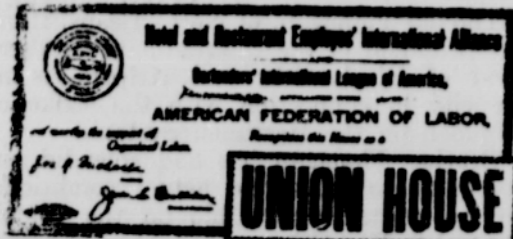


Minutes of Central Council

Regular session of the Council was called to order by President Trullinger on Friday evening, June 7, with the following officers absent: Binenheimer, Liddy, Raven, May and Dickison.

The following communications were read and disposed of: From Milwaukee Building Trades Council, to Labor Press; Portland Building Trades Council, tabled pending report from Executive Committee; Metal Trades Council, secretary instructed



You Will Be Wise to Eat at These Places

Harry M. Holden. Carl Schlickeiser. MARQUAM RESTAURANT Harry & Carl. 247 Alder St., bet. Second and Third. Phone Main 8478.

Phone Marshall 831 Lunches Put Up for Travelers North Bank Restaurant BEN RIVARA & CO. Fruit, Tobacco, Cigars and Groceries 432 HOYT STREET

The B. & B. Restaurant Open Day and Night. 51 North Sixth Street, Portland, Oregon.

New Grand Central RESTAURANT John Gamble Proprietor 90 North Third Street

The Gilman Chas. Grau, Prop. Alex Pope, Chef Merchants lunch from 11 a. m. to 2 p. m. 144 First St., Bet. Alder and Morrison

Pap's Restaurant Elmer and Bill (Pap's Sons) New Proprietors Open Day and Night Phone Main 1068 187 Morrison Street Morrison Street Bridge Approach

Mt. Hood Restaurant & Lunch Counter Chas. Catta, Proprietor First Class Service, Short Order a Specialty Popular Prices. Phone Main 4161 142 Second Street, Corner Salmon Street

Phone Main 8493 Meals 25 Cents Union Oyster House and Restaurant JOHN SEICHEN & FRITZ BOHRBACHEN, Proprietors 128 Second Street Portland, Oregon

Phone Main 9884 Bismark Restaurant Mrs. Jack Ganseder, Prop. EATS ALWAYS THE BEST 209 Morrison St. Between Front and First

POPULAR Restaurant P. A. PETERSON, Proprietor Quick Service and Reasonable Prices 186 Morrison Street

Willamette Restaurant PETER HANSEN, Proprietor OPEN DAY AND NIGHT 112 THIRD STREET

Auto Restaurant Harry Brandt, Proprietor Open Day and Night 528 Washington Street

Park Restaurant Joe Kabloth, Manager Phone Marshall 2343 533 Washington Street

Star Restaurant New management, strictly home cooking. Meals 15c up. We carry the union card. 102 First Street

Rockaway No. 1 Formerly the A B C 386 Morrison St. Phone Main 7712 Rockaway No. 2 Formerly The Breakers 567 Washington St. Phone Main 1037 KING & KYLE, Proprietors

to reply; Shop Federation, financial statement filed; Salem Trades and Labor Council filed; Jonathan Bourne, Jr., filed; George Chamberlain, filed; Oatman Co-Operative Company, to Labor Press; Oregon State Federation of Labor, \$10.00 donated to 8-hour bill; Motion Picture Operators, request to remove Liberty Theatre from unfair list complied with.

On motion the report of the legislative committee was taken up as a special order of business. Proposed law regulating Port of Portland Commission was read and on motion the Council endorsed the tenor of the bill and instructed the committee to prepare the same for the initiative. On motion Brother Stack was placed in charge of the circulating of the petition with instruction to render bill to the Council for the work performed.

Dr. Bauer, of the Salem Penitentiary, addressed the Council on the initiative measure abolishing capital punishment. On motion the Council endorsed the measure. Credentials from the College Equal Suffrage League were read and Dr. Gardiner was seated as fraternal delegate from that organization.

No reports were received from the Building Trades or Metal Trades sections. Trades reported meeting for Tuesday evening. The Waterfront and Printing Trades reported work in good shape. Brewery Trades reported the straightening up of the North Pacific Brewery and the placing of their beer in fair cold storage plant in this city.

On motion the complaint of the Shop Federation affecting the Waiters was referred to the Label Trades. Motion Picture Operators requested union men and women to not patronize the Fun Theater on First Street. A. I. Mason of the State Grange, was invited to address the Council on the goods roads measures endorsed by the Council. He made a strong plea for the early return of the petitions now in the hands of the volunteer circulators and thanked organized labor for the interest manifested in this measure.

Secretary reported on minor matters, which report was filed. Executive committee reported progress on the Hazelwood fight.

Special committee on Hanford resolution recommended the adoption of the resolution omitting reference to financial assistance, and the recommendation was concurred in.

Motion was made to request a written report from the World's Work committee. Amended to request a financial report also. Motion as amended was carried.

By unanimous choice, Brother Jordan was elected fraternal delegate to the College Equal Suffrage League.

