Dayton ⁚ Herald.

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DAYTON.....OREGON

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Word has been received of the murder in Cuba of Walton E. Stalle, an American, for his money.

Archduke Charles Louis of Austria, eldest brother of Emperor Francis Joseph, died in Vienna, aged 54.

Tom Linton, a Welshman, beat the bicycle record from the fifth mile upward, in Paris, covering thirty miles within one hour.

John D. Jones, who stamped to death in a fit of anger Mrs. Mendenhall, at the Anna, Ill., fair last fall, was hanged at Murphysboro. He professed repentance.

The Western Federation of Miners has decided to amalgamate with the American Federation of Labor, and will elect delegates to the convention of the latter body.

Dr. Thomas Renn was shot by his wife in Chicago. The woman fired five times. Two bullets entered the doctor's head and he will probably die. Jealousy was the cause.

James Dassie (colored), was taken from the jail in St. Bernard's parish, Louisiana, and lynched. He was arrested for attempting to outrage a white woman near the Patterson plantation.

Harry Jones and Frank Jefferess, two convicts at San Quentin, got into a quarrel during which Jefferess stabbed Jones with a knife, inflicting a wound from which Jones died shortly afterward.

General Vicuna, the Spanish commander, is dead of yellow fever, at Corral Falso, in Matanzas, where he has been sick for several days past. His body will be buried in the city of Matanzas.

Lillian Russell, while riding her golden wheel near Central Park, New York, collided with an unknown cyclist, and was thrown to the pavement. Her costly wheel was smashed and her ankle was hurt.

Mrs. Louise A. Speetsen, an attractive and entertaining woman, laughed herself to death in Oakland, Cal. The case was a peculiar one, and attracted the attention of a number of Oakland physicians, who attended the lady.

The striking firemen of the Armour packing plant, of Kansas City, who went out May 6 for increased wages and fewer hours, have compromised their affairs and lifted their boycott against the company's meats and returned to work.

A London dispatch says the British foreign office has decided upon the issue of a supplementary blue book relative to Venezuela, very shortly. The forthcoming volume will contain important additional historical evidence in support of the British case.

What is claimed to be the largest strike ever made in the Ainsworth, B. C., camp was uncovered on the Terminus, owned by Spokane parties. At the end of a 200-foot tunnel a 40-foot ledge was struck of high-grade ore, averaging $147 per ton gold and silver.

A Cairo dispatch says a death from cholera is reported among the Egyptian troops at Tourha. A regular cholera miasma is brooding over Cairo with the heavy air and the hot winds. The virulence of the disease is almost unparalleled at such an early stage of visitation. The percentage of deaths is 90.

In Nahant, Mass., an incipient blaze from a painter's lamp at the summer cottage once occupied by the poet Longfellow, on Willow road, was the beginning of a fierce fire, which fanned by a strong southwest gale, devoured five handsome summer residences and contents, entailing a loss of about $100,000.

A special from Caracas says: The Venezuela government has offered to release the schooner New Day, but the owners refuse to accept under conditions attached. The English government will push the claims of the owners. This makes new complications in the relations between England and Venezuela.

The flood situation in Crookston, Minn., is becoming very serious, the rise in the Red Lake river having been very rapid by reason of continuous and copious rains. The flood is gaining, and the water is two or three feet deep on some of the principal streets, while in some of the residence districts entire floors have been flooded.

The Arctic explorer, Lieutenant Peary, is going North again this summer, and a steamer is now being arrangde in St. John's, N. F., for that purpose. The object of the expedition is believed to be to secure for the Philadelphia academy of science the 40-ton meteorite near Cape York, which Peary discovered last year.

A dispatch has been received in London from Governor Sir Hercules Robinson relative to the sentences imposed upon the reformers at Pretoria, which says a number of the prisoners will be released immediately, and others in three months. A third lot of the prisoners will have their cases considered and passed upon after five months, and a fourth portion after one year.

The house committee on public lands has ordered a favorable report on the bill for the maintenance of schools of mines in public land states and territories, by granting each state from the proceeds from the sale of mineral lands $15,000 for the current year and an annual increase of $1,000 per year for ten years.

White Buffalo, captain of Indian police on the Cheyenne reservation, has applied for a pension, on account of injuries sustained while a member of the Third United States cavalry, and Examining Physician Hurley says the injuries are such as would give a white man a pension. White Buffalo is a son of Sitting Bull, and has always been loyal to the whites as a policeman and soldier.

