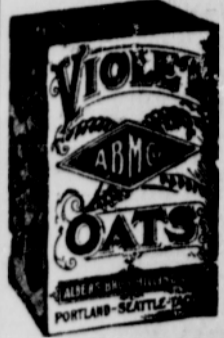


CHILDREN EDUCATION RECREATION

WOMAN AND HER INTERESTS

THE TABLE THE KITCHEN THE GARDEN

Violet Oats



For a Delicious Breakfast

ALBERS BROS. MILLING COMPANY

DAMASCUS

Look for the Trade-Mark Cap Butter, Cream, Milk and Butter Milk of absolute purity...

Milk That Stays Sweet in Hot Weather

Damascus Creamery Call up East 3240 or B 6155

SUNSET CREAMERY COMPANY

The Old Reliable

Manufacturers of Butter and Ice Cream

Phoness Main 52, A 4211 281 First Street Portland, Oregon

THE MISSION TEA CO.

"The Store That Does the Business" We Sell for Cash, Prices are Right Coffees, Tea, Spices a Specialty Groceries and Fruit...

BOSTON CANDY KITCHEN

E. Virgilson & G. Simon, Props. Fresh Candies Made Daily 20c Per Pound We Cater to Union Trade

Townsend's White Clover Carton Butter

the sanitary way

FIRST IN QUALITY because of our experience FIRST IN SALES because of buyers' experience

Also makers of the famous White Clover Ice Cream

T. S. TOWNSEND CREAMERY CO.

Phone M 4077 18-20 Front Street A-4946 Portland

BUTTER-NUT BREAD

Will satisfy you if you are dissatisfied with the bread you are getting. Try it.

All ingredients in Butternut Bread are accurately weighed by automatic scales, and the flours carefully blended.

Made by the U. S. Bakery

Get the Best in

MILK, CREAM AND BUTTER

Portland Pure Milk and Cream Company

When you buy TIP-TOP BREAD—look for the TIP-TOP Label. Be sure to get the Genuine.

TIP-TOP BREAD

Made exclusively by the

LOG CABIN BAKING COMPANY

We Carry Fire and Burglar Insurance for Protection of Our Customers

BROADWAY DYE WORKS

Hays & Hays, Proprietors GRAND AVE. AND SCHUYLER STREETS Prompt and Careful Attention Given to Express Orders

Portland Trust and Savings Bank

"THE BANK FOR SAVINGS"

Safe Deposit and Storage Vaults Mortgage Loans Four Per Cent Interest on Savings NORTHWESTERN BANK BUILDING

SCHOOL BOOKS

Sold and Exchanged We have new and second hand Hyland Bros. 168 Fifth St. opposite Post Office 211 Second St., near Salmon.

HAAKON GLASOE,

HIGH-GRADE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY All work guaranteed. Does what is right, whether it pays financially or not. 125 1/2 First Street Near Washington

Phone Marshall 2141

W. W. CONNER

Shoe and Repair Factory Our Motto: "Quality and Quickness" Wait Jobs a Specialty 569 WASHINGTON STREET

Frank Gansmeyer Fred Duerig Phone Main 9170

Heidelberg Restaurant and Oyster House

Open Day and Night. Private Rooms for Ladies and Families. 222 YAMHILL STREET Between First and Second

Portland Candy Kitchen

245 MORRISON ST. Home Made Candies Made Fresh Every Day. We Cater to the Union Trade. Give Us a Trial.

THE ROYAL COFFEE STORE

Coffee Roasted at our Store Dealing in Coffee, Tea & Spices. We Guarantee the Purity and Quality of Our Coffee. We Cater to Union Trade Phone Main 4105 152 Second Street Near Morrison

THE KANDY LAND

High Grade Candies, Fresh Made Every Day. We Cater to Union Trade. Prices Right—20c per lb. GEO. J. WETLE, Prop. 230 Alder, and Yamhill Market, 2nd and Yamhill

J. E. Kelly's Family Liquor Store

Importers—Wholesale and Retail Main 28, A 2802 354 Morrison St.

Phone Marshall 3205

DR. A. W. KEENE

DENTIST NEW MAJESTIC THEATRE BLDG. Park and Washington Streets Entrance 301 1/2 Washington Street. 566 1/2 First St., cor. Salmon Sixth and Burnside

Driving Women to Perdition

By ARTHUR BRISBANE.

