

STATE CHAMBER STARTS ON BIG MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN

Fee Is Placed Low and Every Oregonian Is Asked to Get in and Boost Oregon.

Portland, March 10.—John L. Etheridge, state chairman of the membership committee of the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce, has announced that a state-wide campaign for members for the organization will begin on Monday, March 17.

Chairman Etheridge has arranged for a series of county conferences to be held during the week of March 10 to 15. It is the expectation of the membership committee that every commercial organization, association and society in the various counties will participate in the conferences and that the final details for the drive in each locality will be arranged by them.

Every loyal Oregonian will be asked to become a member of the state chamber. It is the ambition of the membership committee to enroll at least ten thousand individual members during the week of the drive. It is essential that the organization be provided with funds sufficient to carry on the broad work of the chamber, the purposes of which are concisely stated in the slogan adopted: "Oregon for every community; every community for Oregon."

Briefly stated the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce has been organized to encourage the development of the natural resources of the state, and of trade and commercial intercourse between the various sections of the state and contiguous territory, and with foreign countries, and to encourage cooperation between the various chambers of commerce, industrial, agricultural and other organizations throughout Oregon, and generally to increase their efficiency.

The voting control of the state chamber rests with the chambers of commerce and affiliated organizations outside of Portland.

SILK CREEK MUDDLE TO BE FINALLY SETTLED

The county court has set next Tuesday as the day for definitely settling the Silk Creek road controversy and definitely establishing the route that will be followed in getting to the mountain. Delegations have visited the county court this week, but such visits did not seem to clarify the situation. The bone of contention seems to be whether the road shall cut through the S. C. Veatch ranch or whether it shall go around it. There is also some difference of opinion as to how much the distance will be lengthened by going around the ranch and how the grade of the road will be affected thereby. There is also a little difference of opinion as to the amount of damages Mr. Veatch will sustain. Mr. Veatch setting the amount as some \$4000 while the officers of the county have estimated it at considerably less than \$1000. Between now and next Tuesday the entire county court will visit the scene of the controversy in company with the county surveyor and interested parties. It is possible that the road committee of the commercial club will be members of the party, although Cottage Grove has so far steadfastly stood neutral as to the route and the club has merely interested itself in trying to harmonize the different factions and in boosting for appropriations for the road wherever it may be put by the county court.

RELATIVE OF MRS. J. L. BEATTY IS AWARDED DISTINCTIVE MEDAL

That the boys who are now returning from France are merely maintaining the traditions of their forefathers is forcibly brought to mind by word from

Leander Herron, of St. Paul, Neb., cousin of Mrs. J. L. Beatty, of this city, saying that he has received a congressional medal for an act of bravery performed in 1868. Herron was a pony express or dispatch rider in western Kansas, being a corporal in company A, Third United States infantry. At that time the Indians of all tribes were on the warpath and the riding had to be done at night. It meant sure death to meet a band of the red men. Herron and another trooper were startled one night by seeing firing in advance of them. They found that a United States wagon train in charge of four soldiers had been attacked. The two men rode through the Indians to the aid of their beleaguered comrades and helped them hold the "fort" until help arrived from an army post just as all were about to give up and commit suicide to forestall torture by the Indians. Herron is the only one now living who was a party to this experience and is thought to be the only one of the old dispatch carriers along the Santa Fe who has not passed beyond. The medal which Herron received is a very valuable one and only 328 have ever been issued. The deed for which it is awarded must be on record with the war department and the awarding of the medal must be approved by six major generals, by the secretary of war and the president and be sanctioned by act of congress.

EXPERTS WILL TALK UPON DAIRY SUBJECTS

Suggestions Will Be Made as to Best Methods of Cutting Down Cost of Producing Butterfat.

Are you a dairyman, and if you are, do you believe that dairying is a business and should be conducted along practical and business lines?

Do you believe that it is a good business to build up a dairy herd?

Are you interested in the raising of calves?

Would you like some more pointers on judging good cattle?

Do you think you could learn anything about feeding for milk production?

Would you be interested in cutting down the cost of production of butter fat?

Are you satisfied with what you know about silos and silage?

Are you interested in community breeding?

Are you interested in methods of keeping records of the production of your herds?

If you do not know all you would like to know upon these subjects you will be interested in the dairy meetings to be held in the commercial club rooms Friday and Saturday of next week, which will be addressed by men who are college experts upon the subjects upon which they will speak.

