

Dayton Herald.

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DAYTON, OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An interesting collection of items from the two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

In a severe thunderstorm near Omaha, Neb., three people were killed by lightning.

A dispatch from Neath, announces that forty miners were entombed in the Brincoch pit by an explosion.

Miss Ida Fuller, a New York actress, while in bathing at Manhattan beach, was grasped by an octopus and nearly drowned.

Governor Altgeld has issued a manifesto declaring that eight hours shall constitute a day's work on park improvements in Chicago.

Miss Anna Pritchard, a widow from San Francisco, left \$1,250 in greenbacks down in a newspaper on the Oakland ferryboat, and has not been able to find the package since.

John Hazel jumped from an Illinois Central passenger train that was running forty miles an hour and was instantly killed. He was in custody of an officer and was wanted for horse-stealing in Missouri.

A detachment of company I, who were guarding the Brown hoisting works, near Cleveland, O., fired upon a mob of strikers and wounded one of them. Excitement runs high, and more trouble is feared.

A sale on the courthouse steps of Elizabethtown, Ky., was a reminder of ante-bellum days. Instead of a negro slave being transferred to another owner, it was a white man sold at auction for vagrancy under an old law seldom enforced.

The administration of President Pierce of Peru, is to be credited with another triumph in effecting a loan of \$8,000,000 francs. The loan, which will be guaranteed by a salt tax and other revenues, will be subscribed partly in Paris and partly in Lima.

Bill Doolin, the outlaw who escaped from the jail in Guthrie, O. T., four weeks ago, was surrounded by deputy marshals at Wewoka. A desperate fight took place, and during a fusillade of shots Doolin escaped. Deputies Gregor and Reynolds were killed.

In Chicago, twelve persons succumbed to the heat in one day. Two or three of these are not expected to recover. It was the hottest day of the year, the signal service thermometer registering ninety-four in the afternoon. Thermometers on the streets registered four and five degrees more than that in the tower.

A bloody affray occurred among a crowd of school boys at Buchville, Ark. Robert Chew and Beuregard Poole became involved in a fight. Friends of the belligerents joined in the fray. Pocket knives were used. Several boys were dangerously wounded. Poole was stabbed in the breast several times and died of his wounds.

The Chicago stock exchange will remain closed until the Moore Bros. failure has been settled. The action of the governing committee in closing the doors is said by some financiers to have averted a panic. "There is no telling where it would have ended," said a member of the stock exchange. "It might have resulted in the ruin of a dozen business houses and banks."

A special from Madrid says a great fire raged at Rueda de Medina, a town of about 4,000 inhabitants, twenty-five miles southwest of Valladolid. Hundreds of buildings are said to have been destroyed. The inhabitants are reported as being in a state of panic.

The syndicate of foreign bankers which came into existence to check the drain on the United States treasury reserve exerted by Europe has been signally successful in its efforts in that direction, but the withdrawals of gold for shipment to Canada continues.

James Fulton Shepard, a one-legged boy of Alameda, Cal., saved a 12-year-old lad named Durant from drowning in the tidal canal. Shepard rescued Durant as he was sinking for the last time. The boy had swallowed a quantity of water, and it required an hour's hard work to bring him to.

Another rebellion is reported from China. Two powerful bandit societies are in revolt. Several villages have been captured. Helpless inhabitants have been foully murdered and their homes destroyed. Foreign missions have been attacked, and two French priests narrowly escaped with their lives.

Governor McIntyre, of Colorado, has received a letter purporting to be from William Smelduth, for the murder of whom Columbus B. Sykes is serving a life sentence. What was supposed to be Smelduth's remains were found on his ranch, near Delta, Colo., March 15, 1894. The chief of police of San Francisco has been requested to find the man claiming to be Smelduth, who writes that he is staying at the What Cheer house on Sacramento street, San Francisco.

While an attorney was looking over the papers of the late Eugene Wilhelm at his home near Nebraska City, Neb., an express order was found for \$1,500, which had been issued in 1853 at Placerville, Cal., sent by Wilhelm to his wife, Martha Wilhelm, and payable to her order. Why the order was never cashed, Mrs. Wilhelm, who is an old woman, is unable to explain. The head of the company in New York has been notified that the order has been placed in the bank at Nebraska City for collection.