The important thing on this earth is the human race, not individual profits.

The women create the race, and the welfare of women and girls, their health, their strength, their vitality, their virtue, transmitted to their children, surpass in importance all other questions.

Today under our methods of employment and competition, the working woman is the lower millstone in a grinding system of meanness, cupidity and heartless exploitation.

Many animals are used by man as beasts of burden—from the Asiatic elephant, the small llama of the Andes, animals of all kinds, the horse, the ox, the mule, the ass, the camel, even the ostrich and the reindeer are made into working slaves for men. Cheapest of all among the animals that man harnesses and drives in his money-making schemes is the human female.

Do you want a miserable slave to stand on her tired feet all day long, with aching back and tired heart, and stretched nerves, for twelve or more hours a day—hire a girl of sixteen.

You can hire her for less than it actually costs to feed her if you are a good slave-driver.

Do you want your office building scrubbed night after night? Do you want a human being on hands and knees to spend the hours of darkness every night, year in and year out, crawling across the sold stone floor, in the wet, scrubbing, cleaning, head bent, and face white and worn—hire some gray-haired woman, who has been left a widow with children, or who is cursed with a sick or a drunken husband. Such a woman you can hire for \$1 per night, if you know how to go about it, and how to find the mother made desperate by her children's needs.

Do you want swiftly-moving fingers, keen eyesight, great agility, in your canning factory—or in your making of paper boxes or artificial flowers? Hire little girls—you can get them by the thousands for a few cents a day.

By Bribing Inspectors.

By bribing inspectors, or avoiding inspectors, you can work these children from daylight until dark, working the mothers, too, through the same hours. This is done; it pays and the affidavits and the photographs are on record, showing the half-fed, half-grown children falling asleep from exhaustion at their work, then awakened and driven to give up the last ounce of vitality by threats and blows.

This is a fine world for the man who wants to make a fortune out of cheap female labor.

The little store and the big store, the little tenement sweatshop, and the sweatshop in the left, and the great sweating factory all compete, and their competition turns upon the question—how much labor can be exacted from the bodies of women and girls, and how little money, how little food and

rest can they be compelled to accept in return?

When merchants in the big cities need extra horses in their delivery department, they pay usually \$1.75 a day for the use of a horse, and they must promise to take good care of it, drive it slowly, and must be driven only so many miles and so many hours.

The man who pays \$1.75 for the day's work of a horse pays 50 cents, and often less, for the day's work of a girl or a woman. And the horse needs only a bed of straw, oats and hay, no clothing. You know what the woman ought to have, although she does not get it.

More and more the women of the country are drawn into the whirlpool of industry and commerce, half paid and half fed.

Mothers' Vitality Drained.

More and more the vitality of the mothers of the next generation is drained and diminished for the sake of profit.

Now every little child put to work beyond its strength, every girl harnessed to a machine run by electricity at high speed, every woman overworked, underpaid and underfed represents a weak mother, and every weak mother means weak children and a weaker generation to succeed this one.

The story has been told in England, where child labor and overworked, underpaid female labor produced a generation so sickly and stunted that it was difficult to find recruits of the proper size even for as small an army as the English army.

Are we going to have in the United States and in the big cities a population like that of the East End of London, a Whitechapel district, where the women bear babies that are called "wasters" children, that no skill can save from the grave in infancy?

Are we to have duplicates here of the miserable, half-starved and often degraded English working girls, living on a few shillings a week, keeping their bodies and nervous energy going with tea, or with gin?

For what was this republic established?

Was it to enrich a few merchants and manufacturers, or was it to create a nation free, strong and healthy, with the women powerful good mothers, the children healthy and at play, and the men able to protect the women and safeguard the children in their youth?

Supply and Demand?

Supply and demand? What have supply and demand to do with questions affecting the welfare of a race?

There was a supply of slaves in the South, and a great demand for them in the cotton fields and race swamps. But this country spent a million lives and five thousand million dollars to demonstrate the fact that supply and demand, as interpreted by brutal selfishness, do not rule, when men are in earnest.

When we say here that the law should and will compel the payment of decent wages to women we are told that we ignore the law of "supply and demand," and that these things must regulate themselves.