On motion a committee of five were appointed to confer with the Shingle Weavers relative to a Labor Day celebration at Crystal Lake Park. Randall, Ledwidge, Lawrence, Lancaster and Collier were appointed.

Dr. Gardiner, of the College Equal Suffrage League made a splendid talk to the delegates, which was highly appreciated.

A meeting to plan for a Labor Temple was announced for Sunday afternoon at the Labor Press office.

It was announced that the committee in charge of the Elks convention had declared for the "open shop" on the musical part of the celebration.

The following were the receipts for the week: Plasterers, \$4.50; Grainhandlers, \$4.15; Carpenters, No. 808, \$22.40; Electricians No. 317, \$9.05; Electricians No. 125, \$7.53; Steamboat Men, \$3.15; Plumbers, \$3.60.

Council adjourned for one week. ARTHUR W. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

LABEL CALLED TYRANNICAL.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Declaring it nothing less than "tyranny" to force upon the convention each year a movement for the union label on all printed matter of the diocese, Bishop Charles Tyler Olmsted ruled a labor resolution out of order at the Episcopal diocesan convention of Central New York, held in this city.

The resolution, introduced by the Rev. Dr. I. M. Merlin Jones, precipitated a discussion in the convention. Dr. Jones' Syracuse church is composed almost entirely of workmen.

The resolution was enthusiastically indorsed by the Rev. Byron Curtis, of Rome, who said that he called upon the convention to adopt the resolution. The Typographical Union, he said, was an honorable organization and had won the respect of the business world, and he urged that the convention act accordingly.

The Rev. Mr. Rose, of Cazenova, said that he did not think that the diocese was called upon to indorse a money trust and oil trust or labor organizations.

Three or four men were soon upon their feet, but former Chief Justice, Charles Andrews, of the Court of Appeals, gained the floor and moved that the Merlin Jones resolution be placed on the table. His motion prevailed.

Dr. Jones wanted his resolution taken from the table and referred to a committee of three to report at the next convention, but Bishop Olmsted ruled him out of order.

Rochester, N. Y., June 8.—The carpenters of this city recently won a notable victory, in that the inside men secured an increase of 25c, 8 hours, and the outside carpenters received an increase, 8 hours and Saturday half holiday, union shop agreements, together with an arbitration clause. The Plumbers also secured an increase, taking effect on June 1.

PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY.

Oatman, Arizona, May 5th, 1912. To Officers and Member of Organized Labor:

Greeting—We, the members of Snowball Miners' Union, No. 124, of the Western Federation of Miners, having been held up, both here and in Gold Roads, for the necessities of life, by the corporations that monopolize the business of supplying these camps with SCAB GOODS until we can stand it no longer, have organized a Company, and registered under the state laws, to build and operate a general trading store.

The name of the Company is The People's Co-Operative Company, capitalized at \$500,000, in 100,000 shares of a par value of \$5.00 each, fully paid and non-assessable.

We have raised sufficient money among ourselves to erect a first-class building, which is now being done, and we are applying to you for further capital to purchase stock for same.

We calculate that the shares will earn at least 6 per cent. interest from the start, as the whole trade of those thriving camps is assured us when once we are open for business; and the opportunities for extending our operations in the future are unlimited.

We are practically a closed camp, and while the union, officially, has nothing to do with the Company, all the members of the board of directors are prominent men in the Union, which assures the conduct of the business to be by the people and for the people.

In applying to you for your subscription to a block of stock, we would impress upon you the fact that in addition to supporting a progressive idea, you are investing in a proposition that is bound to prove successful, in view of the bright outlook for this district; you are also assisting the cause of labor, by enabling us to procure union-made goods.

Applications for stock may be made in any amount, from \$5.00, for one share, to \$250.00, for 50 shares, and should be accompanied by check, made payable to The People's Co-Operative Company, and addressed to A. E. Botterell, Secretary-Treasurer, Oatman, Arizona. Reference: The Arizona Central Bank, Kingman, Arizona.

Your favorable consideration is earnestly requested.

Fraternally yours, THE PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY.

A. E. Botterell, Secretary-Treasurer. E. M. Shotmiller, President. Endorsed by Snowball Miners' Union, Local No. 124, of the Western Federation of Miners.

REFUSE NEW AGREEMENT.

Building Trades Mechanics Walk Out Of Milwaukee Breweries.

Greeting:—The Building Trades Council of the City of Milwaukee, desire to announce to organized labor that the agreement with the Milwaukee Brewers' Association, which association consists of the following brewery firms:

Pabst Brewing Co., Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co., Valentine Blatz Brewing Co., Jung Brewing Co., Fred Miller Brewing Co., Milwaukee Brewing Co., Cream City Brewing Co., Independent Milwaukee Brewing Co., Adam Gettleman Brewing Co., Milwaukee-Waukesha Brewing Co. and P. Schoenhofen Brewing Co., of Chicago. Illinois, expired May 10th, 1912.

