

THE ONTARIO ARGUS

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS:

All copy for display advertising should be at this office by Wednesday noon. To insure position copy should be in this office on Tuesday.

THE ELECTION.

All doubt as to who will be president of these United States during the next four years seems to have faded. The people, by their ballots have named Woodrow Wilson, the democratic nominee as their chief executive. He is therefore the president of the whole people.

Not in the memory of the present generation has their been a campaign wherein the result was so long in doubt. While the Argus no less regrets the defeat of Charles Evan Hughes, who it believes is the most able candidate the party has ever presented to the voters for consideration since Lincoln, yet it bows gracefully to defeat, hoping that future events may show it to have been in error concerning President Wilson.

This is no time for the submission of alibis. The voters apparently determined to accept the doctrine of peace at any price with Wilson, to experimenting with Mr. Hughes.

It is a strange commentary on our American people to think that in the east where both men were known best, that the defeated candidate should have received so strong a preference. Stranger still is it that the defeated candidate should have not only won in his native state, but in that of his rival as well.

There are, however, several features of the election from which a westerner may draw some comfort. From this time forth this section of the United States will receive some consideration from the political moguls of the East. Then, too, the hydra-headed terror of the hyphenate vote should disappear for ever from American politics.

IT'S A GREAT GAME.

World's series may come and go. Great halfbacks may hang their names in the foot ball hall of fame with sensational touch downs, but after all once each four years their lustre is dimmed by the great old American game of politics.

After all, the fight for political honors, for party performance and positions of power at the hands of the people has all other games of chance and skill eclipsed for nerve wrecking excitement and intense thrills of exultation at victory and depressing despondency at defeat.

However, thanks to the saving sense of portions possessed by the American people these battles end with the counting of the ballots. Unlike our more mercurial neighbors, the rejection of a favored party, or the return of one to power is quietly accepted. No riots of revolution or efforts at reprisal are entertained. Victory or defeat is just, "a part of the game."

If this were not the case popular government, as we know it here in the United States would not long exist. This would be another Mexico, torn by anarchy and internecine strife.

THE DEFEAT OF HILL.

In the defeat of Louis E. Hill as county assessor the voters of Malheur county vindicated themselves. They emphatically placed their stamp of disapproval on his method of dealing out personal vengeance on those who incurred his disfavor. They established, as it should be, the principal that all men shall be equal before the courts of justice.

The defeat of Mr. Hill, for whom the Argus has no personal difference but with whose methods we could not agree, will re-establish the credit of the county with the men from whom its people must secure the needed funds for the development of the unused lands.

It is now up to Morgan Carlile, who has been selected to succeed Mr. Hill to demonstrate that the voters were wise in their selection.

Geo. M. Bisbee, traveling freight and passenger agent of the Oregon Short Line was in Ontario Saturday interviewing local shippers on his return from a trip into the interior.

CALIFORNIA VOTE IS DETERMINING FACTOR

(Continued from page one)

section went for Hughes and most of its more important states went for him by majorities as great proportionately as those in the east.

Although the metropolitan newspapers which have supported President Wilson conceded his defeat, the democratic managers insisted that complete returns from the west would reverse the trend which steadily seemed to be piling up the Hughes column.

Democrate Recall 1897

"Remember 1892," was the prediction of the democratic publicity bureau, which pointed out that in that memorable contest the revised returns placed Grover Cleveland in the white house.

A statement was issued by the democratic national committee claiming that with the loss of the following states, which it was not believed Hughes had carried, President Wilson was still re-elected by a majority of two votes in the electoral college:

California, Indiana, North Dakota, South Dakota, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

The committee claimed that even if these states were lost, it will give President Wilson a vote of 268 in the electoral college.

Vance McCormick, chairman of the democratic national committee, claimed the election of President Wilson with 276 votes in the electoral college.

Republicans Claim 284 Votes.

The republican national committee in an official statement claimed California, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin.

That made a total of 284 electoral votes with more than the necessary 266 for an election.

