

COUNTY NEWS

Ida Ray Brandes has filed suit against Carrie A. Walker, Catherine Rowe, John Doe and Jane Doe to recover \$26,236.25 principal and interest on promissory notes and has sued Carrie A. Walker, Oliver G. Walker and Evelyn Walker for \$100 on a promissory note, executed September 9, 1914.

The estate of John Shannon, who died in Oregon City a week ago Sunday, and of Hewton M. Sterling, who died at Molalla, July 24, were filed in the probate department of the county court yesterday. The Shannon estate is valued at \$7500 and the Sterling property at \$972.

Last week the county court appropriated \$200 to pay for a display of this section's resources at the Manufacturers' and Land Products Show to be held in Portland, commencing late this month. Half of the sum was obtained from the prize won by the county at the State fair in Salem. George Lazelle and Mr. McGetchie, of Gladstone, will have charge of the exhibit. Eastern Clackamas county will not be represented with a district exhibit at the show, as originally planned.

In Clackamas county 193 teachers have received outlines for their prescribed reading circle work, and 144 teachers have been sent their certificates by the extension division of the University of Oregon, which conducts the reading circle work for the state superintendent's office. Of the whole number of public school teachers in the state, about 4500, more than 3700 have enrolled and 2750 have received certificates. The state school law now requires study of one book on a pedagogical subject each year and the taking of an informal examination on the book. The State University took over the work in some counties a year ago, and now conducts it in 33 counties.

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JOHN N. SIEVERS

ATTORNEY AT LAW

OREGON CITY OREGON

HAMMOND & HAMMOND
LAWYERS

Offices, SANDY & OREGON CITY
We will be in Sandy Saturday of each week at the Clackamas County Bank

M. A. Deaton
INSURANCE

At Clackamas County Bank

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THERE is a variety so great, both in cloth and model, that you are sure of finding here the clothes you want.

IT is a combination that costs you at least \$10 more at other stores, but not at ours---we want you to see the Fall Styles---we want you to know how good suits can be made that sell from \$18 and up.

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TAILORING CO.
GENTS FURNISHINGS

Sandy, = = = = = Oreg.

REGISTRARS ARE NAMED IN CLACKAMAS COUNTY UNDER NEW STATE LAW

The naming of the registrars for Clackamas county under the state law has been completed. These new officials will make reports of deaths and births, which was done by the county health officer in the past. County Health Officer Welch has been supplied with a list of the registrars in this county, which follows:

District 13, Corporate Limits of Oregon City only, Dr. J. W. Norris.

District 66, Willsonville, Pleasant Hill, Tualatin and Union, Dr. W. D. Butler.

District 13, Colton, Highland, Clarks, Beaver Creek, Carus, Maple Lane, Evergreen, Logan, Willamette, West Linn, Mt. Pleasant, Abernathy, Gladstone, Jennings Lodge, Clackamas, Sunnyside and Damascus, Dr. Orel A. Welch.

District 67, Oswego, Dr. A. J. Rossiter.

District 68, Milwaukie, Harmony, Ardenwald and Oak Grove, William D. Ferry.

District 69, Estacada, Eagle Creek, Springwater, Viola, Dover, George and Garfield, Dr. H. V. Adix.

District 73, Molalla, Mulino, Liberal, Dickey Prairie, Need, Killin, Marquam and Soda Springs, George J. Case.

District 74, Canby, New Era, Barlow and Macksburg, Dr. H. A. Dedman.

District 76, Sandy, Boring, Cottrell, Barton, Bull Run and Cherryville, Dr. J. R. Stegall.

NOTICE OF ROAD BUDGET MEETING

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Chapter 234, General Laws of Oregon 1913, and Chapter 225, General Laws of Oregon 1915, a meeting of the legal voters of Road District No. 8, Clackamas County, Oregon will be held at Cherryville School House said district on the 6th day of November 1915 at the hour of two (2) o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of considering estimates of the amount of money to be raised by special tax in said District for the improvement and maintenance of Mt. Hood Road for the ensuing year.

