

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Hungry Filipinos are being led by the Americans.

The Philippine commissioners have been called home.

The Vixen has reached Bluefields to relieve the Detroit.

Costa Rica and Nicaragua are preparing for a conflict.

Mosquito coast Indians have rebelled against Nicaragua.

Augusta, Ga., was visited by a destructive fire; loss, \$250,000.

A new banana trust has been formed. It will fight a similar organization formed last winter.

The outlook is said to be bright for the settlement of the Alaska boundary dispute in London.

Seven walnut-growers' associations in Southern California have combined for mutual protection.

Twenty-five deaths and 33 prostrations is the result of a hot June day in New York and vicinity.

The United States court of appeals holds that the alien labor law applies only to common laborers.

The Indiana supreme court declares that it is unlawful for corporations to attempt to destroy competition.

Private Crew, of company D, casual detachment, was seriously wounded in target practice at San Francisco.

Augustin Daily, famous as a theatrical manager, dramatist and adapter of plays, died suddenly in Paris.

A company capitalized at \$10,000,000 has been organized to work a mountain of copper found in Arizona.

A Havana dispatch says brigandage is on the increase in portions of Cuba where no United States soldiers are quartered.

The Washington State Pioneers' Association has passed a resolution protesting against the cession of any Alaskan territory to Canada.

Governor-General Brooks has issued orders appointing Senor Gonzalez de Quesada special commissioner from Cuba at Washington, at a salary of \$5,000. The appointment greatly pleases Gomez' following.

Judge Allen, of Los Angeles, holds that people who secure a divorce in California who go beyond the jurisdiction of the California courts and contract another marriage and then return to California have no standing in a California court in an action for divorce.

A colony of 500 negroes will locate in California.

The proposed plow and threshing machine combines are off.

Admiral Sampson says our navy should be twice its present size.

Otis has established cable connection between Ilo Ilo and the island of Cebu.

A number of schools have closed in St. Louis on account of the hot weather.

Canada's latest proposal is to establish a customhouse on the Dalton trail.

Johann Strauss, the late famous composer, was buried with public honors in Vienna.

Western men are urging an early session of congress to consider currency legislation.

Steps have been taken by the French government demanding the extradition of Esterhazy.

James S. Sherman has withdrawn in favor of Henderson for the speakership of the national house.

Samoans have disarmed and are now awaiting the verdict of the joint commission as to who shall be king.

One death at Chicago and two at Pittsburgh with many prostrations from the heat is the record for one day.

The body of the "Barefoot King of Hawaii" is missing. It is supposed to have been stolen by natives and buried in the mountains.

That negotiations are in progress looking toward a mammoth sugar consolidation is now admitted by one of the men most interested.

New York experienced the hottest June day on record Tuesday. Thirty-one prostrations were recorded. The thermometer reached 98.

President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, in dispatch to Secretary Hay, has, it is believed, recommended more liberal concessions to the Filipinos, with a view of ending the insurrection at once.

A project for final improvement of the cascade locks on the upper Columbia has been submitted and approved. The appropriation is \$75,000, and the object is to prevent any further damage by freshet in the river.

Minor News Items.

The street cars at Wichita, Kan., have been declared a public nuisance and have stopped running.

The discovery has been made that 2,000,000 silver dollars stored in the Philadelphia mint vaults have rusted from a leak.

The first annual reunion of rough riders will be held in Las Vegas, N. M., June 24. Governor Roosevelt and staff will be present.

Henry C. Frick, head of the new Carnegie syndicate, made his fortune by an early appreciation of the possibilities of the coke industry.

A Dickens of the third generation has taken to novel writing. She is a daughter of "Charles the Second," as the eldest son was playfully called by his friends.

Sleeping Bear, a full-blood Gros Ventre Indian, successfully conducts a general store at Great Falls, Mont. He will not give his own people credit, but extends it to a limited number of whites.

LATER NEWS.

The French cabinet has resigned. Mexico will produce \$12,000,000 in gold this year.

A Chicago Chinaman has taken advantage of the new bankruptcy act.

At Fort Smith, Ark., a jealous saloonist shot and killed his wife and himself.

Louis Ulrich is the name of the man killed by the snowslide on White pass early in June.

During a drunken street brawl in San Francisco one man was killed and three wounded.

