

TRY A CUP
of the deliciously good
HOT COFFEE
we are serving

It's exquisitely smooth flavor and appetizing aroma will remind you of the coffee mother used to make, and promptly forget the nickle that it costs

Appetizing chocolate, bouillions beef tea, oysters, sandwiches and genuine Mexican Chili, at the:

TEMPLE of SWEETS

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS
Paid Advertisements

Free—A six piece kitchen set is being given away by the Ontario market to their customers. Ask them to show it to you. They have greatly reduced their prices and are now making afternoon deliveries.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT—Two sizes and two prices; an absolutely safe method of keeping your valuable papers protected against loss by fire or theft. **ONTARIO NATIONAL BANK.**

My 20 acre tract for sale or trade. On bench west of fair grounds.
V. B. STAPLES,
Vale, Oregon.

We have a comfortable room fitted up especially for the ladies where they can rest, write checks and letters and not be crowded or intruded on; ladies are invited to call and open an account. **ONTARIO NATIONAL BANK.**

THREE LOTS FOR SALE—2 blocks west of postoffice, at a bargain. Inquire at Argus office.

One Dozen Photographs
Make twelve Christmas presents. Mrs. Katherine Doland Wilson respectfully solicits your patronage. Home Portrait work. Children's Photographs a specialty. F. B. Ball residence, phone 112 J. adv

Church Services

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN
Bible school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young peoples meeting at 6:45 p. m.
The church is here to help the people and the community. You can make a more potent force. Come to any or all of the services and you will find a welcome.
W. N. BROWN, Pastor.

CATHOLIC CHURCH
Mass at 8 A M on 1st and 3rd Sunday of each month. On all other Sundays at 10 A M.
H. A. Campo, Rector

METHODIST CHURCH
Sunday School, 10:00 a. m. Preaching, morning, 11:00 a. m., evening 7:30 p. m.
You need the church—the church needs you—"Let's get together."
C. C. PRATT, Pastor

ONTARIO LAUNDRY
Leave Bundles at Any Hotel or Barber Shop
Prompt Attention Given All Orders.

IMPORTANT EVENTS

1914-15 AT

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE

WINTER SHORT COURSE—JAN. 4-30

Agriculture, including Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Dairying, Horticulture, Poultry Husbandry, Insects, Plant and Animal Diseases, Creamery Management, Marketing, etc. Home Economics, including Cooking, Home Nursing, Sanitation, Sewing, Dressmaking and Millinery. Commerce, including Business Management, Rural Economics, Business Law, Office Training, Farm Accounting, etc. Engineering, including Shopwork and Roadbuilding.

FARMERS WEEK—FEBRUARY 1-6

A general clearing house session of six days for the exchange of dynamic ideas on the most pressing problems of the times. Lectures by leading authorities. State conferences.

EXTENSION SERVICE

Offers lectures, movable schools, institutes and numerous correspondence courses on request.

MUSIC: Piano, String, Band, Voice.

No tuition. Reduced rates on all railroads. For further information address, The Oregon Agricultural College, (10-124-10-1-1)

INCREASE SIZE OF DEPOSITS.

Would Amend Postal Savings Bank Law to Meet Demands.

Washington.—One of the bills now in congress that are being held up by the press of business due largely to the war in Europe and that are of peculiar interest to all sections of the country is the bill to amend the postal savings bank law. At present the bill is in conference, and when it will come out can only be conjectured.

Alexander M. Dockery, third assistant postmaster general, who has taken great interest in the measure, had this to say about it recently, but that was before the war clouds broke in Europe and when the prospects of a speedy passage into law were brighter than now:

"With the final passage of this bill so that depositors may put in \$1,000 at one time I anticipate a big jump in the total deposits under this system. The deposits now aggregate approximately \$43,000,000."

Under existing laws persons can deposit not more than \$100 in any one month and are limited to a deposit of \$500.

TO SELL PEACE BUTTONS.

Boy Scouts to Have Charge of Circulating Petitions.

Cleveland, O. — "America Wants World Peace" is the inscription on small buttons circulated by Boy Scouts of America. Thomas D. West, promoter of the sane Fourth movement and instigator of the peace badge which the members of the Cleveland Woman's club have been making in their club rooms, decided to use buttons instead of the ribbon badges to create world peace sentiment.

The ribbon badges are changed from the form of a cross into a rosette on which the button will be pinned. These are sold to women, while the men are solicited with the undecorated button.

In addition to the sale of buttons, Mr. West is also pressing the boy scouts into the service of circulating petitions deploring the European war. Mr. West will have the petitions circulated throughout the United States.

GOLD OUTPUT IN AMERICA IS LARGE

California Breaks All Records Except One Since 1864.

Washington.—The value of the output of recoverable gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc from mines in California in 1913, according to Charles G. Yale of the United States geological survey, was \$26,812,489, an increase of \$428,543 over the 1912 production. All the metals except zinc showed an increased yield, although the ore treated was less in quantity, and there were fewer mines reporting a production than in 1912.

