

WANT "ADS"
 Them In B-6111-1111
 Only One-cent a Word

Mt. Scott Herald



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MODERN BUSINESS BLOCK COMPLETED

Eleven Thousand Dollar Business Corner Ready For Occupancy. Site of Oldest Business House in Lents.

Within the week the latest business block for Lents will have been completed. The town has several reasons for being proud of it. That Lents should have the business backing at a time like this to put up the best building it ever had is saying something for the place and the persons who have made it possible. No other suburb around Portland can show as much building activity just now as Lents, especially in its business section. Mrs. Yott, Mr. Rutan, and the Multnomah State Bank all deserve the hearty commendation of the people of this part of the city for the part they have had in the construction. Without any one or all of them working together the building would be as far away as it was the first of last April. And to say that it has been hurried to completion in record time will meet with general support. The rapidity with which the work has been carried forward has been largely due to the interest the several persons employed about the construction have had in carrying it forward. Most of the men live in Lents. They spend their earnings here, and they have a pride in seeing the growth of this suburb.

The first person to move into the new building will be the former occupant of this corner, Clyde Sager, with his grocery and provision business enlarged. His floor space will have been more than doubled. The main floor will be 40 x 44 and there will be an eight foot balcony all along two sides and a large basement in addition. Conveniences of all sorts have been considered to add to the comfort and convenience of patrons of the store. The window display space extends all along two streets, fine plate glass windows, the best in the town. Something new for this place will be the large cement lined sink on the main street side for the display of green vegetables.

The main sales counter will be along the north side of the room, so there will be counters in various other places fronting the shelving. In the center of the floor a double tier of shelves will be surrounded by counters, used largely for display. It is evident that Mr. Sager intends to tempt the last penny out of our pockets by the excellent showing of his wares. He evidently understands that developing a taste for an article is more than half the selling of it. The customer will find the way if the goods appeal to him.

Moving out of the old building will probably begin Saturday and it is hoped that business may begin in the new building on Monday. Just what the program will be for the opening day has not been announced yet.

The second story is divided in fine office rooms, already for use, tho not as yet engaged. The white finish given the building, makes it not only conspicuous, but exceedingly attractive.

County Fairs Score Great Success

The past week has seen the wind-up of practically all the county fairs to be held in the state this season. More than three-quarters of the counties in the state have had an exhibit of some sort and in every instance the quality of the products shown has been fully up to grade and the staging of some has been better than ever. At the state fair at Salem last week there was probably the most notable collection of Oregon fruits, grains, vegetables, live stock and manufactured articles that has ever been shown at one time in Oregon. Horses, cattle, swine, poultry, sheep and pet stock of all kinds were exhibited by practically every community in the state, and the quality and finish of the animals has never been equalled.

One of the unusual features of the state fair was the boys' camp at which were quartered the prize winners in the various county garden contests. Under the direction of Prof. W. A. Barr, of the Oregon Agricultural College, these boys gave an exhibition of stock judging, taking as subjects the prize winning cows in the dairy section, and making up a full and complete report as to the points of excellence possessed by each animal, giving his reasons for the decision; also testing the milk for butter fat and purity. These reports were passed upon by the expert judges of the dairy section of the fair. The final prize winners in the garden contest will receive as a reward one week's free trip to the exposition at San Francisco next summer.