Captain Henry Nichols, commander of the Monadnock, died of stroke while on duty at Manila.

Artillerists manning the coast defense guns have been instructed to increase their target practice.

The municipality of Havana has presented to General Maximo Gomez a certificate naming him as an adopted son of the city.

The Second Oregon regiment, with the signal corps, has sailed for Manila for Portland. They are expected to arrive about July 12.

Great Britain is taking steps to protect her shipmasters and seamen from boarding house keepers.

Yellow Jack is creating a panic in Mexico. It is unusually virulent this year, the mortality exceeding 60 per cent.

The United States government has granted Spain the privilege of ransoming the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos.

The war department has under consideration an order sending the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth infantry to Manila.

Admiral Dewey has requested that the money raised to buy him a home in Washington be used to establish a home for soldiers and sailors.

The administration is being severely criticized by the Eastern press, who say the rebellion in the Philippines should be put down immediately.

New Richmond and Boardman, Wis., were nearly wiped off the map by a destructive cyclone. A number of lives were lost, and the property loss is enormous.

The Pacific coast gunboat Marietta, which accompanied the Oregon on her famous 14,000-mile run from California to the West Indies in the early days of the war, has arrived in New York.

Schurman is leaving the Philippines because his plan for home rule was not approved.

Veterans of the civil war, both of the blue and the gray, are planning a law and order expedition to Cuba.

Miss Mabel Kaffitz and Walter Henderson were drowned by the capsizing of the Flora near Stockton, California.

The southward movement of Lawton and Wheaton's forces proved a success. The Filipino forces were badly routed and disorganized.

The survey for the submarine cable which will connect Germany with the United States by the way of the Azores has been practically completed.

President Loubet, of France, has had his revenge for the recent outrage. He was the hero of a popular demonstration while driving to the races.

By working upon the muscles of the abdomen, a New York physician has cured a case of appendicitis. No instruments were used, and relief came in eight minutes.

The German peace delegate at The Hague objects to arbitration. He affirms that Emperor William will not pledge himself to accept decisions on issues that he may not arise.

The trust mania has reached the brewers, and it is said, on the best authority, that a scheme is on foot to form a trust with \$1,000,000,000 capital and buy up all the breweries in the country.

The Alaska grand jury has condemned the school management. Educational work, it says, has been misdirected. The government agent is accused of falsehood, and his removal from office is demanded.

England has bought an additional \$500,000 in American eagles to strengthen its reserve. The report that Russia is a buyer of gold in New York is regarded in London as being significant.

War seems certain between England and Transvaal. Both are preparing for a struggle. British troops are near the border and Kruger's forces are said to be able to cope with any England can muster.

Over 5,000,000,000 gallons of petroleum, according to the treasury bureau of statistics, are now produced annually in the world. Of this amount 2,500,000,000 gallons are produced in the United States, 2,250,000,000 in Russia, and the remainder is distributed among a dozen countries.

A tornado swept over San Pedro and Atar, in the province of Valladolid, Spain, about 150 houses being destroyed. There was also great loss of life. Ten bodies have already been recovered from the ruins. Toledo has been visited by a great storm. The lower part of the city has been flooded.

Charles Acton Ives, a well-known lawyer of New York, died of heart disease while riding a bicycle.

Mathias Steinberger, who lives with relatives on a farm in Jackson township, a few miles out of Fostoria, O., has recovered his memory and intellect after a lapse of 53 years.

The Massachusetts supreme court has rendered an opinion holding that passengers can recover damages for injuries to baggage from the last road over which their baggage came.

Ex-Queen Natalie of Serbia is writing an autobiographical novel, in which her family troubles are to be given to the world in the guise of fiction.

New Rochelle, N. Y., has the largest mayor in the country. His name is Michael J. Dillon, he is nearly six feet in height and weighs over 300 pounds.

By the purchase of the Bell telephone interests in the state of Wisconsin the Cleveland (O.) Telephone Company becomes the largest concern of the kind in the world. It now operates 115,134 miles of wire and serves 75,000 subscribers.

FIGHT NEAR MORONG

A Reconnoitering Party Attacked by Rebels.

ONE AMERICAN WAS KILLED

Fought Their Way Back to Camp Through the Enemy—Reinforcements for Otis.

