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DAYTON, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

American troops have withdrawn from Pekin.

Roosevelt was met by big crowds in the state of New York.

The business portion of the town of Danavant, Kansas, was destroyed by fire.

The United States is holding back its answer to the Anglo-German agreement.

Bryan says, if elected, he will immediately withdraw the army from the Philippines.

Thomas Walsh, the Colorado millionaire, forms a partnership in commercial enterprises with King Leopold, of Belgium.

Great uneasiness was created in palace circles, says the Constantinople correspondent of the London Daily Mail, by a report that an American squadron was approaching and the censor was instructed to prohibit the press from mentioning the subject.

Another feud has broken out in Clay county, Kentucky, between the Phillips and Davidsons. Recently David Davidson, father of Felix Davidson, the deputy who was killed by a Philpot a few weeks ago, was killed and several others wounded in a fight. On the other side, David Phillips was killed and two others badly wounded.

Skirmishes continue between the Russians and the Chinese at various points along the Manchurian railway.

The Amur Gazette, at Blagoveshchensk, asserts that the Chinese bank of the Amur river will be offered to Russian settlers. It is reported that the construction of a railway between Blagoveshchensk and Tselinok has been decided upon.

Colonel Picquart's suit for libel against Le Journal of Paris, arising from the Dreyfus polemics, was decided in his favor. The court commanded the manager of the paper, M. Pouch, to pay a fine of 2,000 francs, and M. Possiden and Galli, the writers of the articles, were sentenced to six months and one month imprisonment, respectively, and all three were sentenced to pay 30,000 francs damages.

William Hammer Piper, of Chicago, on behalf of the Zion church has sent telegrams to President McKinley and Governor Nash, of Ohio, protesting against the treatment of the representatives of the denomination at Mansfield, O., and appealing for their protection. Mr. Piper says these ministers have not broken a single statute of the state, and the right to preach the gospel of Jesus Christ is vouchsafed to them by the laws of Ohio and the constitution of the United States.

A New York bank teller stole \$700,000 and escaped.

Boer guerrilla attacks give the British much trouble.

President Mitchell thinks this is the last week of the miners' strike.

Twenty-five carloads of Oregon fruit trees will be shipped to other states.

The British steamship Royalist will enter the transport service of the United States.

The Pacific Coast Company in three years has risen from bankruptcy to \$1,000,000 surplus.

Thirteen-year-old school girl, Lulu Jones, was the victim of a murderous assault at Jefferson, Or.

Baron von Richthofen is Count von Bulow's successor as minister of foreign affairs for Germany.

The Kentucky miners' strike has been declared off. Eight hundred men will return to work at once.

The Russian minister of finance, M. De Wit, authorized denial of the story that Russia began negotiations in New York in the middle of October for a \$50,000,000 loan.

General Charles M. Serra, of the Colombian republic's army, announces that his government had purchased George Gould's yacht, Atlanta, and would use her in suppressing the rebellion.

Near Vicksburg, Miss., Glester Barnes, colored, was lynched by a mob of his own people. In a drunken fury Barnes murdered his wife, stabbed and badly wounded a negro who interfered, and engaged in a rifle duel with a white man who attempted to arrest him. The murderer was shot to death.

The citizens of Oklahoma and Indian Territory want single statehood for the two territories. The formation of leagues to promote this end has commenced. The first league was organized at Wagoner, I. T. Determined efforts in this direction are being made by the leading people of those territories.

There are about 30,000 lepers in the Philippines.

The gold yield of Cripple Creek for the present year is expected to amount to \$27,000,000.

An English inventor proposes to build a boat that will cross the Atlantic in two days.

Big imports of gold from Europe are anticipated in New York as a result of the resumption of mining in South Africa.

Modern machinery is fast finding its way to small farms in Cuba.

Lessees of the Georgia penal camps are charged with entrapping innocent negroes and forcing them into the chain gangs.