An electrical storm visited Winona, Minn. It was one of the severest experienced there this season, and was accompanied by a heavy fall of rain. In the vicinity of Bethany, considerable damage was done to grain by hail. Telephone connections have been destroyed by the storm. Some damage was done to telephone and other wires by lightning, and several buildings were also struck, but no serious damage resulted.

In the new edition of the British Pharmacopoeia, the metric system of weights and measures will be adopted.

Matabele Defeated.
Details of a decisive victory won by 700 British troops composing Colonel Plummer's column, over a native force estimated at from 5,000 to 7,000. The latter fought desperately and bravely, charging within a few yards of the Matabele warriors were slain during the engagement, which lasted several hours. About thirty of the British soldiers and six officers were killed and 50 wounded.

A Wife-Murderer Hanged.
Charles Thiede was hanged in the yard of the county jail, at Salt Lake. The execution was witnessed by a large number of people. It is the second hanging in the history of Utah. Thiede, who was a saloon keeper, was convicted of murdering his wife on the night of April 30th, 1894, by nearly severing her head from her body with a knife. He asserted his innocence to the last.

Will Traverse the Globe.
Miss Clara Pariah, the seventh and youngest W. C. T. U. round-the-world missionary, has left Paris, Ill., for St. Louis, starting on her trip around the world. She will be given a big reception there. She will lecture at several points in the West, and will sail from San Francisco for Japan August 24. She will take about two years to make the trip.

American Money Blacklisted.
The Montreal chamber of commerce has passed a resolution expressing approval of the action of the banks in that district in charging a discount of 10 percent on all American money. It also issued a warning to merchants, farmers and the public generally not to accept American money upon any consideration.

Fatal Kansas City Fire.
One man was killed outright, one perhaps fatally injured and five others sustained more or less serious injuries in a fire which started in Swift's packing plant in Kansas City, Mo. The property loss is nearly \$100,000. Joseph Hoblowitz, a night watchman, was suffocated or burned to death.

A Fatal Conflagration.
A disastrous fire occurred in a factory in Christiansa, Norway, and before it was extinguished, several buildings were destroyed. A falling wall killed six men and thirteen others were seriously hurt, of which three have since died. It is believed that three children have perished in the ruins.

A Reverend Poisoner.
Rev. J. C. Hull, a preacher, was arrested in St. Paul at the request of his wife, charged with attempting to kill her by administering poison in repeated small doses. Hull is prominent in St. Paul church circles.

Held Up by Robbers.
James A. Campbell, a Honolulu millionaire, who disappeared from San Francisco, returned with a bullet hole through his hat and an exciting tale about an adventure with robbers. Campbell said that while he was drinking in a private room in a saloon he was confronted by two masked men, who demanded money. The millionaire refused the demand, and in the fight that followed a bullet went through his hat. Campbell says he was robbed and kept a prisoner for two days. When released he was given a nickel for his car fare.

A Race War Threatened.
A war between whites and negroes is imminent in Polk county, Ark., on the line of construction of the Toxarkana & Fort Smith railroad. It seems that the hardy old mountaineers of that section have not allowed any negroes to stop in that section for several years. The contractors building the road have employed colored labor. Trouble is feared and the contractors have hired guards to protect the negroes.

Floods in Nicaragua.
Rains have caused the rivers Rama and Suquia, in Nicaragua to rise rapidly, and the panic-stricken inhabitants of El Rama have taken to the high ground and on board steamers. Nearly all buildings in the latter place were destroyed. Plantations near the town were ruined and the damage is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Pursuit Is Abandoned.
Pursuit of the bandits who held up the Willhott stage has been abandoned, as their trail was lost in the mountains about fifteen miles from where the crime was committed, making it well nigh impossible to further trace them.

Nicaragua Must Give Up.
A government organ declares that if Nicaragua refuses to relinquish Islas Mangla, which she seized contrary to the wishes of the inhabitants, the Colombian government will regard the refusal as a casus belli.

Boy Murderer Surrenders.
A boy named Decker, who murdered a playmate near Findlay, O., has given himself up to the authorities. He successfully eluded capture for several days by hiding in a corn field, but hunger drove him out.

The Boiler Exploded.
A traction engine boiler exploded on a farm near Anderson, Ind., and one man was instantly killed and several others seriously injured.