Subscribed by three resident freeholders of said District and by the road supervisor of said District this 15th day of October 1915.

E. H. King,
Henry Raithel,
J. T. McIntyre.

John Bucholz, Road Supervisor,
Road District No. 8.

"If you strike a thorn or rose,

Keep a-go-in'!

If it hails or if it snows,

Keep a-go-in'!

"Tain't no use to sit and whine

When the fish ain't on your line;

Bait your hook and keep on tryin'--

Keep a-go-in'!"

READ THE HOME PAPER
and
BOOST HOME INDUSTRIES

DRAGGING THE ROADS.

A Certain Amount of Highway Work Should Be Done by Every Farmer.

The working out of the road tax is a thing of the past in most states. It became a joke, writes W. J. Harsha in the Country Gentleman. Men appeared with all sorts of implements and did every sort of work except good work. It is no more. Still, as a matter of public policy and private profit, a certain amount of road building should be undertaken by every farmer. We have found, in our county, that if the farmers jump in for a few days' work at the opportune moment they save taxes and repairs.

Of course we use the split log drag. This is simple, efficient and cheap. We take care to make the drag so light that one man can lift it, yet heavy enough to do the business.

Dry cedar logs are best for the purpose, though other woods—elm, walnut, box elder or soft maple—are recommended. Oak, hickory and ash are too heavy. We take logs from seven to ten feet long and from eight to ten inches in diameter at the butt end. White spruce does very well if cedars are scarce. Red spruce is too heavy. Dry aspens are too light.

We split the logs as near the center as possible. We use the heavier slab in front and shoe it with a strip of iron along the lower face. We run the drag at an angle of about forty-five degrees.

We aim to drag the main portions of our roads soon after each heavy rain. With us this comes during our busy season, since our heaviest rains occur in haying and harvest time.

But we try to jump to the work, since neglect will make double work later on. We have our sluggards, but public sentiment is so strong that the majority of our farmers come to time.

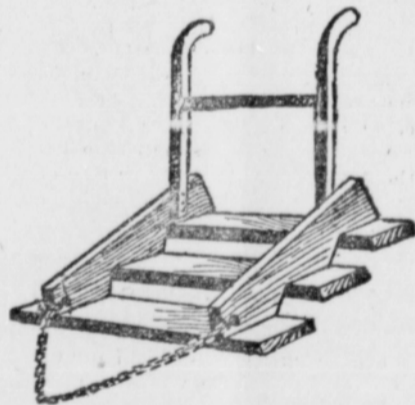
A hundred days' work, distributed through the year, will keep a road in better shape than a hundred days of continuous labor.

When the soil is moist and not too sticky the drag does its best work. Plowed wet, the soil of a road will pack just as the soil of a field will. If, however, the roadway is full of ruts and holes it is often best to run the drag when the soil is slushy, taking risk of baked and uneven stretches. During our January thaw we sometimes drag over our roads. The subsequent freezing gives them a comparatively smooth surface.

"A farmer is correctly judged by his fences," is an old saying. The new public spirit demands an addition to this: A farmer is quite as accurately judged by the roads in front of and within his bordering fences.

Homemade Drag Good For Roads.

This drag is designed for fining and packing soil for the better preservation of moisture. It is three and one-half feet wide, made of 2 by 8 inch lumber and put together with four inch spikes. The handles, which may be



taken from a castaway implement, are two and one-half feet long. The chains are attached through auger holes. In making the notched cuts to give the required pitch for the drag boards take out three inches. The boards are two and one-half feet long.—Southern Agriculturist.

Bonding Highways.

The voters of Kings county, Cal., have voted in favor of the project to issue bonds to the amount of \$672,500 for the construction of 108 miles of permanent highways connecting all cities and community centers with the county seat and joining the Hanford-Visalia lateral of the state highway at several points.