The Railway Clerks' Mutual Benefit Association, in session at Detroit, Mich., elected Henry E. First, of Cincinnati, president.

At Japanese auctions bidders write their offer on a slip of paper, and drop it into a box. When all the bids are in the box is opened and the highest bidder named.

LATER NEWS.

Alford, the absconder, was arrested in Boston.

Japan wishes to hold the balance of power in the Orient.

The cigarmakers of Tampa, Florida, are out on a strike.

Fall fishing on the Columbia is about at an end.

Prince Christian Victor, of Schleswig-Holstein, died at Pretoria.

Venezuela was visited by a great earthquake, killing 15 persons.

Damage by flood is reported from La Crosse, Wis., and Winona, Minn.

Professor Max Muller, the famous philologist, died in London, aged 77.

There was a general resumption of work in the Pennsylvania coal region.

The new gold strike in the Baker City, Or., country, is extensive and rich.

A Democratic leader predicts that Idaho will give Bryan a majority of 5,000.

Chicago postoffice clerks have affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The Boers are said to have 15,000 armed men in the field in Orange River colony.

Prince Hohenlohe says he resigned because he was ignored on important occasions.

Chinese looters stole Manchu throne and colossal archaeological objects of great value.

Boxers at Pao Ting Fu declare the provincial treasurer ordered them to kill foreigners.

Prince Yi and Ying Nien are added to the list of those whose execution France has demanded.

More than \$20,000,000 in gold dust and bullion has been deposited in Seattle assay offices this year.

Seven people were killed and many injured in a Northern Pacific train wreck near Livingston, Mont.

Many persons were injured and perhaps killed, and a dozen buildings wrecked in a New York fire and explosion.

A special from Victor, Colo., says the 800 miners who walked out of the independence mine on account of the order to search them when they came off duty have been discharged. Everything is quiet about the mine.

At Spokane, Wash., Mrs. Edith Strobel, wife of an engineer on the Great Northern, killed herself by blowing out her brains with a revolver. She was 39 years of age, and before her marriage was a Tekoa, Wash., girl. Temporary insanity is said to have been the motive.

New York Democrats gave W. J. Bryan another reception.

A plot to assassinate President Loubet, of France, has been discovered.

George W. Shaver, a pioneer steamboat man, of Portland, Or., is dead.

Roosevelt concluded his tour in New York state with a speech in Binghamton.

All but one colliery in the Hazleton mining region have granted the miners demands.

Four hundred native Christians were massacred at Mukden before the Russian occupation.

Near Frederickstad, the Boers under Dewet, were scattered in all directions by a British force.

A Republican parade lasting six hours was the culmination of the campaign in Chicago.

The evacuation of Cuba will not be ordered till the character of the new government is tested.

Edward Dewey, brother of Admiral Dewey, died at his home in Montpelier, Vt., aged 71 years.

An Everett, Wash., saw mill has received and order for 2,000,000 feet of lumber from South America.

A man who had been arrested at Spangle, Wash., for being drunk and disorderly, committed suicide by hanging himself in jail.

The 150-ton schooner Fischer Bros., of Seattle, is reported to have been wrecked on the beach of Behring sea in a storm near Port Clarence. No lives were lost.

W. S. Robson, one of the most extensive cotton planters of Texas, has gathered statistics from the Brazos and Colorado valleys and declares that the boll weevil has destroyed \$6,000,000 worth of this year's crop.

A sheriff's posse in pursuit of five prisoners who escaped from the Dopphian, Kan., jail, overtook the men near Dalton, Ark., and a battle ensued in which two members of the posse were dangerously wounded. Three of the prisoners were wounded and recaptured.

The war department has made public an order issued by General McArthur, looking to the protection of the health of the soldiers in the Philippines. This recites that 50 per cent of the sickness in the army is avoidable by sanitary precautions, the most important of which are the boiling of all drinking water for not less than 20 minutes, and the adoption of the strictest cleanliness as to camps, quarters, kitchens and cooking utensils.