Upon representation of Indian Agent Stouch, at Tongue River agency, Mont., transmitted through and indorsed by the interior department, the war department sent orders to General Brooke, commanding the department of Dakota, to send troops from Fort Custer to the agency to preserve order and stop the killing of cattle by the Indians. Probably two troops of the Tenth cavalry will be sent, but General Brooke is allowed to use discretion.

New York has the first daily paper devoted to wheeling published in the English language. It is called the Daily American Wheelman.

The General Trans-Atlantique Company has advanced freight rates on specie one-eighth per cent on lots of $500,000 or over, either gold or silver.

The North German Gazette says: The government is desirous of the total abolition of the sugar import bounties, provided the other states enter an agreement to take similar action.

A cloudburst occurred near Perry, O. T., night to twelve inches of rain falling. Residences and business buildings on high, level ground were flooded, while houses along Cow creek were washed away.

Lieutenant Luther B. Baker, who, as an officer in the government detective service, had charge of the party which captured J. Wilkes Booth, the assassin of President Lincoln, died in Lansing, Mich., aged 66 years.

John Taggart, of Big Stone Gap, Ky., was killed, and twelve others dangerously wounded in a gas explosion in the mines near Big Stone Gap. Part of the mine caved in. It is believed six of the injured will die.

The boiler in Davidson Bros.' sawmill, near Marietta, Ind., exploded with terrific force, fatally injuring Eunice Davidson, Thomas Davidson and Frank Battran. Six others were more or less injured.

Near Atlantic, Ia., the combination train on the Griswold branch of the Rock Island was ditched by striking a mule. All the cars and engine went into the ditch, but the coach, crowded with passengers, remained on the track. Several were injured, but none seriously.

The property at Elizabeth, N. J., of the defunct United States Cordage Company, has been sold by the sheriff of Union county, N. J., to satisfy a mortgage held by the United States Trust Company, of New York. The plant, which was valued at nearly $1,000,000 was sold for $30,000.

The London Chronicle's Rome correspondent says: News has been received from Valparaiso that on the initiative of Chile, it has been decided to establish between Brazil, Chile and Argentina another commercial agreement applying the principles of the Monroe doctrine to South America.

Henry Walker, residing near Broken Bow, Neb., murdered his wife, his excuse being that she had attempted to poison him, and he killed her as a matter of self protection. He purchased a revolver and deliberately arranged all the details. The murderer is a wealthy farmer, prominent and well known.

The coal product of the United States, for the calendar year 1895, shows the output of the Northwest states to be: Oregon, 73,685 short tons product, valued at $247,901; Washington, 1,191,410 short tons, with a valuation of $2,577,958; Montana, 1,489,193 short tons, valued at $2,815,906.

A dispatch from Basse Terre, Island of Guadloupe, West Indies, says: Japanese immigrants are again in rebellion. The uprising has become so formidable as to cause planters grave anxiety. The colonial government is adopting drastic measures to suppress the insurrection, notwithstanding the stipulations of the treaty.

General Lucius Fairchild, commander-in-chief of the Loyal Legion and ex-commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., died at his residence in Madison, Wis. General Fairchild had suffered from the effects of the grippe for several weeks, and a month ago the ailment was complicated by kidney trouble. Until five days ago, it was thought he would recover.

The senate committee on interstate commerce has authorized the reporting of a bill for the uniform classification of railroad freight rates framed on the lines recommended by the national board of trade. It will require an interstate commerce commission to prepare and publish a classification which shall apply to all sections of the country.

A Madrid dispatch says: In consequence of the representations made by the American government, the Spanish cabinet will try to induce Captain-General Weyler to reconsider his prohibition of the export of leaf tobacco to foreign countries. The edict has been welcomed in Spain and Havana, as a clever blow dealt at the people who are considered to be chief abettors of the insurrection.

A plan for the proposed Eastern Oregon branch insane asylum has been submitted to the board of trustees by A. Richley, of Portland. Mr. Richley's preliminary drawings are on exhibition in the statehouse in Salem. According to his plans, a building may be erected within the appropriation, the structure being so arranged that additions thereto may be added as necessity requires and appropriations are forthcoming.

Personal payment of pensions has been revoked by congress, and hereafter, pension checks must be transmitted by mail direct to the address of the pensioner. The authority of pension agents and their clerks to administer oaths in the execution of pension vouchers has also been revoked. This duty may be performed by justices of the peace, notaries public, fourth-class postmasters or any officer having authority to administer oaths for general purposes. No federal officers are permitted to charge fees for the execution of pension purposes, except fourth-class postmasters, who may receive 25 cents for the service.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST

Items of General Interest From All Sections.

