



HOTEL DREXEL VALE, OREGON

A Home for Travelers and Tourists Under New Management G. B. PORTER, Prop.

WANTED HIDES & PELTS

I Will Pay you Cash for all Hides and Pelts delivered to me or to T. B. NORDALE at Vale.

Harry Jackson The Hide and Pelt Man Postoffice Baker, Oregon

Women Made Young

Bright eyes, a clear skin and a body full of youth and health may be yours if you will keep your system in order by regularly taking



The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles, the enemies of life and looks. In use since 1895. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Clean, Healthy Eyes if they Tingle, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Name Eye Remedy Co., Chicago No. 1

ST. JOSEPH'S HOME

FOR THE AGED Ontario, Oregon Arrangements for care by the month or for life can be made at any time with Mother Superior. Holy Rosary Hospital. Terms Moderate

Oil Stoves--- New Perfection

Call and see them PRICES \$6.50 to \$30.00

Visit this store and save money on new and second hand furniture. Pianos—Rugs—Tools

Thos. B. Nordale Oregon



YOUR BEST FRIEND AND HOUSEHOLD SERVANT TELEPHONE

Many times during the day you think of something you'd like to have; something you could do if only you could reach such and such a party. Do you know your telephone gives you instant communication with friend or businessman. Don't be without one longer. Ask for yours TO-DAY.

MALHEUR HOME TELEPHONE CO. WEAVER RANDOLPH, Mgr. Vale, Oregon.

PROBLEMS FACING STRICKEN WORLD

(Continued From Page One)

is an effort on the part of great groups of working men to compel recognition of their demands. They seek to secure their objective by force. No allowance is made for the fact that methods justifiable in war are not right in peace. Few people will deny that war is the supreme expression of force.

Many men got their first taste of fresh air and decent food while in the army. Very properly the allied governments gave the best of everything to the men in the armies. It isn't difficult to get accustomed to good food and fresh air; it is hard to go back to poor food and the tenements. Back home, many of the demobilized soldiers are not eating as well or as much as they ate during their service.

Notwithstanding the rigid discipline of army life, men are treated as men. The humblest man in the ranks has rights that must be respected. This is not always the case in civil life. Then, too, while in uniform the private was made much of. Class distinction was obliterated. He was looked upon as one of his country's defenders. Since he has been demobilized he has been forgotten and neglected. This has soured him. He resents it. Social distinctions have come back. He is only a working man now.

Another cause of unrest among the working men of Europe grows out of the war. Mobilization took millions of men from their jobs. A great shortage of labor resulted. Employers were forced to compete to get men. The usual competition was among men to get jobs. The law of supply and demand affected the labor market wages went up. The soldier went off to war. While he was in the trenches the wages back home were high. His pay was small. Our fighting men were not interested in pay. They went to fight for a principle.

With the coming of peace a large quantity of labor was dumped upon the market. The demobilized men rushed for employment. Comrade competed for jobs. The same old law of supply and demand sent wages to hogging. The number of men who wanted jobs was much greater than the number of places available. The returning soldier seeking a job was offered a much smaller wage than he was paid for the same work while he had been fighting. It incensed him. He figured that he had given four years out of his life, had come home tired and broke. He looked upon the decline in wages as a positive discrimination against him.

Comparison Breeds Discontent. Everywhere I have heard these men say: "We are out of luck. The hands played and we were applauded when we left to fight. While we were gone the wages went up. We don't begrudge the men who stayed at home the wages they got, but it's damn funny that when we come back down go wages. The cost of living don't go down. I guess we're out of luck."

I found two phrases inseparable in the speech of the discontented, "the high cost of living;" "the profiteer." Workingmen with whom I talked freely admitted that some of the high cost of living was the legitimate result of the great demand for everything and the natural shortage, but in the same breath they insisted that much of it was due to the mercenary, shoulful profiteer.

The profiteer took blood money during the world's greatest tragedy. He exacted usury from the tiller at home and the fighting man at the front. He drew dividends out of the tears and walls of broken-hearted women and fright-stricken children. He minted his gold out of agony, starvation, heartaches. He stands today the Judas of the war, the most despised man of earth.

The profiteer is not an Englishman, a Frenchman, Italian or American. He is found in every country of the world a man without nationality, without conscience, without humanity. He is the pimp of civilization. He is still on the job.

