

CLOVER SEED PAYS BIG BEND RANCHER

E. H. Brumback of Adrian Has Raised Clover Seed for Eighteen Years at Profit—Uses Scientific Principles, and Tells How.

"It has been 18 years since E. H. Brumback of the Big Bend community began growing clover for hay and seed. During that time he has gained a lot of information on the subject which has been of value to him in increasing his yields and the quality of his seed. It has also been the means of starting a good many others on the right track in growing the crop for clover is fast becoming a mainstay with the farmers of the Snake River valley, says L. R. Breithaupt, county agent.

"Brumback, who is crop improvement committeeman in the Adrian farm Bureau, has a habit of doing things on certain principles. This was demonstrated when he exhibited a seed corn test for germination which he had made on a lot of corn which looked pretty fair but proved out that only 13 ears out of 30 in the lot were good enough to plant. In regard to methods of raising clover for seed, he says, 'I don't grow any alfalfa at all any more as clover works so much better in a short rotation. Clover, corn and grain make a good combination. The clover ought to be plowed up after one good crop of seed has been taken off as it

gets too weedy and the stand gets thin. Corn is probably the best crop to follow the clover, but grain may be used. It is a good plan to get all the manure on before the corn. If the corn is cut for silage, winter wheat can be put in, otherwise spring grain have to be sown. The best time to sow the clover seed is in the spring just before the first irrigation as it is almost certain as a stand and there is less trouble with weeds. This enables one to clean the stubble and trash off the field when the grain is cut and often several bushels of seed can be harvested the same year."

"Brumback sows about 10 pounds of seed per acre. He uses a special corrugator which can be used to corrugate grain land after the clover seed has been sown without serious damage to the grain. He has found that his fields now require very little seeding except to patch up some of the spots, as there has been so much seed scattered in the years past that he gets good volunteer stands after the second plowing of the clover land. He cuts his clover for hay about the middle of June, at least by the 20th of the month. As to yields, Brumback has cut as much as nine tons of clover hay per acre in two cuttings and for the past twelve years since he became expert in growing the crop, has averaged about 12 bushels of seed per acre, the lowest yield during that time being 9 bushels. One year he harvested 51 bushels of wheat per acre and then got 3 bushels of seed from the clover he sowed in it that spring.

With Hurley and Crandall in the fight for the State Senatorship, we will declare that the strain on brotherly-love at the County seat is going to be tested.

KEEP YOUR LIBERTY BONDS.

Keep your Liberty Bonds where you have them, Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey has introduced a bill in the United States Senate authorizing the issuance of fifty year bonds, free from all taxation except inheritance taxes, for the holders of any of the four issues of Liberty Bonds, who would be able to convert their present holdings. It is a safe bet that the bonds will go above par if they are tax free.

NOTICE OF HEARING.

Vale, Oregon, April 6, 1920.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the following petition praying for the organization of the "FAIRMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT" will be presented to the County Court of Malheur County, Oregon, at a special meeting of said County Court called to consider and act upon the same, at the Court room of said Court, in Vale, Malheur County, Oregon, on the 11th day of May, 1920, at 11:00 o'clock A. M.

(SEAL) A. M. MOODY,
Clerk of Malheur County, Oregon.
By H. S. SACKETT,
Deputy.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR MALHEUR COUNTY.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ORGANIZATION OF THE "FAIRMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT."

PETITION FOR ORGANIZATION
To the Hon., the County Court, for Malheur County, Oregon:
We, the undersigned petitioners respectfully petition and show to your Honorable Court, as follows:

1. That we and each of us, either jointly or severally, are the owners of a tract of land of one or more acres within the boundaries of the proposed irrigation district as hereinafter set forth and described, and that we constitute more than fifty per cent of the different owners of land within said proposed district and susceptible of irrigation from the proposed system.

2. That all of the lands within the boundaries of the said proposed irrigation district, and as hereinafter described, are susceptible of practical irrigation from the same source and from the same system of works and pumping plant, by means of which it is proposed to take water from Snake river by means of pumps and motors for the irrigation thereof.