The meetings are free and have been arranged through the cooperation of the commercial club, the agricultural college and the county agent. Similar meetings are being held throughout the state and are being well attended.

FULLERTON GETS YEAR FOR LIBELING U. OF O.

James Fullerton, of Eugene, who was tried for libeling the state university, was found guilty by a jury last week, after a sensational trial lasting four days, and sentenced to a year in jail. He is now serving his sentence in the county jail but will be paroled to the district judge after serving 30 days on condition that he will cease his attacks upon the university. The jury recommended leniency on account of the age and ill health of the defendant. Fullerton was denied a new trial.

London Over the Top Again.

School district No. 61 (London) has nearly doubled its quota in the Armenian and Syrian relief drive. On a quota of \$30 it has raised \$54. Those who contributed were as follows: Mark L. Gibson, 50c; J. N. Hogue, 50c; Earl B. Crane, 10c; Otto Iverson, 1c; Ernest Watkins, 1c; P. C. Withers, 1c; Charles Caffer, 1c; Walter Lackey, 1c; Mrs. Walter Lackey, 1c; J. W. Bemis, 1c; L. E. Spangenberg, 1c; Emma C. Jones, 5c; Mary Goer, 1c; Nora Ward, 2c; Arthur Combs, 1c; A. L. Lent, 50c; W. T. Jones, 1c; E. Geer, 20c; H. C. Combs, 1c; Emma H. Garman, 50c; Willis U. Garman, 50c; Mrs. Thomas Funk, 25c; Elmer J. Groat, 1.25; Isabelle Groat, 50c; Minnie Jones, 25c.

Returned Soldier Committee Appointed.

A meeting was held in the commercial club Tuesday afternoon for the purpose of considering the returned soldier problem from the industrial, social, religious and moral standpoint. The meeting was called by E. M. Runyan, of Portland, representative of the state Y. M. C. A. There was no definite action of any kind taken and it was not made clear what could be done to assist the soldier to get back into civil life outside of individual encouragement and cooperation, but the following committee was appointed to be ready to handle any emergency that may arise: R. W. Glass, chairman; A. B. Wood, S. L. Mackin, K. K. Mills and Elbert Bede.

Methodists Prepare for Centenary.

The Sunday school of the Methodist church was organized into a missionary society at a meeting of the Sunday school board Tuesday evening and the following officers elected: Superintendent, S. L. Mackin; assistant superintendent, Mrs. J. B. Hendricks; secretary, Miss Lenora Hubbell; treasurer, Mrs. Orpah Benson. The centenary appointment for the Sunday school of 1976 was accepted and steps will be taken at once for the raising of the amount. The address of Rev. T. H. Downs, of Drain, was full of interest and inspiration.

MERCHANDISE PRICES TO DROP PREDICTION BY C. J. BREIER

Says There Never Was Real Basis for Terrific Advance During Period of War.

A prediction of lower prices on merchandise, together with the reasons for a decline, was recently made by C. J. Breier, one of the proprietors of a chain of sample stores at a banquet given managers of the stores at Lewiston, Ida. A. W. Swanson, manager of the store here, was in attendance and was thoroughly convinced that Mr. Breier's method of reasoning was correct. Following are extracts from Mr. Breier's talk:

"I predict from now on a heavy decline in all lines of merchandise. I may be wrong on this point, because most of the trade journals and manufacturers claim that prices will remain stiff during 1919 and will show no break until spring, 1920, on account of labor conditions and the high prices of raw materials. But, so far as I am concerned, for myself, and I hope you boys will all stand by me, I am willing to gamble that prices will come down; in fact I am willing to gamble on a somewhat sudden decline on all lines of merchandise."

"In the first place, to come back to the argument of the manufacturers and the trade papers, I don't believe that the price of raw materials or the price of labor had anything whatsoever to do with the price of merchandise. If cotton had been \$1.00 a pound and labor three times as high as it has been, work shirts and overalls need never have climbed to the price they have."

"All those conditions, you will see, were based only on the cry of scarcity, or pretense of scarcity, of merchandise, and scared jobbers and retailers into buying at ridiculous prices."

"Some of my fellow merchants and most of the trade papers and about all the manufacturers state that we may have a decline on cotton goods, but no visible decline on shoes or woolen goods. Now, my belief is that all goods have to decline and must decline, and that the decline will be right off."