BELGIAN DOGS AS ARTILLERY HORSES

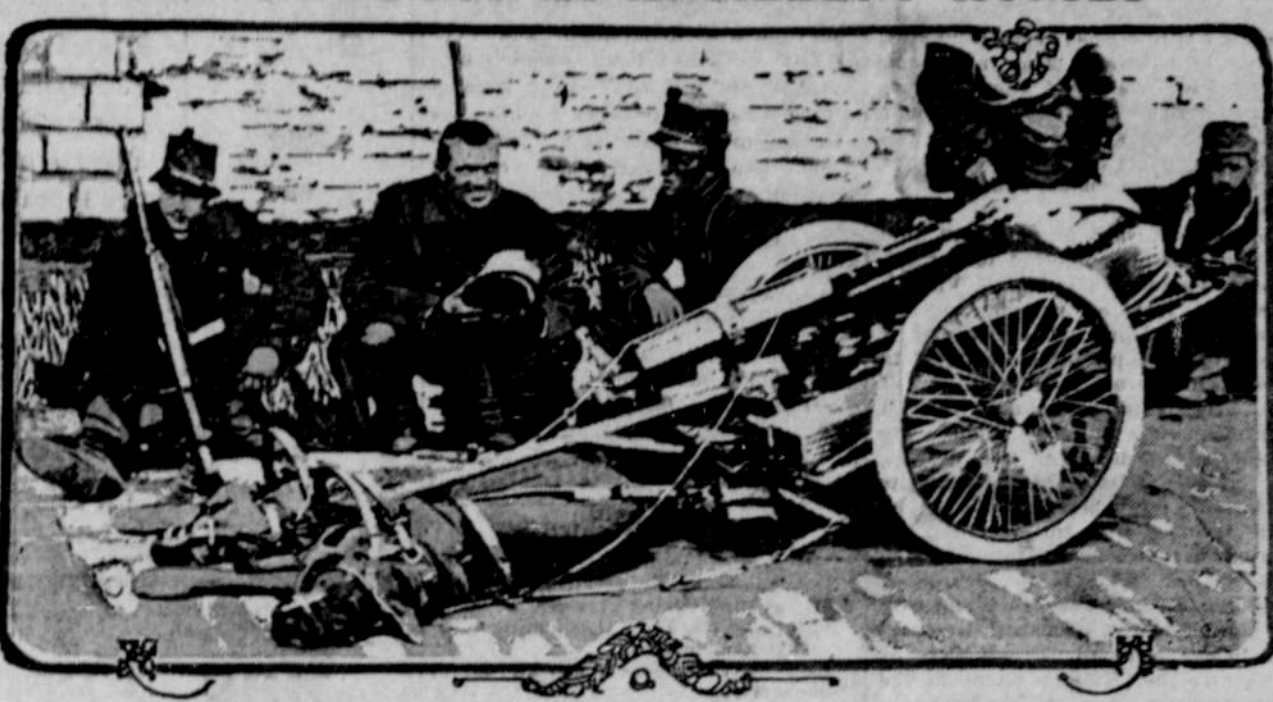


Photo by American Press Association.

BUILDING IN ANTWERP DAMAGED BY BOMB



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R. S. HUMMELL AND MRS. MARGARET WILSON WED

R. S. Hummell and Mrs. Margaret Wilson were united in marriage at Mrs. Wilson's home at Campbell street and Lewis avenue, Lents, the Rev. W. Boyd Moore officiating, last evening at seven thirty o'clock. A large number of relatives, friends, members of the G. A. R. and Circle were in attendance. The affair was one of the most interesting ever conducted in this part of the city. Mr. Hummell is over seventy-six years of age. The bride is of about the same age. Being alone much of the time each felt that a wedded life would add to their comfort and happiness.

The wedding was performed under an arch of flags and decorations of autumn leaves. Cake and ice cream was served. Numerous useful, pretty presents were given. Joe Wilson, the bride's son, a Portland orchestra leader was present with a pianist and cornet player, and with his famous violin, they had fine music. Fun ran high and everyone reported a fine time. All went away, wishing Mr. and Mrs. Hummell many happy years of married life.

A movement has been started by the Oregon Jersey Cattle Club to induce the government, through the Bureau of Animal Industry, to send three or four experts into this state to assist in the work of inspecting the herds as a safeguard against tuberculosis. Under a state law inspection of cattle for indications of disease has extended all over the state, but the great increase in the size and number of the herds is rapidly overtaxing the state force. All the registered herds of Jerseys in the state are entirely healthy at the present time and it is desired, by more thorough inspection, to avoid all possibility of infection.

