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BOY IN AMERICA TO CLAIM THRONE

Mother Says She Is Daughter of Austria's Crown Prince.

NOW LIVING IN NEW YORK.

If Woman's Claim Can Be Established a Contest Will Be Made—Prince Rudolph and Marie Vetsera Were Found Mysteriously Shot in Austria in 1889.

New York.—Out of the confusion that has arisen from the assassination of Francis Ferdinand, heir to the Austrian throne, and his morganatic wife, the Duchess of Hohenberg, arises the interesting report that a small boy, now being educated in the United States, will lay claim to the throne of Austria.

This boy is Rudolph, son of Mrs. Alma Vetsera Hayne, who claims she is the daughter of Crown Prince Rudolph and Marie Vetsera, who were found dead together in a hunting lodge at Meyerling, Austria, in 1889.

Mrs. Hayne, who married a Canadian stockbroker, George Osborne Hayne, and subsequently divorced him, has persisted that she is the offspring of the morganatic union of Prince Rudolph and Marie Vetsera, and she named her son after the man she claims for her sire.

The probability of formal claim now being made to the Austrian succession on behalf of this boy is all the stronger because of the persistence with which the aged emperor of Austria contends for an unbroken line of Hapsburgs. When Crown Prince Rudolph contracted his morganatic marriage he forced him to renounce all claim to the throne, offering the succession to his own brother, Carl Ludwig. When Lud



Photo by American Press Association. MRS. HAYNE AND SON RUDOLPH.

wig declined the honor the succession was passed along to the latter's son, Francis Ferdinand, who was slain the other day.

When Francis Ferdinand contracted his morganatic marriage the emperor made him renounce all right to the throne for his possible heirs. His death, Mrs. Hayne now believes, opens the way clearly for the claims of her son, Rudolph, and there is every reason to believe that she intends pushing them.

Mrs. Hayne is a beautiful Austrian and came to this country for the first time about twelve years ago. She asserts that she is the child of the tragic love affair which resulted in the deaths of Prince Rudolph and Marie Vetsera. She says her husband often declared that she was the "truest of all the Hapsburgs."

On June 5 Mrs. Hayne returned to this country and told several of the passengers aboard the liner that she had decided to renounce her title of Princess Vetsera and that she expected to live in America so that she might edu-

cate her son in the way she wishes. "I don't want to live any more on the other side," she declared. "There are too many unhappy associations with Europe for me. I am building a home in New York, and I intend to make a home that I can enjoy in the real sense."

This woman has had rather a romantic life, especially since she first came to the United States. After being wooed by many suitors she finally married George Osborne Hayne in Toronto in 1907, but three years later Hayne sued for divorce, naming Justin B. McDougall, son of a Canadian capitalist. This trouble, however, came to an end when McDougall's father had him arrested, and he was later put in an insane asylum. When Hayne heard of this he hurried to New York to effect a reconciliation with his wife.

HUERTA TO RESIGN AND LEAVE MEXICO

Will Surrender Government to Present Minister Foreign Affairs Carbajal.

Vera Cruz.—To save his country from the further horrors of continued civil war and his capital from capture and perhaps sack by a victorious army General Huerta intends to resign the provisional presidency and leave Mexico.

This statement was made by Roberto Esteve-Ruiz, Mexican Sub-Secretary of foreign affairs, who reached Vera Cruz from Mexico city on his way to Europe. Huerta, he said, will surrender the government to Francisco Carbajal, the new minister of foreign affairs, who, in turn, will step aside, when the time comes, for some other provisional president wholly acceptable to the constitutionalists.

Carbajal, he added, was suggested as provisional president by the American delegation at the Niagara Falls mediation conference and agreed to by Huerta's delegates and the South American mediators, while the constitutionalists indirectly had conveyed the idea that he would be acceptable to Carranza.

Stand Made at San Luis Potosi.

Saltillo.—Fighting already has begun at San Luis Potosi. Engagements of outposts, designed by the constitutionalists to establish the federal strength and position, are of daily occurrence, according to reports received here by General Carranza.

The federals have concentrated every available man at San Luis Potosi, sending remnants of the garrisons of Guadaluajara and Zacatecas and a part of the garrison of Mexico City, as well as 5000 recruits to oppose General Gonzales.

Naval Militiamen on Homeward Trip.