A German firm has built a locomotive on the American pattern.

The international peace congress in Paris condemned Great Britain's course in the Transvaal.

During the last year 2,400 duels have been fought in Italy and 80 deaths have resulted.

Cabbage crops in Europe are generally poor this year and this country is being called upon to make up the deficiency.

THE STRIKE IS OFF

Official Settlement of Trouble by Union Officials.

FEW OPERATORS FAIL TO COMPLY

At Such Mines the Strike Will Continue Until the Employers Are Granted Their Demands.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 28.—The following statement was given out for publication tonight by President Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers:

"Temporary Headquarters, United Mineworkers of America, Hazleton, Pa., October 27, 1906.—To the miners and mine workers of the anthracite region: Gentlemen—After carefully canvassing the entire strike situation; we, your officers, district and national, have concluded that your victory is so nearly complete that no good can be served by continuing the strike longer. The contest has been in progress for 39 days, and the companies employing you have, with few exceptions, signified their willingness to pay the scale of wages formulated by the Scranton convention of October 12 and 13.

"We are aware that some disappointment and dissatisfaction has been caused by the failure of the operators in districts 1 and 7 to separate the reduction in the price of powder from the advance in wages, but after careful inquiry we are satisfied that each mine employee will actually receive an advance of 10 per cent on the wages formerly paid. In the Schuylkill and Lehigh regions the largest companies have agreed that the sliding scale should be suspended and that wages should remain stationary at 10 per cent until April 1, 1907, thus removing one of the inequities of which you have complained for many years.

"While it is true that you have not secured redress for all your wrongs; while it is true that the increase in your earnings will not fully compensate you for the arduous labor you are compelled to perform; you have established a perfect organization, which, if maintained and conducted on business principles, will enable you to regulate many of your local grievances and make your employment less onerous and more profitable than before the strike began.

"The companies agree in their notices to take up with their mine employees all grievances complained of. We would, therefore, advise that when work is resumed committees be selected by the mine employees and that they wait upon the superintendents of the companies and present their grievances in an orderly, business-like manner, and ask that they be corrected.

"Your attention is respectfully called to the fact that the laws of the state of Pennsylvania provide that miners should be paid semi-monthly on demand. We should, therefore, advise that each mine employee serve notice on the companies that he expects to be paid his wages twice each month, as provided by law.

"The practical benefits to the miners which accrue from thorough organization have been so clearly demonstrated during this strike that it should be needless for us to urge upon you the necessity of maintaining your union intact. We trust, however, that those who are now members of the union will be unceasing in their efforts to induce all mineworkers to ally themselves with the United Mineworkers of America at once, as it will be impossible for you to secure your wages in the future or even maintaining the present rate of wages unless you are prepared to offer a united resistance if any attempt is made to reduce your earnings upon the expiration of the present offer."

"The address is signed by the national and district officers of the United Mineworkers of America.

Dodson & Co., operating the Beaver Brook colliery, posted a notice today complying with the demands of the Scranton convention. The company also operates the Morea and William collieries, in Schuylkill county.

Recruits for Philippines.

New York, Oct. 28.—Colonel Kimball, assistant quartermaster of the United States army, announced today that 2,000 recruits will leave for the Philippines in the next three weeks.

The first 1,000 will leave on the transport Buford, November 5. The second transport carrying the other 1,000, will be the Kilpatrick, which will leave November 10. The recruits on the Buford will be under the command of Colonel Jacob Kline, of the Twenty-first infantry, and those on the Kilpatrick, under Colonel Tully McGuire.

State Boundary Line Wrong.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 28.—Secretary of State McDavid has taken the first step toward amending the line between Alabama and Georgia.

