

OVERLAND

Model 83 B \$695

Roadster 35 Hp. \$675

F. O. B. Toledo, Ohio

Now you can have the big, comfortable, beautiful family car—

The thirty-five horsepower Overland—
The economical means to a bigger, broader, healthier, happier, family life—
For \$695.

And though the price has been reduced the car is improved. 35 horsepower en-bloc motor, 106-inch wheelbase, one man top, soft divan upholstery.

It has the very latest en-bloc type motor with a smooth flow of abundant power and an exceptionally fast "pick-up."

Here is the car (with improvements) which has outsold, virtually two for one, any other car with a wheelbase of more than 100 inches.

Here is the value—now even greater—which has steadily dominated the automobile market for the last eight months.

Two-unit electric lighting and starting system, Four-inch tires, Electrical control buttons on steering column, Demountable rims.

Here is the car with a performance record of unapproached magnitude—more than 60,000 in everyday service in the hands of owners.

Never before has the purchaser had so well founded, so emphatic, so conclusive a popular value-verdict to tell him which car to buy.

We know that the price of this car will never be lower, but we cannot guarantee that it will not be higher.

MODEL 75 \$615

ROADSTER 25 Hp. \$595

F. O. B. Toledo, Ohio

That small but comfortable car—fully equipped and perfectly appointed—

That light but amply powered low-upkeep, inexpensive-to-operate car.

It has a 20-25 horsepower four cylinder motor of the very latest en-bloc type—

Two unit electric starting and lighting system—
Electric control buttons on steering column—
Four-inch tires; non-skid on rear—
Demountable rims with one extra—
Cantilever rear springs—
One man top.

The gasoline tank is in the cowl dash.

The finish is lustrous black with nickel and polished aluminum trimmings.

And it has the beautiful Overland lines—full streamline body with beautifully curved cowl.

It is a car of every convenience—abounding comfort—beautiful appearance—one to be proud of in every way.

For those who prefer a larger car there is the six at \$1145—
—all prices f. o. b. Toledo.

Now is the time to order your car either for immediate or later delivery.

See the Overland dealer at once and make your arrangements now.

Ontario Auto Co. Agts.

PETE DUFORD, Manager

Malheur County, except Jordan Valley section and the Fruitland and New Plymouth sections.

WATER POWER BILLS TO BE CONSIDERED

Various Messages Are Subjects of Interest Before Congress.

Washington.—Conservation legislation, the Colombian and Nicaraguan treaties, the government ship-purchase bill, Philippine independence and the inquiry into the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis to the supreme court are the subjects of immediate interest before congress this week while completion of the national defense program is being awaited. Water-power bills are to be considered in the open senate this week.

Efforts to speed up the work of congress on the army and navy bills will be continued this week by President Wilson. He will see a large number of members of the senate and house, and will impress on them his belief that it is necessary to dispose of the preparedness program as quickly as possible, so work may be begun on other legislation.

Philippines Bill Passed by Senate.

The Philippines bill, which would extend to the islands a greater degree of self-government and would authorize the president to grant them absolute independence within four years, passed the senate 52 to 24.

Various democratic senators, led by Chairman Stone, of the foreign relations committee, tried unsuccessfully to secure amendment of the independence clause, but in the end the democrats, joined by six republicans, voted solidly for the measure. It is understood the bill will go to the house with the backing of President Wilson and will be pressed for early passage.

The republican senators who voted for the bill were Borah, Clapp, Kenyon, LaFollette, Norris and Works.

Lusitania Settlement Turns on Word.

The diplomatic deadlock between America and Germany arises over the term "illegal" as applied to the Lusitania attack. In the absence of international law on submarine attacks when the Lusitania was sunk, and due to the fact that the Lusitania carried belligerents and some munitions, Germany insists that, even if the attack was unwarned, it was not illegal. Further, Germany contends that a subsequent agreement to warn ships before torpedoing them does not apply to the Lusitania situation.

For the word "illegal" which Germany was unwilling to incorporate in the initial draft of the Lusitania agreement, the Berlin foreign office has substituted a phrase which certain high authorities consider avers that the killing of Americans in the Lusitania disaster was without intent, because the destruction of the Cunard liner was an act of reprisal and the German government agrees that reprisals should not be applied to neutrals.

Appam Held Prize.

President Wilson is understood to hold the opinion that the British steamship Appam, brought into Hampton Roads by a German crew, must be considered as a prize of Germany under the Prussian-American treaty in 1828. It was said that this accords with the view of the state department.

Tariff Bills Imminent.

