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THE MARITIME STRIKE.

The maritime strike led by the International Longshoremen's association, which is headed by Harry Bridges who is reported to be an unaturalized foreigner, has resulted in the closing down of practically all of the logging and lumbering industries of the northwest with thousands of men out of work around Portland. More than 60 industries, employing 18,000 men, in the San Francisco Bay area have been closed down; directly or indirectly as a result of this strike.

During the past three weeks commerce, insofar as American ships in Pacific ports are concerned, has remained idle. Virtually every major industry on the Pacific coast has been affected with workers either walking out in sympathy with the strikers or being forced out of work because the firms for which they worked were either unable to obtain raw materials for their factories or to ship finished products. In addition to the 18,000 men mentioned above there are approximately 39,000 laborers idle on the San Francisco waterfront.

It appears that one of the fundamental questions in controversy is the retention of the present system of hiring laborers through union hiring halls. In an attempt to obtain a truce the federal government through McGrady, assistant secretary of labor, offered to have the government take control of the hiring halls pending negotiations toward ending the strike. Both the employers and the workers rejected this offer. Why? While it appears reasonable that owners of costly ships should have the right to at least select from union eligibles the men to whom they entrust their ships, the safety of their passengers and cargo, it is inconceivable that any agency of the federal government would select men that could not be trusted. There would be two much at stake. Furthermore, as practically all seamen, from the highest officer on down to the most humble deck washer, are members of some labor union, it does not seem possible that a government agency would consider hiring men who were not members of one of these unions.

Temporary government control of hiring halls, pending settlement of the strike, would have saved the loss of millions of dollars and, if proven satisfactory, might have resulted in its final adoption and the settlement of all the other controversial questions such as wages, working hours, living conditions, the employment of union men and overtime pay.

The present strike is injuring untold numbers of people who are neither ship owners nor longshoremen. These people, caught between the upper and nether mill stones of egotism and greed, are the real sufferers in this fight for place and power, which is being carried on regardless of the second great commandment, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." Disregard of this and that first great commandment, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind," is, and has been, the primary cause of all past, present and future wars, including strikes, which are verily wars between capital and labor.

People are becoming restless and are feeling the need of something that has not been found in materiality. "Wisdom and knowledge shall be the stability of thy times," according to the prophet Isaiah. "Yet," says St. Paul, "not the wisdom of this world, nor of the princes of this world, that come to naught." But the wisdom of God which God ordained before the world unto our glory."

The world is greatly, desperately in need of salvation. It cannot be saved by unjust treaties or unfair pacts which do not originate from the love mentioned in the two great commandments. All of the

economic systems devised by man cannot save this world unless they spring from that same love.

Through the exercise of that love the world can be transformed and every human problem be solved.

MORE ABOUT EDUCATION WEEK.

In his proclamation designating the week beginning November 9 as American Education Week and urging that it be observed throughout the United States, President Roosevelt said in part:

"An opportunity for all of our people to obtain the education that will best fit them for their life work and their responsibilities as citizens is the ideal of American education. It is an ideal which has been a vital factor in our national development since 1647 when the General Court of Massachusetts enacted the historic measure providing for an elementary school in every township of 50 householders and a grammar school in every town of 100 families 'to instruct youth so far as they may be fitted for ye university.' In the expansion of the nation the school has moved with the frontier, and time and experience have demonstrated that universal education is essential to national progress.

"It is accordingly with a feeling of earnest gratification that we note the improvement which has taken place with respect to the educational situation in the United States. Teaching positions which were eliminated during the depression years are being restored and teachers' salaries have returned to pre-depression levels in an encouraging number of school systems, colleges and universities. There has been a steady increase in the attendance of students at elementary schools, high schools, and colleges."

Notwithstanding this proclamation the only day, within the week designated, observed locally was Armistice day. This is regrettable, as an observance of this week could have been made the occasion for showing, publicly, our appreciation of the efficiency and ability of our corps of teachers to whose work is due the high standard of our public schools.