Before the agreement expired a new agreement was presented to the Milwaukee Brewers' Association by the Building Trades Council. A number of conferences were held with the representatives of the said association without reaching any amicable adjustment, as the representatives of the Brewers' Association absolutely refused to consider any of the propositions contained in the agreement. There was no other alternative for the members of the Building Trades employed in the breweries and their branches but to walk out, and remain out until an amicable agreement can be reached between the Building Trades Council, and the Milwaukee Brewers' Association.

Sure there is a strike of the Building Trades Council at the Milwaukee Breweries, therefore, read this article with care.

Think, Speak, Act and Drink accordingly.

Yours fraternally, THE MILWAUKEE BUILDING TRADE TRADES COUNCIL.

Endorsed by the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee, Wis.

MILWAUKEE STREET CARMEN.

Milwaukee.—Wage increases amounting to \$50,000 annually has been voluntarily granted by the Milwaukee Electric Railroad company. This voluntary increase is the direct result of the effect of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees to organize the men upon this road, which resulted in a strike. It is stated that the wage rate for carmen in Milwaukee is below that of cities of like size, with conditions still very unsatisfactory.

The general manager of the Pennsylvania railroad has sent a communication to the officers of the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen on the Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie, refusing the demand that steam conductors and trainmen be placed on the electric lines of the Pennsylvania running out of New York city.

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BILL UP TO EXECUTIVE. Labor's Bill Passes Both Houses and Goes to the President.

Washington—Labor's eight-hour bill passed the House of Representatives unanimously on December 14, 1911. The bill then went to the senate and on Friday, May 31, 1912, it passed with several amendments. The vote upon the bill in the Senate was: yeas, 45; nays, 11; not voting 39. The following is the vote:

For the bill: Ashurst, Bacon, Borah, Bourne, Bristow, Brown, Bryan, Catron, Chamberlain, Chilton, Clapp, Clark of Wyo., Clarke of Ark., Culberson, Callom, Curtis, Fletcher, Gronna, Hitchcock, Johnson of Me., Jones, Kern, Lodge, McLean, Martin of Virginia, Martine of New Jersey, Myers, Newlands, Overman, Perkins, Poinceter, Pamerene, Rayner, Reed, Shiveley, Simmons, Smith of Ga., Smith of Mich., Smoot, Stone, Sutherland, Tillman, Townsend, Williams, and Works.

Against the bill: Bradley, Dillingham, Du Pont, Gallinger, Heyburn, Oliver, Page, Percy, Root, Sanders and Wetmore.

On Wednesday, June 5, 1912, Chairman Wilson of the House labor committee, called up the amended bill and the House concurred in the Senate amendments. Two of the amendments added by the Senate are important, one providing that the law shall not apply in the Panama Canal zone until January 1, 1915. This amendment was for the purpose of leaving matters in statu quo in the Panama Canal zone until the waterway in the Panama Canal zone until the waterway shall have been completed.

The other amendment changes the date for the law to go into effect to January 1, 1915. The bill now goes to the president for his approval. This law applies to government work and to contractors of government work, but does not apply to supplies usually purchased in the open market, whether manufactured to conform to particular specifications or not. Congress first adopted a law constituting eight hours a day for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by or on behalf of the government of the United States on June 15, 1868. By an act approved May 24, 1888, the eight-hour law was extended to letter carriers.

The next change in the law became operative on August 1, 1892, when the eight-hour law was strengthened by specific provisions requiring the government to not "permit" any laborer or mechanic to work than eight hours in any one calendar day except in cases of extraordinary emergency.

It is well to state here as a matter of information that from June 25, 1868, until March 21, 1906, the enforcement of the provisions of the eight-hour law by the government officials was extremely lax, but upon the latter date the executive council of the American Federation of Labor registered a most vigorous protest against the violation of this law. That protest to a considerable extent had the effect of securing a close observance of the law by the officials in charge of the government works.

The law just passed materially extends the scope and operation of the eight-hour law, and will be of inestimable benefit to not only workmen employed directly by the government, but will affect many institutions that do contract work for the government. One material addition to the law provides that armor plate shall be manufactured under the eight-hour law.

The international convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers has selected Cleveland, O., as the place for the next convention three years hence.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDING TRADES DEPARTMENT

Washington—By the action of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters in reaffiliating with the Building Trades Department all local building trades councils whose charters were suspended or revoked on account of non-compliance in unseating the local organizations of the United Brotherhood, agreeable to instructions by the Building Trades Department, will have their charters automatically restored by the reaffiliation of the United Brotherhood with the department is now recited to its full strength of eligible organizations.

ENGLISH DOCK STRIKE.

Washington.—From information just received from London, it is reported that there are practically 115,000 men who are idle along the Thames and Medway rivers. This large number includes dockers, carmen, seamen, firemen and members of the building trades. It is also stated that there is a steady increase coming to the ranks of the strikers, with the Sailors' and Firemen's union actively engaged in augmenting the strike numbers by inducing members of the union, arriving on incoming steamers to join the strike. News of an authentic character as to the prospects of a settlement is lacking.

A joint resolution presented to the house recently by Congressman Gillett of Massachusetts asks Congress to make Labor Day a holiday with pay to the employees of the government who were paid by the day, as well as to those who receive annual compensation.

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