Honolulu.—The Oregon and Washington naval militia started for Port Angeles, Wash., Saturday, on the homeward bound trip aboard the cruiser Milwaukee. The vessel is due to reach its destination July 18.

GUILT DENIED BY ACCUSED

Magazine Staff Say Goethals Approved Isthmian Canal Pictures.

San Francisco.—The defense of Charles K. Field, editor of Sunset Magazine, and of the three others accused with him of having disclosed military secrets of the United States by the publication of an illustrated article, will be that the pictures were taken and the aeroplane flight across the Isthmus of Panama was made with the permission of Colonel George W. Goethals, in command of the Panama zone.

Mr. Field, Robert Fowler, an aviator; Riley E. Scott, author of the article; and Ray Duham, a moving picture man, were arrested at the instance of the war department, acting through John W. Preston, United States district attorney here. No bail was required and they were released on their own recognizance.

Ship's Officers Accused.

San Francisco.—A federal grand jury returned indictments against Captain Harry Stremmel, of the steamship Harvard, Robert Hill, mate, Eric Froberg, second mate, and Robert C. Pitt, purser, charging them with an assault on the high seas against Louis Lull, a sailor.

OREGON NEWS NOTES OF GENERAL INTEREST

Events Occurring Throughout the State During the Past Week.

Broken Bone is Nailed Together.

Albany.—Two 16-penny wire nails were used by Dr. R. B. Wallace in setting the fractured neck of the thigh bone of A. Baughman, age 45, the shoemaker who fell from a tricycle Wednesday night. Because the location of the break made it inconvenient to successfully bind, the nails had to be driven through the severed ends of the bone and into the femur. Half of the nails are imbedded in this, and the other half in the other bone, where they will remain. The injured hip has also been placed in plaster of Paris and will be kept so for about two months. Baughman wears a cork leg on his right limb from the knee.

Bandits' Dynamite is Found.

Pendleton.—Dynamite cached by Charles Manning, leader of the trio of robbers who held up the O-W. R. & N. train near Meacham July 2, was discovered by small boys in the outskirts of this city. Clarence Stoner, the youngest of the trio, said Manning had brought a 10-pound box of dynamite from Cokeville to Pendleton. Arriving here he took out 12 sticks he thought they would need for the Meacham job and then cached the remainder where it was found.

Fishing Law Faces Test.

Astoria.—A case that will test the constitutionality of one section of the state fishing laws of the state was started in justice court here. Orsz Catholic, a fisherman, who recently arrived from the Sacramento River and is said to be a resident of California, was arrested on a charge of fishing without a license. He was found guilty and fined \$50 and \$5 costs. His attorney gave notice of appeal to the circuit court.

Roseburg Sets Bond Election Date.

Roseburg.—At a meeting of citizens it was decided to hold the election, to authorize the issuance of bonds in the sum of \$300,000 with which to help construction of a railroad from Roseburg to Marshfield, on October 5. The voters also will be asked to amend the present city charter so as to allow the creation of an indebtedness in excess of \$5000, as well as select a so-called railroad commission.

PACIFIC HIGHWAY JOB LET

Contract for Five Miles at Cost of \$50,000 is Awarded.

Medford.—The Clark Henry Construction company, which has paved 20 miles in the city of Medford was awarded the contract to construct five miles of the Pacific Highway from Ashland north to Talent at a cost of approximately \$50,000.

The road will be 16 feet wide, with macadam shoulders of four feet on each side and will vary from mere resurfacing, where the old macadam road furnishes sufficient foundation, to a 3½-inch base of concrete and 1½ wearing surface of asphaltic macadam.

Work on the road will start at once and is expected to be completed early in the fall. The one built by the county from Central Point to Medford has been completed and will be opened to traffic August 9, allowing 30 days in which to set. When present plans are carried out, Jackson county will have, by November 1, a hard-surfaced pavement extending from Ashland to Central Point, a distance of 20 miles, and an excavation of a 5 per cent gravel highway over the Siskiyou to the California line ready for hard surfacing in the spring of 1915.

Seaside Ready for Troops.

Seaside.—Twenty-five hundred National Guardsmen of Oregon and Idaho arrived Monday for encampment with the Twenty-first regiment of regulars, from Vancouver barracks, which has been located on the plains a few miles north of this city. The regulars marched from Vancouver by way of the Nehalem valley, averaging over 16 miles a day on the trip.