The total recoverable value of gold from California in 1913 was \$20,406,958, of which the deep mines produced \$11,570,781, or 56.7 per cent. The total increase in the gold production was \$933,480, of which \$502,191 was in the yield from deep mines. The gold production was larger than in any other year except one since 1864. This great output was due entirely to the operations of the dredging companies and the larger deep mines, as the number of mines operated in 1913 was 245 less than in 1912.

Of the gold recovered from placer mines the gold dredges reported \$8,000,294, which was nearly 92 per cent of the total state yield in 1913. Since the commencement of gold dredging in California, fifteen years ago, the gold recovered from this source has amounted to \$33,503,485. Most of this large yield has been derived from ground which could not have been mined profitably under any of the old methods of gravel mining. The 410 deep mines sold or treated 2,405,958 tons of ore, a decrease of 145,539 tons compared with 1912. Most of the siliceous ore, which amounted to 2,081,429 tons, was treated at gold and silver mills, yielding an average recovery of \$5.41 a ton in gold and silver. The 448,439 tons of copper had a recoverable value of \$1.84 a ton in gold and silver and \$11.74 in copper. The 14,207 tons of lead ore treated had a recoverable value of \$11.25 in gold and silver and \$23.11 for all metals. The zinc ore shipped in 1913 amounted to 1,823 tons, which was considerably less than in 1912.

RESTORE PRISONERS' RATING

System of Leniency Works Well in United States Army Prison.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Forty-one prisoners at the United States military prison have been restored to the colors under the system now in vogue at the institution. The latest general prisoner to be "graduated" from the disciplinary battalion is Arthur Gaa, who was serving a short term on a charge of desertion.

The new system of restoring minor offenders back to duty, providing they desire to erase the black mark against them and save the disgrace of dishonorable discharge, is proving a success in every way.

Unites Ten Elopers in Day.

Bristol, Tenn.—Fifteen marriages in three days is the record of the Rev. A. H. Burroughs of the Bristol Gretna Green. He married five couples of young elopers from Virginia in one day, four with one ceremony. He has married nearly 5,000 couples.

CARSON RECRUITS ULSTER FOR WAR

"England's Difficulty Not Our Opportunity," He Declares.

TRADE SHOWS A BIG DROP.

Decrease in Totals For August Amount to \$105,000,000—Large Part of This Loss Falls on Germany—Unemployed in England Decreased Since Outbreak of War.

London.—Sir Edward Carson is working hard in efforts to induce his Ulstermen to undertake some real fighting. Sir Edward has been in Ulster addressing meetings of the Ulster volunteers in the interest of the recruiting campaign. This has been his first public appearance since the beginning of the war. In a speech at Belfast a few days ago he told the Ulster volunteers that if enough of them enlisted for active service they would go to the front as a division of their own, under their old officers. He said:

"England's difficulty is not Ulster's opportunity. England's difficulty is our difficulty, and England's sorrow has always been and always will be



Photo by American Press Association. SIR EDWARD CARSON.

our sorrow. Go and help to save your country and your empire. Go and win honors for Ulster and for Ireland."

Similar sentiments have been the burden of several other speeches, but he has generally reiterated also his detestation of home rule and his opposition to the government as a political party.

So far the response of the Ulster volunteers to the recruiting appeals has not been large, but it is generally held that they will be.

The effect of the war on British trade is seen in the board of trade returns for August. Imports compared with the corresponding month last year show a decrease of upward of \$95,000,000, while exports have fallen off nearly \$100,000,000. The imports of sugar have dropped more than \$7,500,000, of which the loss of \$4,000,000 falls on Germany. Manufactured articles show a decrease of \$42,500,000 in the value of imports.

In exports coal is down \$10,000,000 and manufactured articles \$75,000,000. Of the latter \$12,500,000 was lost on ships and war munitions and \$30,000,000 on cotton and woolen fabrics.

It is pointed out by the board of trade that the decrease in exports is due largely to the fact that certain classes of exports are prohibited during wartime.

The return issued by the board of trade shows that the growth of unemployment has virtually stopped. In the trades where insurance against unemployment is enforced the percentage of unemployment is 6.24 compared with 3.34 last year.

The number of persons seeking employment at labor bureaus has actually fallen off, but it is still about double what it was a year ago.

Recruiting, which is proceeding at an amazing rate, accounts somewhat for this, particularly in the north and in the mining districts. Recruits are applying in such numbers that at some places it has been decided to close the recruiting offices for a week.

Prices of food show little change, and this is due more to increased freight and insurance rates than to shortage of supplies. Meat and fish are arriving in almost normal quantities.

The saloons of London are closed hours earlier than usual. At Hull, Chatham and other places, where many sailors are congregated, they have been closed entirely, while in other provincial towns the hours for remaining open have been abandoned.

Colonel W. E. Gordon of the Gordon highlanders is among the officers reported missing in France. Colonel Gordon gained the Victoria Cross in the Boer war by going out under heavy fire and attaching a rope to a gun which was in danger of being captured. With his men he was wounded in trying to drag the gun to safety.

URGES CHEAPER POSTAGE.