Money for Cuba.
It is reported in Philadelphia that the Cuban junta in the United States this week raised a fund amounting to \$375,000. Part of this money has been changed into gold, and is on shipboard bound for Cuba, where it will be placed in the hands of the officers commanding the insurgent army. The balance has been retained by the heads of the junta in Philadelphia, who will use it in a way that will best serve the Cuban cause.

Fishing on the Border Line.
A Vancouver, B. C., dispatch says: Advice from Stevenson state that salmon are running much better, the average per boat now being seventy fish. It is thought that the big run is now commencing. Considerable ill feeling exists between the fishermen and the United States authorities who have placed a patrol boat at the boundary line and are seizing boats and nets of Canadian fishermen crossing the line.

Daring Recent Feats.
Several Canadian boats were seized, and the fishermen consider this very harsh treatment.

A DEATH-DEALING SUN

The East Stricken by an Extremely Hot Wave.

NUMBER OF THE DEAD NOW 128

Fifty Alone in Greater New York—The Wave Extended as Far West as Kansas City, Mo.

Washington, Aug. 11.—The report of fatalities resulting from heat in various sections of the country indicate that the present hot spell will be as disastrous in effect as a national calamity or plague. The death roll of today exceeds 128 in the principal places. Following is the reported fatalities:
New York and vicinity, 50; Philadelphia, 18; Washington, 16; Baltimore, 19; Bayonne, N. J., 3; Newark, 8; Albany, 12; Jersey City, 1; Pittsburgh, 1; Rochester, 1; Chicago, 15; Louisville, 1; Memphis, 1; Cleveland, 3; Cincinnati, 5; San Antonio, 1.

THREE KILLED, FIFTEEN INJURED

Trolley Car Dashed Down an Incline at Columbia, Penn., Aug. 11.—Three persons were instantly killed and fifteen injured, some fatally, by the derailment of a trolley car on the Columbia & Donegal electric road tonight, just outside the limits of Columbia.

Dead are:
Aday Forefinger, motorman; Henry Smith and an unknown person.

At least one, and probably two, of the injured may die. The place where the accident occurred is at the base of an incline, alongside of which runs a high embankment. The car was loaded with passengers and, as it reached the edge of the incline, there was no indication of danger. Once on the incline, however, the car began to slip on the wet track. The motorman applied the air brakes, and at that moment the gear-wheel broke, rendering the brakes useless. The car dashed along at a terrific rate, while the terror-stricken passengers were helpless from fear.

The car, upon reaching the bottom, took a sharp turn and was thrown up against the embankment. The word was quickly sent to Columbia and a relief car was sent to the scene.

SEVEN PERSONS DROWNED

Three in Detroit River at Detroit, and Four in Lake Michigan.

Detroit, Aug. 11.—A heavy wind and thunder storm, which swept over this city this evening, resulted in the drowning of at least three men in the Detroit river, and several yachtsmen fled narrow escapes after the capsizing of their craft. Two others were drowned during the afternoon from other causes.

The capsizing of the yacht Corsica caused the drowning of Frank Hughes, William J. Thiemer was drowned from the yacht Alberta. John Heike, Jr., was drowned while swimming near Peche Island.

A dispatch to the Free Press from Benton Harbor, Mich., says:
Four persons were drowned in Lake Michigan this afternoon, a mile north of here. They were M. Manning, James Butterick, Frank Yerring and a stranger. The men, with a dozen others, were bathing, when two of the number, who could not swim, were caught by the undertow, and the others were to their rescue.

WINE FIRM ROBBED.

Weekly Payroll Taken by a Daring and Ingenious Thief.

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—A daring and ingenious thief got away with \$1,200, the weekly pay of the employees of Lachman & Jacob, the big wine firm, today. Superintendent Ciprioc had received the money from a messenger, and placed it in a cabinet in the office. Then he made out his payroll, and when he went for the money to the cabinet he discovered the fact that a square hole had been cut in the wooden partition against which the back of the cabinet rested. The piece of wood sawed out had been retained in place by hinges, and the work must have been done the night before by some one familiar with the place and its customs. While Ciprioc was engaged with his payroll, the thief had opened his little trapdoor, cut out of the thin back of the cabinet, and walked off with the two sacks of gold. No trace of the robber has been found.

