

DAYTON HERALD.

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DAYTON, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

Cuban election law will be promulgated.

King Leopold, of Belgium, will visit America.

A general strike of tobacco workers is on at Seville, Spain.

Ex-Governor Pillsbury, of Minnesota, is dying of Bright's disease.

Senator Frye will remain at the head of the commerce committee.

Palouse farmers are selling wheat readily at the local price of 40 cents.

England orders 29,000 soldiers to be in readiness to proceed on active service.

Cudahy withdraws the reward of \$25,000 he offered for the abductors of his son.

No passengers are allowed to sail from Cape Town ports without military permits.

Burglars blew open a safe at Bluffton, O., setting fire to the building. They got nothing.

The Sultan says he will oppose any effort of Great Britain to assume authority over Koweit.

House of deputies of the Episcopalian convention at San Francisco regulates remarriage after divorce.

Johann Most, the anarchist leader, is sentenced to one year's imprisonment for publishing articles regarding the assassination of McKinley.

Malvar is preparing to operate in Bulacan province.

Pat Crowe states the terms on which he will surrender.

The business section of Los Gatos was destroyed by fire.

There is much demand for cheap Eastern Oregon lands.

Catches of the Behring Sea fleet were reported by a sealer.

General Otis wants better garrison prisons in his department.

Russia demands that Turkey punish the murderers of Armenians.

The construction of more naval vessels will be recommended to congress.

A French aerostat is trying to cross the Mediterranean in a balloon.

There is criticism at Manila of the recent statements of Congressman Weeks.

General Merriam calls attention to the necessity of better drill work by soldiers.

Brigands, who ordered the execution of 103 Spanish prisoners, will be hanged.

The steamer Ha Ting from Skagway to Vancouver, ran ashore on Jarvis Island.

The attorney general of Washington holds that high schools cannot be supported by common school funds.

Admiral Schley was placed on the retired list.

Russians believe Afghanistan is on the verge of civil war.

Martial law has been declared throughout Cape Colony.

King Edward has bought back his former racing outfit from Britain.

Dr. H. P. Tuttle, inventor of thorite, dropped dead at Tacoma.

Oregon's farm exhibit took first prize at Pan-American exposition.

Prince Ching asks that foreign merchants be removed from Peking.

Halifax police took two deserting British seamen from an American ship.

Charges of drunkenness are made against Commander Tilley, of Tutuila.

Ex Chief Justice Scott, of Washington, charged with criminal assault, proved an alibi.

Ming Stone has been located in the mountains on the Turkish frontier, alive and well.

Lipton's offer to race Shamrock next year for the cup was rejected by the New York Jockey club.

Colombian rebels fired on a British steamer at Tumaco.

A Seattle firm has been awarded a \$3,000,000 contract for dredging and improving the harbor of Manila.

Fifteen Mexican artillery officers have been sent to France to study manufacture and manipulation of ordnance.

Child instantly killed on the West Side railroad.

Caleb Powers' second trial opened at Georgetown.

Sensation was sprung in the trial of ex-Chief Justice Scott, of Washington.

According to the anthropologist, Alfredo Nieforce, a North Italian differs less from a German than he does from a Cillian.

At a historic place not far from Albany, N. Y., a certain young man who is fond of having his name appear wherever it will be seen, carefully carved his initials, which happened to be "A. S." Some mean person wrote directly under it, "Two-thirds of the truth."

Apples are new in the economy of the world's use and taste. At the beginning of the last century few varieties were known. And we can go back in history to a time when all apples were little, sour and pucky—crab apples and nothing else.

The emerald mines of Colombia, which are the chief mines of the kind in the world, have been owned by the government for fully 200 years, and concessions to work them have been granted from time to time, resulting in large profits to the contractors.

FAMINE IN RUSSIA.

722,000 Pounds of Rye Will Be Required to Relieve Distress in One Province.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 16.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—It can now be foreseen that the widespread crop failures, the consequent famine and the relief work of the government and of philanthropists will be engrossing subjects in this empire during the approaching winter. The word famine is not used in the official publications, which speak of famine-stricken districts as "places that are in an unfavorable condition as respects the harvest," but the facts that are freely admitted show that the struggle to keep the peasant population alive until a new harvest will be harder than has been known since 1891-2. The extent of the disaster can be vaguely surmised from an inspection of the government report, which names the province of Viatka as among those where there was an "insufficient harvest," and which gives the amount of governmental assistance required at 722,000 pounds of rye.

FOUR CASES OF SMALLPOX.

