

THE ONTARIO ARGUS

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GEO. K. AIKEN, Editor and Publisher

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS:

All copy for display advertising should be at this office by Wednesday noon. To insure position copy should be in this office on Tuesday.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES:

For president—Charles Evans Hughes.
Vice-President—Charles Warren Fairbanks.
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Secretary of State—Ben W. Olcott.
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Dairy and food commissioner—John D. Mickle.
Commissioner of public service—H. H. Corey.
State senator—Julien A. Hurley.
Representative—Charles M. Cranfall.
District Attorney—Robert M. Duncan.
Sheriff—Emory Cole.
County Clerk—V. B. Staples.
County assessor—L. E. Hill.
County treasurer—C. C. Mueller.
County surveyor—James F. Miller.
County commissioner—J. F. Weaver.
County School Superintendent—Estella Conklyn.
Justice of the Peace—G. L. King.
Constable—J. H. Denison.

TYPHOID PREVENTABLE

While there may be no need for anxiety in the present typhoid situation, there is also no reason for not facing the problem of health protection in Ontario. As a matter of common justice, not only to themselves but to their family and that of their neighbors, every man and woman should seek the promotion of every agency which has for its purpose the safeguarding of the health of the community.

The man who today is opposing the suggestion of the city authorities that connection be made with the sewers is playing fast and loose with the health, and possibly the lives of not only his own family but that of his neighbors.

The family that today is well, and which in the past has never been visited with the terrible scourge of typhoid, may be stricken tomorrow. It will be far cheaper, far better and far happier if it take the means in its possession and protect itself by proper sanitary precautions.

There is no excuse for failure to do this. The experience of the United States health department gained thru the management of health conditions in the army, together with the experiences of the armies of the world, not only in the present war, but that of Russia and Japan in the Russo-Japanese war prove beyond dispute that typhoid is a preventable disease. There is no need of a single case of this ailment in Ontario. Even under the frightful condition in Europe today typhoid is almost unknown where sanitary measures are enforced.

The reason for this is simple. The authorities in Europe place a high value on the life and health of every soldier. Do not the people of Ontario place a high value on their own health, and that of their neighbors? We believe they do, at least most of them do. It is the few who are careless; the few who blind their eyes to the march of medical science and sanitary conditions who cause the trouble.

So long as stagnant pools are permitted to serve as breeding places for mosquitos, so long as manure piles are permitted and open out-houses furnish incubation for flies so long will Ontario be visited periodically by plagues of typhoid.

In this day and age after all the work of the United States department of public health, the state health departments, the local authorities, the army surgeons, the health department of the Panama, the experiences of the armies in Europe, the constant preaching of the benefits of sanitation in magazines and newspapers; that a community such as in Ontario will long assist the spread of disease among its people is not believable.

Everything should be done now to aid in checking the disease this fall, and this is possible only by a thorough clean-up all over the city.

When this is done steps should be taken for future work that will keep the city clean in the future.

HEROIC TREATMENT.

In order "to get the people to thinking," as Mr. Oxman argued, the valuations as made by Assessor J. E. Hill will be the basis on which taxes will be levied; provided the board of equalization follows the sentiment of the mass meeting at Vale last Friday.

This may be the proper solution. It may set the people thinking. We hope it will, but we doubt it. If the people do start thinking it will be all right, in time, but in the meantime the county is bound to suffer, at least some of the people will. At the best it is a drastic course to pursue. The treatment for the ills of unequal assessment are not thus to be avoided. The county is just delaying the day when an accounting will have to be taken.

Like the poor, we have taxes with us always. And the principal trouble each year is the inequalities of assessment. This will always be the case until the people inform themselves. Until they do think about taxes at other times than when the board of equalization is in session.

No doubt there never was an assessor who could make an 100 per cent equal assessment of a county, but there never will be even a fifty per cent equal assessment under the present system. There is certainly something wrong with the present method when the tax rolls vary as they have in Malheur county. Why not go after the question from the bottom. Why should the board of equalization call upon the body politic to settle the question? If the board of equalization had in its possession data on all the property in the county, city and rural it would be in a position to correct inequalities when made, and the assessor and his deputies would make far fewer assessments on which objections could be raised.