DEVELOPMENT AND PROGRESS

All the Cities and Towns of the Pacific States and Territories—Washington.

Spokane is about to take a school census.

Columbia county was organized twenty-one years ago, and has never had a poor farm.

The Washington pioneers will meet at Seattle June 2. This is the thirteenth annual reunion.

Treasurer Mudgett, of Spokane, will gain about $500 by the recent supreme court decision in his favor.

William Hume, of the Eagle Cliff cannery, who is canning 4-cent fish, reports the catch the lightest since 1864.

There are within the corporate limits of Cosmopolis, according to a census just completed, 333 males and 198 females.

Receiver Balkwill, of the German American Savings bank, of Tacoma, has been discharged of his trust and his accounts approved.

"Cattle, hogs lumber fence posts and cordwood to trade for horses" is an advertisement out of the ordinary in a Columbia county paper.

A traveling tight-rope walker met with an accident at Port Townsend. While performing on the wire, it broke and he fell thirty feet, breaking his leg.

Potatoes are opening their eyes and looking up in North Yakima. G. M. McKinney received an order for four carloads last week at $9 per ton in the car.

Parties recently coming from the Conconully country report that a party of surveyors are engaged in laying off a townsite along the east side of Soyoos lake on the reservation.

The jail part of the Whitman county courthouse has settled eight inches, so twisting the cells and their bearings that it has been necessary to remove the prisoners for safe keeping.

aFor the first time in several seasons, many of the farmers around Davenport are breaking up a lot of prairie land, which they are preparing for next season's crop. This year has been unusually propitious for spring breaking.

The fees earned in the auditor's office, in Chehalis county, during the months of January, February, March and April, amounted to $2,291.15, of which $1,440.30 was for work done for county and state, and $850.85 was cash fees.

Reports from the lower end of Yakima county indicate that the crops of this season will be larger than for many years past. The unusual amount of rain has proved a blessing to the farmers, especially in the Horse Heaven section.

Walla Walla has a Daniel Webster, who weighs over 300 pounds and is a bigger man than the original Daniel. He makes no pretense of statesmanship, but is a butcher by trade. He has traveled extensively in the Orient, and lived for many years in Japan.

Piling is being driven at Fort Canby for the new life-saving quarters. Great difficulty is experienced in driving them, on account of the rocky nature of the bottom. Some can only be driven down eighteen inches. A government inspector superintends the work.

The treasury of Snohomish county has received notice that $11,300 of the money tied up in the Puget Sound National bank, of Everett, is now ready to be turned over. For the remainder of the indebtedness to the county, the bank proposes to give a first lien on its entire assets.

Miss Agnes E. Adams, who won the Washington intercollegiate oratorical contest at Tacoma, representing Whitman college, is 18 years of age and has been at Walla Walla three years. She is from New Hampshire. Both her parents are dead, and she has been making her home with her aunt, Mrs. Elvira Cobleigh.

A good story has just got out on the Washington militia. It is that, while they were encamped at Sand island, the horses they were using to patrol the beach were taken sick and a veterinary surgeon was sent for. On inquiry he found that the soldier boys had been watering the poor brutes on the brackish water of the Columbia river. Had they known it they could have found plenty of fresh water on the island by digging five or six feet through the sand.

The Garfield Enterprise says that Craig mountain, on the Nez Perces reservation, is ostensibly the most popular camping-out resort in the Northwest at present, if reports be true. A man who arrived from there a few days ago reports that there are 150 wagons stuck in the mud on that mountain and that the owners are camped beside their vehicles, waiting for the mud to dry up. New teams arrive daily and attempt to get around the mud holes only to hang up in a new one. They are constantly coming, but seldom going.

Oregon.

It costs Coos county $146 to send an insane patient to the asylum.

The Vogt opera house at The Dalles is being fitted with new scenery.

The Washburne mill at Springfield has put in dynamos for its own electric lighting.

The steamer Moor will take out a cargo of Coquille coal on her next trip from Coos bay.

Elisia Bedwell, aged 76 years and a pioneer of 1849, was buried at Monmouth last week.

E. W. Purdy, treasurer of Whatcom, has begun suit against the persons on the guarantee bond for the county money deposited in the Bellingham Bay National bank. The amount locked up in the bank is $7,896.18.