Democratic leaders expect to have the administration bills for creation of a tariff commission and repeal of the free sugar clause of the Underwood tariff before the house before the end of the week and to press them for early passage. Chairman Kitchin announced that the ways and means committee would meet Wednesday or Thursday to draft reports on the two measures.

Some democrats on the committee are said to favor deferring action on the tariff commission and sugar bills until party leaders have worked out a definite revenue program. As sugar would go on the free list May 1 unless the repeal is passed, however, separate action on that bill at least probably will be recommended. About \$49,000,000 is derived from the sugar tariff annually.

24,932 Have Registered in Oregon.

Salem, Or.—Registrations in the various counties of Oregon up to January 29, as reported to Secretary of State Olcott, totaled 24,932. Of this number 16,961 are republicans, 6095 are democrats, 172 progressives, 602 socialists, 409 prohibitionists and 783 of miscellaneous political affiliation.

Coburg Fireswept with \$18,500 Loss.

Eugene, Or.—The business section of the lumbering town of Coburg, seven miles northeast of Eugene, was swept by fire, which destroyed the postoffice building, the telephone exchange and the principal business houses. The loss is estimated at \$18,500.

Villa Puzzles Pursuers.

El Paso, Tex.—The whereabouts of Francisco Villa is proving a puzzle to Carranza authorities in northern Mexico.

Could Eat as Well as Write.

Dr. Johnson was a great tea drinker. It is stated that he would drink thirty or forty cups of tea during an evening. Yet he lived to a fair age and apparently suffered no very ill effects from his great thirst for tea. He was one of the most notable of feeders and ate his food in what we should now think rather a plishish fashion, making great grunts and groans of satisfaction or enjoyment the while and going the round of the menu very thoroughly.

Charles Hende, the famous novelist, is reported to have been one of the strongest feeders on record. A contemporary, writing of his meals at the Garrick club, says: "He took a cauliflower, dunked by a jug of cream, as his first course, and a great salad to follow, washed down by curious drinks of the shandygaff order. He would drink coffee associated with sweets, black pudding and toasted cheese, to the amusement of any onlooker."

Survival of the Fittest Among Birds.

The struggle of life among the birds and other wild creatures is so severe that the feeble and malformed, or the handicapped in any way, quickly drop out. Probably none of them ever dies from old age. They are cut off in their prime. A weeding out process goes on from the time they leave the nest. A full measure of life, the perfection of every quill and feather and unerring instinct carry them along. They are always in the enemy's country; they are always on the firing line; eternal vigilance and ceaseless activity are the price of life with them. The natural length of life of our smaller birds is calculated to be eight or ten years, but probably not one in a thousand reaches that age. Not half a dozen times in my life have I found the body of a dead bird that did not show some marks of violence.—John Burroughs in Harper's Magazine.

Remedy For Anger.

The greatest remedy for anger is delay. Beg anger to grant you this at the first, not in order that it may pardon the offense, but that it may form a right judgment about it. If it delays it will come to an end. Do not attempt to quell it all at once, for its first impulses are fierce. By plucking away its parts we shall remove the whole. We are made angry by some things which we learn at second hand and by some things which we ourselves hear or see. Now, we ought to be slow to believe what is told us. * * * If you were about to give sentence in court about ever so small a sum of money you would take nothing as proved without a witness, and a witness would count for nothing except on his oath. You would allow both sides to be heard; you would allow them time.—Seneca.

The Expanding Stone.

In the rock of St. Gwynn's chapel, in Wales, was a natural cavity upon which the name of the "expanding stone" was bestowed by popular tradition, because the strange fancy prevailed that this stone automatically adapted itself to the size of any one who entered the cavity.

The legend ran, as quoted by Mr. George F. Kunz in "The Magic of Jewels and Charms," that once, during the pagan persecutions, when a fugitive Christian, hotly pursued, reached this rock it opened up of its own accord so that he could slip into it and then closed about him so as to hide him effectually from his enemies. This expanding stone was believed to manifest its magic power by bringing to pass the wish expressed by any one who entered it, provided he did not change his wish while he turned around within it.

Henpecked Sparrows.

Female sparrows are especially tyrannical toward their partners, especially at nest building time, when they frequently attack their husbands fiercely on account of their laziness. At such times the female voice can always be detected, both louder and shriller than that of her mate, as she pecks and tumbles him until he beats an ignominious retreat. Hen blackbirds and thrushes are often very overbearing and even spiteful toward their mates when their houses are in course of construction.

Winning Both Ways.

The Zulu young lady, when suitors are not forthcoming, takes the matter in hand herself. She leaves home, takes a discreet friend of her own sex and presents herself at the home of her favored swain. If he regards her with satisfaction his parents receive her as his future bride. Should he, however, be unwilling to accept her he makes her a handsome present in stead.

