

WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important
Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments
and Pacific Northwest and Other
Things Worth Knowing.

A Russian torpedo boat of an old type was blown up by a mine in the Black Sea on June 30, according to an official statement.

Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Captain Archibald Roosevelt have arrived in France. They are to join the American expeditionary forces.

In the fighting of Sunday and Monday 300 officers, 18,000 men, 29 guns and 33 machine guns were captured by the Russians, the Petrograd war office announces.

Arrangements have been completed to deport all Germans from Liberia, it is learned in London. They will leave in a few days, with France as their destination.

An old type of British torpedo boat destroyer has struck a mine and sunk in the North Sea, it was officially announced Wednesday. There were 18 survivors from the sunken craft.

A German submarine bombarded Ponta Del Gada, Azores, at dawn Wednesday. A girl was killed and several other persons were injured. The forts replied to the bombardment.

Mrs. Hattie Nixon, 26, of Waco, Tex., a student in the Marlin Airplane school, was killed Wednesday while making a practice flight over the city. Her airplane struck some telephone wires and fell.

Seventy American mechanics and bluejackets, commanded by Lieutenants Kenneth, Whiting and Griffin, have arrived in Toulon to start an aviation school in connection with the French naval air center at St. Raphael.

The note which the Argentine government has sent to Germany on the sinking of the Argentine vessels Orina and Toro, it is confirmed, demands indemnity, satisfaction and assurance that no more Argentine vessels will be attacked.

A German courtmartial sentenced to death Mile. Grandprez and her brother, both of Stavelot, Liege province, Belgium, and caused them to be shot within 24 hours, says a dispatch from Amsterdam. The accused were tried at Liege on the charge of espionage.

The new board of education of Chicago has awarded a contract for 40,000 new spelling books to take the place of the volume that contained an eulogy of the German emperor and caused considerable agitation there several months ago. The new books will cost \$4200.

Herbert C. Hoover announces that lectures on food conservation will be in the curriculum of 75 summer schools throughout the country as part of the food administration's summer campaign. A quarter million students probably will take advantage of this course.

President Wilson has issued a proclamation excluding certain areas from the Palisade National Forest in Idaho and Wyoming, and restoring them to homestead entry September 11, and to settlement and other forms of disposition September 18. About 5000 acres in Idaho, in Fremont and Bonneville counties, and 2200 acres in Wyoming, in Lincoln county, are restored under the proclamation.

About 250 rioting negroes in East St. Louis, Monday morning, every man armed either with a rifle or revolver, virtually took possession of the "Black Belt," killed one policeman and seriously wounded other. Without a word of warning the negroes opened fire on a police department automobile in which the officers were riding and raked the car with bullets.

A strike of 9000 coal miners of Western Kentucky was called at a mass meeting in Central City Saturday night. The strike went into effect Tuesday. Higher wages are demanded.

William H. Moody, former associate justice of the Supreme court, died at his home in Haverhill, Mass., at 1 a. m. Monday. Justice Moody retired seven years ago because of ill health. He was secretary of the Navy and attorney general in the cabinet of President Roosevelt.

DRAFT GUARD AUG. 5

Entire Militia to Be Made Available
for Foreign Duty by Proclamation
of President Wilson.

Washington, D. C. — The last step necessary to make the entire National Guard available for duty in France was taken by President Wilson Tuesday with the issue of a proclamation drafting the state troops into the Army of the United States August 5.

To make certain that the purpose of the national defense act is carried out, the proclamation also specifically declares the men drafted to be discharged from the old militia status on that date.

In that way the constitutional restraint upon use of militia outside the country is avoided and the way paved for sending the regiments to the European front.

Prior to the application of the draft, regiments in the Northern and Eastern section of the country are called into the Federal service as National Guardsmen in two increments to be mobilized on July 15 and 25.

Many units already are Federalized and presumably they will be mobilized with the other troops from their states. The guard from the other states will be mobilized on the day of the draft. The arrangement was necessary to provide for movement of the regiments to their concentration camps without congestion.

