special at-  
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 lowering the standard of the meat. It is through  
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 PORTER W. YETT, Contractor.