Why should not every building in a city be classified and rated for taxation purposes? Why should not every acre in the county be so classified? Only the man who desires to escape taxation can object to that.

Washington, D. C., October 11— "In appealing to the people to return the republican party to power we have the confidence that the record of incompetency of the present administration will make impossible its continuance," declared Representative Thomas S. Crago, of Pennsylvania, in a statement given out here today by the national republican congressional committee.

One year and five months of democratic rule found the country with industries paralyzed, the treasury almost bankrupt, our rights over the Panama canal surrendered, wages reduced, the cost of living increased and our army landed on Mexican soil without excuse or justification," continued Representative Crago, who is past commander-in-chief of the veterans of foreign wars.

"Then the war with Europe. The so-called war tax appears, industry revives because of war orders, high sounding diplomatic notes are written, the cry goes up 'The President has kept us out of war' when in fact every move he made weakened us in the estimation of other nations, for we committed acts of war against a weaker nation, Mexico, and begged a servile truce with nations we knew were strong.

"The weakness of our foreign policies, the record of broken pledges, the surrender of our rights, the useless expenditure of millions and the hypocrisy of democratic legislation is so broad that the patience of the American people has been severely tested. The Wilson administration went into power proclaiming 'painless publicity' and it will leave branded as a gum shoe, secret cabinet regime.

"The public recalls the fiasco at Vera Cruz and President Wilson's unpardonable act in hitting the en-

bargo on arms that our soldiers should meet death from guns furnished to assassins by permission of our government. In this so called 'peace' more lives have been lost and more money spent than we sacrificed in the war with Spain. If we are at 'peace' should more than a hundred thousand of our boys be paying the price of war, taken from home and families to play a game of peace. If we have been kept from war by any magic of the president, then how does it happen that Spain, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, Holland and Denmark, countries much nearer the European conflict than we are, have been able to maintain peace?"

"With a great flourish of trumpets the democrats assumed control, and their record is a dismal recital of broken promises and unfulfilled pledges. The issues of this campaign are:

"First, tariff revision by the friends of a protective tariff, and no twelfth hour conversion to the idea that a tariff board can fool the people.

"Second, an Americanism which would put the United States not only first among other nations, but would protect us from forces within which would destroy the foundation of justice on which our government is founded.

"Third, a readjustment of the fiscal affairs of the government to the end that the people, who pay the bills, shall have some say as to the amount and methods of expenditures."

We Can Outfit the Whole Family Correctly and Economically in UNDERWEAR

Get Union-Suited in our Underwear and keep warm and comfortable this winter. Many years of experience is back of our underwear and we believe it the most perfect underwear produced for the money. We have a perfect fit for everyone. Comfort, Durability, Washability are among some of the good points to be found in our line so reasonably priced for Children, Misses, Boys, Ladies and Men.

Let us show you the first time you are in our store.

BOYER BROS.



TRY THE ARGUS FOR FIRST CLASS JOB WORK

AUCTION SALE

Of Live Stock and Farm Implements

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17

Beginning at 1 o'clock p. m.

At the J. L. Demoss residence, better known as the Cecil farm, two and one-half miles southwest of Ontario, the following property:

LIVE STOCK

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 cow, 6 years old, fresh Oct 8. | 2 yearling heifers. |
| 1 cow, 5 years old, will be fresh May 17, 1917. | 1 spring colt. |
| 1 heifer, 2 years old, will be fresh in November. | 5 shoat hogs, weighing 80 or 90 pounds. |
| 1 red Durham bull, 15 months old. | 2 sows, weight 200 lbs. each. |

FARM MACHINRY

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1 Mowing machine. | 1 Slip scraper. |
| 1 hay rake. | 1 log chain. |
| 1 hay wagon rack. | 1 grindstone. |
| 1 spring wagon. | 1 De Laval Cream Separator. |
| 1 two section harrow. | 1 set harness. |
| 1 Sterling plow. | 1 straw stack. |
| 1 five share plow. | 2 five-gallon cream cans. |
| 1 wheel scraper. | Forks, tools and miscellaneous articles. |

TERMS: Sales of \$10.00 or less cash. Over \$10.00 six months time on approved notes at 10 per cent with 4 per cent off for cash.

J. H. BROWN, Auctioneer. W. F. HOMAN, Clerk.

J. L. DEMOSS, Owner