While it is true that the teaching positions which were eliminated here during the depression have been restored, it is also true that our teachers' salaries have not returned to pre-depression levels. A public observance of this week might have brought this fact home to the majority of our citizens who have proven that they can be counted upon to wholeheartedly support any movement tending to improve our schools and to do justice to the teachers.

If the following quotation from the Journal of the National Education association had been called to our attention it would have been reproduced in The Sentinel editorial of the October 29 issue, but it is not too late to bring it to the attention of our readers, so here it is:

"We celebrate Christmas because it gave us a great religion. We observe the Fourth of July because it gave us a free nation. We magnify the schools during one week each year because through them we develop the finer values of our civilization. American Education Week is a permanent institution. The effort to make the observance of such a week worldwide should be encouraged. Religion, politics, and commerce may divide, but love of childhood expressed in education is a mighty force for unity. What greater contribution could America make to the world than the ideal—a fair start in life for every boy and girl? In the name of this ideal, let every teacher make careful plans for American Education Week and aid in its full and fitting observance."

The Sentinel knows that the citizens of Cottage Grove are proud of their public schools and that a great majority of them are willing to do what they can to make them better. Orville C. Pratt, president of the N. E. A., said "During American Education Week those who have fought for America and those who have taught for America" should "join hands with other citizens in every community in the nation and in every walk of life on behalf of opportunity, equality and enlightenment."

It is hoped and believed that through the cooperation of the city school directors and patrons the teachers salaries will be restored to pre-depression levels when the next budget is adopted. This has been done in a large number of schools throughout the nation.

SCHUMAN-HEINK

Mrs. Ernestine Schuman-Heink, beloved world famous contralto, passed on at her home Tuesday night after a blood transfusion failed to improve her condition. The 75 year-old diva lapsed into a coma shortly before 6 p. m. and

died without regaining consciousness.

The diva was internationally famous and the millions who have heard her golden voice will bow their heads in reverential regard for one who has given so much joy to the world.

World war veterans will never forget her who won the name of "mother of all the doughboys" by singing through that war.

Although gone, the whole world will be thankful that her glorious voice will still be heard as recorded on thousands of phonograph records.

She did much good in this world and though her plea to her physician for "just a little more of life—a chance to do a little more good" could not be granted, the memory of her truly queenly stage presence and the good she accomplished throughout her seventy-five years on this earth will continue to influence and bless mankind.

GET THE RODENTS NOW.

According to O.S.C. news service fall and early winter are good times to carry on a campaign against gophers, moles, rats and squirrels. As the ground becomes moist, gophers and moles will be working near the surface, an opportunity to use recognized methods of control. As stormy weather comes on, rats will enter buildings, food sacks will be spoiled and the rats will start feeding on stored feed and seed.

The local Rod and Gun club has always taken an active part in rodent extermination by offering prizes to those most successful in bringing in tails.

FARM PRICE OUTLOOK.

L. R. Breithaupt, extension economist at Oregon State college, reports that the national agricultural conference held recently in Washington forecasts an increase in consumer purchasing power and a somewhat corresponding increase in farm production in 1937.

If this prediction proves correct the farmers will be the principle beneficiaries as the prices of farm products would undoubtedly be increased, which would rebound to the betterment of farm life and farm homes.

Germany and Italy have recognized the revolutionary regime of General Francisco Franco as the official government of Spain. Late press dispatches indicate that the communist government, besieged in Madrid, cannot hold out much longer. If he lives General Franco will undoubtedly become Dictator and another Fascist government will be established in Europe. King Alfonso may be brought back and placed on the throne, but he will be as much of a puppet as the king of Italy is under Mussolini.

THE CHURCHES

Calvary Tabernacle (Assembly of God), Atwood Foster, Pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, morning worship; 6:30 young people's service; evening service, 7:30; Wednesday, 7:30, prayer meeting; Friday, 7:30, studying Abrahamic covenant.