Nothing regulates itself. Man has his intelligence in order that he may regulate conditions and abolish brutality, and compel justice.

We make thousands of laws to protect the merchant and the manufacturer in their money making.

Our government attacks and punishes combinations and conspiracies in restraint of trade, because they hurt the individual business man.

We forbid the railroads to practice extortion and oppress the money-making shipper of goods through rebates.

We say that the passenger shall be carried at so much per mile, that the thousand feet of gas shall be sold for so many cents.

In every direction, when money is involved, we make laws forbidding oppression, compelling fair prices, protecting industrial, commercial and personal rights. Shall we not also make laws protecting women and girls against the sharks and shark-like selfishness by which they are exploited and ground down?

For a Living Wage.

No man denies that women and girls are hired, forced by their poverty and helplessness, to work for wages upon which they cannot live.

Upon such wages, paid to hundreds of thousands of women, normal health and strength cannot be maintained.

The law would not permit a man to underfeed a horse and gradually wear him out. This would be prevented regardless of any argument as to competition. Cruelty being demonstrated, the half-fed animal would be protected and the owner punished.

Cruelty exists, and heartless brutality exists, wherever a woman or girl is put to work, paid less than it costs her to live, or worked beyond her strength.

To overwork or starve a woman, to drive girls to immoral lives, is crime, and the law should prevent crime re-

ardless of "economic arguments and laws."

For years the matter has been left haphazard to accident, to competition, to individual selfishness, and for years conditions have been getting worse.

It is time for the public intelligence, the public conscience and the public power to protect women by law.

Every Legislature in every state should punish as a felony the criminal underpaying and overworking of women employees.

Careful investigation, intelligent and honest consideration of conditions and cost of living should underlie such legislation, of course.

In the cities, where rents and living expenses are highest, the minimum, that is to say, the lowest, legal wage should be higher than in the smaller towns and villages, where life's cost is less.

Can't Hurt Business.

This would discourage the dreadful crowding in great cities, the criminal building of factories and sweatshops in narrow, sunless city streets. It would scatter population and counteract a great evil of our day.

Do not imagine that any capable or honest man, any useful industry or business, would be injured by laws giving just protection to women.

That which is good for the whole nation is good for every citizen in it.

Establish by law a minimum wage for women, protect the children by law against deadly child labor, and you protect the well meaning employer, the man with a conscience and a heart.

Forbid the exploitation of women, the starving and underpaying of girls, by miserable and heartless employers, and you protect the good employer, since you protect the fair man against heartless competition.

Many a man conducting a great business is filled with shame as he contemplates his payroll. He has, perhaps, one thousand women and girls working for him, and he knows that at least three-quarters of them are shamefully underpaid, because they are poor and disorganized.

But, he must pay what the others pay or go out of business.

He competes with other employers in his ability to buy goods, in his knowledge of public taste, in the power of organization. He competes also in his power to buy the life blood of working women at the lowest possible price.

Will Protect Honest Employers.

Laws that will protect the working women against starvation wages will protect honest employers. And, what is far more important, such laws will protect the coming generation and the future of this country.

It will be said that men are underpaid also, that disorganized labor suffers, and that the wives and children of the laborer suffer, in the competition of low wages. That is true.

But one step at a time is man's way of walking. And one step at a time is the government's way of lawmaking.

Protect the women and girls, compel payment of decent wages, jail the man who hires a girl or woman for less than it costs her to live decently, or who works her so hard as to leave no energy in her body for the duties of motherhood, and you will have made a good beginning.

ACTIVITIES OF WOMEN.

Chinese women among the well to do class are now discarding cloth shoes for the leather shoes.

The Russian duma has granted married women the right to obtain separate passports without their husband's consent.

Colored school teachers in West Virginia receive a higher average in pay than the white, a condition existing in probably no other state in the union.

Mrs. Harriet C. Adams is probably more versed on Latin American affairs than any other woman in the United States, she having covered 40,000 miles in Central and South America, reaching in many points before unseen by a white woman.

The will of Miss Mary P. Semple of Pittsburgh stipulates that the income from half of her estate, valued at \$100,000, be used to provide vacations for women who work for their living or who are ill.

In London there is a club whose object is to help working women who have talent for writing.