The operation of the draft law was delayed until August 5 so that all regiments can be taken into the army simultaneously. Fourteen camp sites for the 16 tactical divisions into which the guard will be organized have been selected already, and the military bureau is preparing the railway routing of the troops to the camps.

RECORD CROP IS FORECAST

Increase of Billion Bushels Over Last
Year Shown in Report.

Washington, D. C.—A billion bushels increase over last year's production in the principal food crops is the response American farmers have made to President Wilson's mid-April appeal saying that upon them "rests the fate of the war and the fate of nations."

The extent of the farmers' response was disclosed Tuesday when a production of 6,993,000,000 bushels of principal food crops was forecast in the department of agriculture's July crop report. It shows this year's corn crop will be the largest in history except one and that four and possibly five other crops will make new high records.

The corn crop which, with favorable weather from now on, may equal the bumper yield of 1912, shows an increase of 541,000,000 bushels over last year, with a total of 3,124,000,000 bushels. The acreage is 14 per cent larger than last year.

The combined winter and spring wheat crop will be 38,000,000 bushels more than last year, with a total of 687,000,000 bushels.

Barley, with prospects for the third largest crop ever grown, will exceed last year's production by 33,000,000 bushels, with an output of 214,000,000 bushels.

Oats will exceed last year's crop by 201,000,000 bushels, the total production being forecasted at 1,543,000,000 bushels.

That is slightly under the record. Improvement between now and harvest, however, may result in a record crop.

GERMAN UPHEAVAL IS SEEN

Clericals Swing Against Government—
Kaiser Calls in Neutrals.

Copenhagen — A Berlin dispatch Tuesday to the Fremdenblatt, of Hamburg, says the entire Clerical party in the Reichstag, with the exception of three members, voted, Saturday night to support the stand taken by Matthias Erzberger, who made a sensational speech in the secret session of the main committee, attacking the admiralty and Pan-Germans as the great obstacles to peace and advocating peace without annexations or indemnities and the introduction of a parliamentary form of government.

This action was taken, the dispatch says, under the presumption that Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg would retire.

The Clerical party is the largest in the reichstag. Hitherto it has worked with the Conservatives in giving the government a majority.

"First Lady" is Worker.

Washington, D. C.—Four dozen suits of pajamas and an equal number of sheets and pillow cases, made by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Miss Bones and donated to the Red Cross, have been divided among the Red Cross organizations of England, France, Italy and Canada. Mrs. Thos. R. Marshall has organized weekly Red Cross sewing meetings of senators' wives and Mrs. Franklin K. Lane has organized women of the Interior department.

CHINA TURNS BACK TO REPUBLICANISM

Ex-Vice-President is Proclaimed
Provisional Executive.

EMPEROR ABDICATES

Chinese Republican Forces Now Hold
Strategic Positions in Outskirts
of Capital — New Cabinet.

Washington, D. C. — Official dispatches to the Chinese legation here Sunday night said the republic had been firmly re-established at Nanking with Feng Kwo Chang, the former vice president, as president of the new provisional government.

Republican troops were reported converging toward Peking to drive out the Manchu forces remaining in possession there in the name of the Imperialists.

Tuan Chi Jui, whose appointment as Premier was one of the last official acts of President Li Yuan Hung before his retirement in favor of the vice president, has been confirmed by Feng Kuo Chang with instructions to form a new Republican cabinet, according to the dispatches.

Premier Tuan assumed office July 5 and is now at temporary headquarters at Tien Tsin, but expects to be able to move to Peking in a short time.

Governors of all the military provinces, the dispatches said, not only refused to join General Chang Hsun in his efforts to re-establish the monarchy, but requested Premier Tuan to take supreme command of the punitive expedition against the monarchist forces.

Tuan mobilized the Republican troops and two armies already have been dispatched against Chang Hsun under command of General Tuan Chi Kwei and General Tsao Kuen, military governor of Chi Li.

General Tuan Chi Kwei, in command of the eastern expedition, after routing the monarchist forces under Chang Hsun at Lang Fang, is reported as advancing victoriously toward the capital.

