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ONTARIO PHARMACY

Review of the Main Events of the the European War

(Associated Press.)

already exhausted, are completely six towns and 23,000 prisoners. beggared.

armed men on the Teutonic lines, 10-, so many months was resumed.

e change in the situation which appointed his successor. the year has brought is striking, although the results so far have been more potential and spectacular than radical. A year ago the Germans, continuing their great drive against the Russians, hurled the Slavs back along the entire eastern front, captured Warsaw, the great fortresses of Kovno, Novo Georgievsk and Brest-Litovak, and established lines far inside Russian territory, which they maintained virtually unbroken until within the last three months. They seized all Poland, a great slice of Russia to the south of that country, and expelled the invaders from Galicia and Bukowina. Field Marshals von Hindenburg and von Mackensen were the heroes of these great successes.

On the western front the changes in position during the year were com- 450,000. The assailants fought their paratively small, but the 12 months way to within about three and a half were marked by three events of in- miles of the fortress, but for several terest: The battles of Champagna weeks have reported no further progand Verdun and the opening of the ress, and the force of their attacks great Franco-British offensive on the appears to have lessened Somme took place in this period.

The second year of the world war rific bombardment of the German ed that they found trenches in which forced to surrender after a relief Papen, naval and military attaches closes with the "Battle of Europe" a lines by the French, British and Bel- there was not a single survivor, only force had made several vain efforts respectively to the German embassy. concerted effort of the allies on three gians. In a week of the bloodiest fronts to crush the central powers, fighting that had been known up to machine guns. The fighting has been which has developed into a titanic that time the allies announced that of the bitterest possible description. struggle before which superiatives. they had taken 20 miles of trenches, and the reports of press correspon-

But there they halted. They could west, Russia in the east, Italy in the man wall, and the grim deadlock south, are hurling wave after wave of which marked the western front for The and bombs such as the world had not moval of Sir John French, the British known up to the present time. For commander in chief from the beginthe first time the Teutons are, tem- ning of the war up to that time. In porarily at least, on the defensive on December, 1915, it was announced the thousands of miles of the existing that he had resigned to take a home command, and Sir Douglas Haig was

In sheer human interest the battle of Verdun probably surpassed all other individual events of the war. On Pebruary 23 the German crown prince began his assault of the historic French fortress, known throughout many centuries as the gateway to France. For five months the defenders withstood a storm at the fury of which the world stood aghast. Foot by foot, almost inch by inch, the Germans forged forward, with a reckless disregard of their lives, a tenacity and cool courage which was only equaled sistible force through the Austrian by the heroic determination of the

On June 3 an unofficial estimate of the German losses at Verdun placed the total at the appalling figure of

The Franco-British offensive on the Somme opened on July 1, 1916.

nd reads his home pa-

trates both his patriot-

in is made up of two

Deante—those who DO

fire the German first line defenses on September 25, after a week's ter- French troops advanced they report- miles. Here it was surrounded and Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von the dead guarded the silent rifles and dents at the front teem with accounts France and Great Britain in the not break through the mighty Ger- votion on both sides. Instances have been recorded of the sole survivor of a company, wounded and without hope, who manned a machine gun gether with an avalanche of shells battle of Champagne marked the re- and fought to the last amid the bodies moval of Sir John French, the British of his comrades; of isolated detachments who stood off their foes for days until succor reached them or death; of captured surgeons who bound up the wounds of their captors; of heroic rescues of wounded

> ing world. The first move in the great allied offensive was not made by the Franco-British, however, but by the Russians. On June 4 the troops of the number of about 100,000, joined the this fall. Emperor Nicholas opened a tremendous assault on the Austro-German survivors of the Gallipoli campaign lines on a three hundred mile front extending from the Pripet marches firm in the north but on the south force is estimated at 600,000 men General Brussiloff swept with irre- and is presumably being held for an He was tried later for high treason defenses, tearing a great gap about 100 miles in extent. Through this the Russians poured, capturing Czernowitz, the capital of Bukowina and overrunning the crownland. The

comrades under fire, and of countless

similar deeds that thrilled the watch-

Austrian losses are declared to have been enormous, a month after the offensive began the Russians making an official announcement that over 200,000 prisoners had been taken and at least an equal number killed or

sians won new successes further north fighting has also extended to the ex- tion. treme north, in the Riga-Dvinsk re-

In another theater of the war the year was marked by other and Important Russian successes. Following the disasters on the esatern front in the closing months of 1915 the Grand Duice Nicholas was removed as commander in chief of the Russian armies and sent to take charge of the operations against the Turks in the Caucasus. After months of preparation he began a great drive across Armenia in January, 1915, which resulted in the capture of Erzerum and the port of Trezizond and expelled the Turks from the greater part of Armenia. After a comparative full or some months the grand duke resumed his advance simultaneous with a serious uprising against the Turks by the Arabs in Arabia. The Arabs took the sacred city of Mecca, Jiddah and Tail and besieged Medina, the city where Mohammed was buried and one of the hollest spots of the Mohammedan world. In the hatun and Pathurt; but these opera-

campaign the year saw a serious reverse for the Franco-British arms and a less important, but highly dra- submarine, but this theory was genmatic, disaster for the British. The erally discarded when it was learned disastrous attempt of the French and British to force the Dardenelles and serie Constantinople was definitely abandoned in November, 1915, and On allow bridge wahdrawn from the memorable one as far as the United tered this year and will endeaver to Gallipoli peninsula. About 150,000 troops had been used in this venture, apparent final passing of the crisis supported by a mighty fleet. Six bat- between this country and Germany tleships, five British and one French, over the submarine warfare which were sent to the bottom as well as threatened more than once a rupture some minor craft and the casualties of relations and even war. were unofficially reported to be almost equal to the original number of the United States and the central to help make this test a success. result of six months of the most san-year. Since the outbreak of the war guinary fighting of the war.

was preceded by a hombardment of Turks at Kut-Et-Amara on the Tigris. ways to interfere with this trade. For unparalleled duration and intensity, This expedition had made a sensation- his activity in this respect the recall featured by the appearance of new al dash more than 300 miles up the of Dr. Constantin Dumba, Austrian and gigantic British howitzers. Un- river in an attempt to seize Bagdad. ambassador, was requested by Presider this awful hurricane of big gun It was within 10 miles of the city dent Wilson in September. The folwhen it was decisively defeated by lowing December, for similar reasons crumbled. When the British and the Turks and forced to fall back 100 the president requested the recall of at rescue.

