

The New Power in the Ukraine

By GIDEON HOR Of The Vigilantes

The suspicion that the newly elected Republic of the Ukraine is merely a mask for actual German control and exploitation of that country is borne out by many facts coming to light. It is only what one might expect, judging by our knowledge of German methods as revealed in the last few years—methods which, as we now realize, have been religiously followed by generations of Germans in their get-tings of pillaging the world.

Among the most powerful and incessantly active organizations for carrying out these schemes of the robber Titans have been the German steamship companies with their agencies all over the world. Their malign intrigues have been unscrupulous, tireless and backed by unlimited means placed at their disposal by Berlin. That all European nations have known of these plots, or at least have suffered from them, is now beyond question. That in America have been the foolish dupes of these cunning thieves, many people are still too simple to credit.

A forceful presentation of the case against the German steamship companies, and the whole German system of espionage, propaganda and deliberate intrigue is made by Theodore Kahn of Lemberg. Mr. Kahn shows that the German steamship organization has been from its very beginning a part of the German military machine.

"It has shaped itself," he says, "in the different countries and conspired secretly and for some decades in silence and secrecy, employing for its purpose in every country the most monumental figures of a particularly heinous type. The offices of the German steamship companies were centers of the German espionage system. The agents of the German lines were drilled and directed from a military establishment controlled by an irresponsible government.

Their meshes of imperial propaganda and subsidies spread to all countries. Many of the dupes of their activities regarded the news set afloat by them as gospel truth. The agencies of these companies were an important part of the German spy system, whose activities were classified under various heads: military, naval, diplomatic, commercial and agents provocateurs. In the offices of Berlin and Hainekau every plot for German expansion was hatched.

Many of the different patriotic national religious and commercial societies, naval leagues, leagues of truth, singing clubs, singing societies, etc., throughout Galicia, Bukovina and European Russia, have been secret offices of the German Steamship companies where propaganda was carried under the protection of national organizations with the intention to influence leaders and rulers.

An important factor in the league of these societies were the many Austrian army officers who have been stationed in the border towns of Galicia and the Bukovina. The greater part of the Austrian army officers are burdened with heavy debts. Many of the garrisons situated on the borders of Austria and Russia have been "Strafregiment" (punishment garrisons).

Officers whose pay has been cut and who have been sent. Therefore it is not surprising that they have been influenced by the sound of gold. They have secretly acted as agents for German steamship companies, army officers as well as officials of the Austrian government, professors, school teachers, etc., worked together wherever they met.

The activities of these devotees and agents of kaiserism have been many and varied, but always with the one aim in view.

It was the task of these votaries to act calmly and methodically in preparation for any plan hatched in the ministry, to influence and slacken vigilance directed against German agents, to safeguard German monopolies in foreign countries, to sign "Autonomous Opinions" when needed.

Their activities included—to start and maintain the necessary crusade when required by their paymasters, to create enthusiasm for war in one country, to preach peace and good faith in another, to weave new intrigues, to cause interpellation in foreign parliaments, to see to publication of memoranda, to address applications and petitions to the authorities, to invent serious and malicious tales, to create and hold discussions in public, to instigate strikes, to inflame through newspapers and newspapers the public.

And through this system they hoodwinked the public in a direction which placed a perpetual screen between the people and reality.

It is interesting to note in connection with Germany's war for freedom of the seas, that since German confederations foreign vessels have been added to German ports except under various restrictions, and that German steamship companies have always controlled the working of other lines in central Europe, as far as they could.

Third-class passengers, for instance, were not allowed to pass through Germany if they wished to sail to German lines.

One of the favorite plans of German European countries is simply to take unbearable for non-German leader German rule, to force them to separate, and then to plant German

Colonists in their abandoned provinces. Besides the 25,000,000 Ukrainians in Russia there are some 4,000,000 Ukrainians living under Austrian rule, where they are known as Ruthenians.

"With the help of the Austrian government, German settlers have penetrated to the different Slav provinces, and 250,000 German peasants reside in Galicia. This colonization has been carried on for years methodically and not least, German colonists are now firmly established as far east as Bosnia, where there are 54 different German colonies. German settlers received from the government in Bosnia lands almost free, lands without interest, gratuitous seed and wood, and subsidies for building houses. These facts are known to but few even in Austria, although this colonization always had a very important political significance. The settling of Germans in Hungary where they are known as 'Schwab', was started by Empress Maria Theresa in 1764. She sent 40,000 German peasants to Hungary, colonizing them near the Roumanian borders. Today these settlers in Hungary have increased to almost 1,000,000."