Manila, June 12.—A reconnoitering party of 25 American soldiers, in the hills in the vicinity of Morong yesterday, were attacked by 300 rebels. The Americans fought their way to camp through the enemy and inflicted severe losses on them. The American's chief was killed. Five insurgents were captured and taken to Morong.

The rebels are extremely active. The garrison of cavalry and North Dakota infantry are throwing up intrenchments.

Ten Thousand Men for Otis.

Washington, June 12.—The solution of the problem of how to reinforce General Otis without calling for volunteers or reducing below the danger line the reserve force in the United States, was reached at a meeting of the cabinet today. Attorney-General Griggs announced his opinion that the army reorganization bill, fixing the maximum strength of the army at 65,000 men, did not include the enlisted force of the hospital corps, and the regular army can be increased by that number.

As the enlisted hospital corps aggregate 2,000 men, the opinion of the attorney-general gives that many more men to the regular army for Manila.

Major-General Shafter has now at the Presidio in California, ready for early shipment to Manila, 2,400 recruits.

Word was received by the war department today that the Nineteenth infantry, under orders to go to the Philippines, which came back from Porto Rico only 700 strong, had today been filled to its full quota of 1,300 men by recruits enlisted at Camp Meade.

The regiment will be sent to General Otis at once. In addition, the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth infantry regiments, negroes, every company recruited to its full strength are under orders to go to the Philippines, which will give General Otis 2,600 more fighting men in good condition. The Fourth infantry also fully recruited, and part of the Fourth artillery, are at the Presidio, awaiting orders to sail. Thus, without issuing a call for volunteers, the president can send General Otis a force slightly in excess of 10,000.

General Otis has been instructed to organize several skeleton regiments of volunteers who may accept the proposition to re-enlist for service until July 1, 1901. These skeleton organizations are to be officered by volunteer officers to be selected by General Otis from the 14 volunteer regiments now with him, and are to be increased to the maximum strength by regulars sent from here.

No Limit to Enlistments.

Chicago, June 12.—Captain P. H. Bonous, of the army recruiting station in this city, has received instructions from the war department to enlist an unlimited number of men for service in the Philippine islands.

LYNCHINGS IN CUBA.

Bandits Disposed of in the Southern Style.

Santiago de Cuba, June 12.—General Wood has been notified that Antonio Garcia, chief of the Holguin bandits, who was captured by the rural guards, has been hanged by the citizens. Seven men belonging to Garcia's band voluntarily surrendered to the rurales, but General Wood has instructed the commanding officers to accept no surrenders hereafter, but to capture the bandits as highwaymen or murderers.

Two robbers were lynched by Cubans near Puerto Principe, two days ago. At Sonora, recently, six bandits were badly beaten by employees of sugar estates, where they attempted to commit robbery.

Fitz Knocked Out.

New York, June 10.—James J. Jeffries, another sturdy young giant, has come out of the West to whip champion pugilists. At the arena of the Conkey and Athletic Club tonight he defeated Robert Fitzsimmons, world's champion in two classes—middle-weight and heavy-weight. He is the acknowledged master of the man he defeated. He was never at any time in serious danger, and, after the size-up in the early rounds of the contest, took the lead. He had the Australian whipped from the ninth round.

Transvaal Dispute.

London, June 12.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon says a rumor is current from a well-informed source that it has been proposed in a responsible quarter that the United States mediate between the Transvaal and Great Britain. It is added the suggestion is being considered, and that it is "not even improbable that mediation may be undertaken."

Slide in White Pass.

Nanaimo, B. C., June 12.—The steamer Amur, Captain Le Blanc, arrived here this morning from Skagway, and reports that on Sunday morning, June 4, men were at work clearing snow from the White Pass & Yukon railway, just over the summit, when a terrible slide of rocks and snow came down the mountain side, killing one man almost instantly, and seriously, if not fatally, injuring others.

At the time the Amur left, the names of the men were not obtainable.

The Peace Conference.

The Hague, June 12.—The peace conference entered today upon its important stage when the drafting committee of the third section took up arbitration. According to a foreign delegate, the American scheme does not seem to have obtained the support of many of the delegates.

Bombay, June 12.—Serious riots have broken out in the Tinnevely district, of Madras presidency, between the Maravars and Kulars on the one hand, and the Shanaris on the other, at Sivikar.

