

WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important
Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments
and Pacific Northwest, and Other
Things Worth Knowing.

Fifty nurses, representing 15 countries, have received the Florence Nightingale medal for heroism on the battlefield by the Geneva Red Cross.

Twenty-seven bodies of those who lost their lives Saturday night in the sudden overflow of the River Lud, England, have been recovered and many persons are missing.

Damage estimated at \$500,000 was caused in Cumberland county, Nova Scotia, from forest fires Monday. The fires were still burning. Twelve thousand acres were swept.

Two members of Captain Roald Amundsen's North Polar expedition, Knudsen and Tessen, are reported in advices received in Copenhagen to have frozen to death during the winter of 1919-20.

A French column has occupied the town of Aintab, Syria, it was announced in a Havas dispatch from Beirut dated Friday. The French took many prisoners, the message said. It is reported 1200 Turks were killed.

House and senate conferees on the army appropriation bill have tentatively agreed to fix the appropriation for the army air service at \$33,000,000 of which \$6,000,000 would be used for new equipment and \$25,000,000 for research work.

By unanimous vote the senate agriculture committee has ordered a favorable report on the Wadsworth bill authorizing the acquisition and operation by the war department of the nitrate fixation plants at Sheffield and Muscle Shoals, Ala.

Corporal Vasquez was executed by a firing squad in Matanzas, Cuba, Monday for the murder of a Cuban sugar cane planter. The execution was the first time capital punishment had been administered in Cuba since the day of President Estrada Palma.

Sisal estimated at \$1,000,000 was consumed in a fire of unknown origin at pier No. 41, Galveston Wharf company, which broke out late Monday night. The warehouse in which the sisal was stored also was burned at an estimated loss of \$500,000.

Slight modifications were made Monday in the house bill broadening the powers of the government to deport alien anarchists and to prevent their admission into the country. The senate immigration committee then ordered the measure favorably reported.

Estrada Cabrera, formerly president of Guatemala, has been imprisoned on orders from Carlos Herrera. Herrera was, according to advices received at San Salvador, republic of Salvador, leader of the revolution which overturned the Guatemalan government early in April.

The secretary of the treasury would be authorized under a bill introduced Monday by Senator Henderson, democrat, Nevada, to make loans to silver producers so they can continue operations and not be compelled to throw silver on the market in view of lower market prices for that metal.

A general strike throughout the country and an effort to influence all harvest hands in the United States to walk out of the fields at the height of the harvest season are two of the interesting items contained in resolutions adopted at the national convention of the I. W. W. in Chicago, May 10 to 15.

In the most spectacular finish witnessed on the speedway in Indianapolis, Ind., Gaston Chevrolet, driving an American-designed car, rode to victory in the eighth renewal of the 500-mile automobile race Monday before a record-breaking crowd of 125,000. His time was 5:40:16.14, an average of 88.16 miles an hour, the second best in the history of the event.

The official meeting between trade representatives of soviet Russia and members of the British cabinet occupied Downing street Monday, but beyond the announcement issued after an hour's conference that a preliminary discussion was held with regard to the re-opening of trading between Russia and western Europe there was nothing forthcoming as to the conversations.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Dalles.—The new Wasco County bank opened its doors for business Tuesday morning. In honor of the occasion 20 Portland business men attended the opening as guests of the city.

Medford.—The Medford postoffice is now using the cancellation die, "Crater Lake National Park," with the sanction of the postmaster general. The use of this die was advocated by the chamber of commerce, which assumed the expense of its manufacture.

Salem.—The state irrigation securities commission, at a meeting Wednesday, certified to \$6000 of bonds issued by Multnomah county drainage district No. 1. The money derived from the sale of these bonds will be expended in development of the project.

The Dalles.—The resources of The Dalles were appraised by a delegation of 20 Portland business men who came to this city on a tour of inspection in connection with the opening of the Wasco County bank, a new financial institution which is backed by former Portland bank men.

Baker.—Alex Sewell, a Baker contractor, is accused by Harry Quinn of the National Mines company of the theft of a fur coat and an electric sweeper. Sewell declares the articles were given him by John Thomas, who will be a witness at a hearing June 10. Sewell is under bond of \$300 to answer.

Albany.—Shorthorn breeders of Linn county, accompanied by several from other counties and visitors from different places, made a successful tour of the western part of the county recently on an inspection of leading Shorthorn herds. This tour of inspection of Shorthorn herds probably will be made an annual event.