The many thousand Ruthenians in Canada and the United States, from the provinces of Austria, are wholly in sympathy with the allies and entirely emancipated from any allegiance to the former German tyrants. That their fellow Slavs in the Ukraine have any sympathy with the kaiser and his methods is not to be believed. As a matter of fact the president of the new Republic of Ukraine, Michael Krushevsky of Lemberg, was a member of the German general staff.

THE DAY

By JULIET WILBOR TOMPKINS of The Vigilantes.

It will come some day—do you realize it? On some one glorious day the enemy will cry, "Kamerad!" in good earnest, and there will be peace.

Picture that day. The crowds in the streets are going about their business, the Red Cross rooms are humming with work, the thousand war activities are grinding at full speed, every mother and father is facing the morning with a heart braced for loss, every loyal citizen is at his post of service; and suddenly the news!

The crowded avenues turn white; all up and down their length they have blossomed white with the open newspapers that have magically sprung into every one's outstretched hands. Everybody in the long, stopped stream of humanity holds a newspaper or reads his neighbor's; everybody knows everybody, shares with everybody; strange hands clasp, strange eyes meet, overflow; and there is just one first thought, not triumph, nor democracy, but—"Those boys—those good boys—they can come home!" And the second thought will be, "We've done it! We've put it through!"

And then, standing there, they begin to sing, the men with bared heads; they send up such a song as the skies have never heard since time was—"Glory, glory, hallelujah!"—"Praise God, from whom all blessings flow!" The melting pot is a slow process—that song will melt all into blood brothers at the first chord. Oh, how they will sing, those standing men and women! And then with one impulse they will surge into the churches, into the cathedrals—for when man has been granted the supreme honor, he must fall on his knees, whether he knows God or not. And no one who rises up from that silence will ever lose its mighty vibration.

That day is not a vision; it is coming as surely as tomorrow. Then will you have it tomorrow? Or will you put it off for four more bleeding years? It is in your hands. Every effort, every dollar, you give to service, shortens the waiting. If all gave all they could, the day could not hold back another hour. When you buy the things you most want, you are not conscious of sacrifice in paying the sum demanded. Fix your eyes on the day—the day when the avenues will suddenly blossom white with the news of peace—and you will want that with so burning an urgency that you will come running with its price.

HATS OFF TO THIS MOTHER!

By HERMANN HAGEDORN of The Vigilantes.

Regimental Sergt. Maj. William B. Jenkins, Three Hundred and Fourth field artillery, is dead at Camp Epton, but his soul is marching on. It is a question indeed whether in death he may not do more to defeat the Germans than he could ever have done in life. For his death has brought from his mother an utterance of stirring patriotism that is sure to rouse to greater effort the defenders of America abroad and at home.

Sergeant Major Jenkins came from Holladay, Tenn., and it is from there that his mother, Mrs. M. E. Jenkins, writes as follows to Maj. J. D. Whitman:

"Allow me as one who has lived until I am now an old woman to express to you my thanks and appreciation for your many courtesies to me as mother of Sergt. Maj. William B. Jenkins. I had hoped my boy would get his chance in France, but it was not to be, so I am as submissive to his death as if he had died in the trenches in Europe. Please accept my thanks for all your kindness and to any of his comrades that were with him in his sickness. With a sad heart I dictate these lines, but with a quickening pulse and an accelerated being I look forward to the day when victory shall come to the brave boys who are giving their lives for our beloved land. I shall ever love a soldier boy. May God's blessing be on you."

GENERAL HARBORD



Brigadier-General James G. Harbord, who is commander of the United States marines fighting in France.

CASUALTY LIST TOTAL IS 13,766

Washington.—Heavy fighting along the Aisne and Marne in which American troops have participated has begun to show in the casualty lists. Monday's list of 225 names is the longest given out since American units made their appearance on the battle front. The list, however, it was believed, gives casualties resulting from the recent German offensive rather than from the counter stroke.

Total casualties in the army and marine corps overseas include 1050 during last week, compared with 938 the previous week, and aggregate 13,766, with the inclusion of Monday's army list of 225 and the marine corps list of two. The week's increase also was the largest yet recorded.