DIVORCED AND REMARRIED.

Last Chapter of a Romantic Story of True Love and War.

Chicago, June 12.—A special to the Chronicle from Highmore, S. D., says: The return to this town of a man and woman, divorced five years ago, but who are again husband and wife, adds the last chapter to a romantic story of love and war.

Five years ago Henry Ballantyne and wife, of this place, agreed to separate. They had been married not quite 13 months. Ballantyne was a prosperous grain-buyer, and owned several good farms near Highmore. These he deeded to his wife. The few hundred dollars he was able to scrape together in cash to put in his own pocket and left to begin life afresh in a new location. As soon as he had gone, his wife sued for a divorce. There was no defense, and a decree was granted. The land given her by her husband she sold to advantage, and by shrewd reinvestments accumulated within the next few years a comfortable fortune.

The past winter she spent in Southern California. On her way home a month ago she stopped in San Francisco. On the street there one day she met an emaciated figure in army blue, hobbling about with the aid of a heavy cane, in a vain search for employment. It was Ballantyne, discharged from the United States volunteer service, and invalidated home from the Philippines after a fever which left him in such poor health as to destroy his usefulness as a soldier.

Ballantyne was about to pass his former wife without speaking to her, but she, when she saw his wasted form and miserable condition, felt all her old love for him revive. She hurried him into a carriage and to her hotel, where comfortable quarters, good food and the services of a competent physician soon produced a marked improvement in his health. Last week the two were remarried and have just returned to Highmore together.

CURE FOR APPENDICITIS.

New York Physician Relieves a Patient Without Instruments.

New York, June 13.—Dr. George Helmer, a New York doctor, has cured a patient of appendicitis in eight minutes without the use of a knife, ice packs, or poultices. He applied one hand to a point midway between the top of the right leg and a point above the stomach, then bent up the right leg of the patient at the knee joint, and gave the leg a slight twist, by means of a quick motion, repeated two or three times, and the operation was over. This forced out of the appendix the clogging particles that occupied it. Just back of the appendix is the largest muscle in the human body, known as the psoas magnus. It is attached to the femur or big bone of the leg, and is the muscle by which one can revolve the leg as on a pivot at the heel. It is this muscle which is made to do the trick of emptying the appendix. Using the fingers of one hand to hold the walls of the abdomen in place, and to prevent rupture of delicate internal structures, with the other hand a spasmodic contraction of the psoas magnus is brought about, which snaps it against the appendix and forces out of that organ whatever foreign substances it may contain.

VETERANS FOR CUBA.

Civil War Soldiers Plan a Law and Order Expedition.

Chicago, June 12.—A special to the Chronicle from Omaha says: Paul Vandervoort has received a letter from President McKinley acknowledging the receipt of his letter offering to take to Cuba a great colony of old soldiers of both the blue and the gray, whose presence shall be a guarantee against the "outlawry" practiced by some of the Cuban bands. Mr. Vandervoort is receiving hundreds of letters daily from veterans in all parts of the country, who are anxious to accompany the expedition.

Mr. Vandervoort was formerly commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. He says the colonists will go in the fall, and the movement has been sanctioned by the government or not—merely as a private affair. The West and South seem to be the largest contributors to the scheme.

DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Maniac Broke From Warder's Grasp and Was Drowned.

Wardner, Idaho, June 13.—Under the fire of his negro guard, Mike Johnson, crazy and desperate, made a dash for liberty by jumping into the river today. Down the rapid stream he bobbed like a great black cork, while on the bank his keeper, breaking through the underbrush, peppered at him with his Krag-Jorgensen rifle. Somehow or other, the floating target evaded the fire, but the treacherous eddies were too much for him, and Johnson was drowned. His body was found 20 minutes later.

He was one of the men under arrest in the bull pen on suspicion of having been connected with the dynamite outrages of April 29. For some days he had been acting strangely, and it was feared that he was suffering from a re-attack of insanity, with which he was formerly afflicted. Yesterday afternoon, an examination by the probate judge proved that such was the case, and he was to have been taken today to Wallace for detention.

Street Railway Strike.

Cleveland, O., June 13.—What promises to be a long and bitter contest between the Cleveland electric railway (Big Consolidated) and its 900 employees was inaugurated at 4 o'clock this morning by a strike which tied up all of the 14 lines operated by the company.

