

NEWS NOTES OF CURRENT WEEK

Resume of World's Important Events Told in Brief.

Sixteen thousand Chicago carpenters go on strike.

German submarine sinks Dutch freight ship while at anchor off The Netherlands.

John Bunny, the noted motion picture comedian, is near death at his home in Brooklyn.

Two Zeppelins raid English town on the eastern coast Friday and do considerable damage to property.

Ten Tacoma dairies are closed by health authorities, who claim milk from tubercular cows was freely sold.

Germany declares Russian invasion of Hungary was a failure, and that the Czar's army has been brought to a halt.

Fast melting snow in Arizona wash out two dams near St. Johns and drown eight persons, besides doing half million dollars' damage to property.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont announces that 500 women of New York will march to the office of United States Senator O'Gorman here April 30 to obtain his views on Woman Suffrage.

The steamer Northern Pacific of the Great Northern Pacific Steamship company, sister ship of the Great Northern, sails on her maiden trip between San Francisco and Flavel, Or.

William L. Miller, 101 years, of Joplin, Mo., announces his wedding to Mrs. Nancy B. Pike, 60, and issued a general invitation to the public to attend. Miller was married twice previously.

P. C. Jenkins, a prominent resident of Butler county, Kentucky, was found guilty in circuit court and sentenced to four years and one day in the penitentiary on the charge of being connected with night raiding operations in western Kentucky.

Twelve thousand men employed by the Calumet & Hecla Mining company, Calumet, Mich., and subsidiary properties, received an increase of 10 per cent in wages. The wage rate in effect prior to the outbreak of the European war is thereby restored.

The British government has offered a "full and ample apology" to the Chilean government for the sinking on March 14 in Chilean territorial waters of the German cruiser Dresden, the internment of which had already been ordered by the maritime governor of Cumberland Bay when the British squadron attacked and sank her.

Select and common councils of Philadelphia have decided to allow the historic Liberty Bell to be sent to the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Resolutions providing for its trip across the continent were unanimously adopted by both branches. Mayor Blankenburg announced that he would sign the resolutions and only minor details now remain to complete the arrangements.

Vehemently asserting that he had nothing to do with the death of Francisco Madero, General Victoriano Huerta, ex-provisional president of Mexico, issued a long signed statement in New York setting forth what he termed his side of the Mexican question. General Huerta declared that he knew who was responsible for Madero's death, but that he was keeping it as a "professional secret."

An attack by the allies on the Germans, is declared to be near.

London gives out the lost list on the Nueve Chapelle battle as nearly 8000.

The United States is building a submarine that will withstand a 100-day dive.

A big copper mine in Josephine county, Oregon, has been sold for \$250,000.

Spokane policemen are stopping jitney drivers who have not filed \$2500 bonds, required by a recently-passed ordinance.

A Petrograd dispatch reports that the Kaiser personally directs defense of Hungary and that the Russian advance is broken.

Six instructors of Willamette university, Salem, Oregon, have resigned. The move on the part of the teachers is said to be voluntary.

Ex-presidents Taft and Roosevelt act as honorary pallbearers to the late Professor Thomas Lounsbury of Yale college. The two ex-presidents shook hands formally.

An expressman on the Oregon Electric railroad saves life of a small child who was standing on the track at Eugene. The trainman dashed ahead of the train and jerked the tot to safety.

In the West the French forces apparently are satisfied with their recent successes between the Meuse and the Lorraine frontier and say only that they have come in contact with the German entanglements in this region. Official German reports assert that determined attacks by the French have been repulsed along this sector.

General Huerta to Stay in United States

New York—General Victoriano Huerta, former provisional president of Mexico, who for nearly a year has been an exile in Spain, arrived here Tuesday on the Spanish steamship Antonio Lopez from Cadiz.

General Huerta was passed by United States immigration officials as a transit alien, after he had declared under oath that he would do nothing that would involve the neutrality of the United States.