In the 13,766 casualties, total deaths, including 291 men lost at sea, men killed in action, dead of wounds, disease, accident and other causes, numbered 5493; army men, 4783; marines, 710. The wounded aggregate 7532; army men, 6840; marines, 1192. Those missing, including prisoners, total 741; army men, 657; marines, 84.

Of the week's increase, 949 were army men and 109 marines. Killed in action and other deaths numbered 392, compared with 427 the previous week; the wounded numbered 591, compared with 465 the previous week, and the missing and prisoners 55, compared with 91 the previous week.

BRIEF NEWS OF THE WAR

As a result of the allied counter-offensive the Germans holding the Soissons-Rheims salient have been forced to retire and the salient has been gradually narrowed. The allied line, which at the beginning of the offensive, was 74 miles long, now is 64 miles, and the Germans, who were only 25 miles from Paris, now are 48 miles away.

The French have captured the important enemy base of Fers-en-Tardenois.

The line where the German with drawal has attained its greatest depth is northeast of Chateau Thierry. The depth from that point gradually becomes narrower until it is quite small on a bearing the eastern pivot on the front southwest of Rheims. Both here and around Soissons, the other pivot, the ground is suited for defense.

At these two points the Germans have concentrated artillery and infantry, knowing that if a breach be made a great majority of the Germans in the pocket must be sacrificed.

On the banks of the Marne south of the center of the salient not a single live German remains. Their sudden retreat here was brought about by the constant pressure of the French-Americans and British. Allied troops have kept constantly on the heels of the enemy and some patrols have advanced considerably farther than the line indicated.

The method of retirement adopted by the enemy consists of first retiring one company from every two companies, then two sections from the remaining company. Then the last section withdraws, leaving only a few men with machine guns to cover the retreat. These men often are sacrificed, but sometimes they manage to rejoin their comrades and the maneuver is repeated.

Half New Registrants in Class One.

Washington.—Provost Marshal-General Crowder informed state draft executives that more than 50 per cent of the 744,500 registrants in the 1918 class are expected to be placed in class one as physically qualified for general military service, and instructed them to give special scrutiny to the report of any local board which fails to classify this percentage.

Munition Strikers to Work or Fight. London.—Premier Lloyd George announced that all munition strikers absenting themselves from their posts would be liable to military service.

Classified Advertising

WOULD RENT RANCH.

Wanted, a Ranch to Rent—I want to rent a ranch of not less than 80 acres nor more than 200, with full water right, for term of from one to three years. Will pay rent by division of crops. Will rent all alfalfa, or alfalfa and grain property. Have had long experience in ranching. Apply to B21, Argus office, Ontario, Oregon.—Adv.30-3t

WANT TO TRADE—A good, unimproved 80 acres on Dead Ox Flat, under best undeveloped irrigation project; on good highway, R. F. D.; land across road successfully farmed. Will take improved town property in either Ontario or Payette. See C. E. Secoy, or phone 129-N4.—Adv. 41-32

FOR RENT.

Five room house half block north of school house on Morton street, piano included, fine shade, \$12.50 per month. Phone 34-N-2. 31-1t

For sale—Two good second hand Washing Machines. These are bargains at McDowell's.

CATTLE AND SHEEP FOR SALE.

Twelve head of cattle, 1 black cow, 8 years old, 3 red cows, 3 years old; three roan heifers will be fresh in February and one Shorthorn bull, seven-eighths, about year old, and four calves, one weaned, others feeding and also one Galloway Cream Separator in good condition. The entire offering, 12 cattle and the separator for \$600.00, also 120 head of sheep for \$10 per head; 20 head of aged ewes, balance 2 and 3 year old ewes lambing from February and March lambing. All this stock is in good condition. Inquire of Walter Clement, 6 miles S.W. of Ontario. 32-3t Adv.4

Legal Documents Filed at Court House During Past Week

Deeds, Patents and Other Matters of Legal Interest.

DEEDS AND PATENTS.

Recorded in County Clerk's office, July 29 to Aug. 3rd, 1918:

United States to Elisa Paulstik, W 1/2 NW 1/4, 13; E 1/2 NE 1/4, SE 1/4, 14-20-4, April 29, 1918. F. B. Zutz et ux to C. W. Eastham, 5 acres in SW 1/4 NE 1/4, 36-20-46, July 29, 1918; \$5.00.