The government's secretary of state says Alabama runs a mile farther south on the eastern boundary than the tract books have hitherto shown, and that the state is possessed of a wedge of land which its office records failed to show it owned running 100 miles along the southern end of the state.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Oct. 27.—Intense anger, feeling has been excited here by the renewal of the report that Denmark intends to sell the Danish Antilles to the United States. A meeting of the colonial council has been convened at St. Croix for the purpose of making a formal protest. The newspapers discuss the question, declaring in bold type: "We do not wish to be sold."

There is no desire, much less enthusiasm, among the population to belong to the United States.

Rebels Attacked Villagers.

Hong Kong, Oct. 28.—The governor of Hong Kong has been informed that 4,000 villagers in the Saitochook-Kwaishin district were attacked by the rebels at Pengkok. The villagers were defeated and 2,000 of them killed. The rebels who lost 400 killed, burned two villages containing 3,000 houses.

A force of 2,000 troops went to the assistance of the villagers and engaged the rebels October 23. No details of the result have been received. General Ho with 2,000 troops has returned to Wong Kong having burned the villages of Schanchantia and Malantau.

Merchant Shot by Ranger.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 28.—Charles R. Davenport, a business man at Colville, was shot dead last night at that place by W. L. Wright, a state ranger. Colville had been under control of the state rangers several months.

BRIBERY IN GERMANY.

Posadowsky-Wehner Implicated in a Scandal.

Berlin, Oct. 29.—A great sensation has been caused by the allegations that Count von Posadowsky-Wehner, secretary of state for the interior, had been bribed with 12,000 marks for his work in connection with the penal servitude bill of 1898. The allegation is contained in a letter which is going the rounds of the German press. The writer asserts that Herr Krupp subscribed 5,000 marks to the fund constituting the alleged bribe. The National Zeitung says it expects that Count von Posadowsky-Wehner will resign, and nearly all the papers condemn him severely.

A special addition of the Berliner Correspondent, which was issued by the minister of the interior, this afternoon publishes a statement submitted that Director von Weddick, of the imperial department of the interior, induced Secretary Bauck, of the Central Association of Manufacturers, to devote 12,000 marks for printing reichstag material and other documents tending to show arguments in favor of passing the anti-strike bill. This printed press was sent to the provincial press for reproduction. The official statement amounts to a virtual corroboration of the press charges brought against the minister of the interior, of which Count von Posadowsky-Wehner is the head.

All the evening papers comment upon the official administration. The entire Liberal press now demands the resignation of Posadowsky-Wehner, and Director von Weddick, the assumption being that the latter doubtless acted at the suggestion of the former. The Berliner Tageblatt says: "The sole consequence of the official statement is that both must resign."

A similar demand is made by the Vossische Zeitung, which remarks: "It is an unheard of proceeding that a government department should request and accept of a population directly interested in pending legislation for the purpose of influencing the nation against such legislation."

The only papers which attempt to defend the secretary of state for the interior are the Berliner Post, the Kreuz Zeitung and the Berliner Nachrichten, whose justification of his course in the matter is weakly apologetic.

SOUTHERN BOXERS.

They Are Organizing to Drive Foreigners Out of China.

Hong Kong, Oct. 29.—Advices from Lien Chau, on North river, say that an American mission property there is threatened with destruction by Boxers, who have posted the following proclamation:

"We have organized to protect our country and our homes, and we rely upon one another to support the order to drive out the foreign devils. They are mad. Their folly passes description. They are the enemies of our land. They disturb our borders. In all the provinces and prefectures chapels have been opened, and our people are deceived, ripped open and disemboweled, while the foreigners grow fat on the revenues of China, insulting our officials and merchants and seizing our temples and palaces. The emperor is indulgent and permits this. Who can foretell the intention of the foreign devils? By day they act more outrageously. When we behold the present condition of affairs, our hearts are bruised with grief. Therefore, we have organized our strength to destroy the devouring wolf throughout the empire."