The ex-president said that he had come to the United States partly for pleasure and partly to attend to some personal business connected with family matters. He swore that he had no intention of going to Mexico or to Cuba. The length of his stay here, he said, was indefinite, but he would return to Spain, possibly sailing from New York early in May.

General Huerta was met at quarantine by representatives of the press and by an array of photographers. While submitting to being photographed in every desired pose, he declined to say anything as to his mission—agreeing to meet newspapermen at his hotel here at a later date.

Regarding this appointment he said: "I understand that my presence in this country creates in you the desire to know my views about the affairs of Mexico and I promise to satisfy your wishes to the best of my ability. I beg you, gentlemen, to remember that no interview with me should be considered as authentic unless it carries my personal signature."

General Huerta was accompanied by General Jose C. Delgado, who has been his private secretary for 10 years, and by Abraham Ratner, a personal friend of the general, who declared himself as an American citizen, giving his residence as New York.

Indiana Mayor Gets Six Years for Election Fraud

Indianapolis, Ind.—Four men convicted in the Terre Haute election fraud trial were sentenced by Judge Anderson to the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

The other 16, including Donn M. Roberts, mayor, who received prison sentences and appealed, and the 87 who were given sentences ranging from one day to six months in the local jail, are in jail here. It was said the 16 will have two or three days in which to obtain their appeal bonds, which were fixed by Judge Anderson at \$10,000 for each year the men were sentenced. Edward Holler, the former chief of police, who pleaded guilty, also received prison sentence.

The four who withdrew from the appeal are: John M. Messelink, city sealer of weights and measures and former member of the state legislature; Arthur Gillis, Progressive election official; Joseph Strauss, liquor salesman, and George Sovern, gambler. Each had been sentenced to a year and a day in prison and to pay a fine of \$100.

To obtain liberty pending his appeal, Mayor Roberts, who was sentenced to six years and to pay a fine of \$2000, the severest sentence given, will have to furnish a bond of \$60,000. If all secure bonds it will mean a total of \$420,000.

Telegraphers Are Declared Underpaid by Employer

Chicago—President Newcomb Carlton, of the Western Union Telegraph company, and S. J. Konenkamp, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, testified from their respective viewpoints before the United States commission on Industrial relations Tuesday as to wages and working conditions of the commercial telegraphers.

Mr. Carlton caused a mild sensation when, replying to a question from Frank P. Walsh, chairman of the commission, as to whether telegraphers were adequately compensated, replied: "I believe that the telegraphers are underpaid."

"Overpaid!" exclaimed Mr. Walsh. "No, underpaid. I think they ought to make more money than they do. So far as I can ascertain, wages have increased 30 per cent in the last ten years. Ten years ago a Morse telegrapher received \$18; it is now \$23. It was \$13.50 for women and now it is \$18. My own view is that a first-class telegrapher should be able to earn at least \$5 a day of nine hours. Some of our employees, under the so-called premium plan, are making close to that."

The witness said his company has one of the best pension and relief organizations in the country, and it costs the men nothing. Half a million dollars was expended on it last year, he said.

Belgium to Hear Concert.

Berlin—The famous Philharmonic Orchestra of Berlin is preparing to make a concert tour of Belgium early in May, according to announcement by the Overseas News Agency. Felix Weingarten will conduct and the musicians will play twice in Brussels.

ENGLISH REPORT LOSS OF 12,810

Cost to Foe at Battle of Nueve Chapelle Claimed Heavier.

Thousands of Germans Go Down— 18,000 Wounded Declared Removed From Field.

London—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British expeditionary forces on the continent, reports the British losses in the three days' fighting at Nueve Chapelle as follows:

Killed—190 officers, 2337 men.

Wounded—359 officers, 8174 other ranks.

Missing—23 officers, 1728 men.

Field Marshal French's report continues:

"The enemy left several thousand dead on the field and we have positive information that upwards of 12,000 wounded were removed by train. Thirty officers and 1657 of other ranks were captured."