A BIG GRANGE DAY SATURDAY

The Lents Grange will meet Saturday at 10:30 o'clock. As it is the end of the harvest season special attention will be given to that thought in arranging the altar decorations. The morning session will be given up to the third and fourth degrees. The Lecturer, Mrs. Darnall, has provided the following excellent program to begin promptly at 2 o'clock and to which the public is invited:

Song, by the Grange; Piano solo, Esther Mitchell; Recitation, Winifred Smith; Violin Solo, Milton Katsky; "How the Grange may help the social life of the community," W. J. McNeal; "Value of Eugenics in Practice," O. M. Plummer; Violin Solo, Miss Marie Chapman. City Superintendent, L. R. Alderman is expected to be present to talk on "Making our Schools more Practical." Alva Nygaard will give a piano solo. Some one will discuss the new dental bill.

While the delay in passing the Rivers and Harbors Bills has, to some considerable extent, delayed work on the Cello Canal, a small force of men has been kept at work through the summer and the engineer in charge estimates that if the necessary appropriation is made in the near future, which now seems probable, the canal can easily be completed within the next six months. He estimates that but \$25,000 will be necessary to complete the big water-way. The lock gates of the canal are being put in place and work on the locks will probably be completed by the end of October. A small amount of concrete is yet to be placed, and a small amount of dredging at the eastern end, where the canal connects with the river, will bring the work to a point where the water may be turned into the ditch for the purpose of testing the locks. It is confidently expected that by the opening of navigation next spring the canal will be ready to receive river steamers of ordinary draft.

THAT \$1500 EXEMPTION, PRO AND CON

The following paragraph seems to be a letter addressed to the readers of the Oregon City Courier. Perhaps it may be of interest to some of our readers. Oregon City, Ore., Sept. 30, 1914. Editor Courier: Will you or your readers, or some of the mortgage and diamond owners who are opposing the \$1500 Homes Tax Exemption, kindly and fully answer the following question?

\$1500 invested in a mortgage is not taxed in Oregon. Why should not \$1500 also be exempt if it is invested in farm buildings, cows, teams, land clearings and orchards with which to make a living?

\$1500 spent for diamonds and jewelry "in actual use" is by law exempt from tax in Oregon. Why should not \$1500 spent for a dwelling house and furniture "in actual use" be exempt from tax?

The proposed \$1500 Homes Tax Exemption does not apply to corporations. The great department stores will get nothing from this, neither will the sky scrapers nor the railroads, but the little merchant may save something in his taxes.

The mortgage tax law of Oregon was repealed in 1893, and mortgages have not been taxed since then, in most of the counties, including Clackamas and Multnomah.

No one can justly oppose allowing the farmer and the little home owner so small an exemption while so many wealthy people and corporations are exempt on their mortgages and diamonds, not to mention the money on which they never do pay tax.

Sincerely yours,
 W. S. U'Ren.

The exception taken above to the exemption of mortgages seems to us to be illy taken. If one were a heavy holder of mortgage values he might look at it otherwise. On the other hand he might look at it according to the present legal status, having a better notion of how it would work out. If the plan were adopted of taxing mortgages about 25 or 30 mills, proportional with other property, there would not be much inducement for anyone to accept a mortgage. Mortgages would prove a bad paper and as a result the man who had money might as well let it lie idle. Lending money at 5, 6, even 8 percent on a mortgage would not be very attractive, especially to a person with small capital for their source of revenue. And there are thousands of people of advanced age who must depend on the income from small loans to keep them from the dangers of poverty. If their mortgages were taxed they would soon become dependent.

Then if mortgages were taxed at the regular rate, and the property bearing the mortgage were also taxed at the accustomed rate, the same value would thus bear double taxation. The individual who borrows money assumes that he is able to make a good profit on the transaction, and as a consequence of his assumption would naturally be the one to bear the fixed losses. Why should he use another person's value to that person's risk or loss? These questions have all been worked out long before Oregon or its army of economic tinkers were remotely dreamed of and there is little cause to anticipate an immediate change.

If there is a \$1500 exemption on jewelry it should be repeal forthwith.

