

HARDING SWEEPS THE COUNTRY AND WILL BE NEXT PRESIDENT

STATES CONSIDERED DOUBTFUL ARE CARRIED

All States North of Mason and Dixon Line Go For Harding.

New York.—The next president of the United States will be Warren G. Harding, present Republican United States senator from Ohio, and the next vice president will be Calvin Coolidge, Republican governor of Massachusetts. That is the verdict of the millions of voters in one of the greatest victories of the Republican party in the history of the country.

The unprecedented Republican victory, growing by leaps and bounds hourly since the polls closed Tuesday night reached its maximum proportions when late returns dispelled the doubt that lingered over Tennessee and New Mexico and definitely placed these states in the Harding-Coolidge column.

With only three counties in Tennessee missing, Senator Harding has a lead of some 10,000 votes over Governor Cox. Inasmuch as the three counties yet to be heard from went Republican four years ago, returns from these are expected to merely increase the size of the Harding plurality. This is the Republican dream of half

REPUBLICAN CONTROL OF SENATE CERTAIN

Cox and Roosevelt Vote Is Confined to Southern States.

Texas; re-election of a Republican senator from Missouri. Among Republican senators elected in hard contests were Lenroot of Wisconsin, who was opposed vigorously by Senator La Follette; Spencer of Missouri, who defeated Breckenridge Long, ex-assistant secretary of state, and Jones of Washington, senate commerce committee chairman; Senator Phelan, Democratic, California, was defeated by Samuel M. Shortridge, Republican, and Senator Smith, Democrat, Maryland, a veteran, lost to O. E. Weller, Republican.

Senator Nugent, Democratic, Idaho, was defeated by ex-Governor Gooding.

Harding Strong in Border States. In the border states Cox lost everything except Kentucky, which he apparently has carried by far less than the normal Democratic plurality, despite the expectation that the enfranchisement of women would make Democratic states more strongly Democratic as it has made Republican states more strongly Republican.



WARREN G. HARDING



CALVIN COOLIDGE

a century realized. The solid south has been broken.

In New Mexico, with only two counties missing, Senator Harding has a lead in the returns Wednesday of 3000. Along with Arizona, Missouri and a few other states which the Democrats did not give up until the last moment, in addition to New Mexico and Tennessee, this gives the Republicans a victory so gigantic that even the G. O. P. leaders found it hard to realize.

Republicans Carry All Northern States. The Harding-Coolidge ticket carried every state north of the Mason-Dixon line and every state west of the Mississippi river with the exception of Arkansas and Louisiana.

In the presidential fight the returns showed that the Cox-Roosevelt ticket had lost at least nine states which President Wilson carried four years ago—California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Maryland, New Hampshire, Ohio, Utah and Washington. Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge will have 404 votes in the electoral college. Only once before in the history of the nation has this electoral vote been surpassed. That was in 1912, the year of the Republican schism, when Woodrow Wilson rolled up 435 votes in the college. Before that memorable year, Theodore Roosevelt held the honors, having received 336 votes in 1904, the year always proudly pointed to as representing the high water mark of political endeavor and victory.

Harding and Coolidge carried 35 states, taking along with them to triumph the governorships of 26 states and numerous senatorial and congressional candidates.

Even Texas elected one Republican congressman and several Texas towns gave Harding a plurality, although the state of course, was traditionally Democratic.

Cox and Roosevelt will have but 127 votes in the electoral college.

Republican Plurality 7,000,000.

While it probably will be some days before the popular plurality of Harding and Coolidge will be definitely known it appeared certain Thursday that it would be around 7,000,000 votes at a conservative estimate.

The greatest plurality giving Harding was from New York, 1,080,000, and the smallest will be from Arizona, New Mexico or Nevada, from 3000 to 5000.

Among the Democratic casualties were defeats of Champ Clark of Missouri, ex-speaker and present Democratic leader in the house; election of a republican representative from

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE

Total Electoral Votes 531; 266 Votes Necessary to Win.