Christian Science Society.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, sermon subject, "Soul and Body"; Thanksgiving Day, 11 a. m., subject, "Thanksgiving."

Blue Mt. Union Sunday School, Lawrence Fox, Pastor.—Sunday school, 2 p. m.; afternoon service, 3, special music from Eugene B. S. Bible school; pastor announced a contest for the Sunday school beginning November 22, the person receiving the greatest number of points will be presented with an attractively-bound Bible; to encourage the primary department in coming, small Bible story booklets will be presented as prizes; Tuesday evening service, 7:30, young people from Cottage Grove in charge.

A benefit auction for welfare and uplift work will be held in Townsend club room Saturday night by the ladies of the Seventy-day Adventist church. All produce is being donated and all returns will go for charity and welfare work. Cooked food, fancy work, produce, even chickens, turkeys and goats, will go. Doors open at 5:30. Lunch served at 6 p. m. The auction sale will begin at 7:30.

Special services in the Presbyterian church will be held Friday night for members of the Bible school. Mr. Smith will give an object lesson on "Light," of interest to children and young folks. Members of the junior department of the school will sing a special number.

Presbyterian Church, James A. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, sermon subject, "The Hindered Christ," special anthem by choir; evening service, 7:30, sermon subject, "Seasons of Refreshing from the Pres-

ence of the Lord;" young people's meetings, Sunday, 6:30, Christian Endeavor meeting; cottage prayer meeting at home of Rev. Wm. V. McGee.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Henry W. Davis, Pastor.—Bible school, 10; morning worship, 11, sermon on the theme, "Union with Christ;" evening service, closing the eight-day preaching mission with sermon by the pastor, 7:30; young people's meetings, 6:30; midweek prayer service, 7:30 p. m., Thursday.

Free Methodist Church—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, message by Rev. W. V. McGee; evening service, 7:15 class meeting; 7:45 message by H. L. Wright; prayer meeting, Thursday evening.

M. E. Church, C. J. Hall, Pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45, Mrs. Pearl Umphrey, superintendent; forenoon service, 11, sermon by the Pastor, evening service, 6:00, vespers—closing service of the Eight Day Preaching Mission. Young people's meetings, 6:00—Epworth League.

The Presbyterian missionary society met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Bert Trask. Mrs. H. B. Ferrin led the devotionals; Mrs. J. A. Smith reviewed briefly the first four chapters of a book, "A Preface to Racial Understanding;" Mrs. George Matthews, Mrs. L. W. Colner and Mrs. Ferrin gave the remaining four chapters. Mitte boxes were opened. Refreshments were served at the close of the afternoon.

Seventh Day Adventist church—west Main street—Pastor, Ross Dustin of Eugene speaks the first Sabbath of each month. Sabbath school, 9:30, preaching service, 11; prayer service Thursday evening, 7:30, everyone welcome. We have an active home Missionary society.

Aim for a High Goal

There are few goals too high for us to reach, providing we are willing to pay the price.

Here's How Parties Line Up in Congress

With smashing Democratic victories all down the line, this is the way the houses of the Seventy-fifth congress will line up, as compared with the Seventy-fourth congress. The next house of representatives:

Democrats 334
Republicans 89
Progressives 7
Farmer-Laborites 5

Total 435

The last house of representatives lined up as follows:

Democrats 321
Republicans 104
Progressives 7
Farmer-Laborites 3

The senate of the Seventy-fifth congress will find the seats distributed this way:

Democrats 75
Republicans 17
Progressives 1
Independent 1
Farmer-Labor 2

Total 96

The party alignment in the old senate was:

Democrats 70
Republicans 23
Farmer-Labor 2
Progressives 1

Total Vote Grows

The total vote in the 1936 election surpassed that of four years before by more than 3,000,000.