Would Exempt All But Real Estate

(From the Hood River Glacier)
 The \$1500 exemption bill, at first glance, appeals to the taxpayer. When he, after studying the proposed measure for awhile, finds out the impositions that it will enforce, he doesn't view it with so much favor. And the fact that the bill is really another proposition of the single taxers causes him to turn from it in disgust. By the terms of the proposed exemption bill, real estate is not exempt.

Oregon Children to Write Essays

The Campaign Workers of the Oregon W. C. T. U. offer a prize of \$10.00 for the best essay from the Grammar Grades on "The Effect of the Oregon Dry Amendment on the Children of the State."

A prize of \$15.00 will be given the writer of the best essay from a high school pupil on "The Effect of the Oregon Dry Amendment on the Industrial and Economic Conditions of the State." These essays must be sent to the Essay Department, W. C. T. U. Headquarters, Dekum Building, Portland, Oregon, by October 22nd.

Peter Roth of Vancouver was a Lents visitor Tuesday.

LOCAL DENTIST TAKES EXCEPTION

Dental "Combine" Denied. Efficiency Asserted to be Essential and Short Instruction Course Dangerous.

Lents, Oregon, Oct. 7.—To the Editor of the Herald—In a recent issue of the Herald there appears an editorial on the Dentistry Bill to be voted upon at the November election that raises several inquiries.

You say, that having been admitted to practice dentistry in Oregon by passing the state examinations, a Dentist becomes a member of the "dental combine", whose chief business seems to be to maintain prices and avoid competition.

Will you be good enough to explain what you mean by "the dental combine"? Are you prepared to say that there is a "dental combine" in Oregon, will you describe this organization, stating definitely what you know to be facts, and not what you may have "heard", or been told by "somebody"?

You say that the present law requires a Dentist to pass a state examination and that "these examinations, according to those who have been subjected to them, are arbitrary and discriminatory." Every state in the United States, except one, require a Dentist to pass an examination. In Arkansas the requirement for a state examination is optional with the State Dental Board.

Dentists who have passed the Oregon examinations say that it is practical and requires only reasonable qualifications of the applicant. Did you ever know a child who failed in an examination to say that the examination was "fair"?

Teachers take examinations, examinations are required by physicians, pharmacists, veterinary surgeons, lawyers, barbers and members of other professions and trades that have to do with public health and public education, why should not a Dentist be given a state examination? Mouth hygiene is one of the fundamentals of health.

You say that the chief business of the "dental combine seems to be to maintain prices and avoid competition." Did you ever ask 50 dentists their prices on work? Try it. You will find that there is no standard of prices whatever and that the prices vary with the individual dentist.

You speak of their opposition to "Competition". Do you know that only four other states in the Union have a greater percentage of dentists to the population than Oregon? You say there is a well understood rule among dentists that publicity in the form of advertising is unparadonable and non-ethical. On what authority do you know that? If you will look up their "code of ethics" you will find that the only advertising which they discriminate against is untruthful advertising. Any decent newspaper ought to be ashamed to take any other kind.

There are a number of advertising dentists in Portland who are in no way discriminated against by other members of the profession and one of the wisest advertisers of the state is supporting the campaign against the Dentistry Bill.

You say "a change in the law to a more rational and sincere procedure of issuing licenses would not necessarily lower the standard of the profession, of whom there is not now a few quacks and incompetents". Do you consider the proposed "Dentistry Bill" a more rational and sincere procedure of issuing licenses?

The proposed Bill would issue a license to a graduate from a course of two years of six months each. Can a Dentist learn all he needs to know about dentistry in 12 months?

To treat a horse the State of Oregon requires a veterinary surgeon to take a course of not less than 27 months in a college recognized by the United States Bureau of Animal Industry.

To have a man's face the State of Oregon requires a barber to have actual experience in a Shop or Barber College 36 months.

Is the treatment of your mouth as important as the treatment of your horse or your beard?
 C. S. OGSBURY, D. M. D.

Daily Mails

Mails at the Lents postoffice arrive and depart as follows:
 Arrive Depart
 6:50 A. M. 8:20 A. M.
 12:40 P. M. 12:45 P. M.
 3:10 P. M. 5:20 P. M.

Frank Rayburn was here Sunday, visiting home folks.