ALL TO BE READY FOR DRAFT

Claims for Exemption Must be Filed
Within Seven Days After Call.

Washington, D. C.—Another step in building up the selective conscription army was taken Monday with the distribution of a circular of Provost Marshal General Crowder, notifying the registered men to hold themselves in readiness for appearance before the boards which will conduct examinations and consider exemptions.

How or when the government will select the men to be examined is not detailed in the circular, but it is revealed that registration cards in each county or city jurisdiction are to be numbered with red ink and that "as soon as the drawing is complete, lists showing the order in which these red ink numbers are drawn will be published in the press and will be posted at the office of each local board." It already has been announced that the selection will take place in Washington, and the general presumption has been that some device similar to a jury wheel will be employed.

Exemptions are to be determined by the local boards, the circular shows, only for the previously announced specified causes, such as responsibility for the support of relatives, and not for agricultural or industrial reasons. Seven days after designations are posted will be allowed for filing claims. Then there will be an additional allowance of 10 days for filing proofs, and the board must decide within three days after the proof is filed.

When the case of any registrant has been disposed of so far as the local board is concerned, the names of those not exempted or discharged will be posted. Claims for exemption for agricultural or industrial work must be made within five days after such posting and must go direct to the higher board sitting for the judicial district. Appeals from the rulings of local boards must be made to the higher board within ten days.

The circular does not cover the summoning of the men for actual service, pointing out that selection and acceptance do not mean an immediate summons. Even the time of the drawing is not specified, but issuance of the circular is taken to mean that the work of selection may be in progress within a few days. September 1 has been tentatively considered as the date for assembling the first half million men in cantonments for training.

AIRMEN RAID LONDON

Germans Take Toll of 37 Lives and In-
141—Activity of Defenders Hin-
der Teutonic Designs.

London—The second descent upon London by a squadron of airplanes was made Saturday morning between 9 and 10 o'clock, when the business section of the metropolis was most crowded.

Although the German contingent was larger, more daring, more deliberate in its movement and descended much lower than on the visit of June 13, the number killed and wounded was, according to the first official roll, roughly, one-third the previous casualty list. The destruction of property may have been greater, but that is impossible to estimate.

The official report in regard to casualties follows:

"Lord French reports that the total casualties reported by the police up to the present follows:

"Killed—Metropolitan area, men 27, women 4, children 3, total 34; Isle of Thanet, men 1, women 2, total 3; total killed 37.

"Injured—Metropolitan area, men 74, women 29, children 36, total 139; Isle of Thanet, women 1, children 1, total 2; total injured 141."

The flight of the Germans over London lasted about 20 minutes. British airmen engaged the enemy for several minutes over the metropolis and anti-aircraft guns were fired briskly, dotting the sky with spherical puffs, but without success so far as concerned the destruction of any of the 20 or more machines which constituted the invading force.

The admiralty was able to report that naval airmen who followed them to sea brought down three machines. A British squadron sent up from Dunkirk to intercept the returning raiders did not encounter them, because they had taken a more northerly route, but the British airmen met and destroyed seven other German machines.

DENMAN ASKS MORE SHIPS

Present Aim of Board to Build Five
Million Tons in 18 Months.

Washington, D. C.—Another appropriation of half a billion dollars for shipbuilding probably will be asked of congress immediately by the administration. Contracts already let and about to be closed, the shipping board announced Monday, have absorbed the first \$500,000,000.

Announcement of the intention to ask for a second appropriation was contained in a statement issued by Chairman Denman of the shipping board, which carries the intimation that the second summary be used largely for wooden construction.

"The vast resources of quick wooden construction," it said, "are still far from exhausted, and we believe more steel contracts can be placed. We need wooden vessels of both slow and fast speeds. The slower can relieve our coastwise congestion and our car shortages."

First estimates of 3,000,000 tons construction within 18 months will be far exceeded if the plans of the shipping board and Major General Goethals, manager of the board's emergency fleet operation, are carried out. The present aim is to build at least 5,000,000 tons dead weight of shipping, in addition to vessels already under construction for private account, which will be taken over by the government.