City Authorities Have Patients Under Surveillance.

Chehalis, Wash., Oct. 16.—Four cases of smallpox have developed at Chehalis within the past few days. The authorities took the matter in hand promptly and quarantined three houses. The disease was brought here from Ellensburg. There is no general alarm or disturbance of business, as nearly everyone was vaccinated when the scare first came, two years ago. New cases that may develop will be promptly quarantined by the city authorities. Smallpox, in a mild form, was prevalent in several parts of the county for a long time after its first appearance in 1899, but there has been none in Chehalis for over a year until now, and no cases are known to exist in any other part of the county.

Three Deaths From Black Damp.

Connellsville, Pa., Oct. 16.—Black damp today caused the death of John Gilleland a miner, aged 50 years, and his two sons James and Winfield, aged 11 and 15, at the mine of the Juniata Coke company. The bodies were recovered, but in the effort John Nicholson, mine fireman, and John Baker, a fire boss, were overcome by black damp and are in a precarious condition. James had climbed to the top of some of the boards surrounding the pit, which had been abandoned, when he was overcome by a sudden gust of the fumes and fell in. The brother went to his rescue, and not returning, the father entered the pit. All three were overcome immediately and were dead long before it was possible to send fresh air into the shaft and attempt a rescue.

Benjamin Franklin's Great-Granddaughter.

Philadelphia, Oct. 16.—Mrs. E. D. Gillespie, the great-granddaughter of Benjamin Franklin, and one of the city's most prominent women, died at her home here aged 80 years. Her father, William John Duane, was secretary of the treasury under President Jackson, and was summarily removed by the president for refusing to comply with his order to remove the public funds from the bank of the United States.

Burglars Cause \$25,000 Fire.

Bluffton, O., Oct. 16.—Burglars early today blew open the safe in the office of the Bluffton Milling company here with a large charge of dynamite. The building caught fire and the entire plant was destroyed, causing a loss of \$25,000. It is said the burglars got nothing. They fired two shots at the night operator, who attempted to turn in a fire alarm, and then escaped.

Anarchist Most One Year in Prison.

New York, Oct. 16.—Johann Most, the anarchist, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary today in the court of special sessions for publishing in his paper, the Freiheit, a seditious article on the day following the shooting of the late President McKinley.

China Pays the Indemnity.

Peking, Oct. 16.—The Chinese plenipotentiaries today performed their last official act and forwarded to the Spanish minister, who is the doyen of the diplomatic corps, a bond for the indemnity of 450,000,000 taels.

Boer Forces Disappear.

New York, Oct. 16.—Heavy rains have temporarily interfered with the communication between the columns in the field, says a Dundee, Natal dispatch to the Mail, and it is believed that Botha's command, in trying to make its escape, has melted into small bands. Commandant General Botha and the main body of burghers, accompanied by three commandants, have reached Pongola forest, near Luneberg, Transvaal.

Cudahy Withdraws Reward.

Omaha, Oct. 16.—Edward A. Cudahy today unconditionally withdrew the reward of \$25,000, which he offered 10 months ago for the capture of the abductors of his son. At the suggestion of Mr. Cudahy and at the request of Chief of Police Donahue, the city council will take up the matter, it is expected it will withdraw its offer of \$25,000 for the arrest of the kidnappers.

Advance in Wireless Telegraphy.

London, Oct. 16.—A new advance in wireless telegraphy is recorded here this morning. The Daily Telegraph says that Marconi has succeeded in transmitting messages through the air for nearly 300 miles, which is far greater than the maximum distance hitherto reported.

Shipping Company Bankrupt.

Berlin, Oct. 16.—The United Shipping company of Breslau, has gone into bankruptcy.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance.—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth.—Latest Market Report.

Umatilla county has 103 schools and nearly 3,000 school children.

The slope is now down over 1,200 feet at the Beaver Hill mine.

A Hubbard correspondent says the Pudding river bridge will be rebuilt.

R. C. Edwards' big log drive of 3,500,000 feet of the Harrishburg saw-mill has reached its destination.

The Empire Gold Mining company, of Portland, will station a \$75,000 gold dredger on the John Day river.

The Monument school board has decided to purchase new desks and make improvements on the grounds.

A stamp mill will soon be put on the Merritt, Applegate & Leever quartz mine in the Elk Creek district.

Through the kindness of Charles Martin, the citizens of Hubbard have access to over 1,500 books, which he has placed in the room over the post-office.

William Allen had the largest potatoes of the season on exhibition last week at Lostine. Among them were three that averaged three pounds and six ounces each.