The profiteer has given the United States a terrible black eye. A common comment of Europe is, "The United States made money out of the war." These people do not refer to the money we made legitimately. They point to the fact, a fact that has been given great publicity in Europe, that in August, 1914, there were about 7,000 millionaires in the United States, while at the time of the signing of the armistice it was estimated the millionaire colony had increased by 25,000, making a total of 30,000 millionaires in the United States. The profiteer is still on the job. He is holding up the world, a starving, cold world.

Profiteering Case in Point. Under date of November 17, 1919, J. S. Bache & Co., members of the New York stock exchange, in their financial letter say: "In mercantile circles there is proceeding at the present time a vast amount of speculation on a very large scale in commodities. An incident is cited to us of one concern that is carrying \$15,000,000 worth of vegetable oils, which are in great demand, and the concern is holding them for higher prices. This is a distinct damage to the consumers, and keeps living prices in these things, used daily, at top and increasing levels. Speculation of this kind is a real detriment to the community."

The pair of shoes the workman once bought for \$3.50 are now \$8 and \$10. It is true that the cost of labor and material have gone up, but not enough to warrant any such exorbitant prices. Business men have taken advantage of the situation, and justify their larcenies on the ground of the law of supply and demand. A shoe man with a prominent Chicago firm, a man long in the business, told me that the present unwarranted and outrageous price of shoes was due to the fact that American shoe manufacturers could not meet any price for

shoes from the barefooted people of Europe.

Governments are blamed for not dealing with this species of holdup. The discontented ask "Why isn't profiteering treason—why shouldn't these Pagnans be sent to the wall with a firing squad as "an escort?" (Copyright, 1920, Western Newspaper Union)

WOMAN'S DEPT.



The day returns and brings its petty round of irritating concerns and duties. Help us to perform them with laughter and kind faces; let cheerfulness abound with industry. Give us to go blithely on our business this day.—R. L. Stevenson.

SIMPLIFY YOUR MEALS.

Those who know tell us that the average American of the well-to-do classes eats at least one-third more food than is necessary or safe, and that seven-eighths of our diseases are caused from improper food and also, in large degree, improper eating.

Horace Fletcher, who gave to the world so much on the way to eat and what to eat, advocated the long mastication of foods, chewing twice as long, and in consequence the appetite is satisfied with much less food.

A simple experiment which has been often repeated is that of chewing a mouthful of bread and butter until it swallows itself, without any effort. It will develop a flavor in the mouth which will be a surprise to all rapid eaters. The starch is partly changed by the action of the saliva which is never noticed when food is bolted.

On a busy day the house mother who can serve a wholesome one-piece dish which will be sufficiently satisfying is using economy both of time and of fuel. There are any number of such dishes from chowders to casserole dishes. The following has been given several times but may be repeated, it is so good: Put sufficient sliced potatoes in a shallow baking pan, for the family, cover with a finely sliced onion and pork chops fried on one side and placed cooked side down on the potatoes. Season well and bake until the potatoes are tender. No moisture need be added unless the potatoes have lost much moisture.

A salad dressing which is very good and is always ready to serve on any kind of a salad is made of corn oil added a little at a time to a better yolk with lemon juice. Just as one makes mayonnaise, it looks and taste almost as good as olive oil mayonnaise. To this dressing may be added for variety chopped onion, peppers, celery, peas or any cooked vegetable at hand. The same dressing plain with whipped cream added makes a good dressing on fruit salad.

Nellie Maxwell 5 AND 10 YEARS AGO

Interesting News Items From the ENTERPRISE of Five and Ten Years Ago.

From Enterprise, April 2, 1910. The land controversy has been settled to everyone's satisfaction and the Oregon Short Line, can now proceed to construct the railroad as planned.

The Vale Fans are anxious to join the baseball league. An increase has been made in the working force of the O. S. L. Depot. John Clancy has been assigned to the warehouse.

Nyssa is coming to the front very rapidly, according to some of Vale's prominent citizens who made an excursion there this week.

City Council appointed an official scavenger at their last meeting and the purchase of a Sprinkler was authorized. This is another important step in the inevitable improvements that are to be made in Vale. Mrs. Thomas Jones, of Caldwell was in town during the first of the week.

The county has erected a brick crematory in the Court House yard, for storing and for burning the numerous coyote pelts that are being received.

From Enterprise April 3, 1915. Ben Brown has bought a big Buick to chase the fleeing Criminal.

Wm. Fitzgerald had an eye destroyed, Robt. Madden, was shot in the back with rock that had been loaded in a blank cartridge and James Duncan, was also injured with rock from a similar cartridge, while the Ontario Cadets were out on their annual hike.