The Boxers took the American Presbyterian mission buildings, but have not destroyed them. The rebellion is spreading along East river and North river. The province of Kwang Si is supposed to be aimed at the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty, but the reports are so contradictory that it is next to impossible to form a lucid impression. In Canton the Chinese officials are taking the insurrection so lightly that foreigners believe it will be very difficult to suppress.

Mine Boiler Exploded.

Minok, Ill., Oct. 29.—A boiler at shaft No. 1, of the Chicago & Minook Coal Company, exploded early this morning, seriously injuring William Jackson, engineer; Samuel Hayes, George Hayes and Ed Liston, firemen. Several other workmen received slight injuries. Jackson was badly burned and may die. Hayes was badly scalded, and his son George sustained a fracture of the skull. Liston was so badly scalded he will probably lose the sight of one eye. At the time, the superintendent and 250 men were in the mine, over 600 feet below. Two of the battery boilers were uninjured, and in order to operate the lift with steam, the boilers were separated from the debris and enough power furnished from them to operate the lift and raise the men to the surface. The financial loss is not over \$10,000.

Structural Iron Workers' Wages.

Pittsburg, Oct. 29.—The National Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, in session here today, adopted a universal wage scale, fixing the rate at 50 cents an hour, with the scale work as a day's work. The scale will go into effect next May. It was also decided to send an organizer to South Africa and Egypt.

Chief Sold Art Treasure.

Rome, Oct. 29.—Prince Chigi, who was prosecuted by the Italian government for selling a painting by Botticelli, which is now in London, has been ordered to pay as a fine for violating the law against selling valuable works of art for exportation, the sum of 3,151,000 lire, which was the price paid for the picture. The purchaser, who was summoned to appear before the tribunal, but was in default, was condemned conjointly with Prince Chigi.

Steyn Establishes a Capital.

Masaru, Basutoland, Oct. 29.—It is reported here that ex-President Steyn and the members of the executive council are at Fouriesburg, south of Bethlehem, and that he has declared Fouriesburg to be the capital of the Orange Free State. Mr. Steyn has ordered Keyter, a member of the late Volksraad, to be tried on the charge of high treason.

Durban, Oct. 29.—The Boers are raiding in the northern part of Natal. They have burned the railway station at Waschbank and blown up a culvert.

BOERS WAKING UP

Active Resistance Reported From Several Points.

ATTACK MADE UPON JACOBSDAAL

Burgers Raiding in Northern Natal. Steyn Establishes His Capital at Fouriesburg.

Cape Town, Oct. 29.—The Boers have captured Jacobdaal, southwest of Kimberley, after a stubborn resistance on the part of the garrison, which consisted of a detachment of Cape Town highlanders. The latter suffered severely, losing 84 out of 93 men.

Hans Botha has cut off a train with a reconnoitering party of the Highland brigade between Heidelberg and Greylingstad, in the Transvaal colony, tearing up the rails in front and behind the train. In the fight which followed two captains and eight men were wounded and all were captured.

London, Oct. 29.—It now appears that Jacobdaal was not captured by the Boers. Advice received from Cape Town shortly after midnight says: "Later news from Jacobdaal shows that 200 Boers unsuccessfully attacked the garrison. The highlanders had 14 killed and 20 wounded."

It is reported here as a curious coincidence that the news should be received concurrently with the expected arrival home from South Africa of the City Imperial Volunteers, as Jacobdaal was the scene of the latter's first fight. The town was captured by these volunteers February 15.

RIOTING NEAR MONTREAL.

Clash Between Militia and Strikers. Many Were Hurt.

Montreal, Oct. 29.—Over a score were wounded, one fatally, in a conflict between militia and strikers at Valley Field, Quebec, today.

Two hundred men employed by the Montreal Cotton Company on the foundations of a new mill, went out on strike yesterday, demanding an increase of 25 cents a day in their pay. The company refused to deal with the union. The strikers prevented the company from shipping goods and today held up the company's coal pile. The local police were powerless. The company had to have coal or shut down. Consequently a message was sent to Montreal asking for military assistance. It arrived at Valley Field at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and consisted of two companies of the Royal Scots. The embargo on the coal pile was promptly raised.