The oil fields above Vale are creating an excitement next to the famous Big Bend gold fever a few weeks ago. More than 12,000 acres are now located and half a dozen surveying parties are in the field. The hotels at Vale are crowded.

The latest news from the Malheur oil fields is to the effect that locations and locators have become so thick that the county recorder is obliged to insist that the applicants form in line and take their turn when they come to file their applications.

Michael Primeau, a miner employed at the Red Boy mine, was injured last week by the explosion of a cap that was placed on the wrong end of a mine.

A small piece of copper imbedded itself in his right thigh and necessitated his going to the hospital at Baker City.

Sumpter's new hotel is nearing completion.

City election at Albany will take place December 2.

A lodge of Woodmen of the World has been organized at Milton.

An institute of Jackson county teachers will be held at Ashland, October 16-18.

A. A. Davis warehouse at Medford, which collapsed recently, will not be rebuilt until the grain in it, of which there is about 10,000 bushels, is sold.

The onion crop of Milton is large. Several carloads have already been shipped out, mainly to Kansas and Nebraska. Probably 20 carloads will be shipped from Milton this season.

Dr. N. G. Blalock, of Walla Walla, is purchasing large quantities of fruit throughout the Walla Walla valley and the vicinity of Weston and Ath na.

Portland Markets.

Wheat.—Walla Walla, nominal 53¢; bluestem, 54¢; valley, 54¢.

Flour.—best grades, \$2.65 to \$3.50 per barrel; Graham, \$2.60.

Oats.—Old, 90¢; new, 85¢ per cental.

Barley.—Feed, \$1.15 to \$1.50; brewing, \$1.50 per ton.

Millet.—Bran, \$17 to \$18; middlings, \$20 to \$21; shorts, \$19 to \$20; chop, \$16.

Hay.—Timothy, \$11 to \$13; clover, \$7 to \$9; Oregon wild hay, \$5 to \$6 per ton.

Butter.—Fancy creamery, 25¢ to 27¢; dairy, 18¢ to 20¢; store, 12¢ to 15¢ per pound.

Eggs.—Storage 20¢; fresh 23¢ to 25¢.

Cheese.—Full cream, twins, 12¢ to 13¢; Young America, 13¢ to 14¢ per pound.

Poultry.—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00 to 4.00; hens, \$4.00 to 4.50; dressed, 10¢ to 11¢ per pound; springs, \$2.00 to 2.50 per dozen; ducks, \$3 for 4; \$3.00 to 4.00 for young; geese, \$6 to \$9 per dozen; turkeys, live, 12¢ to 15¢; dressed, 10¢ to 12¢ per pound.

Lamb.—3½¢, gross; dressed, 6¢ to 6½¢ per pound; sheep, \$3.25, gross; dressed, 6¢ per lb.

Hogs.—Gross, heavy, \$6 to 6.25; light, \$4.75 to 5; dressed, 7¢ to 8¢ per pound.

Veal.—Small, \$8 to 9; large, 7 to 8½¢ per pound.

Best—Good pork steers, \$3.50 to 4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.00 to 3.50; dressed beef, 5½¢ to 6½¢ per pound.

Hops.—8½¢ to 9½¢ per pound.

Wool.—Valley, 11¢ to 13¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢ to 12¢; mohair, 20¢ to 21¢ per pound.

Potatoes.—\$1 to \$1.15 per sack.

Maintaining Order at Kabul.

London, Oct. 15.—According to official intelligence from the Amir of Bokhara, "says a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Telegraph," the brothers of Habib Ullah Khan left Kabul secretly with their partisans the moment their father died, and therefore cannot be said to have acquiesced in the accession of their brother. Habib Ullah, indignant at their flight, has taken measures to defend the capital and sent strong detachments to prevent their return or to endeavor to capture them at rebels. He has further resolved to ask assistance of Emperor Nicholas and the Amir of Bokhara.

Second Gold Medal He Has Won.

Olympia, Oct. 14.—For the second time in his career W. O. Bush, a pioneer of Thurston county, has won a gold medal at the great exhibitions of the world. Mr. Bush has been awarded the gold medal at the Pan-American exposition for the best individual agricultural exhibit. Mr. Bush, at the Chicago world's fair, won a similar medal, for the same form of exhibit.

Turks Attacked French Vessels.

Paris, Oct. 15.—The French vice-consul in Monastir, European Turkey, was recently attacked by Turkish soldiers, according to a dispatch from Salonica. His assailants were arrested by the military commandant and apologized for the outrage.