"Woolen serges and other cloth, such as is used for the manufacture of men's, children's and ladies' suits, have been speculated on in the New York market the same as stocks on the board of trade. I know of jobbers and parties that have bought blue serges at \$2.37½ and held them until raised to \$5.50, although they had no use whatsoever for the goods and under normal conditions were not dealing in blue serges at all."

"Uncle Sam may not release wool enough to flood the American market but foreign competition will force the price of serges down to a somewhat normal level, and while we will not have wool prices or prices of any kind of merchandise as low as were prevalent before the war, you can make up your mind that the water will be squeezed out of everything and that right-away-quick."

"In regard to shoes, it is the wave of prosperity that went through the country in the retail business before the influenza checked it that made shoe prices hold up as they are today. Hides in many places are drugs on the market and are not corresponding to the price of leather at all. Vici kid, that is so necessary in the manufacture of fine shoes, will be again imported plentifully from now on and at much lower prices."

"Those are my ideas of the market conditions. As for myself, I am willing to back up my ideas and I am even willing to anticipate the market and unload at lower than today's prices. I hope you will go home and consider what I have said here and follow in my footsteps."

L. L. L. REORGANIZES ITS FORCES ON PEACE TIME BASIS

Organization Which Did So Much to Facilitate Prosecution of War Is to Continue.

The reorganization of the Loyal Legion of Loggers and Lumbermen is proceeding with rapid and reassuring growth. The objects and purpose of this organization, which includes in its large membership both the employers and employees of logging, milling and manufacturers of lumber in the northwest, are as follows:

To maintain the basic 8 hour day.
To provide an organization on the basic principle of the "square deal" in which both employer and employee are eligible for membership and may meet on common ground.

To promote a closer relationship between the employer and employee in the lumber industry.

To provide means for the amicable adjustment, on an equitable basis, of all differences that may arise between employer and employee.

To insure, to the workmen, a just and equitable wage, and to the employer, a maximum degree of efficiency.

To standardize working and living conditions in camps and mills.

To provide methods of informing its members upon all questions of trade interest to operators and workmen.

To foster personal relationship and the spirit of loyalty between the employers, their representatives, and the employees.

To develop to the highest degree possible, loyalty to the United States, its laws and government, and to promote

and demand proper respect to its flag.
To create a community spirit by the promotion of matters pertaining to public welfare in each locality.

To encourage, when and where it is found feasible, cooperative hospitals for the care of the sick and injured and medical attention to the families of the members.

To favor the development of logged-over land for actual settlers, upon a reasonable system of payments.

To cooperate with the legislative bodies of the various states for the improvement of laws relative to accident insurance and the prevention of accidents.

To institute, when feasible, employment service.

To further recreation and educational facilities in the camps and mills.

THE SIXTY-FIFTH IS SLEEPING ON THE COLD, COLD GROUND.

[From Liaison, Courier of the Big Gun Corps. To be sung to the tune of "Massa's in the Cold, Cold Ground."]

'Round the camp at Brest it's raining, and it is so blue;
There the soldiers are a-working, working all the long night through.
There the duckboards are a-sinking so deep they can't be found—
There the soldiers are a-sleeping, sleeping on the cold, cold ground.

Chorus:
Down in that mud hole
Hear that mournful sound;
There the soldiers are a-sleeping,
With their tummies on the cold, cold ground.

There we get up in the morning, first call at 3 a. m.,
Then you hear the bugler's warning, but you get your chow at half past 10;
Then you get into a mess line with ninety thousand men,
And by the time you've washed your mess kit,
It's time to get your chow again.

Chorus:
Down in that mess line,
I'm glad I ain't there now.
If you slip or miss your footing,
You're S. O. L. to get your chow.

LIBERTY LOANS ARE TO BE EXEMPT FROM ALL TAXES

The following telegram from Secretary of the Treasury Glass explaining tax exemption features of the Victory liberty loan act has been received by Governor James K. Lynch, of the federal reserve bank:

"It is perhaps not generally understood that under the terms of section 2 (a) of the Victory liberty loan act, the interest received on and after January 1, 1919, until the expiration of five years after the termination of the war, on an amount of bonds of the first liberty loan converted, the second liberty loan converted, the third liberty loan, and the fourth liberty loan, the principal of which does not exceed \$30,000 in the aggregate, owned by an individual, partnership, association or corporation, will be exempt from surtaxes, excess profits and war profits taxes now or hereafter imposed by the United States upon the income or profits of individuals, partnerships, associations or corporations."