Plan For Two Cent Rate to South America as Aid to Commerce.

Washington.—As a further stimulus to commerce, it is proposed by several leaders in congress that steps be taken to obtain a 2 cent postage rate to countries of South America that will consent to an arrangement of this character. It requires at present a 5 cent stamp to carry a letter to South America, and the argument is made that it would foster closer commercial relationship if that part of the world could be placed on the same basis with respect to mail charges as England, Germany, Canada, Mexico and Panama.

Representative James T. Lloyd of Missouri, for several years a member of the house postoffice committee, said today that there was a general sentiment among members of the house and senate in favor of reduced postage to South America.

A change would involve a series of postal treaties to be negotiated between the United States and the countries which are willing to enter into the new arrangement. Each treaty would be made in behalf of the United States by the postmaster general, acting under the advice of the president.

The existing postal arrangements with the South American nations are under the regulations of the Universal Postal union. A joint resolution, the adoption of which would indicate the sentiment of congress on the question of the lower rate, is contemplated by some of the leaders.

NUGGETS PAY FOR OUTING.

California Fisherman Seeks Trout and Finds Gold.

Nevada City, Colo.—A. W. Johnson, manager of an auto truck company, who is camping at Foote crossing, is a lucky person, and instead of digging down in his jeans for expenses he will probably go home ahead of the game. Johnson is fishing along the Middle Yuba river, and a few days ago he picked up a fine nugget.

The find stimulated Johnson to greater efforts, and surely he was well rewarded, for he found another specimen in the river that is valued at \$125. It is a pretty piece, with particles of quartz sticking out between the gold, and was evidently washed down from some rich claim in the mountains.

TOY U. S. FLAGS WIN GERMAN KINDNESS

Americans in Hamburg Protected by Emblems.

Washington.—How little American flags pinned to their coat lapels have assured Americans in Hamburg of kindly treatment at the hands of every German was told in a report from Consul General Henry H. Morgan to the state department.

The report gave a graphic description of the trying days at the outbreak of the war, when the consulate general was filled with frantic men and hysterical women clamoring for means to get home.

"As far as the Americans in this city are concerned," wrote Morgan, "their friends and relatives in the United States can be reassured no harm will come to them, and indeed it would be hard to imagine from the peaceful aspect of the city that the whole country was aflame."

"Some embarrassment was caused at first by the refusal of the banks to honor American letters of credit and checks issued by well known American banks, but subsequently money was offered me in any amount to relieve this situation. Incidents were brought to my attention when American banknotes were changed into German currency at 50 cents on the dollar, but these incidents were very rare."

"I have had several interviews with the civil authorities of Hamburg and the military commander at Altona, and all have shown the most earnest desire to do all in their power to relieve the stress and inconvenience to both American citizens and British subjects caused by the mobilization."

Morgan was entrusted with British interests in Hamburg, and while there were sixty-two British vessels with upward of a thousand sailors aboard at anchor in the harbor when war was declared he reported that not a single overt act against any British resident of the city had been brought to his attention. On the day the report was written a special train provided by the German government was leaving for Holland with Americans.

"There will be a large number who will have to remain here for lack of funds to return to the United States," said the report, "and among this number are many women and children. In the meantime no special concern need be entertained on their behalf, for a number of American firms in this city, as well as German firms, have contributed to a charitable fund which I have opened for their relief."

"The prices of living have only slightly increased, and many of the hotels and pensions in the city have decreased their prices to aid those in distress."

Never Drank Nor Swore.

Tipton, Mo.—George Schreck, who came here from Berlin, Germany, fifty-six years ago, is dead at the age of ninety-one years. It is said he never uttered an oath, never used intoxicants and paid every penny he owed.

CHRISTMAS SHOPPING
The Easiest Thing in the World
You will find just the things you are looking for at:
HILL'S
All those dainty little things that suggest so much and cost so little are on display at:
HILL'S
DON'T DREAD
Christmas Shopping Time
IT'S EASY AT
HILL'S PHARMACY, Ontario Oregon

Opportunity Awaits You
For Something to Eat
The Store That Makes Christmas More Than Merry For You
You cannot eat better or feel better afterwards than by using our special brands of groceries--those groceries that appeal to the stomach--that are exceptionally wholesome
And easily digested--that leaves no distressing after-effects.
McCoy Brothers, Grocers

Why Not Buy Substantial Christmas Presents
Chaffing Dishes, Coffee Percolators, Electric Percolators, Electric Irons and Toasters, Pocket Knives, Scissors and Shears, Aluminum Ware, Safety Razors, Manicuring Sets, Tool Sets. We have everything in our line, from a Buck Saw to a Monarch Range.
Ontario Hardware Company

WILL IT PAY?
We would like to know how many will profit from reading this notice. We have the goods in varied lines including Toys in great variety, in dolls, Choice pieces in China, Tableware in sets of your own choosing, the best and largest assortment in town.
The question of Xmas. gifts is calling for attention now and we believe a visit to our store will solve the problem in most cases.
Come and try this Proposition
The Variety Store
Ontario, Oregon