The British commander's dispatch concerning the battle of Nueve Chapelle, which began early in March, says among other things:

"Considerable delay occurred after the capture of Nueve Chapelle and the infantry was greatly disorganized. I am of the opinion that this delay would not have occurred had the clearly-expressed order of the general officer commanding the first army been more carefully observed."

Field Marshal French's report, which covers the battles of Nueve Chapelle and St. Eloi, under date of April 5, was published in the Official Gazette. The commander-in-chief writes:

"The event of chief interest and importance which has taken place is the victory achieved over the enemy in the battle of Nueve Chapelle, which was fought March 10, 11 and 12."

"The main attack was delivered by the troops of the first army under command of General Sir Douglas Haig, supported by a large force of heavy artillery, a division of cavalry and some infantry of the general reserve."

Good Roads Bonds Carry by Two to One Majority

Portland, Or.—Multnomah county voted Wednesday in favor of good roads.

By a majority of approximately 13,500 the people authorized an issue of \$1,250,000 in bonds to pay for improving 70 miles of the county's principal trunk highways with modern hard-surface pavement.

The bonds will bear 5 per cent interest and will be offered for sale at the earliest possible date allowed by law.

The issue before the voters was clearly one of reconstructing the roads or continuing with the present system of macadamized roads and dirt roads.

The voters met the issue squarely and returned a most decisive verdict in favor of good roads. Intense county-wide interest was displayed in the election. Approximately 38 per cent of the registered vote was cast, which, in view of the fact that only this one question was before the people, is considered a remarkably heavy proportion.

German Airship Bombards Many English Villages

Newcastle, England—A Zeppelin raid was made in the Tyne district of Northumberland county Thursday night. It appears that the Zeppelin reached Blyth from the North Sea at about 8:10 o'clock, passed over Blyth and Cramlington and proceeded to the neighborhood of Seatonburn.

Bombs were dropped on several of the villages—five at Choppington, three at Wallsend, two at Seatonburn and one at Bedlington.

No loss of life or serious personal injury resulted, and the material loss was not heavy.

It was an ideal night. There were no clouds and no wind, but the night was dark. The airship sailed at an altitude estimated at 2000 feet. When it was ascertained that it was a German dirigible the news was telegraphed to all the neighboring towns, where electric lights were extinguished and other precautionary were taken.

Shock of Catch Fatal.

Tacoma, Wash.—With a live trout, 12 inches long, wriggling at the end of the line on his fishing rod, James Bailey, a veteran angler of the Puyallup valley, was found dead by the side of a small stream at Lake Bay Thursday. An uncle, Amsie King, and a neighbor, who found Bailey sitting uprigh, but with life gone, gave it as their opinion that he died of the excitement of his catch. He had been subject to heart attacks.

NORTHWEST MARKET REPORTS.

Portland—Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.30; forty-fold, \$1.28; club, \$1.27; red Fife, \$1.23½; red Russian, \$1.21. Millfeed—Spot prices: Bran, \$26 ton; shorts, \$28; rolled barley, \$30@31. Corn—Whole, \$35 ton; cracked, \$36. Hay—Eastern Oregon timothy, \$14@15; valley timothy, \$12@12.50; grain hay, \$10@12; alfalfa, \$12.50@13.50.

Vegetables—Cucumbers, hothouse, \$4.50 crate; cauliflower, 75c@1.25; artichokes, 75@85c dozen; tomatoes, \$6 crate; cabbage, 2@3½c pound; celery, \$4.50 crate; cauliflower, 75c@1.25 dozen; head lettuce, \$2.25 per crate; hothouse lettuce, 75c@1 box; spinach, 5c pound; rhubarb, 75@90c box; asparagus, \$1@1.75; eggplant, 30c pound; peas, 7@8c; carrots, \$1.50 sack; beets, \$1.50; parsnips, \$1.25; turnips, \$1.75.

Green Fruits—Strawberries, \$4 crate; apples, 50c@1.50 box; cranberries, \$11@12 barrel.