Kinsey Bros., official photographers of the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railroad, recently sent in a sample of bark, cut from a Douglas fir, which measured 18 inches. The tree was on Northern Pacific land near Snoqualmie.

For the first time in several seasons, many of the farmers around Davenport are breaking up a lot of prairie land, which they are preparing for next year's crop. The season has been unusually propitious for spring breaking.

The Pierce county commissioners have about yielded to the demands of bicyclists for a road from Tacoma to Puyallup reservation. It will parallel the Northern Pacific track, and consent of the federal government has been obtained.

According to the Blaine Republican, that place is soon to boast of an ostrich farm. The pen is now under construction, and two of our well-known citizens have taken the contract to furnish the tomato cans and gravel for feed. All it needs, evidently, are the ostriches.

The land commission of Washington has invested $26,000 more of the permanent school fund in state warrants. This makes a total of $790,000 of this fund invested in warrants and bonds of various kinds—$604,000 in county and school districts bonds, and $186,000 in state wrarants.

The Seatco Manufacturing Company, of Bucoda, is building a big flushing dam on the Skookumchuck eleven miles above the mill. The dam is 15 feet high and 80 feet long, and will have two 10-foot flushing gates. It is figured that with two flushes all the logs that will be put in will be carried down the river.

The name of the station "Maxfield," on the Northern Pacific, at the Nisqually river, has been changed to "Sherlock," the name of the postoffice at that point. At several points on the Olympia branch of the Northern Pacific, the name of the station and postoffice at the same place are different, and the Olympian says this is rather confusing to those unacquanited with all the facts.

According to the Yakima Herald, Professor Lawrence, who has been looking up the prospects of a fruit crop, is confident that the earlier reports of damage done by frosts are exaggerated. The crop of Crawford peaches and silver prunes will be rather light, but other fruit has been uninjured. Many orchards will be so loaded down with fruit that the trees will have to be lightened of their load to prevent breaking down.

County Auditor Hopkins, of Thurston county, has issued general fund warrants for the total sum of $14,356.48 since the supreme court decided that the bonded indebtedness of the county could not figure into its 1½ per cent of legal indebtedness. This sum is divided among 935 warrants, and covers the expenses of the county from August 10, 1894, until May 1, 1896. The putting into circulation of $14,000 has given a temporary relief from the financial strain to a great many residents.

Last week an express wagon from Aberdeen, carrying two drummers and their samples, met with an accident on the ferry slip, at Hoquiam. The driver had driven off the ferryboat and nearly to the top of the slip, when a trace broke and the wagon started to run back, but turned over and spilled drummers, trunks and all. The boat had just started and was hardly off the landing, but was stopped in time to catch the wagon and contents, which would have otherwise landed in several feet of water.

Idaho Mining Notes.

The Campbell tunnel at the Standard mine is now in 1,730 feet.

A new mining district has been organized in this state. It is on Indian creek and will be known by the same name.

The flume for the Standard mine is now 6,500 feet long. Some heavy work is now being encountered in blasting rock.

The old Granite mill near Gem is being put in condition for use. A tramway is also being erected connecting the railroad siding with the ore bins.

The capacity of the mill of the Black Jack mine is being considerably increased and many other needed improvements are being made in and about the plant.

The Consolidated Tiger-Poorman Company at Burke is now employing about sixty men. Good headway is being made in clearing the debris and getting ready to erect the new milling plant.

The Frisco shaft is down 400 feet, and as soon as the station is cut the new level will be started. A fine body of ore was struck in the hanging wall at the 400-foot point. The ore is of a better grade than has ever been found in the mine.

Montana Mining Notes.

The Butte & Boston company have leased the Blue Jay mine down to the 500-foot level to Messrs. White & Farry. Several other properties of the company have been leased in similar manner.

Work has been commenced on the Copperopolis mine near White Sulphur Springs. It was recently bonded to Chicago parties. Lumber and necessary machinery is being shipped to sink the present shaft, which is now 150 feet deep.

The Butte miners' union is already making great preparations for their annual meeting which takes place in that city June 13. There will be a street parade and speaking during the day and wind up in the evening with a ball.

The Anaconda Company has commenced work on the old Buffalo mine in the Centerville district. The foundation for a new hoisting plant is now being built. It is the company's intention to work this property quite extensively from now on.

Debs Is Not in Politics.