Between Japan and Germany.

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—According to mail advices from the Orient today, the commercial treaty between Japan and Germany has been approved by the privy council of Japan. The exchange of ratifications and the subsequent publication of the treaty are expected to take place within sixty days. While the terms of the treaty are not known, it is believed that Japan has conceded more to Germany in the way of commercial privileges to German residents in Japan than she accorded to Great Britain in the treaty made with the British government some time ago. Advices from Peking are to the effect that a commercial treaty has been ratified between China and Japan.

Havana, Aug. 11.—News from Puerto Principe is that Samuel Nolly, an English seaman, and an American named Augusto Borthman landed near Maternallie on June 11, and have surrendered to the insurgents, having failed to pay the \$200 monthly agreed upon. Ricardo Barrois Robado will be executed at Matanzas.

To be "in a brown study" is a corruption of a brown study, requiring much thought and contraction of the brows.

Louisiana Lynching.
Hahnville, La., Aug. 11.—There was a triple lynching in town just before 11 o'clock last night, and the bodies of three Italian murderers were found swinging from the rafters of a shed near the courthouse this morning. One of the men is Lorenzo Saladino, who assassinated Jules Gueynard at Free-town last Tuesday night, and the others were Decino Socorro and Angelo Marcus.

According to a Frenchman, who has been experimenting, a single hair can carry a weight of more than six ounces.

MASSACRE IN CRETE.

Athens, Aug. 12.—At Anafioti, Pedada, near Heraklion, in the island of Crete, on Saturday, 1000 armed Mussulmans butchered thirty unarmed Christians in the precinct of St. John's monastery. Several priests, women and children are among the victims. One woman was slaughtered for saving her children and her husband. She was butchered on her knees. Several churches were desecrated, and a priest named Jeremiah had his ears and nose severed from his head and was then burned alive on a pile of sacred pictures.

The Boat Capsized.
Chicago, Aug. 12.—Charles Johnson and Edward L. Schubel were drowned in the lake by the capsizing of their boat last evening. They went down in sight of their wives and children and a number of friends who were picking up the boat was not more than 300 feet from the shore, and was upset by two companions who jumped from its side into the water for a swim.

Storm at Saginaw.
Saginaw, Mich., Aug. 12.—A lightning and wind storm caused \$100,000 damage in this city and vicinity early this morning. Jefferson avenue Methodist Episcopal church was struck by lightning, and damaged to the extent of \$50,000. Fifty other buildings and factories were unroofed or badly wrecked, hundreds of trees blown down and wires prostrated.

Five Were Drowned.
Philadelphia, Aug. 12.—Five persons were drowned last night in the Delaware river, opposite Bridgeburg by the capsizing of a small rowboat. The victims were: Amelia Holman, Rose Berninger, both of this city; Charles Minnik, of Cincinnati; John T. Reeder, address unknown. The boat was caught in a squall and upset.

Widow of Tennyson's Widow.
London, Aug. 12.—Baroness Tennyson, widow of the late poet laureate, is dead. She was the daughter of Henry Bellwood, and married Alfred Tennyson in 1850. Her son, Rallman Tennyson, is the present Baron Tennyson.

Kidnaper Captured.
San Francisco, Aug. 12.—O. W. Winthrop, who is accused of kidnaping James Campbell, the aged millionaire of Hawaii, was caught in Oakland this morning and brought to this city.

TO END THE WAR

Negotiations for Peace to Be Begun in Cuba.

Key West, Aug. 11.—It is openly declared here that Captain-General Weyler has reached an understanding with the chief insurgent leaders and that negotiations will be begun with a view to the cessation of hostilities in Cuba upon terms satisfactory to all concerned. It is also stated here that the captain-general and his deputy commanders have held a conference in relation to this important movement.

The authors of these striking declarations say that the truth of their reports is established by the fact that within the last few days many influential emissaries have arrived here and at other points in the United States, from Cuba, bearing important dispatches to the Cuban junta in New York. Some of the sympathizers in the revolutionary cause admit that these dispatches may contain references to a possible truce, but they are not inclined to talk freely on the subject.

Other surmises which have been arising owing to the arrival of the Cuban envoys are to the effect that insurgents are at this time dispatching messages to the United States, urging immediate aid in the way of arms and ammunition, of which they are sorely in need.