Potatoes—Oregon, \$1.35@1.50 sack; Washington, \$1.25@1.50; Idaho, \$1.50; new potatoes, 8@9c pound; sweet potatoes, 3½c.

Onions—Oregon selling price, 75c sack, country points; California, jobbing price, \$1.75 crate.

Eggs—Fresh Oregon ranch, case count, 17½@18c dozen; candled, 19c.

Poultry—Hens, 15½@16c pound; broilers, 25@27½c; fryers, 18@20c; turkeys, dressed, 22@23c; live, 16@19c; ducks, 12@15c; geese, 8@9c.

Butter—Creamery prints, extras, 27½c pound in case lots; ½c more in less than case lots; cubes, 22½@23c.

Veal—Fancy, 11½@12c pound.

Pork—Block, 9½@10c pound.

Cattle—Best steers, \$7.25 @ 7.75; choice, \$7@7.25; medium, \$6.75@7; choice cows, \$6@6.50; medium, \$5@5.75; heifers, \$5@6.25; bulls, \$3.50@6; stags, \$5@6.50.

Hogs—Light, \$6.50@7.65; heavy, \$5.90@6.65.

Sheep—Wethers, \$7@8.25; ewes \$6@7; lambs \$7.25@9.25.

Seattle—Wheat—Bluestem, \$1.29; forty-fold, \$1.28; club, \$1.26; fife, \$1.25; red Russian, \$1.22. Barley—\$25 per ton.

Tacoma—Apples—Cooking, 75@90c; winesaps, \$1.35@1.50 box; local, 85c. Comb honey—Yakima, \$3.50 crate; strained honey, \$5.50; Idaho, \$3.50; Nevada, \$3.50.

Vegetables—Cabbage, Winningstadt, \$3.25; carrots, \$1.50@1.65; beets, home-grown, \$1@1.25; turnips, sack, \$1.25; potatoes, Yakima, \$30@32 ton; Idaho, \$28@30; sweets, \$4 cwt.; early rose seed, \$50 ton; tomatoes, \$4.50 case; onions, green, 20c dozen; Walla Walla, \$1.75 box; Oregon yellow Danvers, \$1.75; Yakima, \$1.50; garlic, 30c pound; radishes, local, 20c dozen bunches; California, 25c; parsley, 30c dozen bunches; lettuce, head, \$2.25 crate; spinach, local, 5c pound; Walla Walla, 75c box; cucumbers, local hothouse, 75c@1.50; celery, \$4 @ 4.50; rutabagas, \$1.85 sack; cauliflower, \$2.25 crate; Oregon, \$3; artichokes, 75c dozen; rhubarb, local, 3c; asparagus, Walla Walla, \$1.35 box; Kennewick, \$1.25@1.35; green peas, 9c.

Fresh Meats—Steers, 12 @ 12½c pound; cows, 12c; heifers, 12@12½c; wethers, 14½c; dressed hogs, 11½c; trimmed sides, 15½c; combinations, 15c; Diamond T. C., 16½c; yearlings, 15c; ewes, 13c.

Poultry—Ducks, live, 10@12c; hens, dressed, 16 @ 18c; live, 10 @ 14c; springs, dressed, 22c; live, 14@16c; squabs, live, \$2.50 dozen; dressed, \$6; turkeys, live, 18c; dressed, 28@30c; geese, 20c.

Spokane—Cattle—Prime steers, \$6 @ 7 cwt.; heifers and cows, \$5@6.

Sheep—Wethers, \$6@7; ewes, \$5@6; lambs, \$6@7.

Hogs—Heavy live hogs, \$6.25 cwt.; light hogs, \$7.25.

Wheat—\$45 ton, delivered in city. Oats—\$34 ton whole; \$35 rolled, delivered in city.

Bran—\$25 ton; shorts, \$32; bran and shorts, \$27.

Hay—Timothy, \$16 ton; \$15 in carloads; alfalfa, \$15, delivered in city; \$14 in carloads.