THE VOTE IN 1932

STATE	Dem.	Repub.	Socialist
Alabama	207,910	34,675	2,030
Arizona	79,264	36,104	2,618
Arkansas	189,602	28,467	1,269
California	1,324,157	847,902	63,299
Colorado	250,677	189,617	13,591
Connecticut	281,632	208,420	20,480
Delaware	54,319	57,073	1,376
Florida	206,307	69,170	66
Georgia	234,118	19,863	461
Idaho	109,479	71,312	526
Illinois	1,882,304	1,432,756	67,258
Indiana	862,054	677,184	21,388
Iowa	598,019	414,433	20,467
Kansas	424,204	340,498	18,276
Kentucky	580,574	394,716	3,853
Louisiana	249,418	18,853	2,489
Maine	128,507	166,631	2,489
Maryland	314,314	184,184	10,489
Massachusetts	605,148	736,959	34,305
Michigan	871,709	739,894	39,205
Minnesota	600,806	363,959	25,476
Mississippi	140,168	5,180	686
Missouri	1,025,405	564,713	16,374
Montana	127,286	78,078	7,891
Nebraska	359,082	201,177	9,676
Nevada	28,756	12,674	1,074
New Hampshire	109,580	129,674	947
New Jersey	806,630	775,684	42,998
New Mexico	95,089	54,217	1,776
New York	2,534,959	1,937,963	177,397
N. Carolina	497,566	208,344	5,591
North Dakota	178,350	71,772	3,521
Ohio	1,301,695	1,227,679	64,094
Oklahoma	516,468	188,165	1,551
Oregon	213,971	136,919	15,450
Pennsylvania	1,295,948	1,453,540	91,119
Rhode Island	145,604	115,256	3,128
S. Carolina	102,347	1,978	82
South Dakota	183,515	99,212	1,551
Tennessee	250,473	126,752	1,998
Texas	760,348	97,959	4,450
Utah	116,730	84,795	4,087
Vermont	56,266	78,934	1,583
Virginia	203,979	89,637	2,382
Washington	353,260	208,645	17,080
W. Virginia	405,124	330,731	5,133
Wisconsin	707,410	347,741	53,379
Wyoming	54,370	39,583	2,829
Totals	22,821,513	15,761,787	884,274

Habits of the Tapir
The tapir, a harmless, nocturnal beast with a ridiculously long nose, and little or no protection from his enemies, can swim and dive as if the water were his natural element. He feeds on roots and vegetation and is the natural prey of carnivorous beasts and reptiles.

World, National and State News

O. S. C. Homecoming.

Corvallis is expecting one of its largest crowds in history for this year's homecoming celebration Saturday, November 21 when Oregon and OSC football teams play their annual state championship battle on Bell field.

AAA Program to Be Fixed.

Early completion of details of the 1937 agricultural conservation program is promised by officials of the AAA. The latest move in speeding up the program is the calling to Washington of representatives

tative farmers and extension men from all parts of the United States to assist in final consideration of the suggestions made at community, county and regional meetings held throughout the United States last October.

The outstanding proposal made by the Oregon delegation, which was heartily seconded by those from Washington and Idaho, is that the entire plan be simplified much along the lines now incorporated in the range building program. If this is done every farm will have a maximum benefit payment set, which may be earned by the farmer through following one or more of a number of approved soil building practices. The Oregon delegates are N. E. Dodd of Baker, member of the state program committee, and Wm. L. Teutsch, assistant county agent leader.

Ray W. Gill Honored.

Ray W. Gill, master of the Oregon grange, was named to the national executive committee of that organization at the seventieth annual national grange convention at Columbus, O. Crops insurance was adopted as a national policy.