By far the greatest importance, however, is attached here to the report that a truce is likely to occur soon in the island. Ernesto Castro and Jose Rosell, picked up by the pilot boat Jewett, and brought here last night, are still held in detention by the health authorities, despite the efforts of their friends to have them released. Habeas corpus proceedings were held today, however, and the men may be released.

The apparent anxiety and the unusual efforts made to secure the release of the two Cubans detained, in order to enable them to proceed to New York, are evidences of the importance of their mission to the United States. Their arrival was telegraphed to the junta in New York, and the dispatches that they brought were entrusted to a messenger.

Some prominent local members of the Cuban revolutionary party ridicule the reports ascribed to the presence in the United States of emissaries from Havana and elsewhere, of insurgent agents, together with the capture of emissaries bearing dispatches from the field, they state, has temporarily interrupted the former means of sending messages and they have been compelled to resort to dispatching them direct from the coast.

Poison in Their Food.
Brighton, N. J., Aug. 11.—Five members of the family of Jeremiah Fraiser, a merchant of this place, are dangerously ill from poison supposed to have been in something which they had eaten. Mrs. Fraiser and two sons were unconscious, and her two daughters are in a dangerous condition.

New York Truancy-Makery Strike.
New York, Aug. 11.—Fifteen hundred truancy-makers struck yesterday, throwing 3000 women out of employment. The strikers claim that their wages have been reduced 50 percent and working hours increased.

Miss Ashley Held for Trial.
San Francisco, Aug. 11.—Miss Emma Ashley, charged with attempting to shoot E. J. Baldwin, was arraigned for trial today. She pleaded not guilty, and was held for trial, Aug. 28.

A Chicago Bank Suspended.
Chicago, Aug. 11.—The Lake county bank, of East Chicago, has failed. A rumor connected with it is that President Hess has fled, taking several thousand dollars of the assets. A receiver has been appointed. The losses are not expected to be large.

To Declare a General Strike.
Lynn, Mass., Aug. 11.—At a general meeting of the executive committee of the boat and shoemakers' union, last night, it was voted to declare a general strike. There were 500 members present.

FLED THE COUNTRY

Escape of a Woman Journalist From Cuba.

"STOW AWAY" ON A STEAKSHIP

Was Surrounded by Spaniards and Kidnapped by Drowning Male Attire.

New York, Aug. 10.—Miss Cecilia Charles, who says she went to Cuba several months ago for the purpose of obtaining material for a book, was a passenger by the Ward line steamship City of Washington, which arrived from Havana Wednesday, and whose passengers were sent to Hoffman island for investigation.

Miss Charles says that after traveling through the island a newspaper correspondent warned her that her liberty and possibly her life was in danger. She acted upon the warning as soon as it was received, and, going to her hotel, made preparations for leaving the city.

Before she could do so the house was surrounded by Spaniards. Fleeing then thoroughly alarmed, and feeling every moment that she would be hurried to prison, she decided to evade arrest by disguise. She arrayed herself in a man's clothes, tucked her hair under an old straw hat, soiled her face and hands, and unobserved stole out by a back door and made her way to the city. The Ward line steamship City of Washington was at anchor in the harbor and making ready to get under way. Miss Charles hired a small rowing boat and went alongside. The gangway ladders had been taken in, but a rope ladder was trailing over the side, and she succeeded in getting on board.

She "stowed away," she said, and did not make her presence known until the ship was clear of the harbor. Then she revealed her identity, paid her passage, and was given a stateroom and a stewardess fitted her out with female garments.

THE VEIL LIFTED

Alleged Facts in the Brown-Overman Case Related by Mrs. Tunnell.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—After many months of waiting and of evasion, of hurried flight from town to town in California and across the southern border, Mrs. M. F. Tunnell has consented to tell the story of her relations with the Rev. C. O. Brown and Mattie Overman, and to explain why she fled at the very moment when her presence was needed to dispel the shadows of scandal, or to condemn the pastor who was seriously accused.

Mrs. Tunnell is the last witness to speak, and as far as facts are concerned, the testimony she gives closes the great case.

She explains the important points upon which the clerical judges of Dr. Brown were in doubt. She removes the elements of uncertainty that made the ecclesiastical court hesitate before pronouncing a final judgment of condemnation. She fled from San Francisco, she said, to shield Dr. Brown from the consequences of his own guilt.

