

Dayton Herald.

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DAYTON, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

A serious snow storm is raging in South Dakota.

The Chinese emperor and empress will return to Peking.

Fire destroyed a considerable portion of the Korean palace at Seoul recently.

General Botha has sent Lord Roberts a statement of the terms on which he will surrender.

The Japanese embassy was attacked by a lunatic who threw his purse and his shoes at her.

The firm of William L. Strong & Co., of New York, has failed, with liabilities of \$6,000,000.

Henry Elling, a pioneer of Montana and president of six banks in that state, died at his home in Virginia City.

During the progress of a bull fight given by women toreros at Alicante, Spain, the benches collapsed and eight persons were killed and 200 injured.

According to Commissioner of Immigration Fitch, of New York, immigrants have arrived in this country at the rate of 1,000 per day from all countries since July last.

Thirteen insane soldiers from the Philippines, who had been confined in the Presidio hospital at San Francisco, have been sent to the government asylum at Washington, D. C.

Yale college will educate free of charge five Filipinos provided young men of exceptional fitness and high character be selected by Judge Taft, of the Philippine commission.

At Denver, in an action begun by Dean Hart to prevent Sunday theatrical performances, Police Justice Thomas decided in favor of the theaters, holding that the city ordinance on the subject is void.

The Peruvian bark Francisco Toso cleared from Astoria with a cargo of 529,054 feet of lumber, valued at \$5,784.78. She was loaded at the Knappa, Wash., mills, and goes to Callao, Peru.

The state supreme court of Minnesota has decided that the so-called "jag cure law" is unconstitutional because it applies only to counties of over 50,000 people and it is limited in its benefits to a certain number in each county, one per year to each 10,000 of people.

Andrew Carnegie has another surprise for Pittsburgh, involving the expenditure of several million dollars. His purpose is said to be the establishment of a polytechnic school for the instruction in practical mechanics and the industrial sciences. The amount of money which will be spent by Mr. Carnegie in founding and endowing the school is \$3,000,000.

Ambassador Choate lectured on Lincoln at Edinburgh.

Terry McGovern defeated Kid Broad at Tattersalls, Chicago.

The treaty of Paris was denounced at the Spanish-American congress.

Industrial commission hears testimony on labor strikes and sweatshops.

Indemnity claims by Philippine corporations will be submitted to congress.

A bill to disfranchise negroes was introduced in the Georgia legislature.

President McKinley asks the members of the cabinet to remain with him.

Brazil and Argentina may force Chile to grant Bolivia's demands in regard to coast lines.

Union labor makes a demand for state positions in Washington under new regime.

An Idaho death hall tragedy resulted in the death of two men at the town of Gem.

In an explosion in a gelatine mixing house of a powder company at Los Angeles, Cal., 15 miles from San Francisco, one white man and two Chinese were killed.

A special dispatch from Tien Tsin, says a force of Russians has captured the arsenal northeast of Yang Tsun, with trifling loss, killing 200 Chinese and capturing a quantity of arms and treasure.

Max J. Lazar, the diamond smuggler, pleaded guilty in the United States court at Buffalo, N. Y. He was fined \$500 and sent to the Erie county jail for six months. He smuggled diamonds which were sold for \$31,000.

The bodies of 22 persons who were killed by the collapse of houses inshore by the typhoon which struck Hong Kong recently, have been recovered. More than 50 bodies have been taken from the harbor, and the remains of many victims are still to be found. The damage to property and crops is enormous.

Japan has passed a law to prohibit girls under 20 years of age from smoking.

The home of the late Bayard Taylor at Westchester, Pa., known as Cedarcroft, was sold at sheriff's sale to satisfy a claim.

J. M. McKnight, formerly president of the German National bank of Louisville, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment at hard labor for embezzlement.

New and frightful massacres of Armenians have occurred in the district of Diarbekir.

Rudyard Kipling has decided to sell his Vermont home and abandon the idea of residing in America.

It is likely that salt mining may in the early future be added to the industries of British Columbia.

The latest fishing craft to return from northern Labrador report that St. John's have tested the sight of the children under their care. Over 23 per cent were found to have defective vision.

LATER NEWS.

Sanitary conditions at Peking are becoming serious.

The good roads movement was formally launched in Chicago.

Methodists convened in New York denounced the Church of Rome.

Rebel and American activity in the field has been greatly increased.

Kentucky bank is out \$201,000 through the dishonesty of a clerk.

The United States supreme court sustained the Tennessee cigarette law.

Four men were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a Pennsylvania hotel.

The battle-ship Kentucky will enforce the indemnity claim against Turkey.

In an engagement north of Manila 11 Americans and 80 Filipinos were killed.

There is a scarcity of food in Tien Tsin, and already there is considerable suffering.