This was the official indication from the republicans that the result would be so close. The republican managers realized that a sudden switch in the states incomplete or unheard of might increase the Wilson figures, but were sure the later figures would add to the states they were claiming.

Progressives Returned to G. O. P.

Political experts are busy today explaining the return to power in the nation of the republican party. Men of both parties agree that the vote shows the progressives have returned to the G. O. P. fold. While Mr. Wilson may have held some of this vote, the great majority of the voters who four years ago rallied to the support of Mr. Roosevelt, apparently cast their ballots for Mr. Hughes.

The vital importance of the progressive vote may be gained from a study of the figures four years ago which resulted in the election of Mr. Wilson. At that time the combined vote of Roosevelt and Taft exceeded that of Wilson by 1,311,444. Mr. Wilson's vote was 6,293,919, Taft's 3,484,956 and Roosevelt's 4,119,507.

The big fight of both parties was waged in what was regarded as the four important doubtful states of New York, Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, with a total electoral vote of 113.

New York Votes for Hughes.

New York's 46 electoral votes will be cast for Hughes and Fairbanks. The returns indicate that Mr. Hughes carried the state by a substantial plurality. Early returns from the state were closely watched. In several of the upper counties of the state, particularly Erie and Monroe, voting machines were used, which facilitated prompt tabulation of the returns. When the complete returns from Buffalo gave Hughes 40,652 and Wilson 38,915, it was regarded as certain that the republican presidential candidate had carried the state. Early in the evening the leading New York dailies, including the papers which supported Wilson during the campaign, conceded the election of Hughes.

Governor Whitman was re-elected by a large plurality and William M. Calder, republican candidate for United States senator was also elected.

The so-called "solid South," Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginia, which have uniformly cast their electoral votes for the democratic presidential candidates, is still solidly democratic, Wilson and Marshall polling the usual large majorities.

If the complete revised returns bear out early indications the present democratic majority in the lower house of congress will be wiped out and the republican party will be in control. While the returns indicate there will be a largely reduced majority in the senate it is not believed that the democrats will lose control.

Seth C. Rhodes, traveling passenger agent of the O. S. L. arrived in Ontario Saturday to loom after the preliminary details of the excursion Sunday.

DEMOCRATS HOLD SOLID SOUTH

Florida for Wilson by 15,000. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 8.—Returns indicate Wilson's majority will be 15,000.

Mississippi Gives 75,000.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 8.—Mississippi's majority for Wilson probably will reach 75,000. All members of the congressional delegation were re-elected without opposition.

Arkansas Larger Than Usual.

Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 8.—Returns indicate a Wilson majority hereof more than four years ago by 20 per cent.

North Carolina is Wilson's by 50,000.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 8.—Democratic majorities apparently are maintained in all districts, party leaders claiming 45,000 to 50,000.

Alabama for Wilson by 60,000.

Mobile, Ala., Nov. 8.—Returns indicate Wilson's majority in this state will be 60,000. In 1912 it was 50,019.

Georgia Strong for Wilson.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 8.—Returns indicate that of 135,000 votes cast throughout the state, 100,000 were democratic.

Tennessee in Line for Wilson.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 8.—Tennessee will go overwhelmingly for Wilson for president, but there is a close race between John W. Overall, republican, and Thomas C. Rye, democrat, for governor.

Louisiana for President Wilson.

New Orleans, Nov. 8.—Returns indicated that President Wilson has carried Louisiana by 60,000. Democrats elected eight congressmen.

South Dakota for Hughes.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Nov. 8.—Indications are that Hughes has carried South Dakota by a plurality of 15,000. The prohibition amendment was adopted by 20,000 and the suffrage amendment by 10,000. Peter Nordbeck (rep.) will win for governor by 35,000.

The ladies aid society of the Congregational church will hold a handkerchief and guest towel bazaar in the Ontario Furniture company's windows December 1 and 2. Itc

HUGHES IN THE LEAD IN OREGON

Single Tax and Beer Amendments Appear to Have Been Defeated.