She says she knew of the love between Mattie Overman and the pastor, and would have revealed her knowledge if she had been summoned to the witness stand.

She says that Dr. Brown paid her expenses while she was away, and when she returned, tried to induce her to go to Central America. She tells when and where she received the famous letters from Mattie Overman, and for the first time explains how they passed from her possession into the keeping of a man who allowed them to be published.

She traces in detail the career of Mattie Overman and she came to know it through the confidences of her young friend. The recital lifts the veil from the home of the unfrocked pastor, and shows how he struggled to save his pulpit and his good name.

Outlook Bright for Peach Crop
New York, Aug. 10.—Although the annual wait of the American peach-growers went up early in the season about alleged short crops in some prolific peach-producing sections, the present outlook is for abundant receipts from most of the old and some of the new sources of supply for this market. Shipments from Georgia are ended for the season, but the product of Maryland, Delaware and California is coming in freely.

The Maryland and Delaware fruit first received was small and unsatisfactory, but good peaches are now coming in. They are being sold at wholesale for from 35c to 90c a basket, according to quality and condition, some extra choice lots commanding somewhat higher prices. California peaches of small sizes are quoted from \$1.30 to \$1.60 a box, and large ones \$1.80 to \$2.10 a box.

Will This Move Russia?
Athens, Aug. 10.—It is rumored that the Mussulmans have invaded Heraklion and committed frightful excesses. Many are reported killed and wounded. The Mussulmans forced the Russian consulate and severely maltreated Vice-Consul Sarrows. The troops are powerless to check the disorder.

Valer's Better Part.
Christiana, Norway, Aug. 10.—A paper here publishes a dispatch received from Spitzbergen, saying Professor Andre declares that unless the wind soon changes he will pack away his balloons and postpone his attempt to cross the Arctic regions until 1897, as there is no midnight sun after August 24.

Message of Condolence Communicated.
Berlin, Aug. 10.—The United States embassy has communicated to the German foreign office a message of condolence in the name of the president and people of the United States, at the loss of the German cruiser Italia, wrecked off the Shang Tung promontory, on July 25, with the loss of the entire crew but ten men.

An electrician says it is possible for him or any man familiar with wires to take double the number of volts that a person in mortal terror of the mysterious fluid can possibly survive.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Notwithstanding the fact that the wheat and wheat markets are still in a state of stagnation, business is far from bad. August starts in in a very satisfactory manner, and if trade will only hold up as it has for awhile longer, we are in a fair way to experience a return of the good old days. The remarkable run of salmon which marked the closing days of July and the first of August has been a great help.

Wheat Market.
There is little new in the wheat situation. Harvesting is progressing rapidly all through the interior, and the yield and the quality is far and away better than was predicted before harvest commenced. Unless there is a vasting decline in values, the crop will run ahead of 1894 in dollars and cents, although the quantity will be a trifle less. Quotations are as follows:
Walla Walla, 49 to 50c; Valley, 53 to 55c.

Produce Market.
FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, \$2.85; Benton county and White Lily, \$2.85; Graham, \$2.80; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel.
OATS—Choice white, \$2.35c per bushel; choice gray, 30c to 32c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Baga, \$4.25 to 5.25; barrels, \$4.50 to 7; cases, \$3.75.
HAY—Timothy, \$10.50 per ton; chest, \$5.50 to 7; clover, \$6.75 to 8; alfalfa, \$5.50 to 6.50.
BARLEY—Feed barley, \$13.50 per ton; brewing, \$14.10.
MILLET—Bran, \$14.80; shorts, \$15.50; middlings, \$18.20; rye, 90c per cental.
FANCY CREAMERY is quoted at 40c; fancy dairy, 30c; fair to good, 17c to 20c; common.

POTATOES.—90c to \$1 for new, 90c per sack for old.
ONIONS.—85c to 90c per sack.
POULTRY—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00 to 3.50; broilers, \$1.50 to 2.50; geese, \$4.00; turkeys, live, 10c to 15c; ducks, \$2.00 to 3.00 per dozen.
EGGS—Oregon, 12c per dozen.
CHEESE—Oregon, 9c; California 8c; Young America, 9c per pound.