Birmingham, Ala., May 26.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway Union, said tonight:

"I will state for the public print that I will not serve in a public office, and do not care to hold one. Politics and labor are two different institutions, and I will not give up labor for politics. The two don't go well together, and I believe I am of more use in labor. No, I will not go into politics, and will not accept the nomination for president."

A DAY OF DISASTER

Frightful Accidents at Three Separate Points.

EACH RESULTED IN LOSS OF LIFE

Mining Horror in Michigan—Two Brick Buildings Wrecked by a Gas Explosion.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 25.—The old Brown building, at the corner of Main and Seneca streets, formerly occupied by the Western Union, collapsed today. The portion that fell was being reconstructed. The cause of the collapse is supposed to have been the giving way of props. Many carpenters were working on the building, and the barber shop of Morris Jones was full of customers. There were perhaps, fifteen or twenty people in the building. Two have been taken out fatally injured. George Metz, a barber, died at the hospital; Mike O'Brien, a carpenter, back broken, is dying.

When the Western Union moved out of the Brown building, a decrepit structure of forty years' standing, contractors were employed to remodel it. This they attempted to do by running braces under the floor joists, which were held up by piers.

The immediate cause of the collapse was a removal of part of the foundation walls. There were few tenants in the building.

Another body, that of an unknown man was recovered after several hours' labor by firemen.

Eight Men Entombed Alive.

Ironwood, Mich., May 25.—Eight men were buried in a cave-in at the Ashland mine this morning. Large crews of men are drifting toward the imprisoned men in the hope of rescuing them.

The buried are: Ed Opie, Paul Nichols, Peter Moran, Ed Vansicus, Beckman, John H. Helman, John Collins, Peter Gura and an unknown.

The men were working at drifting on the third level, 300 feet from the surface, when the cave-in occurred. Captain Thomas Williams rushed to the scene. At that time no great amount of ground had fallen and Williams was able to communicate with the imprisoned men. They were all unharmed and said that with a rope they could be rescued. Captain Williams went for help, but before he returned another huge piece of ground fell and it was impossible to reach the men. It is still possible to communicate with them, however, by signals, and it is known that at least some of them are alive.

Two Buildings Wrecked.

Coffeyville, Kan., May 25.—A gas explosion this morning wrecked two two-story brick buildings in the center of the city, causing the death of one man and the fatal injury of two other persons, and wounding thirteen.

David Carter was killed by falling walls. The explosion completely wrecked the buildings, which adjoined each other, and hurled the occupants in every direction. The fire department and one hunrded citizens began the work of rescue aimd the wildest excitement.

TELSA'S GREAT INVENTION.

Important Discovery in the Art of Electric Lighting.

New York, May 25.—Nicola Telsa has solved the problem which he set himself many years ago and which may revolutionize the system of electric lighting. It is, electrical experts say, the nearest to the perfect adaptation of the great force to the uses of man.

In Mr. Telsa's laboratory is a bulb not more than three inches in length, which, when the current is turned into it, becomes a ball of light, and the heat is almost imperceptible. With it, a large room is so lighted that it is possible to read in any corner. Yet this is done without films and without the attachments necessary in existing lights. The rays are so strong that the sharpest photographs may be taken by them. No dynamo is required to produce the current. The bulb is attached to a wire connected with the street current, and there is no danger of a harmful shock in its use.

Stories have come from Mr. Telsa's laboratory that he was experimenting in light of this sort. Rumors of success and failure have followed each other, and his friends were inclined to doubt that he would succeed. Friends who recently visited Mr. Telsa saw him photograph by means of the light. The exposure was but two seconds, in the light of a single vacuum tube or bulb, without electrodes, and having a volume of about 90 cubic inches. The light given was approximately 250 candle-power. The photograph was as sharp in outlines as though it were taken in the full sunlight.

Mr. Telsa has recently obtained many photographs in his study of Roentgen rays. He has photographed the heart of one of his assistants so accurately as to note its expansions and its contractions, and he has also been able to locate defects in the lungs of several persons, the presence of tuberculosis being evident.

A Successful Expedition.

Philadelphia, May 25.—A private dispatch received tonight states that the steamer Laurada, which left New York May 9, has landed on Cuban soil the men and ammunition she carried, and that the expedition was entirely successful. The sender of the dispatch was a member of the party on the ship.

American Imprisoned by Spaniards.