At dusk a big crowd, composed of strikers and their sympathizers, gathered and there was every evidence of trouble. About 8:30 the mob gathered near the Empire mill and began throwing stones through the windows and otherwise destroying property. The troops charged the mob with fixed bayonets. They were driven back. Eight of their number were wounded, two of them seriously. The strikers had 18 men injured, one fatally. The police were powerless. The company had to have coal or shut down. Consequently a message was sent to Montreal asking for military assistance. It arrived at Valley Field at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and consisted of two companies of the Royal Scots. The embargo on the coal pile was promptly raised.

Kruger's Plans.

Paris, Oct. 29.—Dr. Leyds, Transvaal agent was questioned today with reference to the plans of ex-President Kruger. He said:

"Most of the stories published on the subject are imaginary. Mr. Kruger will land at Marseilles, and I shall go to meet him. It is not true that I have seen M. Delcasse, French minister of foreign affairs, or that I am in any way arranging a reception which will be entirely in the hands of the French themselves. Nothing has been definitely decided as to the details of Kruger's stay in Europe. But Mr. Kruger is an old man and not accustomed to a cold climate, so it is likely he will sojourn in the neighborhood of Nice for the winter."

Annexation of the Transvaal.

Pretoria, Oct. 29.—The Transvaal was today proclaimed a part of the British empire, the proclamation being attended with impressive ceremonies. The royal standard was hoisted in the main square of the city. The Grenadiers presented arms, massed bands played the National Anthem. Sir Alfred Milner read the proclamation, and 6,200 troops, representing Great Britain and her colonies, marched past.

Drunk Carriage Accident.

New York, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Mabel Hanson, 23 years of age, who lived with her mother and two elder sisters, on the top floor of a handsome apartment house on West Sixty-first street, died at her home today from the effects of a dose of carbolic acid. The family is not communicative as to the matter, and claims that it is certain that Mrs. Hanson took the acid by mistake. It is known, however, that she purchased 10 cents worth of carbolic acid in a drug store less than half an hour before her death. The woman's husband, Charles Hanson, is in San Francisco, where, it is said, he is in the business. Mrs. Hanson has been visiting here about three months.

Stereoscopic Gas Exploded.

Chicago, Oct. 30.—An explosion of gas that was to be used for a stereoscopic entertainment wrecked the interior of the First Presbyterian church in Austin tonight, and the operator, George W. Leitch, recently returned from missionary work in India and Ceylon, lost his right hand and received a number of other injuries. The gas was in two cylinders about four feet long. One of the tanks sprang a leak and the light in the lantern ignited it, causing the explosion.

Killed Mistress and Himself.

Seattle, Oct. 30.—James Slorah, 15, a saloonkeeper here, killed Annie Mitchell, a variety actress, his mistress, at Dawson, October 29, by shooting himself. He lost heavily at Faro in Nome, causing an estrangement from the woman.

Safe Blown Open.

Bridgeport, Ind., Oct. 29.—The safe in the bank of Seeds Bros. was blown open by burglars early today and robbed of over \$1,000 in cash and many notes. The robbers escaped.

FILIPINO ACTIVITY.

Force of Four Hundred Attack American Scouting Party.

Manila, Oct. 30.—While scouting near Looc, a detachment of the Twentieth and Twenty-eighth regiments, under Captain Belgier, were attacked by 400 insurgents, armed with rifles, under the command of a white man, whose nationality is not known to the Americans. The insurgents, the most part were introduced. After a heroic fight, Captain Belgier drove off the enemy, killing more than 75. The fight lasted for two hours. Captain Belgier and three privates were slightly wounded, and two of the Americans were killed.