3. That your petitioners desire to and do propose to organize an irrigation district under the irrigation laws of the State of Oregon, Chapt. 357, page 743, laws of 1917, and the Acts amendatory thereto, for the purpose of furnishing water for the irrigation of the lands within the boundaries of the said proposed district.

4. That the boundaries of the proposed irrigation district inclosing the lands which it is desired to have included within said irrigation district, are as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the SW corner of the NE 1/4, Sec. 10, thence east to the SE corner of the W 1/4 SE 1/4 NE 1/4, said Sec. 10; thence north to the NE corner of the W 1/4 SE 1/4 NE 1/4 of said Sec. 10; thence east to the SE corner of the NW 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 11; thence north to NE corner of SW 1/4 SW 1/4, Sec. 2; thence west 100 rods; thence north to the north boundary of the NE 1/4 of SE 1/4, Sec. 3; thence west to NW corner of SE 1/4, Sec. 3; thence south to the place of beginning, containing 370 acres, more or less of irrigated lands, and all in T. 18 S. R. 47 E. W. M. in Malheur County, Oregon.

5. That all of the said lands have, heretofore, been imperfectly and insufficiently watered and attempted to be watered from an inadequate and impractical source and system, but owing to the insufficiency of said source and system, your petitioners have suffered great loss and damage to their crops and lands, and said loss and damage threaten to continue and will continue if your petitioners cannot secure a better and different water supply for their said lands.

WHEREFORE, Your petitioners respectfully ask this Honorable Court to make and enter an order herein, organizing said proposed irrigation district, and that the name of the said proposed irrigation be the "FAIRMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT"

John Martin, Ontario, Oregon.
Alex Martin, Ontario, Oregon.
Mary S. Martin, Ontario, Oregon.
Emma Cook, Ontario, Oregon.
P. J. Flynn, Ontario, Oregon.
Margaret Flynn, Ontario, Oregon.
C. A. Cook, Ontario, Oregon.
G. Josephine White, Ontario, Oregon.
F. S. Evans, administrator for Fry Estate, Ontario, Oregon.
John Zimmerman, Ontario, Oregon.

Ed Berry, Ontario, Oregon.
E. J. Berry, Ontario, Oregon.
J. H. Seaward, Ontario, Oregon.
Kate Fiser, Ontario, Oregon.
Thomas E. Fiser, Ontario, Oregon.
Peter Hughes, Ontario, Oregon.
Sarah C. Hughes, Ontario, Oregon.
Ida E. Seaward, Ontario, Oregon.
Sarah E. Turner, Ontario, Oregon.
Alice Smith, Ontario, Oregon.
Wig. W. White, Ontario, Oregon.
Barney L. Bull, Ontario, Oregon.
J. H. Guerin, Ontario, Oregon.
Randall Sage, Ontario, Oregon.
Edward McDermott Roe, Ontario, Oregon.

Susan McDermott Roe, Ontario, Oregon.
Emily Utley, Mildred Utley, by W. H. Utley, their guardian and trustee.

First publication, April 8, 1920.
Last publication, May 6, 1920.

ONTARIO HAS ANOTHER DELEGATE CANDIDATE

Judge Will R. King, Who Has Helped Name the Democratic Nominee, Seeks Opportunity to Try His Hand Again—Calls on Ontarians.

Will R. King, chief counsel for the reclamation service at Washington, D. C., was in Ontario Monday and confirmed the announcement of his candidacy as a delegate to the Democratic national convention from the Second congressional district.

While Mr. King lives at Washington, where his office as counsel for the reclamation service is maintained, he holds his legal and voting residence at Ontario, his former home.

In announcing his candidacy, he says:

"I favor immediate ratification of the peace treaty by our country. Delay in joining the League of Nations invites and is a calamity to the world and to ourselves. I believe in adequate soldier legislation; in vast extension of federal aid for arid land reclamation, good roads and national park improvements; urge progressive legislation and economical administration of government; endorse President Wilson's magnificent record during the world crisis. My record in the Oregon legislature, as a member of the Oregon Supreme Court and a chief counsel of the

United States reclamation service guarantees the sincerity of my platform.

His slogan is: Adopt sound Democratic platform. For president, a true American and unquestioned Democrat.