The Hay-Panncote treaty will be the stumbling block in the way of canal legislation.

Twenty-six Oregon counties that have not remitted scalp bounty tax are requested to do so.

The marriage of the Duke of Manchester and Miss Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, is announced.

Past fiscal year was the most prosperous period known to American shipping for some time.

A Chicago firm submits the best bid for the construction of the new post-office building at Salem, Or.

Fifty-six cases of yellow fever are now under treatment in the city of Havana, among them two Americans.

Fred J. Kisel, of Malheur county, Oregon, has been appointed as a delegate to the National Irrigation Congress.

Rev. James Deighton, once a noted London preacher, and an intimate friend of Spurgeon, died at Hington, Ind., aged 63 years.

The population of Minnesota, as officially announced, is 1,716,754, against 1,801,826 in 1890, an increase of 44.68 since 1890, or 34.5 per cent.

The population of Pennsylvania, as officially announced by the census bureau, is 6,302,116, against 5,258,014 in 1890, an increase of 1,044,101, or 19.8 per cent.

Disasters from Vladivostok say the Chinese have destroyed 3000 vessels of the southern section of the Manchurian railroad. All the stations were burned and much rolling stock was destroyed. The damage is estimated at 10,000,000 roubles.

Two men held up a saloon at Tacoma and secured \$12.

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OPEN DOOR IN CHINA

Cotton Manufacturers of the South Petition For It.

IMPORTANT TRADE NECESSITY

Secretary Hay Asked to Use His Good Offices to Prevent Closing of Markets to Americans.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Secretary Hay has received a petition from nearly all of the leading cotton manufacturers of the South to take such action as may be within his power to prevent the interference by any European power which might close the foreign markets to the cotton manufacturers of the United States and injure other American interests. The petitioners declare that the "open door" policy is necessary to secure the retention of the important trade in cotton drills and shirtings with China, most of which are manufactured in Southern states. It is declared the withdrawal of this trade in Manchuria would seriously affect not only the manufacturers of cotton goods but Southern cotton-growers and employers and employees and laborers in the cotton mills. The petitioners represent fully \$15,000,000 in capital and declare they have lost half their trade since the Boxer uprising and are running on half time.

General Charles has called the war department the following from Taku, under date of November 16:

"Sixth regiment, United States cavalry, will remain in China, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Theodore J. Wint, with troops 1, K, L, M."

"CHAFFEE."

CHINESE DISCOVERED AMERICA.

Evidence Contained in Ancient Records Unearthed in Peking.

Monterey, Mex., Nov. 17.—The report that American officers have unearthed ancient records in Peking showing the Chinese discovered America, 1,500 years ago, and erected temples in Mexico, has aroused the greatest interest among the scientific men of Monterey and throughout this country. The Chinese temples alluded to are in the state of Sonora, on the Pacific coast. The ruin of one of the temples was discovered near the town of Ures, in that state, about two years ago. One of the large stone tablets found in the ruins was covered with carved Chinese characters, which were partly deciphered by a learned Chinaman who visited the ruins at the request of the Mexican government. This Chinaman made the assertion at the time that the ruins were those of a temple which had been erected many centuries ago by Chinese, but his statement was not received with credence.

It has been long claimed that the Indians of the state of Sonora are the descendants of the early Chinese settlers. They possess many traditions and characteristics of the Chinese. If the report of the finding of these records in Peking is verified an expedition will go from here to explore further the ancient temples of Sonora.

Dishonest Officials.

Yokohama, Nov. 17.—Several members of the Tokyo city council, having been accused of accepting a bribe from the Mitsui lead pipe factory, all the members resigned en bloc, but were subsequently re-elected with the exception of the incriminated members, warrants for whose arrest have been issued.

Fire in a Bridge Plant.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 16.—Fire which started in the engine-room of the Detroit Bridge & Iron Works early today did between \$65,000 and \$75,000 damage. Five hundred men were thrown out of employment. The loss is covered by insurance. Repairs will be begun immediately and the works started again as soon as possible.

Queen Dead Not Dead.

Paris, Nov. 15.—Inquiries made by a representative of the press at the Servian legation here show that there is no truth in the report published by the Echo de Paris today that Queen Draga of Servia is dead. The legation officials have not even heard that the queen is ill.

Wealthy Man's Suicide.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 17.—Frank Alderman, a wealthy real estate man, killed himself today. He walked into a hardware store, purchased a revolver, loaded it and then sent a bullet into his brain. He is thought to have been insane. He was a prominent Republican politician.

Another North Sea Cable.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Consul Lestoe, at Rotterdam, in a report to the state department, says that a third telegraphic cable has been constructed recently between The Netherlands and England and will expedite the delivery of American cablegrams via London.