King Victor Will Visit Russia.

Rome, Oct. 15.—It is announced by the semi-official press that King Victor Emanuel and Queen Helene will soon visit St. Petersburg.

ALASKA LINER ASHORE.

Struck in a Dense Fog—Passengers Not in Danger.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 15.—In a dense fog the Canadian Pacific steamer Ha Ting, from Skagway to Vancouver, went ashore yesterday afternoon at Tucker Bay, Jarvis Island, and is now hard and fast on the rocks. The place is a small rocky islet lying to the northeast of Laquetit Island, at the entrance to Sabine Strait, 49 miles north of Vancouver.

When the steamer went ashore Captain Gosse was on watch, and first officer Newstrom was on the bridge with the master of the vessel. The fog at the time was so dense that it was impossible to see 10 feet in any direction. The Ha Ting had on board 170 passengers, of whom 130 were first class and 40 second class.

There was no panic when the steamer struck, and the passengers were ordered to the lifeboats. The Ha Ting was unable to move, and the passengers were ordered to the lifeboats.

The Ha Ting is a particularly good boat, having been brought from Hong Kong for the northern trade about eight months ago. Her estimated value is \$240,000.

The Ha Ting a Total Loss.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 15.—The latest reports from the steamer Ha Ting are to the effect that a big hole has been discovered in the steamer's bottom. It is stated that at high tide the stern is under seven feet of water. The passengers have all been landed on adjacent islands. Canadian Pacific officials here have advised to the effect that the Ha Ting will be a total loss. Captain Gosse, who was in command, was considered a most careful and successful navigator. This is his first accident.

LETTER FROM PAT CROWE.

He Will Surrender if Bail is Placed at \$500—Letter Believed to be Genuine.

Omaha, Oct. 15.—Chief of Police Donahue has received a letter from Pat Crowe, naming the terms on which he will surrender. The letter came in the care of an Omaha newspaper in which it is published, and covers 15 closely written pages of manuscript. The postmark is illegible, but the letter was mailed at 8 o'clock in the morning, and reached this city at 8 o'clock in the evening of that day, indicating that it had not traveled a long distance. In the letter Crowe agrees to give himself up and stand trial for the kidnapping of Eddie Cudahy, providing he is not locked up until a jury shall adjudge him guilty. He says he is unable to furnish bond in excess of \$500, and demands that bail be fixed in that sum.

Chief Donahue expresses himself as satisfied that the letter came from Crowe. Donahue has known Crowe for several years, is acquainted with his manner of handwriting and style of expression. The Chief also received a letter from Crowe's uncle at Manchester, Ia., submitting similar terms for Crowe's surrender, which led the police to believe that they were dealing with the right man. Crowe, in his letter, takes the detectives agencies to task, defying them to attempt his arrest.

AFAIRS IN AFGHANISTAN.

New Amer's Brothers Did Not Acquiesce in His Accession.

London, Oct. 15.—According to official intelligence from the Amir of Bokhara, "says a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Telegraph," the brothers of Habib Ullah Khan left Kabul secretly with their partisans the moment their father died, and therefore cannot be said to have acquiesced in the accession of their brother. Habib Ullah, indignant at their flight, has taken measures to defend the capital and sent strong detachments to prevent their return or to endeavor to capture them at rebels. He has further resolved to ask assistance of Emperor Nicholas and the Amir of Bokhara.

London, Oct. 15.—"A large Afghan force has been assembled around Kabul and is maintaining order," says a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Simla. "Habib Ullah Khan has appointed a special guard for each European in Kabul, directing that the guards shall answer with their lives for the safety of their charges." "The Indian government has postponed the usual move to Calcutta, and Lord Curzon has indefinitely postponed his projected tour."

"I'd bet a hundred to one you know her white teeth." A girl like her couldn't go about the little poky place like this without all the young men knowing her. Perhaps she left the island in the spring. I asked at all the drapery shops, but nobody recollects her. I've got good news for her if I could find her—a slim, middle-aged girl with a clear, fair skin and grey eyes and half of a bright brown hair. I can show you her photograph.

"I never saw such a person in Guernsey," I answered, looking steadily into her face. A sudden and gloomy expression came across it, and she snatched the portrait out of my hand.

"You won't keep it a secret," she said. "I'd defy you not to let it all come here to find her, and find her I will. She hasn't drowned herself, and the earth hasn't swallowed her up. I've traced her as far as here, and that I tell you. She crossed in the Southampton boat some dreadfully stormy night last October—the only lady passenger—and the stewardess recollects her well. She landed at Guernsey. You must know something about her."