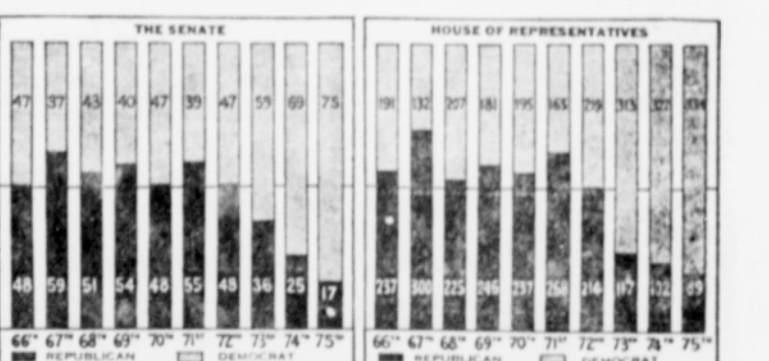
PRESIDENTIAL VOTE BY STATES

President Franklin Delano Roosevelt swept to re-election on the crest of the largest wave of votes, both popular and electoral, ever cast for a Presidential candidate. It was apparent with 103,251 districts reported out of a total of 122,772 in the United States. The table below shows the number of districts reporting in each state, the popular vote, the electoral vote and the winner's plurality in each state. Pluralities are estimated, since in most cases complete returns will not be available for some time:

STATE	Dist.	Popular Vote	Electoral	Plurality in Elect. Vote
Alabama	1,160	149,023	22,960	56
Arizona	424	83,756	32,376	8,070
Arkansas	971	74,047	16,291	3
California	9,752	1,391,882	856,037	535,825
Colorado	1,222	209,911	133,339	7,955
Connecticut	169*	381,374	278,110	23,002
Delaware	232*	69,956	34,409	15,537
Florida	1,131	213,219	88,530	144,689
Georgia	1,374	228,666	33,978	194,688
Idaho	735	120,098	64,760	55,338
Illinois	7,805	2,244,342	1,827,566	69,572
Indiana	3,745	902,309	666,700	11,217
Iowa	2,328	879,096	457,099	15,193
Kansas	2,611	419,789	366,979	32,819
Kentucky	3,747	461,184	318,143	143,041
Louisiana	180	73,625	7,545	66,080
Maine	621	124,593	166,909	7,315
Maryland	1,447	387,125	229,125	158,000
Massachusetts	1,765*	941,701	760,214	120,723
Michigan	3,126	965,364	609,838	36,214
Minnesota	2,900	539,148	275,153	33,666
Mississippi	147	31,683	713	26,970
Missouri	4,310	1,098,990	687,756	8,736
Montana	468	79,531	29,042	50,489
Nebraska	2,001	356,765	238,324	12,240
Nevada	202	30,307	8,119	12,188
New Hampshire	293*	106,721	103,626	3,523
New Jersey	3,575	1,079,916	711,206	368,710
New Mexico	723	90,757	51,377	39,380
New York	8,926	3,257,349	2,149,033	1,108,316
North Carolina	1,312	463,341	132,695	332,646
North Dakota	764	85,877	30,527	11,840
Ohio	8,513	1,955,645	1,100,200	123,625
Oklahoma	2,874	416,830	200,291	216,539
Oregon	1,225	154,059	78,623	75,437
Pennsylvania	7,919	2,324,334	1,681,323	48,766
Rhode Island	245*	165,667	124,816	18,201
South Carolina	700	83,987	1,346	82,641
South Dakota	1,248	103,932	82,645	2,336
Tennessee	2,038	308,312	131,510	168
Texas	215	420,484	37,212	1,385
Utah	756	143,659	63,912	438
Vermont	248*	62,149	40,960	78,747
Virginia	1,660	233,391	96,723	162
Washington	1,885	254,962	121,133	3,570
West Virginia	1,940	429,849	277,086	152,763
Wisconsin	2,789	734,532	380,876	53,423
Wyoming	488	45,675	28,646	17,029
Totals	103,251	24,778,018	15,447,771	671,384

* Complete
† Estimated total plurality when all returns are in.

Party Line-Ups in 10 Congresses



This chart shows how Republicans and Democrats will share seats in both houses of seventy-fifth congress, as compared with nine preceding congresses.

Election Sets a New Record With 43,000,0