TO HAVE OREGON EXHIBIT AT PANAMA EXPOSITION

Judge McKnight of Malheur County Elected Vice President

Judge McKnight returned Tuesday morning from LaGrande where he attended the meeting in the interest of the Oregon exhibit at the Panama exposition next year.

Oregon has been divided into districts each of which is to send a representative to look after exhibits from his own section.

The Eastern Oregon District is composed of Wallowa, Union, Baker, Grant Harney and Malheur counties.

Robert Withycombe was elected president, Judge McKnight, Vice President and C. C. Cate of LaGrande, Secretary.

The state has made the necessary appropriation for the building and it is now up to the counties to fill it.

Horse Thief in Demand.

S. C. Thompson, the horse thief arrested at Wallula, Wash., last week on information from the local authorities, who wanted him for stealing a team from Sam Hale, at Whitney, is also badly wanted by the Malheur county authorities. It seems that Thompson when he first left Vale, stole a horse belonging to County Judge McKnight and a saddle belonging to Sheriff Kerfoot. These were later recovered when he changed horses before stealing the Hale team. He also took a wagon and harness from John Day, which, with the Hale team, he had in his possession when arrested.

No action has yet been taken in the case and he is still being held in the county jail. He was sentenced once before for stealing a horse from the Entermile ranch near here and will have to serve the remainder of a two to eight year term in the penitentiary, he having escaped while working with Governor West's honor road gang.—Baker Democrat.

New Train Schedule.

It is rumored that on the 19th a new train schedule will be issued by the Short Line providing for a train from Salt Lake to Payette Lakes.

For a connection with this train a train will start from Ontario in the morning and run to Emmett, by Payette, connecting there with the trains for and from the lakes, and return to Ontario about noon. In the afternoon this crew will make a run to Brogan.

From what we could learn the schedule is not definitely decided upon, but will be along the above lines.

Youngsters Enjoy Picnic.

About thirty youngsters of the Baptist Sunday School accompanied by the Superintendent and Teachers, enjoyed a week's outing at Arcadia grove returning Saturday. The Grove covers about five acres of which the children had full control.

An hour each afternoon was spent in swimming in the Owyhee Ditch which was the greatest treat of all.

Everybody reported an enjoyable time and expressed a desire to go next year.

To Rebuild Railroad Bridges.

The work train, loaded with the necessary material for the boarding houses and work shops arrived Wednesday morning and the workmen are busy getting a camp on the island in shape.

Mr. Kelly, who is in charge of the work, has about 35 men under him at present and when the work starts will have from 100 to 150 on the pier.

It will require about 18 months to complete the work.

A Bold Robbery.

On July 10 a robber walked boldly into the Harper store, lined John Turner, the manager, James Newton and the section foreman along the wall and proceeded to take the cash.

He got about \$210 from the safe and two tills, but dropped \$26.10 when mounting his horse a short distance from the store.

He wore no mask and good description was obtained, but no trace of him has been obtained.

CAILLAUX TRIAL EXCITES FRANCE

Outcome May Shape Nation's Political Destinies.

HUSBAND A STRONG MAN.

Member of Radical Element Which Has Ruled Country For Years Past. Defiant Woman Confident of Acquittal—Sure Husband Will Continue in Public Life.

Paris.—All France is in a fever of excitement on the eve of the trial of Mme. Caillaux, the beautiful wife of Joseph Caillaux, for the murder of Gaston Calmette, who was editor of Le Figaro. The killing was the culmination of a series of attacks made on the reputation of the woman's husband, who at the time was minister of finance.

The trial of a beautiful woman, a member of one of the most prominent families, socially, politically and financially, on a murder charge is alone enough to arouse unprecedented interest. But this trial is more than that—it is a contest between two factions in France, the result of which will determine the political destinies of the country.

Mme. Caillaux is now in jail, where she has been confined since the shooting. She is a brave woman, has no fear of the ultimate end of the trial, confident of acquittal and faces her enemies with the same defiance that distinguished her before the shooting.

Favors have been shown her since the beginning of her prison life. Special meals are served in her luxurious cell. It is magnificently furnished.