These lines reach all sections of the city, and they form the only means of transportation for more than 100,000 people living in a territory five miles long and three miles wide at the south end.

New Cup Defender.

Bristol, R. I., June 13.—America's new cup-defender, the representation of which the Western continent can boast, was carefully lowered into the water at the Herreshoff works at 8:30 o'clock tonight, and as she started down the ways, Mrs. Oliver C. Iselin christened her "Columbia."

Discharges Ordered.

Washington, June 13.—Privates John R. Jardine, company L, First Washington, and John C. M. Cliff, company C, First Idaho, have been discharged.

REBELS ON THE RUN

Americans Whip Them Out of Cavite Province.

PARANAQUE AND LAS PINAS FALL

Hardest Day's Work Yet Done by Otis' Men—Filipinos Again Escaped Capture.

Manila, June 13.—The Filipino occupation of the province of Cavite has been broken, and, as the result of the present movement, the Americans now control the important coast towns of Paranaque and Las Pinas, while a long line of insurgent trenches facing out south lines has been cleared. The insurgents have again proved their ability as doggers. Between 3,000 and 4,000 warriors who seemed destined to be captured, have disappeared, the majority sliding away under cover of the night after fighting the Americans all day. Some others came to meet our troops with protestations of friendship.

The Thirtieth infantry lost one man killed and six wounded; the Ninth infantry one man killed and five wounded; the Fourteenth infantry three wounded and the First Colorado volunteer regiment 11 wounded.

Yesterday's work was the hardest our army has seen. The battlefield stretched out across the entire isthmus from Laguna de Bay to the harbor. While the troops were advancing, the army gunboat Napitan, in the river near Taguig, shelled the enemy, killing several of them. The monitor Monadnock and the gunboat Helena shelled Paranaque and Las Pinas all day with the full power of their batteries.

The rebel sharpshooters kept in hiding until the American lines had passed, and then attempted to pot stragglers from the trees. Thanks to their poor marksmanship, this was without result. The whole country proved to be an succession of small hills, with boggy ground between the high, thick grass and bushes in the hollows, which greatly added to the difficulty of the advance, but gave shelter that saved many from the enemy's bullets. Our men threw away their blankets, coats and even haversacks, stripping to the waist and trusting to luck for food. Water could not be obtained, and there was much discomfort after the canteens were emptied.

White Flags Flying.

At 6 A. M. today, General Wheaton advanced upon Las Pinas with a troop of cavalry, the Twenty-first infantry, the Colorado regiment, part of the Ninth infantry, and two mountain guns, crossing two streams and entering the town without firing a shot.

He then advanced upon Paranaque. His women and children, and, for that matter, many men remained in the towns. No houses were destroyed, though many were torn by the shells from the warships. Everywhere the Americans found white flags flying.

So far as can be ascertained, the Filipinos' loss is about 50 killed, about 350 wounded, and 20 taken prisoners. The whole country is networked with trenches and the enemy scurried from shelter to shelter.

Today long trains of commissary wagons are carrying provisions to the United States troops along the road which only yesterday was the stronghold of the enemy, and the natives who yesterday were probably carrying guns are today doffing their hats and groveling before the Americans with effusive greetings of welcome.

BIG MAN-HUNT PLANNED.

Criminals to Be Routed Out of "Hole-in-the-Wall."

Casper, Wyo., June 13.—The "Hole-in-the-Wall," for years the refuge of outlaws, promises to be cleansed of its desperate inhabitants. The daring robber band which looted the Union Pacific express at Rock Creek recently and escaped to the fastnesses of their dens in the Hole-in-the-Wall, in spite of the fact that they were closely pursued over plain and mountain, are to be systematically hunted to their death. To this purpose the several railway managers with interests in this state are organizing posse, and the outlaws will be given no rest. It is expected 200 men will be engaged in the big man hunt.

The state and the express and railroad companies have offered an aggregate of \$3,000 each for the heads of the members of the band. In addition to this head money, in event of success, the men who are arranging for this chase will be armed and fed by the corporations and big cattle companies of this section during the time they are engaged.

No Men to Be Had.