Fossil.—The date for the annual encampment of the Wheeler County Pioneer association has been set for July 15-18 at the Julia Henderson grounds, 12 miles south of Fossil. The program on Sunday, July 18, will include religious services, with a picnic dinner at 2 P. M., followed by a patriotic address and election of officers.

Eugene.—The Corvallis and Dallas water supply problem this summer may be a serious one, said R. S. Shelley, supervisor of the Siuslaw national forest. Both cities obtain water from streams in the national forest. This summer promises to be drier than usual, said Mr. Shelley, and he predicts a veritable water famine for the two towns.

Salem.—P. C. Harris, adjutant-general of the United States army, has advised Governor Olcott that Francis J. Clark of Portland has passed the examinations and will be admitted to the West Point Military academy from Oregon. Mr. Clark was one of the members of the Oregon national guard appointed by the executive to take the examination.

Union.—About twice the usual crowd turned out for the opening day of the 12th annual Union livestock show here Tuesday. The weather was ideal, with the warm sunshine a welcome change after the cold, backward spring. The show was one of the largest and best ever held in Union, the entries in the cattle and heavy horse classes being unusually numerous.

Salem.—Taxes estimated at \$5,878,587.38, based on the prospective property valuation of the state for the year 1920, will be due and payable in the year 1921, as the result of the passage of the higher educational measure, elementary school bill, blind institution act and soldiers', sailors' and marines' educational aid law, at the recent special election in Oregon, according to figures compiled here.

The Dalles.—With a view of exterminating coyotes between the John Day and Deschutes rivers by formation of a trapping district, Professor O. N. Nelson, in charge of the sheep department at Oregon Agricultural college, will visit Antelope June 10. He will speak at Friend and Wapinitia on June 12 and will point the way to small sheep raisers to pool their wool and thus get a better price for it.

Hood River.—C. H. Castner, manager, has announced the closing of pools and final returns on the 1919 Spitzenbergs and Newtowns handled by the Hood River Fruit company. His prices follow: Extra fancy Spitzenbergs, average \$2.04; fancy, \$1.57; C grade, \$1.17, and general average \$1.86. Extra fancy Newtowns, averaged \$1.83; fancy, \$1.57; C grade, \$1.40, and general average, \$1.73. The shipping agency charged 15 cents a box for all fruit that sold for more than \$1.50 a box and 10 cents for all sales at less than \$1.50.

SCARCITY OF PAPER CAUSED BY MAKER

Senate Committee Suggests
Legal Prosecution.

CHARGE PRICE-FIXING

Report Says Unsafe for Publisher to
Criticize or Protest in Any Way
to Manufacturer.

Washington, D. C.—The newspaper paper which has handicapped American newspapers is "more the result of artificial obstruction than of natural laws," according to the report of the senate committee which investigated the paper situation. The committee Saturday recommended that the department of justice institute proceedings under the Sherman and Clayton acts against print-paper manufacturers.

Manufacturers were charged by the committee "with unjust, illegal and discriminatory" practices. Present prices for newspaper paper were held by the committee to be "excessive and unwarranted."

Other recommendations made by the committee include:

Establishment of a federal newspaper board to supervise the manufacture and distribution of print paper, should government efforts to maintain a reasonable price fail.

Amendment of the Lever food-control act to penalize profiteering in newspaper paper.

Imposition of an excise tax of 10 cents on Sunday newspapers weighing more than 1.28 pounds a copy, so as to limit such editions to 80 pages until an adequate paper supply can be secured.

Appropriation of \$100,000 for the purpose of experimenting with substitutes for wood pulp.

Establishment of a rate of 1 cent a pound on sheet print paper to any part of the country when sent by parcels post, without increasing the present limit of 70 pounds provided under the postal regulations.

The committee also recommended that consideration be given by the government to the establishment of a newspaper paper mill to supply the government's needs, with any surplus paper to be sold to small consumers.

The report, which was submitted to the senate just before adjournment, was based on extensive hearings by the committee at which testimony was heard from newspaper and periodical publishers and paper manufacturers, dealers and jobbers.