Ben M. Joseph et ux to Ira N. Wren, N 1/2 SW 1/4, 4-16-47; July 19, 1918; \$6400.00.

Henry Schram to Eugenio Madaraga, E. 123.96 feet of Lot 3, Blk. 1, Jordan Valley, June 29, 1918; \$109.

United States to Dudley H. Worsham, W 1/2 SE 1/4, 5, NW 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4 NW 1/4, 19-14-29; Nov. 6, 1913.

L. C. Shaw to Joseph Honkio, SE 1/4, 9-24-55, Jan. 25, 1916; \$1.00.

James W. Ewing to Guy L. Single et ux, 36 acres in SE 1/4 SE 1/4, 1-21-45, April 5, 1918; \$4500.

Ben J. Brown, sheriff to Ellen Dyer, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, 26-15-46, July 19, 1918; \$685.87.

Harry C. Edwards et ux to Jerome Bridges, Lots 5, 6, 7, Sec. 6-18-45, August 2, 1918; \$19.00.

COMPLAINTS.

J. W. Hillhouse vs. W. W. Carviness, recovery of wages, \$133; July 30, 1918.

Robert Ivers vs. Malheur Live Stock & Land Co., injunction; July 29, 1918.

NEWER CONSTRUCTION—NOTICE FOR BIDS.

The Common Council of the City of Ontario, Oregon, will receive sealed bids at the City Hall, in said City, up to eight o'clock p. m. on August 12th, 1918, for the furnishing of all material for and the construction of Trunk Sewer No. 3 according to the plans and specifications therefor prepared by Louis C. Kelsey, Civil and Hydraulic Engineer, now on file in the office of the City Recorder at said City Hall. The route of the proposed Sewer is as follows: Beginning at the center of Wyoming Avenue at its point of intersection with the alley in Block 59, if extended, thence running in a northerly direction along said alley to its point of intersection with Idaho Avenue, thence westerly

along said Idaho Avenue to its point of intersection with the alley in Block 75, if extended, thence northerly along said alley to the north boundary line of the original Town of Ontario and the south line of Lot 2 of Section 3 in Township 13 North, Range 47 East of the Willamette Meridian, thence in a northerly direction through said Lot 3 to Snake River, all of said Sewer Route lying and being within the corporate limits of the City of Ontario.

Each bid must be accompanied with a certified check for an amount equal to five per cent of the bid.

The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Dated this 5th day of August, 1918. By order of the Common Council of the City of Ontario, Oregon, CLAY M. STEARNS, City Recorder.

CITATION TO HEIRS.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR MALHEUR COUNTY. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF DOUGLAS C. McDONALD—DECEASED.

To Mary E. McDonald, known heirs, and to all other heirs unknown, if any, of Douglas C. McDonald, deceased, and to all persons unknown, but concerned, Greeting:

By virtue of an order of the above entitled Court of date August 8, 1918, each and every of you are hereby cited to appear before the above entitled Court, in the County Court room at Vale, Malheur County, Oregon, on the 13th day of September, 1918, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., and there show cause, if any you have, why Helen M. Clement, Executrix of the estate of Douglas C. McDonald, deceased, shall not have an order of the above entitled Court, directing and authorizing her, as such Executrix, to sell, at public auction, for cash, all the interest of decedent in the W 1/2 of the W 1/2 of Sec. 9, T. 19 S. R. 47, E. W. M., in Malheur County, Oregon, less about 25 acres owned by the O. S. L. Ry. Co as a right of way.

Witness the Hon. George W. McKnight, Judge of the County Court, of Malheur County, Oregon, and the seal of said Court, this 8th day of August, 1918.

ARTHUR M. MOODY, County Clerk. WM. E. LEES, Attorney for Executrix, 32-5t

CITATION TO HEIRS.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR MALHEUR COUNTY. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM A. VANDERBILT, DECEASED.

To Eva A. Vanderbilt, Roland W. Vanderbilt, Vivian C. Vanderbilt, and to all persons unknown or concerned, GREETING:

By order of the above entitled court each and all of you are hereby cited to appear before the entitled court in the County Court room in the Court House at Vale, Malheur County, Oregon, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on the 26th day of August, 1918, to show cause, if any you have, why Andrew Vanderbilt, administrator of the estate of William A. Vanderbilt, deceased, as such administrator shall not be entitled and directed by an order of this court to sell certain real property of the said estate to pay the indebtedness thereof, which said real estate is described as follows, to-wit:

Northwest Quarter of Section 31, Township 16 South, Range 47 E. W. M., Malheur County, Oregon, containing 159.84 acres, more or less.