New York, May 25.—Frank Larue, a naturalized American citizen, a wealthy merchant of Cardenas, and a prominent sugar planter, in Matanzas province, has been imprisoned by the Spanish military authorities in the district, on a charge of political conspiracy. Larue's partner, Ernesto de Castro, whose arrest was also ordered, is in hiding. Larue refused to make any statement until the United States consul, Hanse, should be present. The consul has protested at the summary proceedings, demanding a civil trial and the right of legal defense. The Spanish military officers laughed at the protest.

THE BERMUDA NEARLY CAUGHT

Has a Narrow Escape From Spanish Gunboats.

New York, May 26.—News reached this city today from Puerto Cortes, Honduras, that the steamship Bermuda, with a large party of filibusters and a cargo of ammunition and provisions, had a narrow escape from being captured by the Spanish warships on her last cruise to Cuba. This was the Bermuda's second successful trip.

She crossed the St. John's river bar April 17, in command of Captain E. G. Reilly. The Bermuda hove to at a place on the northern coast of Cuba, some ten miles east of Cardenas, and at once began to lower her boats.

It was said today by one in authority that the first boat capsized, being overloaded, and that five men were drowned, among them a brother of Colonel Nicholas de Cardenas, one of the insurgent leaders.

The cargo was all landed, when one of the boats got adrift. Some of the party began shouting. Suddenly the flash of an electric light was seen directly over the ship's masthead. The shouts of the men in the boat had been heard by a Spanish warship. There was a flash and a roar, and a solid shot passed about 300 feet astern of the ship.

Captain Reilly headed his ship westward, and was pulling away from the Spaniards very quickly. A few minutes after a second shot was fired and went wide. Then it was discovered that two Spanish gunboats were in pursuit. The Bermuda had no trouble in showing the Spaniards her heels.

Chinese Counterfeiters.

San Francisco, May 26.—At last the United States secret service authorities have struck a lead to the source whence have come the almost perfect imitation of half dollars circulated throughout the coast.

It is believed the counterfeits, which absolutely defy detection, except under a powerful magnifying glass in the hands of a clever expert, were made by Chinese, in their native land, and brought to this country last summer by members of the troupe of Chinese actors who came to America to perform at the Atlanta exposition. It is estimated that 20,000 of the unauthorized coins have been disposed of by the Chinese, and that "Little Pete," the Chinese of recent racetrack job notoriety, was back of the scheme.

A Disastrous Cloudburst.

Marshalltown, Ia., May 26.—A cloudburst today, between Lamoille and State Center, caused Linn creek, which flows through this city, to rise in one hour from a mere rivulet to a river a half mile wide. The Chicago & Northwestern tracks and roadbed and two bridges near Lamoille were seriously damaged, the flood destroying crops and drowning considerable livestock. A heavy hail accompanied the rain. The railroad yards in this city are submerged, and dwellings in the lowlands flooded to a depth of three feet. Some of the residents were rescued in boats, having narrow escapes. Railroad traffic cannot be resumed for a day or two. Iowa river is also on the biggest rampage for fifteen years.

Deadly Gasoline Stove.

Chicago, May 26.—By the explosion of a gasoline stove on Townsend street today a family of six persons was almost exterminated. Four are dead and a fifth is so badly burned that death is almost certain.

Mrs. Malm, the wife and mother, had arisen to prepare breakast, and her husband and children were still asleep in bed. She lighted a gasoline stove, when the reservoir which holds the supply of oil, exploded, throwing the burning fluid about the rooms. Before the sleeping members of the family could be taken out or even warned, they were shut in by the flames and burned almost to a crisp.

A Woman Miner.

Baker City, Or., May 26.—Mrs. W. Ainsworth is the only woman in Oregon who can handle a miner's pick in regulation style. She and her family, consisting of her husband and four children, live in Sparta, Or., at the edge of town. When through with her household duties, she amuses herself by doing a little placer mining. Three days ago she ground-sluiced a patch of ground six feet square, right at the back of her residence, and as a result she added $31 in gold to her pin money. The clean-up included a gold nugget valued at $7.25. Mr. Ainsworth is the possessor of some valuable placer ground in the vicinity of Sparta, and a man of considerable means.

A Skirmish With Garcia.

Havana, May 26.—Colonel Motons, near Santa Clara province, came in sight of the insurgent band of Zayas. The insurgents abandoned one prisoner, who declared that the insurgent Brigadier-General Tayo was dead. Colonel Marito met the insurgent leader, Eduardo Garcia, who, in conjunction with other leaders, had a force of 2,000 men at the farm of Vinola, in Matanzas, near the great Southern swamp. The battalion of Alfonso Doce opened fire and the insurgents retreated, leaving sixteen killed, two prisoners, their arms and ammunition.