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IN YOUR BUSINESS

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The News In This Paper
Is REAL News, Not Reprint.

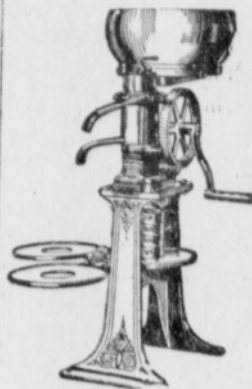
Hallowe'en dance Shelley Hall, Oct. 30,

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SHERIFF'S SALE

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Clackamas. Caspar Junker, Plaintiff

vs.

E. Coalman and Elyna C. Coalman his wife, John R. Maronay, O. C. Yocum and Annie Yocum, his wife, The Bank of Oregon City, a corporation, Henry Helms and Robert Jones, Defendants. State of Oregon, County of Clackamas, ss.

By virtue of a judgement order, decree and an execution, duly issued out of and under the seal of the above entitled court, in the above entitled cause, to me duly directed and dated the 4th day of October 1915, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said court on the 4th day of October 1915, in favor of Caspar Junker, Plaintiff, and against E. Coalman and Elyna C. Coalman his wife, John R. Maronay, O. C. Yocum and Annie Yocum his wife, The Bank of Oregon City, a corporation, Henry Helms and Robert Jones, Defendants, for the sum of \$500.00, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 23rd day of June 1915, and the further sum of \$39.55 interest due on said note to June 23rd 1915, and the further sum of \$50.00, as attorney's fee, and the further sum of \$20.60 costs and disbursements, and the costs of and upon this writ, commanding me to make sale of the following described real property, situate in the county of Clackamas, state of Oregon, to-wit: All of lot six (6) Block two (2) of Otto Meinig's Second Addition to the Town of Sandy, according to the plat thereof filed with the Recorder of Clackamas County, Oregon.

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of said execution, judgement order and decree, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, I will, on Saturday, the 6th day of November 1915; at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the County Court House in the City of Oregon City, in said County and State, sell at public auction, subject to redemption, to the highest bidder, for U. S. gold coin cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the within named defendants or either of them, had on the date of the mortgage herein or since

had in or to the above described real property or any part thereof, to satisfy said execution, judgment order, decree, interest, costs and all accruing costs.

Dated, Oregon City, Ore. Oct. 7th, 1915.

W. J. WILSON,
Sheriff of Clackamas County, Oregon.
By E. C. HACKETT, Deputy.

SILO VERSUS DRY FODDER.

Value of Two Methods of Preserving Corn Plant Compared.

The principal function of the silo is to increase the value of the fodder part of the crop. On farms where rough feed is produced in excess of the needs of the live stock kept there is perhaps little need for the silo, says the Kansas Farmer.

Well cured corn fodder is a fine feed, but it is never consumed without waste. Only the finer leafy portions will be eaten by stock, and in the course of the handling there is always a considerable loss of this most valuable portion. This waste represents food value. It is unused energy, and the labor of handling it must be figured as unproductive. It requires no more labor to put a field of corn into a silo and feed it out to stock than it does to cut and shock it in a field and haul it in and feed it out during the winter. In the one case a little more labor may be condensed into a short period of time, but the increased ease and facility with which silage can be fed as compared with the winter handling of corn fodder much more than compensate for the rush work of filling a silo.

One of the most valuable features of preserving corn in the silo is the fact that it does not deteriorate in value. Silage can be kept several years without loss. Shredded corn fodder is a most uncertain roughage to store even for a short period of time, as those having had experience with it well know. It must be in just the right condition at shredding time or it may mold and heat in the stack or mow at once. And if kept over a year it becomes so unpalatable that little of it is eaten. On the other hand, silage for summer feeding is rapidly increasing in popularity. On many farms silage is being fed to milk cows in summer, and the results compare most favorably with those secured where the cows are on luxuriant pasture.



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