"I assure you I never saw that girl here," I replied eagerly. "What inquiries have you made after her?"

"I've inquired here and there and everywhere," she said. "I've done nothing else since I came. It is of great importance to her, as well as to me, that

The Doctor's Dilemma

By HESBA STRETTON

CHAPTER XIII.

In one sense it seemed to be standing still with me after my home return, so like were the days that followed the one to the other. But in another sense those days had with a awful swiftness, for they were hurrying us both, my mother and me, to a great grief which would soon, far too soon, lie between us.

Every afternoon Julia came to spend an hour or two with my mother; but her arrival was always formally announced, and it was an understood thing that I should immediately quit the room, to avoid meeting her. There was an etiquette in her resentment which I was bound to observe.

I had not taken up any of my old patients again, for it was determined that I should stay at home as long as possible. I had not taken up any of my old patients again, for it was determined that I should stay at home as long as possible.

"Why did you fix upon me?" I inquired. "Why did you not send for one of the resident doctors? I left Guernsey some time ago."

"You were here last winter," she said, "and you're a young man, and would notice her more."

"There are other young doctors in Guernsey," I remarked.

"Ah, but you've been in London," she answered, "and I know something of Dr. Senior. When you are in a strange place you catch at any chance of an acquaintance."

"Come, be candid with me," I said. "Did not Messrs. Scott and Brown send you here?"

"The suddenness of my question took her off her guard and startled her. She hesitated, stammered, and finally denied it with more than natural emphasis."

"I could take my oath I don't know any such person," she said, "and I don't know you mean, or what you mean. All I want is quite honest. There is a fortune waiting for that poor girl, and I want to take her back to those who love her; and are ready to forgive and forget everything. I feel sure you know something of her. But nobody except me and her other friends have anything to do with it."

"Well," I said, rising to take my leave, "all the information I can give you is that I never saw such a person here, either last winter or since. It is quite possible she went on to Jersey, or to Granville, when the storm was over. That she did not stay in Guernsey I am quite sure."

I went away in a fever of anxiety. The woman, who was certainly not a lady, had inspired me with a confidence that I could not describe. Surely this person could not be related to Olivia! I tried to guess in what relationship to her she could possibly stand. I felt more chafed than I had ever done about Olivia's secret. I tried to satisfy myself with the reflection that I had put Tardif on his guard, and that he would protect her. But that did not put my mind at ease.

I never knew a mother who believed that any other woman could nurse her sick child as well as herself; and I could not be persuaded that even Tardif would shield Olivia from danger and trouble as I could. It was only allowed to me that I could hold no communication with her.

I had strolled down some of the quieter streets of the town, when I was turning this affair over in my mind, and now as I crossed the end of the Rue Haute, I caught sight of Kate Daltrey turning into a milliner's shop. There was every reasonable probability that she would not come out again soon, for I saw a bonnet reached out of the window. If she were gone to buy a bonnet she was safe for half an hour, and Julia would be alone. "I am not a girl," she said, "but I have nothing to do with not seeing anybody, though that's dull. There's nothing for me to do but take a bath in the morning and a drive in the afternoon, and go to bed very early. Good gracious! it's enough to drive me mad!"

"Try Jersey," I suggested.

"No, I'll not try Jersey," she said. "I mean to make my way here. Don't you know anything about a salin upon her full confidence, and we could laugh at further difficulties. She was of age, and therefore mistress of herself. Her friends, represented by this odious woman, could have no legal authority over her."

I turned shortly up a side street and walked as fast as I could towards the house which was to have been our home. By a bold stroke I might reach Julia's presence. I rang, and the maid who answered the bell opened wide eyes of astonishment at seeing me there. I passed by quickly.

"I wish to speak to Miss Dobree," I said. "Is she in the drawing room?"

"Yes, sir," she answered, in a hesitating tone.

I waited for nothing more, but knocked at the drawing room door for myself, and heard Julia call, "Come in."

CHAPTER XIV.

Julia looked very much the same as she had done that evening when I came reluctantly to tell her that my heart was not in her keeping, but belonged to another. She wore the same kind of fresh, light muslin dress, with ribbons and lace about it, and she sat near the window, with a piece of needlework in her hands; yet she was not sewing, and her hands lay listlessly on her lap. A mingled feeling of sorrow, pity and shame prevented me from advancing into the room. She looked up to see who was standing in the doorway, and my appearance there evidently alarmed and distressed her.