Publishers of small newspapers were declared by the report to be in the hands of "unscrupulous profiteers and exploiters," while even the large newspaper publishers are at the mercy of the manufacturers. The report added that it "was not and still is not safe for a publisher in any way to criticize or protest to a manufacturer," while the "big publishers not having mills of their own are in a hold-up market," while the small publishers are being driven from the business by threatened bankruptcy.

Navy Cost Cut Denied.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Daniels, criticizing the new naval appropriation bill as failing to meet some of the navy's most vital needs, declared Saturday that congress had not reduced naval expenditures, but "merely postponed them until after the elections" at the cost of naval "progress and efficiency."

The secretary said congress had failed to provide for the "adequate development" of the naval establishment on the Pacific coast, to make "even half-way provision for the naval aviation," to authorize the construction of a "single new ship" and to appropriate sufficient money for essential ship repairs.

Gasoline Probe Asked.

Fresno, Cal.—Charges that the shortage of gasoline is artificial and that in one paint shop in Los Angeles the Standard Oil company is having 1000 signs prepared against an advance to 30 cents a gallon on July 1, featured the final session of the California Automobile Trade association Sunday. The association sent a telegram to Attorney-General Palmer, at Washington, calling upon him to investigate the gasoline situation.

Albanians and Italians Clash.

London.—Albanian insurgents have annihilated an Italian battalion near Alessio and Italian warships have shelled that city, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

WHEAT CONTROL CEASES

Price Guarantee No Longer in Effect—
Grain Pit to Resume.

Washington, D. C.—Federal control of wheat and wheat products ended Tuesday, the wheat director ceasing to function under the limitation of the law creating his office and the food administration control ending by proclamation of President Wilson.

This means the passing of the government guarantee of \$2.20 a bushel for wheat. As soon as some remaining contracts are carried out by the United States grain corporation, that body will turn over its finances to the treasury department.

Licensing of dealers in wheat and wheat products has been in the hands of the wheat director and the food administration and this automatically ended Tuesday. Dealers without fixed contracts are free to buy and sell at such prices as conditions warrant.

Chicago.—Plans for resumption of trading future deliveries of wheat were considered here Wednesday at a meeting of representatives of the eight leading grain exchanges in the country. Each exchange will have two delegates present.

Until specific methods and safeguards are decided upon and later ratified by the various exchanges, wheat trading will continue as of late to be restricted to business involving only wheat available for immediate delivery.

Wheat Standards Kept.

Washington, D. C.—Continuation of present federal wheat standards was decided upon Wednesday by Secretary Meredith in an opinion covering hearings held to inquire into dissatisfaction in the central northwest with existing grades for hard, red spring and durum wheats. Requests for lowering the present standards, the secretary announced, would tend to decrease the return to farmers, while advocates of the change argued that the producer would receive more money for his wheat. The federal standards, established in 1917 and revised in 1918, have been operative only under fixed price and war conditions, the secretary stated, adding that opportunity for fair tests of their merits or defects has not been afforded under normal marketing conditions.

Japan Has Much Sugar.

Seattle.—Japanese centrifugal sugar, a crystallized sugar product, can be laid down in Pacific coast ports for approximately \$17 per hundred pounds from Kobe, according to advices received Wednesday by the Overseas corporation, a local importing and exporting concern. The dispatch indicates that between 80,000 and 90,000 tons of the Japanese product are now available for export at prices ranging from 28 to 35 yen per picul, which is about 132 pounds. This would make the net cost laid down in Seattle, after adding ocean freight, duty and the commissions, about \$17 per hundred.

Railroads Get Warning.

Washington, D. C.—Warning that the penal provisions of the interstate commerce act would be invoked unless the railroads comply with orders designed to relieve freight congestion was issued by the interstate commerce commission. The commission in a telegram to Daniel Willard said that inspectors' reports had shown that deliveries of equipments as ordered by the commission were not being made.

Sugar May Be Held Back.

Havana.—The Havana chamber of commerce Tuesday petitioned the Cuban government to take necessary steps to see that 400,000 sacks of sugar of the present crop be retained on the island and withheld from export. The chamber explained that unless this measure is taken the shortage of sugar in Cuba will be very acute.

British Flag Is Burned.

Washington, D. C.—Women sympathizers of freedom for Ireland Wednesday burned a large British flag in front of the treasury building. As the flag vanished in flames Miss Mary Keane of New York, leader of the band, kicked the smoldering ashes and shouted: "Just another little Boston tea party to remind the assassins not to go too far."