Farm Machinery Plant Burned.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—A plant near the Record from Geneva, Ill., says: Fire totally destroyed the plant of the Appleton Manufacturing Company in this city. It started in the paint shop. The loss is \$250,000. The company manufactured farm machinery.

MacArthur Removes the Censorship.

Manila, Nov. 17.—The censorship was removed today. General MacArthur, however, has issued directions to the cable companies ordering them to furnish him with a copy of all press dispatches.

Return of the Logan.

San Francisco, Nov. 17.—The transport Logan arrived from Manila today and went into quarantine. The Logan brings 278 sick soldiers, 39 prisoners and eight insane.

To Explore Central Asia.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 17.—An international association for the furtherance of the exploration of Central Asia is being formed. The principal seat will be at St. Petersburg.

The Plague in South Africa.

Cape Town, Nov. 17.—An outbreak of bubonic plague is reported among the natives of Sinyoka near King Williamstown. Precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease among the whites.

The Fall Fishing on the Columbia River is Practically Closed.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—The Evening Call made an assignment for the benefit of creditors and ceased publication today.

CIGARMAKERS RIOTING.

Serious Trouble Between Two Rival Unions at Tampa.

Tampa, Fla., Nov. 19.—Rioting between the Tampa cigar makers and the Tampa cigar makers began here today at the factory of Gonzales, Mora & Co., of Tampa and Chicago. This firm was working a full force of Resistance men, numbering about 500. The internationalists marched to the factory and demanded that these men come out. This was refused and the internationalists declared they would put them out. The press is encircled, and as an international man started to enter the gate the Italian doorkeeper fired upon him. This was quickly followed by an exchange of several hundred shots. The front and side of the buildings were riddled with bullets, but no one has been reported injured. Police officers dispersed the mob.

Every factory closed at noon for the day. The mayor has sworn in 100 extra policemen and has ordered the city numerous deputies to his force. The mayor issued a proclamation forbidding torchlight processions and demonstrations of the rival trades unions, planned for tonight.

The internationalists have about 800 members here, while the Resistance men number over 3,000.

Since the rioting, the city has presented a wild and excited condition, and the streets in the neighborhood of the cigar factories have been thronged with people. This afternoon, a mass meeting of business men passed a resolution authorizing the chairman to appoint committees, which the unions did. These committees met and agreed that all the men should go to work tomorrow morning. The internationalists said to this proposition practically, but the Resistance Union is still considering the matter. It is thought it will be adopted before morning. All the factories are now heavily guarded by deputies.

MESSANGER BAXTER'S VICTIM.

Council Bluffs Robber the Outcast of a Wealthy Family.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The bandit who was killed October 3 last by Express Messenger Baxter, on the Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad, is said to have been the outcast of a wealthy Massachusetts family. This information was given Lieutenant Rohan, of detective headquarters, by a "crook" whom the veteran detective has known for years.

"I have no reason to doubt the man's story," said the lieutenant, "and although he is a thief, I have confidence in his word. A week or 10 days before the main hold-up on the Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad, my informant met the man here in Chicago. The plans were then being made for the hold-up. 'Keep an eye on the papers, said the man, 'and you'll hear of something near Council Bluffs.' My informant did not then know that a train was to be held up, but when he read of the attempted robbery and the killing of one of the bandits, he knew who it was that did the job. Later he saw a picture and description of the dead robber and recognized the man at once. He would not tell me the name of the thief who was killed by the express messenger, as he said it would only saddle a family who have had their share of sorrow for the acts of a wayward son."

WHOLESALE BODYSNATCHING.

Horrible Discovery Made in a Michigan Cemetery.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Nov. 19.—The authorities of this city were informed today of a horrible case of wholesale bodysnatching, which took place in the Springbrook cemetery in Newaygo county. Nine bodies, so far as known at present, were exhumed and all but one were those of persons who had died within the past year. The ninth victim, which is supposed to have been Mrs. Henry Knowles, although the body is in such a state of decomposition as to be unrecognizable, was discovered in a hedge fence about a quarter of a mile from the cemetery. She died about five years ago. The cemetery is in an isolated spot, and up to Wednesday there had not been a burial there for nearly three weeks. When Isaac Dunton, the sexton, went to dig a grave yesterday, the discovery was made. The remains of coffins, which seemed to have been knocked apart with an ax and were strewn about the graveyard.

Remains of a Train Robber.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 19.—Between Casa Grande and Florence a party of hunters found a skeleton which is believed to be the remains of Bert Alvord, leader of one of the most desperate bands of train robbers that ever operated in Arizona. There is scarcely any doubt that he was killed by William Shires, one of the members of the gang. Wild animals had torn all the flesh from the skeleton, but peculiar marks on the skull and fillings in the teeth made identification sure.