Nyssa captured the Silver Cup in the Declamatory Contest which was held on March 27th.

The trout season opened on "All Fools Day" and the trout are now being fed on two-bit flies.

Malheur County Corn Show was a decided success and a change was made in the boundaries of the various districts.

A. A. Derrick was down from Jamieson last week. W. R. Lofton, of Ironside, was a Vale visitor this week. W. H. Stokes was over from Ontario last week.

C. H. Oxman and wife, of Jamieson were week end visitors in Vale. Miss Lefa Mustard, of Westfall, spent a few days in Vale. Geo. Hart from Westfall, was in the city Wednesday. J. A. Wroten, city marshal at Jordan Valley, was among the visitors at the County seat the latter part of the week.

EVERY ONE WANTS MONEY'S WORTH

Natural Desire Is Not to Get the Worst of Any Business Transaction.

CHEAPEST NOT ALWAYS BEST

Person Who Buys From Catalogue House Sees Only the Price and Forgets That Value Is Thing That Counts.

When you spend your money you naturally want to get all you can in return. No one can criticize you for having that desire. Only those who are commonly referred to as having "more money than sense" throw their money away. All others are careful to see that they do not get the worst of any bargain. But one has to be able to look farther than the end of his nose if he is to be sure that he is getting the most that he can get for his money.

LABOR TO BUILD HOMES NOW

Labor Department Prompts Those Intending Construction to Begin the Work at Once.

The home builder—he who builds for his immediate use rather than for resale purposes—appears to be getting under way with his building plans. This especially is noted in the central West. The home-building program will be facilitated and augmented if small investment money is made available for building loans. In one or two communities this is being attempted by private organizations, brought together for this sole purpose. In other and more numerous cases the regular banks are giving thought to the problem. The building-and-loan interests already have formulated a plan under which a system of federal home loan banks would enable them to rediscount their first real-estate mortgages and make available for further loans more than \$1,000,000,000 of their assets.

While the Department of Labor is endeavoring to co-operate with state and municipal authorities in getting under way road building and public improvements, and with private interests in their more extensive building operations, it is convinced that home building, for the use of the builder rather than for rental, must be looked to as an important factor in providing better employment for labor during the transition from war to peace production, and for the stimulation of business. For this reason the Department of Labor is making a determined drive for a nation-wide "Own your Home" campaign.—Chicago Evening Post.

If buying an article of any kind, whether it be a house and lot or a paper of pins, the price is not the only thing to be considered by any means. You are not in the habit of going into a store when you want to buy a suit of clothes and saying to the storekeeper: "Give me the cheapest suit of clothes you have in the house." You want the best suit of clothes you can get for the price you pay for it, but you don't

..TRADE AT HOME..

EVERY ONE WANTS MONEY'S WORTH

Natural Desire Is Not to Get the Worst of Any Business Transaction.

CHEAPEST NOT ALWAYS BEST

Person Who Buys From Catalogue House Sees Only the Price and Forgets That Value Is Thing That Counts.

When you spend your money you naturally want to get all you can in return. No one can criticize you for having that desire. Only those who are commonly referred to as having "more money than sense" throw their money away. All others are careful to see that they do not get the worst of any bargain. But one has to be able to look farther than the end of his nose if he is to be sure that he is getting the most that he can get for his money.

LABOR TO BUILD HOMES NOW

Labor Department Prompts Those Intending Construction to Begin the Work at Once.

The home builder—he who builds for his immediate use rather than for resale purposes—appears to be getting under way with his building plans. This especially is noted in the central West. The home-building program will be facilitated and augmented if small investment money is made available for building loans. In one or two communities this is being attempted by private organizations, brought together for this sole purpose. In other and more numerous cases the regular banks are giving thought to the problem. The building-and-loan interests already have formulated a plan under which a system of federal home loan banks would enable them to rediscount their first real-estate mortgages and make available for further loans more than \$1,000,000,000 of their assets.

While the Department of Labor is endeavoring to co-operate with state and municipal authorities in getting under way road building and public improvements, and with private interests in their more extensive building operations, it is convinced that home building, for the use of the builder rather than for rental, must be looked to as an important factor in providing better employment for labor during the transition from war to peace production, and for the stimulation of business. For this reason the Department of Labor is making a determined drive for a nation-wide "Own your Home" campaign.—Chicago Evening Post.