Wanted to Lick Corbett.

Little Rock, Ark., May 25.—Pugilist Corbett narrowly escaped losing his life at the hands of a wild-eyed crank, armed with a revolver, at Hot Springs yesterday. As he was walking along Central avenue, a man suddenly sprang from a doorway, and, facing the pugilist, demanded to know if his name was Corbett.

"If you are Jim Corbett," the crank cried, "I am going to lick you right here."

Corbett hesitated a moment, and the crank, with a quick movement, drew a revolver from his pocket and pointed it at Corbett's breast. Corbett struck the weapon out of the crank's hand, and, seizing the man, held him until an officer arrived.

Jiddah Claims Paid.

Constantinople, May 25.—British, French and Russian embassies have each received checks for £10,000 as indemnity for the outrages at Jiddah, in May last, when the British consul and vice-consul, Russian acting consul and French consul-secretary were shot at by Bedouins outside the town.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

The fine weather of the past few days has been taken advantage of by the farming contingent to such an extent that business in the city is very light in consequence. The produce and fruit markets are pretty well stocked, with a fair city demand, and the variety is great in comparison with what we were accustomed to in the early days. Butter and cheese are coming at a rate that bodes ill for the prices. Potatoes which have been gradually climbing in price for the past six weeks have probably reached the top notch.

Wheat Market.

Wheat is off again, and buyers are not particularly anxious for the small lots obtainable at prices quoted. Quotations are: Walla Walla, 54 to 55c; Valley, 56 to 57c per bushel.

Produce Market.

FLOUR—Portland, Salem, Cascadia and Dayton, are quoted at $3.00 per barrel; Goldrop, $2.95; Snowflake, $3.20; Benton county, $3.00; graham, $2.65; superfine, $2.25.

OATS—Good white are quoted weak, at 27c; milling, 28@30c; gray, 23@24c. Rolled oats are quoted as follows: Bags, $4.25@5.25; barrels, $4.50@7.00; cases, $3.75.

HAY — Timothy, $9.00 per ton; cheat, $6.00; clover, $6@7; oat, $5@6.50; wheat, $5.50@6.50.

BARLEY—Feed barley, $13.50 per ton; brewing, $15@16.

MILLSTUFFS — Bran, $13.00; shorts, $15; middlings, $18@20.00; rye, 92½c per cental.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery is quoted at 30c; fancy dairy, 25c; fair to good, 17½c; common, 12½c per roll.

POTATOES—New Oregon, 25@30c per sack; sweets, common, 5½c; Merced, 3½ per pound.

ONIONS—Fancy, $2.25 per sack.

POULTRY—Chickens, hens, $3.50 per dozen; mixed, $3.00@3.50 per dozen; ducks, $5 00@6; geese, $5.00; turkeys, live, 15c per pound; dressed 15@17c.

EGGS—Oregon, 10c per dozen.

CHEESE—Oregon full cream, 10c per pound; half cream, 9½c; skim, 4@5c; Young America, 11c.

TROPICAL FRUIT—California lemons, $3.00@3.25; choice, $2.00@2.50; Sicily, $6.50; bananas, $1.75@3.00 per bunch; California navels, $3.25@3.50 per box; pineapples, $5@6.00 per dozen.

OREGON VEGETABLES — Cabbage, 1c per lb; garlic, new, 10c per pound; artichokes, 35c per dozen; sprouts, 5c per pound; cauliflower, $2.75 per crate, 90c@$1 per dozen; hothouse lettuce, 40c per dozen.

FRESH FRUIT—Pears, Winter Nellis, $1.50 per box; cranberries, $9 per barrel; fancy apples, $1@1.50; common, 50@75c per box.

DRIED FRUITS — Apples, evaporated, bleached, 4@4½c; sun-dried, 3½@4c; pears, sun and evaporated, 5@6c plums, pitless, 3@4c; prunes, 3@5 per pound.

WOOL—Valley, 9c, per pound; Eastern Oregon, 5@7c.

HOPS — Choice, Oregon 2@3c per pound; medium, neglected.

NUTS — Almonds, soft shell, 9@11c per pound; paper shell, 10@12½c; new crop California walnuts, soft shell, 11@12½c; standard walnuts, 12@13c; Italian chesnuts, 12½@14c; pecans, 13@16c; Brazils, 12½@13c; filberts, 12½@14c; peanuts, raw, fancy, 6@7c; roasted, 10c; hickory nuts, 8@10c; cocoanuts, 90c per dozen.