Republican	
Alabama	9
Arizona	5
California	12
Colorado	9
Connecticut	7
Delaware	3
Idaho	4
Illinois	29
Indiana	12
Iowa	12
Kansas	12
Maine	4
Maryland	10
Massachusetts	12
Michigan	12
Minnesota	12
Missouri	12
Montana	4
Nebraska	7
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	4
New Jersey	12
New Mexico	5
New York	40
North Dakota	4
Ohio	24
Oklahoma	10
Pennsylvania	25
Rhode Island	4
South Dakota	6
Tennessee	12
Utah	4
Vermont	3
Washington	12
West Virginia	8
Wisconsin	12
Wyoming	7
Total	
404	
Democratic	
Alabama	12
Arkansas	7
Florida	9
Georgia	12
Kentucky	12
Louisiana	12
Mississippi	10
North Carolina	12
South Carolina	12
Texas	20
Virginia	12
Total	
127	

HARDING PLURALITY IN NEW YORK HUGE

New York.—Election of Nathan L. Miller of Syracuse as governor by an estimated plurality slightly in excess of 70,000 as shown in revised figures assured the Republicans of a clean sweep in the election.

The vote tabulated gave Harding 1,836,513, Cox 779,688, or a plurality of 1,056,825.

New York City went Republican in the presidential contest for the second time in its history, McKinley having turned the trick on Bryan in 1896.

The largest popular vote previously received by a presidential candidate in New York state was \$70,070, which Mr. Taft polled in 1908. The previous record plurality was made in 1896 when McKinley led Bryan by 268,375. United States Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr. was leading his Democratic opponent, Lieutenant Governor Harry Walker, by 323,591 votes.

HARDING HAS BEST BIRTHDAY

Surrounded by Family and Friends, Senator Receives Returns.

Marion, O.—Warren G. Harding Tuesday had the greatest birthday party of his life.

Surrounded by members of his family and a circle of neighbors and personal friends, he received quietly at his home here the tribute of the millions who had voted to present him on his 55th anniversary with the presidency of the United States.

The smile of confidence he has worn for weeks broadened as he received the early returns and began to receive a flood of congratulations hailing him as the president-elect.

While the senator was at dinner a committee of employees of the Marion Star, his newspaper, called to present him with a gold printer's makeup rule, and he came out on the front porch and, with his voice choking with emotion, thanked them for their devotion.

OHIO AVALANCHE GROWS

Harding's Plurality Over Cox Over 300,000 Mark.

Columbus, O.—The republican avalanche of votes that swept over the nation Tuesday, continued to pile up majorities by the thousands in Senator Harding's home state for his colleagues.

Not a republican candidate for state office was defeated, and returns indicated the possibility that the entire Ohio delegation in the next congress may be Republican. In the present congress, there are eight Democrats and 14 Republicans from Ohio.

Harding's plurality over Cox has passed the 300,000 mark.

Ex-Governor Willis' plurality will approximate the 300,000 mark in his race against W. A. Julian for the seat to be vacated by Senator Harding.

Iowa Strongly Republican.

Des Moines.—From president on down to minor state offices Iowa has gone Republican by overwhelming majorities. On the basis of returns, Harding's majority in Iowa will be approximately 400,000; Cummins' majority will be around 200,000 and Kendall's will be about 150,000, political authorities were predicting.

California Goes Republican.

San Francisco.—California has gone overwhelmingly Republican. Returns indicated that Harding and Coolidge have carried the state by more than 300,000. Samuel M. Shortridge defeated the Democratic incumbent decisively, returns giving Shortridge 233,700 and Phelan 212,519.

HARDING IN THE LEAD IN OREGON

Returns Indicate That Senator Chamberlain Is Defeated By Stanfield.

Portland, Or.—Returns from Tuesday's election indicated conclusively that Senator Harding had carried Oregon by a vote of nearly 2 to 1 over Governor Cox. In Multnomah county, Harding's majority over Cox was not quite as large as the majorities in the up-state counties.

Harding's plurality in Oregon will be upwards of 60,000, and that Robert N. Stanfield, Republican, has been elected over George E. Chamberlain by approximately 15,000 majority were indicated on the face of returns.

It was apparent that in Multnomah county Harding will have about 15,000 majority over Cox and that the up-state counties will give him an additional 50,000.



R. N. STANFIELD

Successful Republican Candidate for United States Senator from Oregon

Harding has carried every county in Oregon on the basis of unofficial returns.