Corn—\$37 ton; cracked, \$38. Barley—Rolled, \$32 ton.

Oil Meal—Soy bean meal, \$50 ton.

Wheat to New York.

Seattle—The American-Hawaiian liner Oregonian began loading 1300 tons of Washington wheat for New York. Two other liners to sail this month for New York will take 1,000 tons each. These are the first large shipments of wheat by steamer to New York, and the business promises to become fixed. The same company is also beginning to carry Oriental rice to New York regularly. All the steamers use the Panama canal.

GERMAN WARSHIP REACHES AMERICA

Kronprinz Wilhelm Slips by Foe Into Newport News.

Sinks 14 Merchantmen in Eight Months' Cruise in Southern Atlantic Ocean.

Newport News, Va.—The German converted cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm, the elusive raider of commerce in the South Atlantic, slipped into the port Monday and asked for fuel and provisions. Many times reported destroyed, the former North German Lloyd liner had evaded hostile warships for eight months while she sent 14 merchantmen to the bottom. Her officers said she was forced to steal her way past four allied cruisers off the Virginia capes to reach this refuge.

"We got in without being seen by the enemy and we can get out the same way," declared her commander, Lieutenant-Captain Paul Theirfelder, formerly navigating officer of the German cruiser Karlsruhe.

When she dropped anchor, the Kronprinz Wilhelm had less than 25 tons of coal and scanty provisions for the crew of 500 men and 61 prisoners from British merchant ships sunk in the South Atlantic.

Of 14 ships that the 15,000-ton cruiser sank, nine were British, four French and one Norwegian.

The value of these ships and their cargoes, officers of the Wilhelm estimated at \$7,000,000.

When the Kronprinz Wilhelm arrived off Bimble Shoals, after passing in the Virginia capes, early in the day, two United States submarines, the G-1 and D-2, met her. The appearance of the submarines caused considerable surprise among the crew, but there was no demonstration, as the little vessels convoyed the German raider to quarantine, where Dr. MacCafferty, United States quarantine officer, boarded her.

Commander Theirfelder reported 66 of the crew and prisoners were ill with beri-beri and requested that they be taken to a hospital.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm followed in the wake of the interned Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which arrived here a month ago, after thrilling and effective operations for the German arms.

In her raid of the seas since she slipped out of New York harbor August 3 last as a German merchant and passenger steamer, the Kronprinz Wilhelm never touched land and took 960 prisoners from various vessels destroyed.

Most of these were sent to South American ports at different times on German ships, which met the raider in response to wireless calls.

Germany Sends Sharp Answer to America

Washington, D. C.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, made public Sunday the text of the note he recently presented to the State department, declaring that "if the American people desire to observe thorough neutrality they will find means to stop the exclusive exportation of arms to one side, or at least, to use this export trade as a means to uphold the legitimate trade with Germany, especially the trade in foodstuffs."

The memorandum was prepared at the German embassy, and while it does not call for a reply, the State department already has drafted one which will be delivered probably within a few days.

The ambassador, in his complaint, informs the United States that, contrary to the real spirit of neutrality, an enormous new industry of war material of every kind is being built up in this country, and that this is "supplying only Germany's enemies, a fact which is in no way modified by the purely theoretical willingness to furnish Germany as well, if it were possible."

Packing Plant Wrecked.

Kansas City—An explosion wrecked the seven-story cooling building of the Cudahy Packing company's plant here Sunday night.

The loss is estimated at \$750,000. Two men were employed in the building at the time were injured.

Investigation developed no trace of an explosive. Company officials asserted there was no gas in the building and that the cooling pipes contained no ammonia or other material that might explode.

Mexicans Tax Americans.

San Antonio, Tex.—Taxes aggregating \$1,000,000 have been imposed on mineowners in the state of Oaxaca, Mexico, according to private advice reaching here from the city of Oaxaca, the state capital. Eighty-five per cent of the mineowners are foreigners and 60 per cent Americans.