"Not only is this exemption in addition to all other exemptions heretofore conferred, but it is independent of any subscription to the Victory liberty loan, and is immediately effective. The Victory liberty loan act also contains a provision authorizing the secretary of the treasury to extend the privilege of converting 4 per cent bonds of the first liberty loan converted and 4 per cent bonds of the second liberty loan into 4½ per cent bonds, the higher interest rate to be effective from the semi-annual interest payment date next succeeding the date of presentation for conversion."

S. A. T. C. Men Get Bonus.

Notice has been issued by the war department that those who were members of the S. A. T. C. are to receive the \$60 bonus allowed to discharged soldiers. They are instructed to communicate with the zone finance officer, Lemon building, Washington, D. C., stating their service since April 6, 1917, and date of last discharge and their present address to which they desire their bonus check to be sent and enclosing with this letter their discharge certificate or military order for discharge or both, if both were issued.

Railroad Laborers Organizing.

Representatives of the United Brotherhood Maintenance Way, Supplies and Railroad Shop Laborers were here Sunday, organizing local Southern Pacific employees. The organization is securing practically every man on the system who is eligible to membership and this completes the unionization of all railway employees.

The Cedars Triples Quota.

A pie social was held at The Cedars school Saturday evening for the purpose of raising funds for the Armenian drive. The sales amounted to \$36.34, making a total of \$75 which this district has raised on a quota of \$25.

SOCIETY.

An enjoyable family reunion was held at the Almond Hemenway home Sunday, the guests of honor being Mrs. Hemenway's father, Daniel Read, and his sister, Mrs. Mary Miller, of Pleasant Hill. Other guests present were Mrs. Read; Mrs. Miller's son William, of Pleasant Hill; Mary and Ruth Cook, of Pleasant Hill; Mrs. Fred Callison and children, Ruby, Prince, Harriett and Douglas, of Eugene; Dr. and Mrs. S. D.

BIG HIGH SCHOOL BENEFIT NEXT FRIDAY

University of Oregon Men's Glee Club in Songs, Skits and Stunts

EVERYBODY GET IN AND BOOST THE HIGH SCHOOL AND GET VALUE RECEIVED.

A BUNCH OF HIGH CLASS ENTERTAINERS.

A VARIED PROGRAM YOU'RE BOUND TO ENJOY.

TICKETS ON SALE FROM HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS, ADMISSION BEING 25c AND 50c, PLUS 10% WAR TAX.

DON'T FORGET THE DATE—

Friday, March 21

Read and two children, of Eugene; Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Finnerty, of Eugene; Mrs. Lora Finnerty and Mrs. Eva Hemenway, of Cottage Grove. A bounteous dinner was served at noon.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Wheeler entertained very pleasantly Monday evening in honor of their eighteenth wedding anniversary. Five hundred was the diversion of the evening, after which delicious refreshments were served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. McFarland, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. John Baker and Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Bede.

Mrs. Hiram Griggs entertained a number of little ones Wednesday afternoon in honor of the tenth anniversary of her daughter Irene. Children's games were played and refreshments served. Guests present were May Osmond, Thelma Kem, Sibyl Veatch, Dora and Lois Conner, Maud Blackmore, Beth Bede, Jean and Alice Allison.

Mrs. K. K. Mills entertained at dinner Sunday for her mother, Mrs. S. A. Howe, of Eugene, the occasion being Mrs. Howe's birthday anniversary. Others present were Mrs. Howe's daughter, Miss Lola, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kinsey and daughter Ethel, of Eugene, and Miss Georgia Kinsey.

Mrs. Ora Read Hemenway's elocution class entertained Mrs. Nettie Webber's piano class in the Christian church parlors Wednesday night. A splendid program was rendered. Miss Kathryn Silsby was a guest of honor. The parlor was prettily decorated with daffodils.

William Kelly, recently home from service in France, was the guest of honor at a surprise party Monday night, about 30 being present. Mr. Kelly gave an interesting account of his experiences across the sea.