An engagement took place October 24 between detachments of the Third cavalry and the Thirty-third infantry, numbering 40, and a force of insurgents, including 40 riflemen and 1,000 bolomen. The fighting was desperate. Finally, under pressure of overwhelming numbers, the Americans were compelled to retire on Narvican. Lieutenant George L. Febiger and four privates were killed, nine wounded and four missing. Twenty-nine horses are missing. A number of teamsters were captured by the insurgents, but were subsequently released. The enemy's loss is estimated at 150.

Reports from General Young's district show an increase of insurgents there owing to the fact that recruits are going thither from the towns.

While a detail of the Thirty-third infantry was returning from Bangued they were fired upon by insurgents. Sergeant Besantier being killed and two privates wounded.

A civilian launch towing a barge loaded with merchandise near Arayat was attacked by a force of 180 insurgents under David Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth infantry. The American troops, hearing the firing, turned out in force before the boat could be looted and captured Fagin, who holds the rank of general among the insurgents, and who has been an special emissary towards his former company. Of the 20 men he captured a month ago, seven have returned. One was killed in a fight, his body being horribly mutilated. Fagin sent messages to his former comrades threatening them with violence if they became his prisoners. It was Fagin's men who captured Lieutenant Frederick W. Aletreter, who is a prisoner.

General Hall's expedition, with a force of nearly 800 men, through the mountains to Binangonan, province of Infanta, in pursuit of the insurgent, Catiles, although it discovered no trace of the enemy, encountered great hardships on the march. Twenty Chinese porters died and 40 men were sent into the hospital. After stationing a garrison of 250 men in Binangonan and visiting Polillo Island, off the coast of Iloilo province, General Hall and the rest of his force embarked there on the transport Garonne.

FLOODS IN WISCONSIN.

Much Damage Done at and Near the City of La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 30.—In the 24 hours preceding 8 o'clock this morning 7 1/2 inches of rain fell in this city. The storm was the heaviest in this city although it was generally felt within a radius of 50 miles from here. The Milwaukee road suffered much damage to its tracks, and no trains have arrived from the East for 24 hours. The La Crosse river marshes are flooded, and most of the hay that escaped the late flood has been destroyed. On H. Goodard's farm the house was undermined and the family sought refuge in a barn until morning today. The Green Bay road has a washout on the marshes which will require some days to repair. At Hokaho the dam which held in Lake Como broke today, and the lake has almost disappeared. There is a good deal of damage throughout the country. Fire caused by electricity damaged the La Crosse Knitting Works to the extent of several thousand dollars.

Sentences for Filipinos.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Military commissions in the Philippines have recently tried a score or more of native Filipinos on charges of murderous assaults, abduction, rape and violation of the laws of war. In most instances the death penalty was imposed, although in only two cases was it actually executed, the others being commuted to imprisonment at hard labor.

In one instance a native organized a miniature insurrection and with a small squad of men made an armed raid on the town of Tuguegarao to release some of his fellows who were held prisoners there by the United States. He was sentenced to hard labor and imprisonment for 30 years and his sentence later was commuted to 10 years' imprisonment.

Four Children Drowned.

Port Clinton, O., Oct. 30.—A quadruple drowning occurred near Plaster Bed on Sandusky bay, eight miles east of here, this afternoon. The drowned are: Douglas, George E., Alfred and Henry Stark, respectively 5, 5, 5 and 18 years. They were the children of William Stark, Mr. Stark and his children went for a boat ride this afternoon. On returning to shore the boat became fouled in a fish net and the carmen could neither force the boat ahead nor go back. The children became frightened and leaning over the side of the craft it capsized.

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FIRE IN NEW YORK

Caused Terrible Explosion in Heart of the City.

A DOZEN BUILDINGS WRECKED

Tarrant's Establishment the Scene of the Disaster. Many Persons Were Killed.

New York, Oct. 31.—As the result of a small fire, several explosions of chemicals occurred in Tarrant & Co.'