HINDU AND TEUTON IN PLOT

Indictments Against 130 Declare Plan
to Revolutionize India.

San Francisco—Enemy agents were sent to China and Japan to attempt to bribe the press of those nations and to procure secret treaties between the German empire and those governments in aid of the Hindu revolutionary plot, in which 130 indictments were returned Monday, according to a supplemental statement made by John W. Preston, U. S. district attorney.

Mr. Preston declined to add any further details to the statement which he had given out. He said, however, that the service of warrants will begin at once.

Of the 130 indictments, 98 bear on an alleged world-wide plot to bring about a revolution against British rule in India, and 41 bear on the so-called steamship Sacramento neutrality case, in which it was charged efforts were being made to provision German warships at sea.

Class Rates Increased.

Washington, D. C.—The Interstate Commerce commission, in defining its action in granting an increase of about 14 per cent in class rates to Eastern railroads, gave a decision, which, shippers say, materially broadens the class of freight concerned. The increase is held to apply to all tariffs published as class rates. Tariffs published in the form of commodity rates are excluded even if based on class rates.

TEUTONS REPULSED ON 11-MILE FRONT

Greatest Offensive Effort Since
Verdun Stopped by French.

DEAD COVER GROUND

At First Onslaught in Front of Cerny
French Give Way, but Recovery
is Quick and Wins Ground.

French Front in France — After their strongest offensive effort since Verdun the Germans found themselves Friday thrown back everywhere along an 11-mile front on the Chemin-des-Dames, leaving the ground thickly strewn with their dead and having failed to take even one French soldier prisoner.

The first lines remained intact and the French commanding general, who watched the operations throughout the front French trenches, was able to declare that not a single yard of territory had been lost.

The Germans came forward everywhere in the closest formation and in successive waves, preceded by the famous "shock" troops, who were mowed down by the French fire.

At the first onslaught in the vicinity of Cerny and on the Californie plateau, the French were obliged to give way, but their yielding was only momentary and a counter-attack remedied the slight dent immediately and in addition gave them possession of some German trenches in the vicinity of Cerny, which they held.

The German infantry appeared to have all the dash taken out of them by the French defense and made no attempt to regain the lost ground by the French reaction. Their artillery throughout the day, however, maintained a sweeping fire, but its effects were minimized by the enemy's lack of observation posts.

SPIES GIVE MUCH CONCERN

Activities in America Are of Startling
Nature and Allied Sleuths to Aid.

Washington, D. C.—More complete and efficient co-operation of United States secret service agents with those of European allies is recognized as the great problem that must be met in stamping out the spy evil.

While it was stated Friday that operatives of the State, War, Navy and Justice departments are co-operating with good results in running down active alien enemies, it was strongly indicated that much remained to be accomplished in relationships with the services of foreign countries.

Representatives of the allies already are in this country, it is understood, and are working to bring about the desired co-operation.

The machinery of the departments, built up almost entirely for the handling of domestic problems, was suddenly required to shoulder the immediate burden of coping with thousands of plotters and spies. The recovery of the system from the first shock, officials declare, was excellent. Visiting missions have expressed surprise and admiration at the progress made.

Many schemes set on foot by enemy plotters have been thwarted and it is said that archives of the department holds records of activities which, if made known, would be of a startling nature.

That the attacks upon American transports were the result of the work of spies is accepted in Washington without surprise. The sailing of transports, although not mentioned by the newspapers, was known to a large number of persons who witnessed the transfer of troops from mobilization points in the United States to the ships.

Officials are inclined to discount theories of spies working in government departments. Information in direct value is known to only a few trusted officials. Suspected individuals have been subjected to strict surveillance and discharges from public service among this class have grown.

U-Boat Reported Near.

Fort Monroe, Va.—Hampton Roads got a submarine scare Friday night from a report brought to the commandant of Fort Monroe that two incoming vessels had sighted a periscope in Chesapeake bay five miles off the fort.

Merchant vessels about to sail were held up and the Washington and Baltimore steamers were escorted from the roads and part of the way up the bay by warships.