If buying an article of any kind, whether it be a house and lot or a paper of pins, the price is not the only thing to be considered by any means. You are not in the habit of going into a store when you want to buy a suit of clothes and saying to the storekeeper: "Give me the cheapest suit of clothes you have in the house." You want the best suit of clothes you can get for the price you pay for it, but you don't

THIS TRADE AT HOME Feature is Made Possible by MALHEUR ENTERPRISE and the following VALE BUSINESS MEN

UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK Capital and Surplus \$112,500.00

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, VALE, OREGON A Bank for the Service of the Community

FARMERS & STOCKGROWERS BANK You Will Open an Account with us, Why not Now?

VALE ELECTRIC COMPANY All Kinds Electric Appliances. You Pay no more than in Big Cities

A. E. McGUIRE The Retail Store If You Can't Come, Telephone

VALE DRUG STORE The Nyal Quality Store Oldest Store in the County

THE HOME LUMBER & COAL CO. All Kinds of Building Material Best Grade of Utah Coal

WARMSPRINGS DRY GOODS STORE Vale's Family Store

J. H. HANSEN Carpenter Planing Mill and Woodworking Shop

JOHNSON ENGINEERING AND INVESTMENT CO. Real Estate and Engineering

VALE SADDLERY The Home of Quality Saddles, Harness, Shoes, Work Clothing, etc.

Compliments HAYES HARDWARE

KESSLER GARAGE "The Home of Service" Everything for the Automobile

POST OFFICE NEWS STAND The Handy Place to Trade IF IT'S READ WE HAVE IT.

SCHROEDER'S TIRE AND VULCANIZING SHOP—Successor to ROGER TIRE AND RUBBER CO.

JIM'S PLACE Extends Welcome To All Tobacco—Pool—Cigars

T. T. NELSEN Furniture and Undertaking Vale, Oregon

ALEXANDER Men's Furnishings One Price Clothing

CURRY DEVELOPMENT & LAND COMPANY Real Estate—Loans—Insurance

DREXEL HOTEL Vale's Leading Hotel and Cafe B. G. Porter, Prop.

VALE CLEANING WORKS To make sure it's Clean let Vale Cleaning Clean It.

THOMAS B. NORDALE New and Second Hand Furniture Vale, Oregon

THE VALE TRADING CO. Store at Junction, Riverside, and Crane, Oregon.

usually want the cheapest thing you can find.

A man may delude himself into believing that when he buys a suit of clothes from a mail order house for \$10 he is saving money, but what is there to justify him in such a belief? The mere fact that he is getting a suit for \$10 does not mean that he is saving money. The chances are that if he should go to the man who runs the clothing store in his own town and ask for it he could get a suit of clothes for \$10 and the chances are also that it would be just as good if not a better bargain than the suit which he could get from the mail order house for the same sum. It is not the price he pays that shows whether he is getting a bargain or not. It is the quality of goods that he gets for his money that counts.

Can Under Sell Mail Order House.

The home merchant can sell as cheaply as the mail order man if he sells as cheap goods as the mail order man sells. His expenses are not as heavy as those of the mail order man. He pays less rent in proportion to the business he does, his taxes are less in proportion to the capital invested. His advertising bills are less than those of the mail order man in proportion to the volume of his sales. He can under sell the mail order man as day in the year if he wishes to sell only goods of the same quality as style of those sold by the mail order man, but he doesn't do this because he knows that the majority of the people in his town do not want that quality and style of goods. Therefore he keeps in stock goods of all qualities and all prices. He has the \$10 suit for the man who thinks that he can get more for his money by buying a suit at that price than he can by buying a better one for \$20, but he tells the customer just what he is buying.