Judge King has taken an active



part in democratic politics for many years and managed the intermountain states in the first Wilson campaign. In the campaign of 1912 President Wilson, then in his first race for the presidency, selected Judge Will R. King with McAdoo, Daniels and

eleven others as his campaign managers. Judge King had under his direct supervision the campaign management for the Pacific and Rocky mountain states. Oregon was on his list and received his special attention, going democratic for president for the first time in fifty years.

Judge King was a delegate to the National democratic convention at Baltimore in 1912 which nominated Wilson for the first time. He was also a delegate to St. Louis convention in 1916, which nominated Wilson for his second term.

Mr. King moved from Umatilla to Jordan Valley, this county, in 1878 and has claimed Eastern Oregon as his home ever since. He represented Malheur county in the legislature from 1892 to 1894 and Malheur and Baker counties in the state senate from 1894 to 1898; was supreme judge from 1907 to 1911 and has been chief counsel for the U. S. reclamation for the past seven years, which official position he now holds.

Could you say that a man chasing his hat down the street was taking part in an aerial derby?

After all, high prices are not a question of the profiteer. The trouble is simply that too many men are taking profits from the production and distribution of goods. The manufacturer gets the profit due him; a broker gets a profit; a jobber gets a profit; a wholesaler gets a profit; and then the retailer gets his legitimate profit. Figure it out yourself on a pair of socks.



The difference between the successful man and the failure is not usually in ability.

Success comes by plan, by thrift first, and systematic saving.

If you are willing to pay the price for SUCCESS, start a savings account here today and keep adding to it regularly.

It is the only sure way.

"A GOOD BANK IN A GOOD COUNTRY"

1st National Bank

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$100,000.00

Ontario, Oregon.



The Automatic Electric Washer Makes Wash Hour from Wash Day

It's wash hour, not wash day, in the house where the Automatic Electric Washer does the work. The Automatic Electric Washer does your family washing in a hurry. The clothes come out spotlessly clean and are automatically wrung and ready for the line.

The Automatic Electric Washer's mechanical principle is so well designed that it cleans clothes with the same gentleness as the human hands. Automatic Electric clothes wear longer.

A Small Payment Down Buys an Automatic Electric Washer

By making a small initial payment down you can buy an Automatic Electric Washer and end your hard work on wash day as many other women have done.

These Automatic Electric Washers are now on display at Idaho Power Electric Shops. Come in and see them in operation. Phone us and inquire about our special April sale prices.

The Electric Shop
Idaho Power Co.



The Most Welcome Tire That Ever Came to Market

Men Who Appreciate Superlative Values Prefer The Brunswick

In every great tire factory, the chief question is: "How much can we give for the money?" And the product depends on the policy adopted.

Every man who has become acquainted with Brunswick Tires knows that Brunswick standards are again evident. This famous concern—noted as a leader in every line it entered since 1845—has once more proved that its policy is right.

A perfect tire is simply a matter of knowledge and standards and skill. No secrets nor patents prevent making an ideal tire.

But standards come first. For in tire making there is vast room for skimping, for subtle economies, for hidden shortcomings. Makers without the highest standards don't build high-grade tires.

The Brunswick organization of tire makers includes a brilliant staff of technical experts. Not a man

among them has spent less than 20 years in handling rubber.

Each is a master of his craft. And the new ideas they bring to the attention of Brunswick directors receive sincere consideration.

Every proved betterment is adopted unanimously.

The Brunswick Tire is a combination of acknowledged features—plus Brunswick standards of manufacture.

The result is a super-tire, the like of which you have never known before. The kind of a tire you will gladly join in welcoming.

Yet Brunswicks cost no more than like-type tires.

Try ONE Brunswick. We promise a surprise. And we feel certain that you will want ALL Brunswicks.

Then good tires will have a new meaning to you.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO.
Portland Headquarters: 46-48 Fifth Street

Sold On An Unlimited Mileage
Guarantee Basis



Cord Tires with "Driving" and "Swastika" Skid-Not Treads
Fabric Tires in "Plain," "Ribbed" and "BBC" Skid-Not Treads

Ontario Auto Company