> Two new nations entered the ranks of the belligerents during the year. On October 13, 1915, Bulgaria threw in her lot with the central powers and in her ports.

many and Bulgaria which resulted in the complete overwhelming of the driven across the frontier into the wilderness of Albania whence they were rescued by the British, French Franco-British forces at Saloniki. The attempt to wrest Serbia from the Bul- and sentenced to death. garians.

The principal success won by Austrian arms during the year was a great offensive undertaken against Italy in May. The Austrian forces swept the Italian invaders back over a wide stretch of country in the southern Tyrol, reconquered about 276 square miles of Austrian territory and carried the battle into Italy. The Italians rallied, however, and at the close of the 12 months had re-As the offensive developed the Rus- gained a large portion of ground and were vigorously pressing a counterand at the close of the year they are offensive in accordance with the engaged in a mighty struggle. The plans of the entente for concerted ac-

> On the sea the year witnessed an event of surpassing interest. The German grand fleet, steaming out from its mine fields and impregnable harbors at Kiel and Wilhelmshaven engaged the British fleet in the mightiest naval battle of history.

The battle was fought off the coast of Jutland on May 31. Its results are so obscured by the conflicting claims of the combatants that they will probably not be definitely known until the war is over, if then. The Germans assert that the British losses were far heavier than theirs and on that ground claim the victory. The British, denying greater losses, point to the fact that they still control the seas as the basis of their right to the title of victors. London also claims that since the battle 200 British ships which had been tied up in the Baltic ports since the beginning of the war, have been able to make their way to English ports unmolested by German BETTER BABIES warships.,

One other event on the sea aroused meantime the Russians took Mamak- intense interest. On June 5 Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, Great Brittions have not yet reached a definite tain's famous minister of war, was In connection with the Turkish neys when the cruiser Hampshire the cruiser had been the victim of a that the warship had struck a mine and gone down in the midst of a terrific storm.

The second year of the war was a States was concerned. It marked the

certain propagandists had been busy The second disaster of the British instigating strikes in munition facunder General Townshend to the allies and in endeavoring in other place.

A number of convictions were obtained in the criminal courts in other cases and the propaganda ceased.

Apart from events in the actual

war theaters the most striking event on March 9, 1916, Germany declared of the year in connection with the war on Portugal after the republic conflict was an uprising in Ireland had seized all German ships interned in April. The outbreak was organized by a society known as the Sinn The entrance of Bulgaria into the Fein, committed to the principle of an arena was signalized by a combined independent Ireland. Bloody fightassault on Serbia by Austria, Ger- ing took place in Dublin in which hundreds of lives were lost and the heart of the business section destroyhopelessly outnumbered Serbians and cd, at a cost of many millions of dolthe subjugation of their country. The lars. The fighting was sporadic elseremnants of the Serbian army were where in the islands and of minor importance. crushed and the ringleaders executed. It led, however, to an agitation which and Italians. They were shipped to resulted in the government prepar-Corfu where they were reorganized ing a temporary home rule bill which and re-equipped and later, to the it expects to pass through parliament

Just before the outbreak of the re bellion Sir Roger Casement, formerly were also gathered at the Grecian in the British consular service, was seaport as well as a large British arrested on the west coast of Ireland to Rumania. The Teuton lines held army from Egypt. This combined where he had attempted to land a cargo of arms sent from Germany

> No definite figures can be given of the cost of the great war in blood and gold but the most reliable estimates present figures so vast that they become practically meaningless In March, 1916, the United States general army staff estimated that the total losses in men to all the belligerents since the war began were 13,-033,000. have ceased issuing casualty lists for public consumption the exact figures for any country are unavailable

> As to the money question figures are more reliable but still vague. They present sums which are so be yond anything previously known to international finance, so impossible of any human comparison that they rich, secretary of the imperial treasury of Germany, estimated that the war was costing all the combatants \$375,000,000 a week or eleven and a half billion dollars a year. William Michaelis, another German financial expert, put the yearly cost at the vaster sum of fifteen billions, and other financial authorities gave even high

> On July 17 Reginald McKenna, the British chancellor of the exchequor, stated in the house of commons that the expenditures for Great Britain alone were \$30,000,000 daily. He did not say, however, how much of this incredible sum represented war ex-

CONTEST AT VALE

At a regular meeting of the Civic Improvement club, of Vale, held last week, committees were appointed to make preparations for the annual Better Bables Eugenic Test, for all Malheur county babies, to be held at Vale on the 6th, 7th and 8th of Sep-

The committees report that they anticipate having over 150 babies eninvitations and application blanks to the parents of every baby between the ages of one and four years in the county.

This test is but one of the many being held all over the United States. Every mother in the county is urged

Patriotism should begin at the cradle and end at the grave. with some people it begins at the was the surrender of 10,000 troops tories which had contracts with the pocketbook and ends at the same

An acquaintance asks the interesting question, "Where are our American patriots?" Hunting for gold, of

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