WITNESS the honorable Geo. W. McKnight, Judge of the County Court of Malheur County, Oregon, with the seal of said County Court affixed this 15th day of July, 1918.

ARTHUR M. MOODY, County Clerk of Malheur County, Oregon. By Roy Smith, Deputy.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Vale, Oregon, July 22nd, 1918.—Notice is hereby given that Albert E. Woodriddle, of Ontario, Oregon, who, on February 9th, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 93647, for E 1/2 NE 1/4, NW 1/4 NE 1/4, NE 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 30, Township 17 South, Range 47 East, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Three-Year proof, to establish claim to the land above described; before Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office, Vale, Oregon, on the 25th day of August, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: R. B. Robinson, of Payette Idaho; Howard McKinnon, of Payette, Idaho; Pearl Crane, of Ontario, Oregon; Guy Morgan, of Ontario, Oregon. THOS. JONES, Register.

NOTICE OF HEARING OF FINAL ACCOUNT.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Malheur County. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF SETH E. A. LEAVITT, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that William B. Leavitt, the administrator of the estate of Seth E. A. Leavitt, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and filed in said court his Final Report and Account of the administration of said estate, and that Monday, the 19th day of August, 1918, at 3 o'clock p. m., at Vale, Malheur County, Oregon, in the County Court room at the Court House has been duly appointed by Judge of said court for the settlement of said Final Report and Account, at which time any person interested in said estate may appear and file exceptions in writing to the said Final Report and Account and contest the same.

WILLIAM B. LEAVITT, Administrator of the Estate of Seth E. A. Leavitt, Deceased. Date of first publication July 15, 1918. Date of last publication August 15, 1918.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE IN FORECLOSURE.

By virtue of an execution in foreclosure duly issued by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Malheur county, dated 29th of July, A. D. 1918, in a certain action in the said Circuit Court for said State and County, wherein G. L. King as Plaintiff, recovered judgment against E. J. Van Court, Alice M. VanCourt, husband and wife; Bertha A. Shillings and John Shillings, husband and wife, Alexander Bills, I. H. Preston and G. A. Woodman, as Defendants, for the sum of Four Thousand Dollars with interest thereon from the 11th day of January, 1910, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum and Four Hundred Dollars attorney's fee and the further sum of Thirty Dollars costs and disbursements.

THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I will on the 3rd day of September, 1918, at the hour of 11:30 a. m. of said day, at the main entrance door of the Malheur County Court House, at Vale, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder or bidders for cash, the following described real property, to-wit:

The Southwest One-quarter of the Northeast One-quarter, Section 81x, Township 18, South Range, 47 East Willamette Meridian, in Malheur County, Oregon, and all water right connected therewith consisting of twenty shares of the capital stock of the Owyhee Ditch Company.

Taken and levied upon as the property of the said above-named defendants, or as much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment in favor of the Plaintiff, G. L. King, and against the above named Defendants, with interest thereon, together with all costs and disbursements that have or may accrue.

Dated at Vale, Oregon, August 1st, 1918. BEN J. BROWN, Sheriff, Malheur County, State of Oregon. First publication August 1st, 1918. Last publication August 29th, 1918.

ALIAS SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR MALHEUR COUNTY.

Lester E. Purcell, plaintiff, vs. Edith M. Purcell, defendant.

To Edith M. Purcell, defendant: IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the expiration of the time prescribed in the order for publication to-wit: on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail to answer for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, namely for a decree of absolute divorce forever dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for the care and custody of Clara I. Purcell and Samuel C. Purcell, minor children of plaintiff and defendant. This summons is served upon you by publication thereof for six consecutive weeks in the Ontario Argus, a weekly newspaper published in and of general circulation in Malheur County, Oregon, under and by virtue of an order of the Hon. Dalton Biggs, Circuit Judge of the Ninth Judicial District of the State of Oregon. Dated at chambers at Ontario, Oregon, the 11th day of March, 1918.

Date of first publication, June 27, 1918.

Date of last publication, August 8, 1918.

C. Mc GONAGILL, Attorney for plaintiff, Residing at Ontario, Oregon.