Seattle.—Ole Hanson, former mayor of Seattle, in whose administration the city purchased the Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power company's Seattle street railway lines for \$15,000,000, said he will make a statement later regarding the allegation that the city had paid an excessive price for the property. Mr. Hanson returned to Seattle Friday night, making the trip from Los Angeles by automobile with the members of his family. During his absence he lectured in 45 states.

SCHOOL DAYS



Enemies

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

PEOPLE are known and judged quite as much by the kind of Enemies they make as by the kind of Friends they have.

Choose your Enemies. Many a man or woman has been handicapped by having some one else choose their Enemies for them. For Enemies must needs come to every forceful character, sooner or later. And if you do the choosing of your Enemies, you know the kind you have to deal with.

Choose your enemies. Another strong point about choosing your own Enemies, is that you can study them to better advantage than if some one else chose them for you and acted as a Coach to them. For many a man, by close application to the study of his Enemies, can finally make them his Friends!

Choose your Enemies. Enemies have the most to do with and cluster most around those who are Positive and Definite as Doers. To have big plans and important work to perform and to go ahead with it without fear or favor, is to create Enemies from Somewhere. But enemies never come around unless you become Effective and Monumental in your efforts. Then the Enemies get busy.

Choose your Enemies. But never for a single moment allow the work of your Enemies to deter you from your forward fight. Accept them as a matter of course, never allowing yourself to get down to their level. For then they may swoop down upon you and bewilder and defeat you.

Choose your Enemies. And remember that by always remaining bigger than your Enemies, you pave a path over which they may finally walk as your Friends.

Just Folks

By EDGAR A. GUEST

A NATURE SPREE.

It's getting on to spring again,
My thoughts are on the wing again
To joys that are to be;
And in a few short weeks again
The hills and woods and creeks again
Will whisper things to me.
And every bird and bee again
Will sing their tunes to me again
And tell me it is May,
And like a spendthrift wild again,
Or as a little child again
I'll throw a day away.
I'll quit the ceaseless grind again
And leave all care behind again
Nor think about the cost;
I'll spend an idle day again,
Nor count, the while I play again,
The gold that may be lost.
I'll chum with brook and sky again
And let the mad hours fly again,
As sailors home from sea,
And for a little while again
I'll be myself and smile again
A troller on a spree.
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Rann-dom Reels

By HOWARD L. RANN

THE PILL

THE pill is a small, round object which is fed with the utmost abandon to patients who would rather eat something else.

One of the best things that was ever done for the medical profession was when somebody invented the harmless white pill which could be sold at a 900 per cent margin. After a young doctor who is just out of school has fed a few tons of these pills to the people of his community, he can quit work and lie around a summer resort in white flannel pants and a look of sweet content.

Some people are very much opposed to the use of pills, and try to get along by use of the highly perfumed onion poultice, while others can never



Pills Will Not Revive Energy in a Man Who Never Had Any to Start With.

eat a full meal without immediately attempting to conciliate it with a handful of pink pellets. Then there are people who can never see anything go to waste and who devour all of the pills left on the front porch in the way of samples, in this manner becoming as fragrant as a drug store clerk.

Both schools of medicine, allopath and homeopath, prescribe pills whenever all else has failed. It is considered better practice to prescribe an operation at the expense of the abutting property owner, but once in a while a stray pill will strike the right spot when the doctor is not looking and effect a cure. This is one of the sorest trials the doctor has to bear.

There is a strong suspicion abroad that if people would eat fewer pills and take more exercise, mixed with a semioccasional bath, they would live longer and have more money to spend on tires and inner tubes. Pills will not revive energy in a man who never had any to start with.

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Facts About Storage.

If there is one modern subject filled, for the novice, with surprises, it is cold storage, says the Nation's Business.

How many persons, for example, know that cold storage and cold storing are different enterprises?

How many know that a frozen fish, perhaps six months out of the water is apt to be a chemically "fresher" fish than a so called "fresh" fish three days out of the water?

How many know that the musty taste that identifies the cold storage egg is due more to the strawboard in which it is packed than to the disintegrating effect of time?

Yet the answers are plain facts, developed and asserted in the main by government specialists.

Itch to Print.

"What was the first thing American troops did when they reached a new station in occupied Germany?"

"That's easy to answer," said an exchange editor. "They looked around for a German printing office and started a newspaper."—Birmingham Age-Herald.