Three Hangings in Arizona.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 19.—Unless the unexpected happens and further clemency is extended by President McKinley or Governor Murphy, three men will be hanged Saturday for murders in Arizona. Thomas and William Holden will be executed at Tombstone for the killing of Ted Moore, and Santiago Ortiz will pay the death penalty for the murder of W. S. Moffat.

Three Negroes Lynched.

Jefferson, Tex., Nov. 19.—Three negroes who had been arrested for waylaying and attempting to kill Mr. Sialcup were taken from the jail last night by unknown persons and hanged to the railroad bridge across Cypress bayou. The negroes had confessed to the crime. The mob that did the hanging overpowered the jailer and cut the telephone line, so that the jailer could not communicate with the sheriff.

Tram Wrecked in Train.

Bethlehem, Pa., Nov. 19.—Tram last night threw open a switch on the Lehigh & Lackawanna railroad, 10 miles north of here, and the express from Bath, Pa., to this city was derailed, running into Monocacy creek, but not overturning. Seventeen passengers were aboard the train and were hurt. Travel was blocked for several hours.

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BOXERS' FATE FIXED

Princes Tuan and Chang Go to Prison for Life.

OTHERS FARE LITTLE BETTER

Moderate and Humane Course of the United States Has Advanced Its Prestige in China.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Minister Wu has received from Director-General Sheng the following cablegram, which he communicated to Secretary Hay today:

An imperial decree of November 13 deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chang of their ranks and offices, and orders them to be imprisoned for life; Prince Yih and secondary Prince Liang to be imprisoned; secondary Prince Lien to be deprived of his rank; Duke Lan and Liang Nien to be degraded in rank; Kang Yi being dead, no penalty can be imposed upon him; Chao Shu Chiao to be degraded, but retained in office, and Yu Hsien to be exiled to the farthest boundary.

The Chinese officials mentioned in the decree are among the highest in China, and comprise most, if not all, of those against whom the powers demanded rigorous punishment. Prince Tuan stands at the head of the anti-foreign and Boxer movement. Previous edicts degraded him and took away his office and servants, but this judgment of life imprisonment is the most severe thus far given to any of the leaders responsible for the trouble. From a Chinese standpoint, it is an extreme penalty to a prince of the blood, but it remains to be seen whether the powers will regard it as adequate to Prince Tuan's offense. The others mentioned were Tuan's active associates, and two of them were specifically mentioned for punishment, along with Tuan, in Secretary Hay's note of October 3, in which he advised the Chinese government that this country would expect these officials to receive their just deserts.

Kang Yi is one of the officials who died suddenly when the demands for punishment had been made, probably by suicide. Yu Hsien is another who was thought to have committed suicide, but the reports indicate that he is still alive.

Wise Course of the United States.

There is no hesitation in energetically denying the European implication that the United States government is moved in its Chinese policy by sentimental and unbusinesslike considerations. On the contrary, it is pointed out that, while sentiment is on the side of our government in this matter, it is accompanied by the soundest business considerations. The animating purpose of the state department now is to prevent the destruction of Chinese integrity upon pretexts; to maintain the open door, for which our government long has contended, and to secure indemnities for the past, and guarantees for the future.

A TERRIBLE PENALTY.

The Limon, Colo., Murderer Burned at the Stake.

Limon, Colo., Nov. 19.—Chained to a railroad rail firmly in the ground, on the exact spot where his fiendish crime was committed, Preston Porter, Jr., or, as he was familiarly known, John Porter, this evening paid a terrible penalty for his deed. It was 6:23 o'clock when the father of the murdered girl touched the match to the fuel which had been piled around the negro, and 20 minutes after a last convulsive shudder told that life was extinct. What agony the doomed boy suffered while the flames shrieked over his flesh could only be guessed by the terrible contortions of his face and the cries he gave from time to time.

The executioners, who numbered about 300 citizens of Limon county, had not the least semblance of the ordinary mob. Their every act was deliberate and during all the preparatory work, as well as throughout the sufferings of the negro, hardly an unnecessary word was spoken. Grimly they stood in a circle about the fire until the body was entirely consumed and then quietly they took their way back to Limon, from whence they departed for their homes shortly afterward.

Attack on the Kaiser.

Breelan, Nov. 19.—Emperor William was the object of an attempted outrage today which, however, failed. As he was driving in an open carriage to the cuirassier barracks, accompanied by the hereditary prince of Saxo-Meiningen, a woman in the crowd hurled a short hand-chopper, or hatchet, at the carriage. The hatchet struck the carriage, but the rapidity with which the vehicle was passing saved its occupants.

Head End Collision.

Oil City, Pa., Nov. 19.—A head-end collision between a Pennsylvania express freight train and a Lake Shore passenger train occurred two miles west of Folk tonight. Both engines were demolished, all of the passenger coaches left the tracks, and 40 oil and coal cars of the freight were derailed.

Prevented Negroes From Voting.

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