The men of the Eastern Star will serve refreshments after the regular session tonight. The hosts are K. K. Mills, H. F. Wynne, Andrew Brund, John Bader and O. L. Nichols.

Hebron Society.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Markham gave a birthday dinner Friday in honor of their son Allen, it being his 21st birthday. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. F. Fuhrer and family, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tharp, Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. A. Young, Mrs. Gilerist and daughter Jane and two sons Abner and Lester, Miss Piper and two nephews, Lamar and Bernard Piper, and W. L. Kimble.

A triple birthday dinner was given at J. A. Powell's Sunday for J. A. Powell and daughter Ruth and Mrs. Randall, of Seattle. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. George Kehelbeck, Mrs. John Kehelbeck and daughter Florence, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Kappauf, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred White and family, Lehman Ream, Vinat Randall, Miss Annabel Small, and Mrs. Randall, of Seattle.

AMONG THE CHURCHES

Methodist Church—Rev. Joseph Knotts, pastor. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Regular preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m. Mid-week prayer meeting Thursday evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

Morning sermon, "The Rebuilding of Europe." In the evening Rev. James Moore, district superintendent, will preach.

Christian Church—Walter Callison, minister. Bible school 9:45 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. Preaching services at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Baptist Church—E. G. O. Groat, pastor emeritus. Sunday school at 10:00 a. m. Preaching at 11:00 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening, 7:30 o'clock.

Christian Science Church—Services in chapel at 242 Second street each Sunday at 11:00 a. m. Regular testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. The building is open for the use of the circulating library each Wednesday afternoon from 1:30 to 4:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to the services as well as to make use of the literature.

The Church of Christ—Meets in the old postoffice building on south Fifth street. Bible study at 10 a. m.; services at 11. All are cordially invited.

Gospel Mission—W. H. Finney and wife leaders. Second door south of creamery. Services Tuesday and Friday at 7:30 p. m. Sunday services at 2:30 and 7:30 p. m.

With the cost of everything entering into the making of a newspaper increasing, it is absolutely essential that all subscriptions be paid promptly.



Be Strong

The strong and vigorous man or woman is envied by less fortunate humanity afflicted with aches, pains, infirmities and ailments. The sufferer says to himself, "If I could only be well, how happy I would be," for health is more essential to the joy of living than is wealth.

The kidneys almost literally wash the blood and keep it clean and free from impurities. When the kidneys are out of order, they fail to filter out this waste and poisonous matter. It remains in the system to cause backache, rheumatic pains, sore muscles and stiff joints.

Foley Kidney Pills

help the system eliminate this poisonous waste. They soothe, strengthen and heal sore, weak and diseased kidneys and bladder. When the kidneys are working properly, appetite returns, refreshing sleep is possible, and health and strength come again.

C. W. Smith, 1205 No. 4th St., Salina, Kas., writes: "I am very much pleased with Foley Kidney Pills. I am working in a coal yard and have been very much troubled with my back. I have taken several doses of Foley Kidney Pills and they have already helped me."

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Jim tells it to the Boss



"Tisn't the size of a plug that counts," says Jim. "It's the way it tastes—and how it lasts. A couple of squares of Real Gravely keeps me satisfied."

Good taste, smaller chew, longer life is what makes Genuine Gravely cost less to chew than ordinary plug.

Write to:—GENUINE GRAVELY, DANVILLE, VA. for booklet on chewing plug.

Peyton Brand REAL CHEWING PLUG Plug packed in pouch



One of a Series of Informative Articles on Dental Hygiene—No. 6

What Are The Six-Year Molars?

WHEN the child is about six years of age the first permanent molars appear. There are four of them—two in the upper jaw and two in the lower. They come in after all the temporary teeth have taken their place, and appear just back of the last temporary molar on each side and in each jaw. They are very often mistaken for temporary teeth, and folks imagine that any teeth coming in at that age must necessarily be temporary teeth. If anything goes wrong with them they let it go, thinking they will soon be replaced by Nature.

If any of the six-year molars are allowed to be lost by decay, it is a loss which cannot be replaced. Nothing can ever be done in the future which will permanently replace the lost molar after it has been removed. These four permanent molars do most of the masticating for a period of five years. They prop the jaws apart while other teeth mature and take their several places in the jaw. Their loss is not necessary and may be wholly avoided. No other teeth are so necessary and important as the first permanent or six-year molars.

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