THEORETICAL FRUIT—California lemons, \$4.00 to 4.50 per box; bananas, \$1.75 to 2.50 per bunch; California seedling oranges, \$2.50 to 2.75 per box; Mediterranean sweets, \$4.50 per box; pineapples, \$3.00 to 5.00 per dozen.
OREGON VEGETABLES—Garlic, new, 10c per pound; Oregon peas, 2c new; cabbage, 1c per lb; tomatoes, 50c to 75c per box; string beans, 45c per lb; wax, 30c to 40c per lb; Oregon radishes, 10c per dozen; cauliflower, 70c to 75c per dozen; cucumbers, 15c to 25c per dozen; egg plant, 15c to 17c per lb; rhubarb, 1c to 2c.

FRESH FRUIT—California apples, \$1.25 to 1.50 per box; cherries, Royal Anne, loose, 6c per lb, 65c a box; Black Republics, loose, 6c per lb, 60c a box; publicans, loose, 6c per lb, 60c a box; gooseberries, 2c to 4c per pound; currants, 5c; raspberries, 4c; blackberries, 3c; apricots, \$1 per box; peaches, 65c to 75c per box; watermelons, \$2.30 to 3.00 per dozen.
DRY FRUIT—Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4c to 4.5c; sun-dried, 3c to 4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5c to 6c; plums, 3c to 4c; prunes, 3c to 4c per pound.
Wool—Valley, 9c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 5c to 7c.

HORN—Chops, Oregon 2c to 3c per pound; medium, neglected.
NUTS—Peanuts, 60c per pound for raw, 10c for roasted; coconuts, 9c per pound; walnuts, 12c to 14c; pine nuts, 15c; hickory nuts, 6c to 10c; chestnuts, 12c; Brazil, 12c; pecans, large, 14c; Jumbo, 15c; filberts, 12c; fancy, large, 14c; hard-shell, 8c; paper-shell, 10c to 12c.

PROVISIONS—Portland pack: Smoked hams are quoted at 10c to 15c per lb; picnic hams, 7c; boneless hams, 7c; breakfast bacon, 10c; bacon, 7c; dry salt sides, 6c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7c; lard, 7c; 50s, 7c; tierces, 7c per pound.

HIDES—Dry hides, No. 1, 16 pounds and upward, 10c to 10.5c per pound; dry kip, No. 1, 5 to 10 pounds, 9c per pound; dry calf, No. 1, under 5 pounds, 12c to 15c; dry salted, one-third less than dry kip. Salted hides, sound skins, 60 pounds and over, 7c; do, 50 to 60 pounds, 6c; do, under 50 pounds and cows, 4c to 5c; do, kip, sound steers, 15 to 20 pounds, 5c; do, veal, 10 to 14 pounds, 6c; do, calf, under 10 pounds, 6c to 7c; green (unsalted), 1c per pound less; cattle skulls, stags, mott-eaten, badly cut, scored, hair stripped, weather-beaten or grubby, one-third less.

BREKFAST—20c to 23c per pound.
TALLOW—Prime, per pound, 3c to 3.5c; No. 2 and grease, 2c.

Merchandise Market.
SALMON—Columbia river No. 1, talls, \$1.25 to 1.50; No. 2, talls, \$2.25 to 2.50; fancy, No. 1, flats, \$1.75 to 1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, \$1.20 to 1.30; No. 2, talls, \$1.00 to 1.25.
CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1 1/2-inch, 6c; 1-inch, 5c; 3/4-inch, 4c; 1/2-inch, 3c; 3/8-inch, 2c; 1/4-inch, 1c; 1/8-inch, 1/2c; 1/16-inch, 1/4c; 1/32-inch, 1/8c; 1/64-inch, 1/16c; 1/128-inch, 1/32c; 1/256-inch, 1/64c; 1/512-inch, 1/128c; 1/1024-inch, 1/256c; 1/2048-inch, 1/512c; 1/4096-inch, 1/1024c; 1/8192-inch, 1/2048c; 1/16384-inch, 1/4096c; 1/32768-inch, 1/8192c; 1/65536-inch, 1/16384c; 1/131072-inch, 1/32768c; 1/262144-inch, 1/65536c; 1/524288-inch, 1/131072c; 1/1048576-inch, 1/262144c; 1/2097152-inch, 1/52