It was indicated by reports that Senator Chamberlain had carried Baker, Crook, Deschutes, Harney and Jefferson counties. The complete vote in Hood River also gave him a plurality of 107. The contest between the two senatorial candidates was close in Union and Coos counties.

In none of the counties that Chamberlain carried was his majority over Stanfield large.

In the first congressional district the sole opponent of W. C. Hawley was a socialist and polled but a comparatively slight vote.

In the second district, N. J. Sinnott was opposed by a Democrat, James Harvey Graham of Baker county. Incomplete returns showed that Representative Sinnott had carried his district by a vote better than two to one.

Congressman McArthur, was re-elected in the Portland district by a decisive majority.

The anti-vaccination bill has gone down to defeat and the oleomargarine bill has been defeated by a ratio of more than 2 to 1. The compulsory voting measure has also been rejected by the people by 2 to 1, as has the state market commission bill.

Single tax has met the decided rejection by the people. The measure has been swamped by more than a two-to-one vote on the early returns, and this lead has been maintained with the additional returns from incomplete precincts.

Although the people rejected, apparently, the divided session of the legislature, they have stamped with approval the measure which extends the legislative session from 40 to 60 days. The lead in favor of this measure is such that it is improbable that later returns will upset the verdict.

HARDING SWEEPS ILLINOIS

Small for Governor and McKinley for Senator Far Ahead.

Chicago.—Senator Harding was leading Governor Cox nearly 3 to 1 in Illinois on the face of returns. In the gubernatorial contest Len Small, Republican, who had the support of Mayor Thompson of Chicago, was leading former Senator James Hamilton Lewis, Democrat, less than 2 to 1, while William B. McKinley, Republican candidate for senator, had better than a 2-to-1 lead over Peter Waller, Democrat.

"Joe" Cannon Is Re-elected.

Danville, Ill.—Representative Joseph G. Cannon, former speaker of the house of representatives, has been returned to congress from the eighth Illinois district. It will be his twenty-third term in the lower house.

Republicans Show Gains in Missouri.

St. Louis, Mo.—Overcoming an early lead, the Republican candidate for president, senator and governor showed a slight margin on the face of early unofficial returns in Missouri.

REPUBLICANS WILL CONTROL CONGRESS

Returns Indicate G. O. P. Majorities in Both House and Senate.

New York.—Senator Harding's sweep through doubtful states in the east and middle west appears to have carried with it assurances of a working majority in the next congress.

Among the states in which senatorial elections were doubtful, Harding's apparent victories in Connecticut and New Hampshire probably have carried Senators Brandegee and Moses, respectively, back to their senate seats.

In Colorado and Idaho returns indicate that Republican candidates S. D. Nicholson and Frank R. Gooding have ridden in on the Harding wave, unseating the present Democratic senators, Charles Thomas and James Nugent.

Senator Wadsworth has been re-elected from New York and former Governor Willis seems an easy victor in Ohio. Both victories were expected and mark no gains for the Republicans.

The Republicans will apparently have in the next senate a certain majority of 17, a probable majority of 19 and a possible majority of 20, with the further remote possibility of 22 if Kentucky should return a Republican in place of Beckham (Dem.).

Based on returns in and the indicated trend in states where the result is not final, it appears that the house of representatives in the sixty-seventh congress will be constituted approximately as follows: Republicans, 273; Democrats, 159; Independents, 2; Prohibitionists, 1. This estimate, while not final, would give the Republicans a majority of 111. The present majority of the Republicans is 39.

REPUBLICANS WIN IN IDAHO

Gooding Is Chosen Over Nugent in Senate Race.

Boise, Idaho.—Senator Harding for president, Frank R. Gooding, Republican candidate for United States senator, and D. W. Davis, present Republican governor of Idaho, together with the balance of the congressional and state ticket have carried this state with pluralities running from 15,000 to 25,000 or more. Late returns, although far from complete, in the state clearly indicated this. Some of the strongest counties in the state, including Shoshone in the north, went Republican.

Republican counties went exceptionally strong for the Republican ticket. The ticket apparently elected on the returns by safe majorities follows: President, Warren G. Harding; senator, Frank R. Gooding; representative, first district, Burton L. French, second district, Addison T. Smith.

Harding Sends Coolidge Good Wishes.