The Old Greek Quirass.

The Greeks had a cuirass made of linen or woollen fibers which was impenetrable to the sharpest darts or spears. That, by the way, is one of the discoveries that have not been rediscovered, for we do not know the secret of its manufacture.

The Worm Turns.

"How much are your four dollar shoes?" asked the smart one.
"Two dollars a foot," replied the salesman wearily.—Judge.

Bored.

"I say, your ears have never been pierced, Allen?"
"No, but they're being 'bored'!"—Lehigh Burr.

Two Extremes.

There are no chagrins so venomous as the chagrins of the idle, no pangs so sickening as the satieties of pleasure.—Ruskin.

NEWS NOTES OF IDAHO

W. R. Martin, proprietor of a cafe at Idaho Falls, shot himself through the head.

The body of an unidentified man, about 45 years old, was discovered in a shack at Twin Falls.

Rev. Henry G. Taylor, general missionary for the Episcopal church in north Idaho, with headquarters at Spirit Lake, died at Spokane.

Emil Hronek committed suicide in the subway at Pocatello by drinking carbolic acid. Letters show he was a grain buyer at Ellensburg, Wash.

The school house of Jerome has accepted plans for a new school building to be built on the unit plan and to cost seventy-five thousand dollars when completed.

The committee on agriculture has agreed to a provision in the agricultural appropriation bill carrying \$125,000 to continue the fight against coyotes afflicted with rabies.

The Hammett postoffice and the general store of Henry F. Kroth were burglarized and later destroyed by fire. The loss on building and the stock will approximate ten thousand dollars.

Senator Brady, of Idaho, who has been at Palm Beach, Fla., for the past two weeks, returned to Washington Monday. The Florida climate had not proved beneficial to his health and he was advised to leave.

An incipient coal famine began to be felt in Meridian Thursday, when it became necessary to close the Rural high school for lack of fuel. The public school was also dismissed over Friday from a similar cause.

A continuous fall of snow for 18 hours caused great delay in traffic in southern Idaho. Train service was suspended on all branch lines of the Oregon Short Line and the main line trains were running several hours late.

The Milner waterworks wants to discontinue service and has applied to the public utilities commission for permission. Its possible revenue is \$18.30 per month for supplying 12 patrons. At present only two patrons are served.

Requisition papers have been signed by the governor for the return to this state of George Howard, Harry R. Carey and James Logan, confined in the jail at Pendleton, Ore., who are wanted in Nez Perce county for alleged burglary at Lapwai.

Despite three feet of snow, five Indian ministers from Idaho and a number of Indians from Nez Perce Indian reservation, are gathered at the Tutuila Indian Mission on the Lemhi Indian reservation in Oregon to conduct a series of revival services.

Since the preliminary animal fund has been exhausted, the claims presented to the office of the state veterinarian have fallen off about 50 per cent, according to State Veterinarian Hunter. The only revenue obtained by hunters and trappers at the present time is from bounties paid by sheepmen's associations and from the sale of pelts.

Congressman Smith, of Idaho, has introduced a measure to provide federal aid for good roads. The bill authorizes the issuance of bonds to the amount of \$500,000,000 payable in coin 50 years after date. This fund is to be apportioned among the various states based on four per cent for each as compiled from population, mileage of highways and total land area.

William Winschell of Soda Springs, Bannock county; J. B. Hitt, of Malia, Cassia county, and Jay O. Rhoades, of Pollock, Idaho county, have been reappointed members of the Idaho state livestock sanitary board. Each will serve two years from February 23, 1916. The board consists of seven members, three of whom are appointed each even year, four each odd year.

The state land board has received and accepted three hundred thousand dollars worth of gold bonds of the Twin Falls North Side Land & Water company, put up by the company as a guarantee for the completion of the project. An agreement between the company and the board specifying that the work be finished before December 1, 1918, has been signed by both parties.

The public utilities commission is making a report of the public utilities corporations and companies in the state which have not filed an annual report showing the condition of their plants or systems and the rates in force. Many have filed reports, but owing to the fact that some of the rates have been changed since that time, new reports will have to be filed, which is in accordance with the public utilities law.

The eighth annual report of the Children's Home Finding and Aid Society of Idaho, given by the superintendent, Rev. Charles L. Chalfant, at the annual meeting of the board of directors discloses the fact that 202 homes at Boise and at Lewiston have cared for more children, at least outlay, than in any other one year in the history of the work in Idaho. Both the Boise and Lewiston homes have closed the year with all debts and bills paid and a comfortable balance in the treasury.