Vancouver, B. C., June 13.—The eight-hour law goes into operation tomorrow. Reports from Nelson and Siccan indicate that the strike situation is unchanged. The attempt of the Duncan mines to employ Italians has failed. The management of the Ymir mine is trying to secure miners. Non-union men are unwilling to work for \$3.50 when union men are holding out for \$4.50.

Kruger's Proposals.

Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, June 13.—It is stated in official circles here that President Kruger will propose to the Transvaal the abolition of the dynamite monopoly.

While the Orange Free State is using its influence at Pretoria to obtain reforms for the outlanders in the Transvaal, the railway company has sent all its available rolling stock to Johannesburg, to be in readiness for a possible excitement.

Freight Handlers Will Walk Out.

Buffalo, June 13.—The strike of the freight handlers at the Erie docks for an advance of 1 cent an hour was considered at a meeting of the freight handlers' union this afternoon, and a sympathetic strike of the inside workers, or house men, in all of the freight houses was ordered. None of the men will report for duty this morning. About 1,000 men have been called out. From present appearances a general tie-up as far as freight-boats are concerned is certain for the time being.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

American Arbitration Scheme Has Not Been Abandoned.

The Hague, June 14.—At an adjourned meeting of the delegates to the peace conference, under the presidency of M. de Staal, this morning it was resolved to furnish the newspapers with statements of the proceedings of the committee, as well as of the plenary sittings.

The drafting committee of the arbitration committee met today, and continued the discussion of the arbitration schemes. The delegates not having received additional instructions from their governments, the committee adjourned until Friday without further progress.

This evening the delegates attended water fetes given in their honor by the bathing society at Scheveningen, about two miles northwest of The Hague.

The American delegates tonight issued a manifesto to the effect that, although the English proposals have been used as the basis of the arbitration discussion, this does not mean the abandonment of the American plan, which will be presented to the plenary sitting of the third commission, and judged on its merits.

NAVAL OFFICERS' PAY FIXED.

Dewey Will Receive \$13,500 Per Year, Work or No Work.

New York, June 14.—A dispatch to the World from Washington says: The navy department has issued a circular fixing the salary of officers under the new personnel bill. Admiral Dewey will receive \$13,500 whether on duty on shore or on sea. The senior rear-admiral's pay is fixed at \$7,500 at sea and \$6,375 on shore. Rear-Admiral Schley is in this list, but only receives the minimum amount as he is assigned to shore duty. The junior rear-admirals receive \$5,500 while on sea duty and \$4,675 on shore. Rear Admiral Sampson is in the junior list, but having a command at sea receives the maximum pay. Should Schley be given an assignment at sea he would receive \$2,000 more a year than Sampson, but it is now his pay amounts to but \$875 more. Captains receive \$3,500 at sea and \$2,975 on shore.

ENDING OF BRIDAL SERENADE.

One of the Serenaders Kills the Bride and Wounds Her Husband Seriously.

Wichita, Kan., June 14.—While a party of young men were serenading Mr. and Mrs. Ray Higgins near Wagon, Oklahoma, the bride and groom of two hours appeared on the front porch and ordered the serenaders to leave. The party, composed of 20 friends of the young married people, refused to go. Instead they continued to make deafening noise by beating on pans and firing shotguns.

One of the party, Harry Randall, deliberately pointed his gun at the young people and fired. The bride's face and breast were filled with buckshot. She fell fatally injured, shot through the lungs, and died an hour later. The groom was also shot in the face, but not fatally. After the accident the charivari party fled. No arrests have been made yet. A small brother of the bride was also wounded, but not seriously.

LYNCHED BY HIS OWN RACE.

Negroes of Mississippi Avenged the Work of a Ravisher.

Sardis, Miss., June 14.—Simon Brooks (colored), has been lynched by a mob of negroes near here. The crime thus avenged was most atrocious. Saturday night a negro named Armistead, while returning from a shopping tour to his home, was assaulted by Brooks and another negro. The woman was outraged, her throat was cut and she was severely beaten about the head and her jaws tightly tied to prevent breathing. Her body was then concealed in some rubbish.

The woman rallied sufficiently to give the alarm and the names of her assailants. Parts of the goods taken from the woman were later found in a trunk belonging to Brooks. The mob, which was composed entirely of negroes, did its work quickly. The white people knew nothing of the affair until hours after it occurred.

Bloodhounds on the Trail.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 14.—Three