The juvenile court at St. Louis is to have all cases of girls or women heard by women judges hereafter.

Germany has evening schools where shop girls are taught the art of selling goods.

More than 6 per cent of the total number of students in the German universities are women.

Mrs. J. F. Pierson and Mrs. Austen Gray, New York society women, have organized a cigaret manufacturing company.

Mrs. John Ward, daughter of the late Whitelaw Reid, will erect an institute in London as a memorial to her father.

Aim of Education.

The aim of education should be rather to teach us how to think than what to think—rather to enable us to think for ourselves than to load the memory with the thoughts of other men.—Bentley.

WOMEN IN AUSTRALIA.

Miss Jessie Ackermann is the one American woman who has studied the condition of her sex with great care in many countries. In her new book, entitled "Australia From a Woman's Point of View," she tells of the situation of woman on the island continent without reserve.

Some of her revelations may well be pondered by supporters of the feminist movement in this part of the world. We quote these as bearing upon the equal rights of women and men when considered in the light of morality and honest manliness:

Although women have been made equal with men so far as voting is concerned, the most appalling inequality in their legal status obtains in every state of the commonwealth.

This is observed in regard to punishment for given offenses, as well as in provisions made by some of the states for the housing of offenders against the law in the case of state wards, and especially in relation to the conduct of women in public places. There are "fences for which a policeman puts his hand upon a woman and brings her to account for her deportment before the law; while a man, guilty of similar conduct, merely acts up to the privileges which are granted by men to men.

If a girl with painted face and brazen mien parades the street, flaunting her calling in the face of a man who objects to her boldness, in his righteous wrath he may "put down" her kind by handing her over to the police. Charges may be brought against her, he being the only witness on whose evidence she is sentenced. The law is often meted out according to the standing of the outraged male victim. "Men and women sin, two by two, but they pay for it one by one"—woman is the one.

A man may outrage every sense of decency by improper advances and proposals to a woman in the street, and, unless he is in a state of intoxication, she has no redress. A man who is really out of his normal mind under the influence of liquor is legally responsible to the law for his liberties with women on a public highway; but a brute clothed as a gentleman, about whom there is no sign by which to take warning as in the case of a drunken man, may freely manifest his brutalized nature in the face of self-respecting women citizens, and there is no appeal for them. The poor drunkard is the victim of the law, and a woman—well, if she is fleet of foot, may escape, provided there are no lights which would make pursuit on the part of her annoyner unsafe.

Women would be horrified if one boldly declared that no mother in the commonwealth really owned her children. The only child whose ownership is vested in the mother is the one born out of wedlock. When it comes to a matter of disgrace, the mother and innocent child must forever bear the brand. The law says the child is hers—hers to have, hold, possess and own. Furthermore, its registration as an illegitimate child must be in the mother's name. A child born in wedlock may not carry its mother's name, omitting the father's, except by special act of parliament.

In Victoria an effort was made to wipe out the vile system which would have been a disgrace to the dark ages, by the introduction into parliament of a bill modelled upon the laws enacted in Switzerland. The object in view was to check the evil before it assumed the shocking and alarming proportions it has reached in many parts of Europe. The bill set forth that all children of this class whose parentage could be made clear must be registered in the father's name as the child of an illegitimate father. As every child comes into the world along the lines of the one and only law prescribed by the Almighty, it follows that there is no such thing as an illegitimate child. The illegitimate proceeding is on the part of the father and he should bear the disgrace. Hence the justice of the child bearing the father's name.

The bill further provided, in cases where the father was a married man, that this child should have an equal claim upon his property with those of his legal wife. If the father chanced to be unmarried, he must at once make legal his relation to the child by marrying the mother. In a country of progressive and experimental legislation, it is by no means surprising to learn of the introduction of such a bill. The astounding part of it is that the majority against it was but one vote.

Women Form Labor Union.

More than 9,000 women of Colorado, mostly wives of striking miners and other laborers, have organized into a union and will be granted a charter by the Colorado State Federation of Labor. The avowed purpose of the organization is the betterment of the living conditions, political, economic and sociological, among labor people of the state.

New Plan for Boycott.

The District of Columbia Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage announces that in future its members will not attend theatrical productions which convey arguments in favor of votes for women.