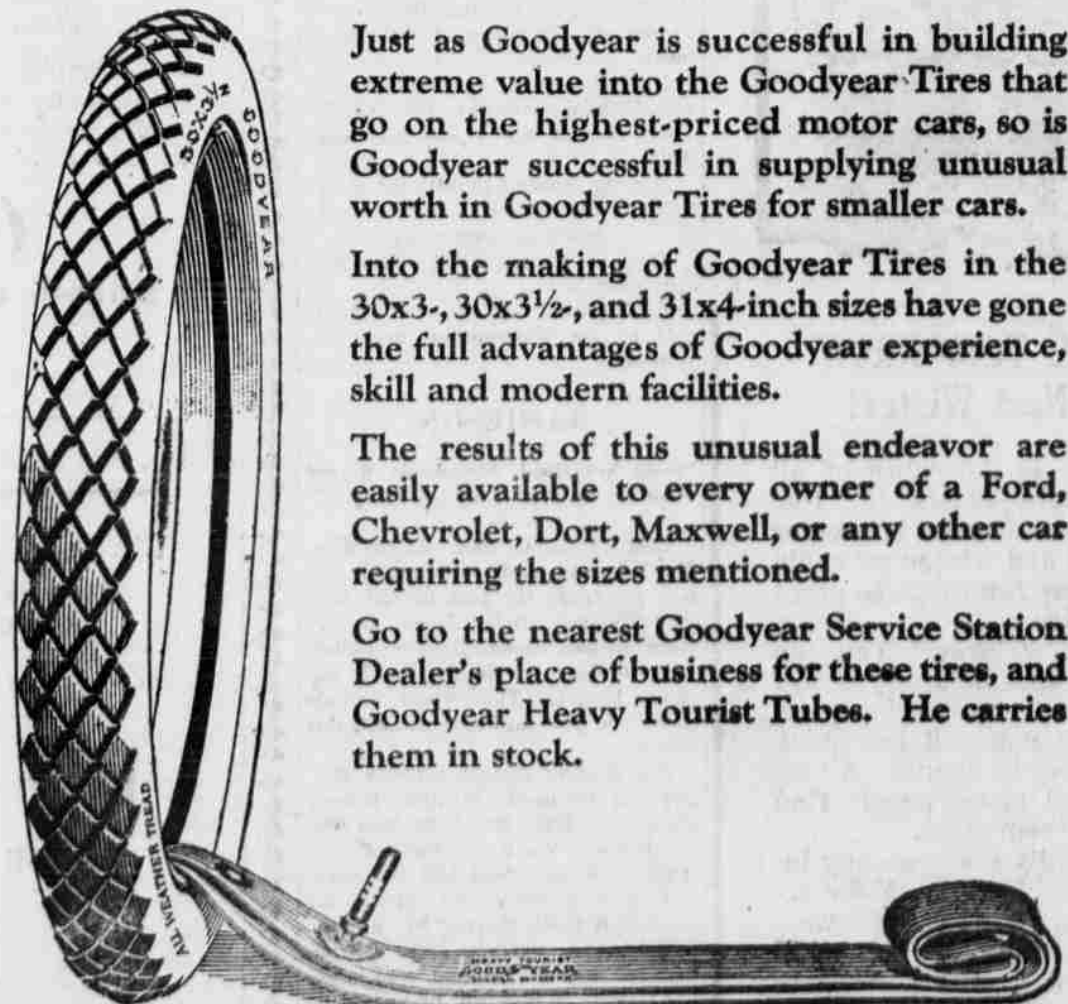
The next time you think about buying something from a mail order house, if you ever do think of such a thing, go first to your home merchant and ask to see the article which you are thinking of buying.

Ready to Compare Prices.

Your home merchant is a business man. He gets the best values he can for his money when he buys goods, and he does not expect his customers to do anything else. All that he asks, in return for the favors he does his customers and the things he does for the good of his community is that he be given an opportunity to meet the insidious competition of the mail order house. He is perfectly willing to have his prices and his values compared to those of the mail order house, but he has a just complaint when he is not given a chance to make this comparison.

If all buyers would take the value as well as the price of the article they are buying into consideration, the mail order houses would all go out of business tomorrow.

Goodyear Advantages in Tires for the Smaller Cars



Just as Goodyear is successful in building extreme value into the Goodyear Tires that go on the highest-priced motor cars, so is Goodyear successful in supplying unusual worth in Goodyear Tires for smaller cars.

Into the making of Goodyear Tires in the 30x3-, 30x3½-, and 31x4-inch sizes have gone the full advantages of Goodyear experience, skill and modern facilities.

The results of this unusual endeavor are easily available to every owner of a Ford, Chevrolet, Dort, Maxwell, or any other car requiring the sizes mentioned.

Go to the nearest Goodyear Service Station Dealer's place of business for these tires, and Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes. He carries them in stock.

30x3½ Goodyear Double-Cure Fabric, All-Weather Tread \$23.50

30x3½ Goodyear Single-Cure Fabric, Anti-Skid Tread \$21.50

Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes are thick, strong tubes that reinforce casings properly. Why risk a good casing with a cheap tube? Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes cost little more than tubes of less merit. 30x3½ size in outer proof bag \$4.50

