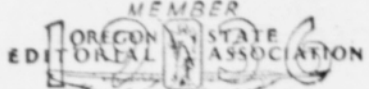


Cottage Grove Sentinel

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PAY DAY WILL SURELY COME.

The democratic administration opens its pork barrel at a psychological moment. More than one-fourth of the one billion four hundred and twenty-five million dollars appropriated by a servile congress is distributed among the states.

Of course the coming election did not have a thing to do with the appropriation nor the loosening of the purse strings at this time. Altruism alone prompted both gestures. It is easy to be altruistic with the people's money.

Unborn future generations had better remain unborn or they will rue the day they were born when a future federal administration imposes multitudinous and heavy taxes on them in order to pay off the gigantic public debt that is being created by the Roosevelt new deal. The present generation will not escape paying its share either unless some great calamity sweeps it into eternity right soon. Pay day is sure to come.

Here are some of the disinterested allotments: Kansas, the home state of Alf Landon, the republican candidate for president, gets \$4,389,875. Before any criticism was uttered it was stated that "the allotment to Kansas had nothing to do with Governor Landon."

In the northwest Oregon voters are supposed to vote the democratic ticket in exchange for the sum of \$2,755,375. Washington gets \$5,541,375.

That heretofore rock-ribbed republican state, Pennsylvania, was given the largest amount, almost \$37,000,000 and New York City, over which Farley's Tammany Tiger desires to tighten its talons, receives the next largest amount, \$36,000,000. The state-by-state average is about \$7,000,000.

It is estimated by WPA that this allotment will last until early fall in most states. Then more will be passed out. Is there anyone willing to wager that "early fall" does not mean before the date of the presidential election?

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

From an educational standpoint the annual convention of the National Educational association at Portland was the most important and outstanding event of the year. It was reported that ten thousand teachers and educators were in that city the day before the convention was scheduled to open. Cottage Grove parents and students should be, and undoubtedly are, proud of the fact that so many of the local teachers were in attendance.

This country has been made by its system of free education. What it will be in years to come depends, to a very large extent, upon the teachers in our thousands of schools where, it is estimated, about one-fourth of the inhabitants of the land are being taught the history of our people, their failures and their triumphs; the advantages and disadvantages of our present form of government and that, after all is said pro and con, it is the best possible form of government that has been devised for the protection of the inalienable rights of all classes of people. Neither justice nor freedom can be permanently maintained without popular education.

Burke said "education is the cheap defense of nations." President Roosevelt said recently "all the possibilities of a democracy rest squarely upon education." On May 16 Representative Lundeen of Minnesota declared that "self-government without an educated citizenry is an impossibility. A self-governing people must understand their national problems. In a democracy, national welfare can rise no higher than its source, and that source is the general enlightenment of the people as a whole."

Formerly the school master sought to fill his pupil's mind with facts and the thoughts of others. The aim and end of modern methods of education is to discipline the mind, to train it to the use of its own powers, to teach us how to think not what to think and to improve our minds so as to enable us to think for ourselves, rather than to fill them with an accumulation of facts and load our memories with the thoughts of others.

An educated generation can never, as a generation, be indolent nor vicious. "As the twig is bent the tree is inclined." Someone has well said, "Fill the bushel with wheat, and you may defy the devil to fill it with tares."

We depend upon our public schools to dispel ignorance for "there is no liberty to men in whom ignorance predominates over knowledge." Let us remember that our teachers are giving us excellent schools and that they cannot do their best work unless they have the hearty support and good will of each and every member of the community. They will come back from the Portland convention somewhat poorer in purse, but enriched in mind.

Ben Franklin said: "A Bible and a newspaper in every house, a good school in every district, — all studied and appreciated as they merit, — are the principal support of virtue, morality and civil liberty."

ELEPHANT OR DONKEY?

The latest information available shows that there are about 85,000,000 life insurance policy holders in the United States out of a total population of around 120,000,000; 45,000,000 savings bank depositors and 15,000,000 home owners. Home owners, savings bank depositors and life insurance policy holders are generally conservative. It is quite probable that a considerable

number of savings depositors and home owners are included in the number of life insurance policy holders, but certainly not all of them. Under ordinary conditions these conservatives would vote with a conservative party, the republican party, at the coming election. However, the present administration has more people on the federal payroll than any other administration has ever had. It also has at its disposal close to \$5,000,000,000, public money, to use in so called relief and public works. No doubt but that there are quite a number of conservatives on the federal payroll; that a number of them will profit by receiving part of the amount that is being and will be spent in public works and some of them may even be receiving relief money.

A five billion dollar campaign fund at the disposal of one man, distributed shrewdly, can overcome the conservatism of a lot of people. On the other hand if the normal conservatives and some of the radicals once realize that a continuation, for five more years, of the present new deal policy will mean billions of dollars added to an already enormous public debt, it may result in them taking thought of the morrow, when they, their children and their grandchildren will have to pay and pay, "through their noses" for the spending orgy now going on and which will continue if the new dealers are retained in power.