Soon after the tragedy unrest arose in the French cabinet. Several attempts have been made to organize a cabinet, but failure was the result. How long the present cabinet will serve no one can conjecture. France has been governed for years by the Radical party. The country has insensibly grown to look upon the Radicals



LATEST PICTURE OF MME. CAILLAUX.

as its unavoidable, almost natural, governors. When one Radical cabinet falls another is ready to take its place—another with a slight difference of political shade, a different set of names, tactics somewhat altered, but, on the whole, working out identically the same program.

A man of the greatest importance among the Radical Socialists is Joseph Caillaux, the wealthy financier, former minister of finance, present chairman of the Radical party and future—who knows what not? The murder of Le Figaro's editor, Gaston Calmette, by Mme. Caillaux temporarily prevents this extraordinarily ambitious man from stepping to the front in the politics of his country, in spite of his having been re-elected to the chamber by an overwhelming majority last April, barely a month after the tragedy at the Figaro office.

Outside the district he represents Caillaux is not popular in France. Calmette's accusations, printed in Le Figaro, are generally considered well founded. He is too clever a financier to be an absolutely honest politician. While he was in power he succeeded in increasing his personal fortune at an enormous rate, holding as he did the financial secrets of the coun-

try and speculating with perfect safety. Furthermore, he has tapped the large banks in the management of which he had a hand while he was finance minister of enormous sums to constitute an election fund. He gathered millions in this fund, and when elections came the advanced Radical candidates were given liberal support. In those districts where there were three candidates—one Reactionary, one moderate Radical and one Socialist—the last was financed by the Caillaux election fund under color of forming a coalition of advanced Republicans to fight the "enemies of the republic."

Big words like this are still being used to good effect in France, although every one knows that the monarchists and imperialists have dwindled enough in number and in power to become but negligible enemies.

U. S. MUST IMPORT MANY ARTICLES

Reports Tell What Countries Supply This Nation.

VALUE INCREASING FAST.

Coffee Comes Exclusively From Brazil and Central America—Many Valuable Products Sent From American Insular Possessions—Tables Give Interesting Data.

Washington.—Of great practical value to the American business man seeking information regarding foreign markets for the goods which he handles or the sources of imported raw materials and of goods competing with domestic products are two publications presenting details with respect to every important article exported from or imported into the United States, prepared by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, department of commerce.

It is interesting to note, for example, that coffee is now supplied almost exclusively by Brazil, Central America and other tropical countries of the western hemisphere; that sugar, formerly imported in large quantities from Java and the sugar beet countries of Europe, is now chiefly supplied by Cuba, the Philippines and the Jomelic product, including Hawaii and Porto Rico, and that champagne shows constantly diminishing importations as a result of the rapidly expanding home output. American factories consume great quantities of imported materials, last year's imports including \$50,000,000 worth of fibers, \$80,000,000 worth of raw silk, \$100,000,000 worth each of India rubber and hides. These are mere examples of the more than 500 different classes of articles whose sources are shown in a section of "Commerce and Navigation of the United States" and which include such widely varied items as asbestos, beads, camphor, human hair, ivory, kapok, rattans, toys, umbrellas and zinc.

Of even more interest to the American producer is another section, exports of merchandise from the United States to foreign countries, from which may be ascertained those parts of the world in which our raw materials, food-stuffs and manufactures are being successfully sold and those yet to be entered. Thus, while the iron and steel industry exports goods to every important country, with sales over \$300,000,000 in value per annum, and the automobile industry is making each year a new high record, the cotton manufacturing industry exports less than \$50,000,000 worth of its products each year, mostly to the nonmanufacturing countries of Asia and America.

The distribution abroad of the less conspicuous articles of commerce is likewise indicated. Athletic and sporting goods, breakfast foods, aeroplanes, motion picture films, cement, chewing gum, confectionery and teeth are typical items chosen at random from the report, which also shows that we export large quantities of dynamo to England, of telephones to Canada, of optical instruments to Germany and France, of stoves and ranges to the Congo and other tropical countries, and of ice to Canada.

The aggregate value of articles imported is shown to have increased from \$1,312,000,000 in 1909 to \$1,813,000,000 in 1913, while the value of articles exported has increased from \$1,638,000,000 to \$2,423,000,000 in the same period.

The income tax returns are reported \$23,000,000 shy; must be because the owners are equally mist.