Marion, O.—At 11 o'clock Tuesday night, Senator Harding sent the following telegram to Governor Coolidge: "My heartiest congratulations over the great Republican victory to which your strength added so materially. You are to expect to play a full part in the coming Republican administration. Good wishes." To Will H. Hays, Republican national chairman, Mr. Harding telegraphed: "My gratitude along with congratulations on your capable and successful management of a great campaign."

Wisconsin Elects Senator Lenroot.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Republican candidates were successful in virtually every contest in Tuesday's election in Wisconsin. Senator J. L. Lenroot was re-elected over James Thompson, independent and Democratic and Socialist opposition and the whole list of 11 members of the national house of representatives is Republican.

Montana Joins Republican Landslide.

Helena, Mont.—The lead taken by Republican candidates for president, governor and congress in Montana on early returns was maintained as more complete reports were received from the state. Former Senator J. M. Dixon, Republican nominee for governor, was nearly 20,000 votes ahead of B. K. Wheeler, his Democratic opponent.

Portland Mayor Re-elected.

Portland, Or.—Mayor Baker has been re-elected on first-choice votes, judging from the incomplete returns. His lead over all other opponents on first choice is 512 votes. City Commissioners Mann and Barbur have also been re-elected.

Harding Carries Wilson's District.

Princeton, N. J.—President Wilson's home district in Princeton went for Harding and Coolidge by above five to one.

Harding Carries Home Precinct.

Marion, O.—Senator Harding's home precinct gave Harding, 573; Cox, 76.

WASHINGTON VOTE GOES TO HARDING

Jones Leads His Opponents in the Race for the United States Senate.

Seattle, Wash.—Republican candidates won "hands down" in King county and the state of Washington.

The soldiers' bonus bill was passed by an unmistakable majority. The Carlson \$30,000,000 road bond measure was beaten.

Latest figures indicated that Senator Harding's plurality will be nearly 125,000 over Christensen, who is running second. Harding will have more votes than Christensen and Cox combined.

Governor Hart's plurality over Bridges and Black likely will be 10,000. He will lead Bridges, who is running second, by more than 50,000, according to present indications.

Senator Jones was reported to have swept the state with a big plurality, running ahead of the ticket in some counties.



WESLEY L. JONES

Re-elected United States Senator from the State of Washington

All five Republican congressmen apparently had been returned to office by the heavy Republican vote throughout the state.

Following were winners in the state election:

Governor, Louis F. Hart; lieutenant-governor, William J. Coyle; secretary of state, J. Grant Hinkle; state treasurer, Clifford L. Babcock; state auditor, C. W. Chaussen; attorney general, L. L. Thompson; commissioner of public lands, Clark V. Savidge; superintendent of public instruction, Josephine C. Preston; state insurance commissioner, H. O. Fishback.

Outstanding features of the election in eastern Washington were the elimination of the farmer-labor party as a factor in the farm counties and answer of Republican voters of the fifth congressional district to the charge that Representative Webster, re-elected by a majority of nearly 8000 votes, was for the corporations and opposed to labor.

Hart Leads in Pierce County.

Tacoma, Wash.—Early returns from Pierce county gave Governor Hart a big lead over Robert Bridges and Judge Black. Senator Harding led in the same ratio against Governor Cox. Senator Jones overwhelmed George F. Cotterill in the senatorial race.

Albert Johnson had a great lead in early returns over George T. Fishburne and Homer Thone for congress. The whole Republican ticket ran far ahead of the Democratic and Farmer-Labor candidates in the field.

California Land Bill Appears Law.

San Francisco.—Returns appear to indicate that the anti-alien land amendment, which has been the subject of diplomatic exchanges between the state department and Tokio, has carried.

Harding Victor in New York City.

New York.—New York city, complete, gave Harding 785,776, Cox 345,535, Debs 131,556. In the gubernatorial race, New York city complete: Smith, 709,746; Miller, 690,135.

Republicans Win in Delaware.

Wilmington, Del.—The Republicans apparently will carry the national and state tickets in Delaware by pluralities ranging from 3000 to 5000.

Harding Carries Roosevelt's Town.

Hyde Park, N. Y.—Senator Harding carried Hyde Park, the home town of Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic vice presidential nominee, by 86 votes.

Republicans Win in Louisville.

Louisville, Ky.—Senator Harding had a majority over Governor Cox in Louisville and Jefferson county.