Some people seem to be unable to realize that a government debt must eventually be paid by a direct or an indirect tax and the bigger the debt the higher the tax. Those who are now receiving financial benefits from the government will, sooner or later, have to pay their share of the debt contracted so that they might receive such benefits. There is an inexorable law of compensation under which we all pay, in one way or another, for what we receive.

WILFUL EXTRAVAGANCE.

If any person with ordinary common sense were asked what would happen to a man who continually spent two or three times more than his income, that person would think his questioner a lunatic, or a "wise cracker." Experience has shown that such a procedure will make any man a bankrupt—a pauper.

Our new deal government has been doing just that for the past three years and there are people who insist that such a governmental procedure is perfectly proper and that its proponent and exponent, Franklin Delano Roosevelt, should be called Wonderful, Wise Councillor and Mighty Miracle Worker. Is there magical powers in the new deal alphabetical combinations that, by some hocuspocus, will enable the government to successfully spend two or three times its income without coming to the same bitter end as the individual would come to who follows the same procedure? The citizens of a government which engages in such wilful extravagance will eventually have to pay a huge price in misery and distress.

Granted that some of the new deal projects are worthy and have in certain instances produced beneficial results, nevertheless, an individual or a nation can go bankrupt as easily and quickly by injudicious expenditures for a good cause as for an unworthy one.

An individual owes something to himself and this nation owes something to its citizens, present and future, who will have to shoulder the enormous deficit which has piled up by reason of the wilful extravagance of the past three years and which will undoubtedly continue if the democratic party is continued in power.

JAPAN OUR BEST LUMBER CUSTOMER.

North American shipments of lumber to Japan for the month of May totaled 16,903,025 feet. British Columbia mills shipping 1,957,493 feet and the United States mills 14,945,531 feet, according to the West Coast Lumbermen's association.

The Japan phobists will probably consider this another indication that that country is going to suddenly pounce down upon us with her entire army, navy and air force. The fact that Japan is our best foreign lumber customer will be attributed to some sinister motive on the part of the statesmen of that country. The phobia of the Japan phobists of this country is the world's worst brand.

THE PUBLIC MUST SPEAK OUT.

(Eugene Register-Guard.)

How long will Oregon's lumber be the source of its No. 1 industry?

Col. W. B. Greeley, secretary-manager of the West Coast Lumbermen's association, Friday told the Eugene chamber of commerce that the industry which now is responsible for 55 per cent of the industrial payroll of the state; which employs 40,000 men; which is of about the same magnitude as is agriculture in Oregon, can go on forever at double its present production if—

The "if" revolves around the all-important problem of forest conservation which, of course, embraces sustained yield. And Col. Greeley, whose labors in behalf of the commercial lumber industry and whose former tenure as chief forester of the United States give him an accurate perspective of the whole forestry situation, puts the responsibility for the permanency of the industry in the lap of John Public.

With all the accuracy of Lefty Grove "burning one down the middle," Col. Greeley throws the strike right where it belongs. It is the people who control the future of the lumber industry. Any clear analysis of the situation shows that conservation through a policy of sustained yield which puts the forests in the category of any other group is the thing. Yet any such policy demands a complete rebuilding of the timber taxation structure so that some means of compensation can be provided for the operators who have for years paid taxes on timber land and who under the present setup must log off timber with the wastefulness of a tornado to prevent any profit from being gobbled up by taxes.

Sustained yield legislation was introduced in the last congress by Senator McNary. It is almost a certainty it will bob up again in the next session. The only way to make lumber perpetuate itself as Oregon's chief industry on a permanent basis at twice its present status is for the people to insist that their congressmen make it that way.

Of the 500 sawmills in the Douglas fir region of western Oregon, 450, having a capacity of between three and one-half and four billion feet annually, are in the Willamette valley. The mills in the immediate vicinity of Eugene in the heart of the greatest soft wood region in the nation can produce over 500 million feet each year. Lumbermen in each of those operations are attempting now, within the financial limits possible, to adopt conservation methods in the woods. Like the public they want to see their industry remain permanent. They want to keep timber men and timber lands.

subject, "Evaluating the 'Big I,'" special music by the choir; evening service, 8, union service at M. E. church, Pastor Smith preaching on the theme, "Life's Upper Room."

Christian Science Society, 242 South Second St.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, sermon subject, "God."

Free Methodist Church, A. E. Sims, Pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, sermon subject, "Love for the House of God;"

evening service, 8, Francis Pitcher, son of Rev. M. H. Pitcher, will preach. A special invitation to the young folks to attend.

First Christian Church, E. E. Coulter, Pastor.—Sunday school, 9:45; forenoon service, 11, sermon subject, "An Adequate God," the first of a series of four sermons on the subject of "Adequate Assurance;" evening service, 8, sermon subject, "Can Roosevelt's New Deal Restore Permanent Prosperity?" young people's unified Endeavor service, 7; prayer meeting,

St. Elmo's Fire

The name of St. Elmo's fire has been variously explained. Elmo is an Italian corruption of Erasmus, and one of the two saints bearing this name was formerly invoked by Mediterranean sailors in time of danger, writes Charles Fitzhugh Talmage in the American Mercury. There is an Italian legend that the saint, having been rescued from drowning by a shipmaster, promised as a reward to display a warning light for the benefit of mariners whenever a storm was at hand. Another proposed explanation is that Elmo is none other than Helen of Troy, who, like her brothers, Castor and Pollux, was associated with corporeants in the nautical folklore of classical antiquity.