PROVISIONS—Eastern hams, medium, 11½@12c per pound; hams, picnic, 7½c; breakfast bacon 10½@10¾c; short clear sides, 8½@9c; dry salt sides, 7½@8c; dried beef hams, 12@13c; lard, compound, in tins, 7¼; lard, pure, in tins, 9½@10c; pigs' feet, 80s, $3.50; pigs' feet, 40s, $3.25; kits, $1.25. Oregon smoked hams, 10½c per pound; pickled hams, 8½c; boneless hams, 7½c; bacon, 10½c; dry salt sides, 6¾c; lard, 5-pound pails, 7½c; 10s, 7½c; 50s, 7¼c; tierces, 7c. Country meats sell at prices according to grade.

HIDES.—Dry hides, butcher, sound, per pound, 11@12c; dry kip and calfskin, 10@11c; culls, 3c less; salted, 60 lbs and over, 5c; 50 to 60 lbs, 4@4½c; 40 and 50, 4c; kip and veal skins, 10 to 30 lbs, 4c; calfskin, sound, 3 to 10 lbs, 6c; green, unsalted, 1c less; culls, 1-2c less; sheepskins, shearlings, 10@15c; short wool, 20@30c; medium, 30@40c; long wool, 50@70c.

Merchandise Market.

SALMON—Columbia, river No. 1, talls, $1.25@1.60; No. 2, talls, $2.25@2.60; fancy, No. 1, flats, $1.75@1.85; Alaska, No. 1, talls, $1.20@1.30; No. 2, talls, $1.90@2.25.

BEANS—Small white, No. 1, 2c per pound; butter, 3c; bayou, 1¾c; Lima, 4c.

CORDAGE—Manilla rope, 1¼-inch, is quoted at 8¼c, and Sisal, 6¾c per pound.

SUGAR—Golden C, 5¼c; extra C, 5½c; dry granulated, 6½c; cube crushed and powdered, 6¾c per pound; ¼c per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; half barrels, ¼c more than barrels; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 20@23½c; Rio, 20@22c; Salvador, 1g@22c; Mocha, 27@31c; Padang Java, 30c; Palembang Java, 26@28c; Lahat Java, 23@25c; Arbuckle's Mokaska and Lion, $20.30 per 100-pound case; Columbia, $20.30 per 100-pound case.

RICE—Island, $3.50@4 per sack; Japan, $3.75@4.

COAL—Steady; domestic, $5.00@7.50 per ton; foreign, $8.50@11.00.

Meat Market.

BEEF—Gross, top steers, $3.25; cows, $2.25@2.50; dressed beef, 4@5½c per pound.

MUTTON—Gross, best sheep, wethers, $3.00; ewes, $1.50@2.75; dressed mutton, 5c per pound.

VEAL—Gross, small, 4½c; large, 3@3½c per pound.

HOGS—Gross, choice, heavy, $3.00@3.25; light and feeders, $2.50@2.75; dressed, 3½@4c per pound.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

FLOUR—Net cash prices: Family extras, $3.75@3.85 per barrel; bakers' extras, $3.55@3.65; superfine, $2.85@3.00.

BARLEY—Feed, fair to good, 71¼c; choice, 73¾c; brewing, 86¼c.

WHEAT — Shipping, No. 1, $1.07½; choice, $1.10; milling, $1.17½@1.22½.

OATS—Milling, 75@82½c; surprise, 90@95; fancy feed, 82½@87½; good to choice, 75@80c; poor to fair, 67½@72½c; gray, 72½@80c.

POTATOES—Sweets, $2.50@2.75; Burbanks, Oregon, 30@65c.

HOPS—Quotable at 2@3c per pound.

ONIONS—$1.75 per sack.

WOOL — Nevada, spring, light and choice, 9@11c; heavy do, 6@8c. Fall—Short, trashy San Joaquin plains, 4@5; good do, 5@6c; Southern and coast, 4@5c; mountain, light and free, 6@7c.

BUTTER—Fancy creamery, 14@14c; seconds, 13¼c; fancy dairy, 12½@13c; seconds, 12c.

EGGS—Store, 11@12½; ranch, 12@13c.

CHEESE—Fancy, mild, new, 7@7½c; common to good, 2@10c; Young America, 8@9c; Eastern, 12@14c; Western, 11@12½c per pound.