Portland, Or., Nov. 8.—Charles E. Hughes probably has carried Oregon for president by a plurality that may reach 15,000.

Hughes is leading Wilson in Multnomah county by a narrow margin.

Hughes is maintaining a good lead in most of the up-state counties. He appears to have carried Benton, Clackamas, Clatsop, Columbia, Coos, Crook, Gilliam, Hood River, Klamath, Lane, Lincoln, Marion, Sherman, Tillamook, Wasco, Washington and Yamhill counties. His lead in Clackamas is small.

Wilson is leading in Baker, Douglas, Jackson, Jefferson, Linn, Morrow, Umatilla, Union and Wallowa counties.

W. C. Hawley has been re-elected representative in congress in the first district and N. J. Sinnott in the second district. Both are republicans.

C. N. McArthur, republican candidate for congress from the Portland district, is maintaining a consistent and apparently safe lead for re-election over A. W. Lafferty and John A. Jeffrey, the democratic nominee.

Ben W. Olcott has been re-elected secretary of state.

Frank A. Moore, of Columbia county, and George H. Burnett, of Marion county, have been re-elected justices of the supreme court by substantial pluralities. Both are republicans.

John D. Mickle, of Portland, was re-elected dairy and fogg commissioner.

The single tax amendment was overwhelmingly defeated. Every county reporting has given a decisive vote against it.

The brewers' bill likewise has been snowed under. The margin against it is large in the outlying counties.

The absolute prohibition bill is running close upstate, and the result on this measure is in doubt. Unless Multnomah county goes heavily against it, this bill, which would prohibit the importation of liquor, may carry.

WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. Mrs. Harry Cockram, phone 94-J, Ontario.

NEW YORK FOR G. O. P.

Hughes' Lead in State is Approximately 75,000. New York, Nov. 8.—Charles E. Hughes probably has carried New York for president by a plurality of 75,000. Wilson's lead in Greater New York was about 40,000, while Hughes led upstate by 167,000.

The democrats made gains in several industrial cities upstate, but the country districts remained overwhelmingly republican. The most notable increase in the democratic vote was in Buffalo, second largest city in the state, which Hughes carried by only 3637, although it was carried by Wilson for governor two years ago by more than 19,000. Slight democratic gains also were shown in Syracuse and Albany, the former republican cities of the state.

From returns received it was apparent that Charles S. Whitman had been re-elected governor over Samuel Seabury, his democratic opponent. William M. Calder, of Brooklyn, a former representative to congress, was elected United States senator over William S. McCombs, former chairman of the democratic national committee, by a large majority.

Returns showed that the republicans had gained one congressman.

TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS

Our new Sunday and week-end excursions solve them. Many automobiles, too, are finding out our rates are cheaper than using their own cars. Ask about them. Agent O. S. L. R. R. adv. 51-51

Daily Cadillac Stage

Boise to Ontario--Ontario to Boise via

Eagle, Star, Middleton, Letha, Falks Store, New Plymouth and Fruitland

Leaves Boise 8 o'clock a. m., arrives Ontario 1 o'clock p. m.

Leaves Ontario 3 o'clock p. m., arrives Boise 8 o'clock p. m.

Cadillac Eight Passenger Car

DAVID HERON, Prop. Starts from Bristol Hotel, Boise Starts from Moore Hotel, Ontario Beginning Monday, Nov. 6



How to Select Your Corset

DECIDE first that your figure is individual—that you need a corset designed for you. Then look at the 9 Ideal Figure Types and choose yours.

Next, come to us and let us show you the many Gossards we have in stock in your size, designed for your ideal figure type.

Then your selection is reduced to the amount you want to pay, from \$25.00 down to \$2.50.

This is the Thirty-first Announcement and Proclamation of Gossard Corset Styles for Fall and Winter, 1916-17

In addition to comfort, wearing service and great value, you obtain authentic style in Gossards. Gossards wear longer because of their materials. They are in style longer because of the advanced style information of their designers, which is reflected in the corsets.

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