Meaning of Lustrum

Lustrum was the solemn offering made for expiation and purification by one of the censors in the name of the Roman people at the conclusion of the census. The animals offered in sacrifice were a boar, a sheep and a bull. They were led around the assembled people on the Campus Martius before being sacrificed. As the census was quinquennial, the word lustrum came to signify a period of five years.

Arsenical Residue Allowed

The provisions of the Federal Food and Drugs act of 1906, as administered by the United States Food and Drug administration, and as accepted by public health authorities, do not permit an arsenical residue of more than one one-hundredth grain of arsenic, in the form of arsenic trioxide, per pound of fruit. This limit is commonly called the world tolerance for arsenical residue.

Wednesday evening; young people's Bible study, Thursday evening.

London Church of Christ—Bible school, 10; lesson, Luke 3rd ch. 8, P. Tipton of Springfield will preach at 11. Followed by communion service; evening service, 7:30.

Seventh-day Adventist Church, Paul Iverson, Pastor.—Services Saturday, Sabbath school, 9:30; preaching service, 11, Pastor Ross Dustin of Eugene will speak the first Saturday of each month; prayer meeting, 7:30, Thursday.

Blue Mt. Sunday School, 10. A part of the Sunday school period was devoted to the lesson review for the quarter. A solo by Mrs. Olive McCoy, a reading by Sarah Perkins and a short sketch of Helen Keller's life, in honor of her birthday, by Evelyn Duerst, were features of the morning session.

Sunday School to Hold Picnic. An all-day service and basket dinner is announced for July 12 at Blue Mountain Union Sunday school. Rev. Harry Neet, former pastor of Light House Temple, Eugene, will speak.

A large crowd filled the First Christian church Sunday evening to hear the sermon on "Can the Living Talk with the Dead?" by Rev. E. Elmer Coulter. The Spirit Slate writing and reading messages from the fire held the large audience in deep mystery. Next Sunday evening Mr. Coulter will speak on "Can Roosevelt's New Deal Restore Permanent Prosperity?" This sermon will be of interest to democrats, republicans and Townsendites alike.

"CHRISTIAN SCIENCE" was the subject of the Lesson-Sermon in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, June 28.

The Golden Text was, "The kingdom of heaven is like unto leaven, which a woman took, and hid in three measures of meal, till the whole was leavened" (Matt. 13:33).

Among the citations which comprised the Lesson-Sermon was the following from the Bible: "But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you" (John 14:26).

The Lesson-Sermon also included the following correlative passages from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "The term Christian Science was introduced by the author to designate the scientific system of divine healing. The revelation consists of two parts: 1. The discovery of this divine Science of Mind-healing, through a spiritual sense of the Scriptures and through the teachings of the Comforter, as promised by the Master. 2. The proof, by present demonstration, that the so-called miracles of Jesus did not specially belong to a dispensation now ended, but that they illustrated an ever-operative divine Principle. The operation of this Principle indicates the eternality of the scientific order and continuity of being" (p. 123).

The Fourth of July



The Farthingale

A farthingale is a hoop petticoat, originally distended with canes and later with whalebone or crinoline. It reached its most exaggerated form in the costume of the Seventeenth century, when the tops of women's skirts flared out almost at right angles to the bodice.

The Virginia Creeper

The Virginia creeper, *Parocela quinquefolia*, is known also as woodbine. Similar in habit to the grape, it has compound leaves with five leaflets. The fruit is not poisonous but has so little flesh that it can hardly be termed edible. It is an ornamental plant, the leaves turning red and purple in the autumn.

Products From Petroleum

The percentage of the chief refined products obtained from petroleum is as follows: Gasoline, 25.6 per cent; kerosene, 9.7 per cent; fuel and gas oil, 47.9 per cent; lubricating oil, 4.3 per cent; wax, coke and asphalt, 2.4 per cent; miscellaneous, 6.1 per cent; loss, 4.0 per cent.

Cruel Test for Mozart

Mozart, when a child genius, once was locked up by Adelaide, sister of the unlucky Louis XVI of France, until he proved his ability by writing a concerto for violin. She thought Leopold Mozart, the boy's father, was playing a trick.

Idea of Telegraph

It is difficult for us to realize the effects upon certain minds of the pioneer telegraph or the weird notions about the early locomotive. For instance, some actually believed the telegraph wires were hollow, and that the pieces of paper on which messages were written were blown through them, like peas through a pea-shooter.

Delphi's Statues

Ancient Delphi, Greece, the most famous shrine in antiquity, was so full of statues that when Nero carried off 500 or so it was hardly noticed. The finest statue ever found there was the bronze charioteer which, buried by a fall of rock, was recovered by French excavators in almost perfect condition.

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