

(Paid Advertisement)

WHICH STATE WILL GROW?

Washington..... NO Income Tax
 Oregon..... INCOME TAX
 California..... NO Income Tax

WE HAVE EXAMINED copies of the documentary evidence as to the effect of a state income tax upon Oregon. We are satisfied as to the genuineness of the documents.

We find that this evidence substantiates the claim that many millions of dollars have been diverted from investment in Oregon industries that would provide a home market for Oregon agricultural products.

We find the damage is so serious and of such extent that we appeal to our neighbors and to voters in all parts of Oregon to vote for the repeal of the present income tax and to oppose the enactment of any new state income tax bill, at least until such time as the other Pacific Coast states have enacted similar legislation so they cannot grow at Oregon's expense.

We do not object to paying a state income tax, but we do object to imposing a tax that keeps capital out of our state, retards state development and tends to leave our farmers dependent upon distant markets.

We resent the tendency to give Oregon the reputation of being a "backward state." Oregon's resources and the courage and enterprise of her pioneer people entitle her to a great destiny. Let us all join hands to rid Oregon of legislation that handicaps Oregon development.

READ THE NAMES OF THESE SIGNERS:

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| M. H. Anderson, Cottage Grove. | Robert W. Sawyer, Bend. | Charles Ray, Cloverdale. |
| Albert Bede, Cottage Grove. | Joseph P. Keber, Mt. Angel. | G. M. Rice, Pendleton. |
| T. C. Wheeler, Cottage Grove. | Alta B. Smith, Pilot Lock. | Frank Branch Riley, Portland. |
| J. M. Schenck, Cottage Grove. | W. C. McKinney, Milton. | A. B. Robertson, Condon. |
| J. W. Hyatt, Creswell. | D. H. Robbins, Molalla. | J. E. Roman, Astoria. |
| L. D. Scarborough, Creswell. | Charles T. Bennett, Mosier. | E. C. Sammons, Portland. |
| David Auld, Eugene. | V. L. Lundy, Myrtle Point. | Chas. J. Shelton, Baker. |
| L. E. Bean, Eugene. | F. H. Churchill, Roseburg. | A. A. Smith, Baker. |
| Darwin Bristow, Eugene. | Fred H. Hopkins, Medford. | Dan P. Smythe, Pendleton. |
| W. W. Calkins, Eugene. | Wm. J. Liljquist, McMinville. | Conrad Staffrin, Dallas. |
| A. C. Dixon, Eugene. | S. L. Parrott, Newberg. | Geo. W. Steelhammer, Silvertown. |
| Eugene L. Kelly, Eugene. | H. G. Enders, Jr., Ashland. | Mark N. Tisdale, Sutherlin. |
| Paul R. Kelly, Eugene. | Fred Hollister, North Bend. | N. G. Wallace, Prineville. |
| Geo. H. McMarran, Eugene. | H. Wayne Starnard, Brownsville. | J. L. Gault, Corvallis. |
| C. D. Rorer, Eugene. | J. J. Donegan, Burns. | |
| P. E. Snodgrass, Eugene. | W. C. Loeber, Central Point. | |
| Carl G. Washburn, Eugene. | H. W. Young, Coquille. | L. Barnum, The Dalles. |
| B. C. Addison, Lorane. | C. E. Ingalls, Corvallis. | L. J. Chapin, Salem. |
| W. W. Jackson, Lorane. | J. J. Roberts, Redmond. | E. G. Favell, Lakeview. |
| Claud Schrak, Lorane. | M. G. Hope, Vale. | August J. Stange, LaGrande. |
| Jay H. Dohbin, Joseph. | W. L. Thompson, W. E. Wright, Union. | E. J. Kuratli, Hillsboro. |
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| A. L. Mills, Portland. | Miss R. M. Steiwer, Spray. | Hal E. Hoss, Oregon City. |
| Frank E. Andrews, Portland. | | Wm. H. Daugherty, Echo. |
| H. D. Norton, Grants Pass. | | |
| John S. Orth, Medford. | | |
| James Peltan, Fort Klamath. | | |
| C. C. Clark, Arlington. | | |
| P. A. Frakes, Scappoose. | | |
| Charles W. Ellis, Burns. | | |
| E. H. Drager, Salem. | | |
| C. B. Teats, Rieksall. | | |
| Charles E. Gates, Medford. | | |
| Arthur M. Churchill, Portland. | | |
| H. W. Collins, Pendleton. | | |
| O. S. Blanchard, Grants Pass. | | |
| Thomas Gavin, Shaniko. | | |
| Charles H. Stewart, Portland. | | |
| J. W. Mayo, Stayton. | | |
| Phil Metsehan, Portland. | | |
| A. D. Moe, Hood River. | | |
| Charles Hall, Marshfield. | | |
| S. P. Pierce, Sixes. | | |
| J. C. Perry, Salem. | | |
| Patsy Daly, Prairie City. | | |
| S. C. Miller, Dillard. | | |
| J. Frank Adams, Merrill. | | |
| Fred W. Falconer, Pendleton. | | |

800 MORE signers of above appeal; more than 1,500 contributors to expense of getting facts before voters; signers and contributors live in all parts of Oregon; this advertisement issued by C. C. Chapman, editor of Oregon Voter, initiator of repeal measure; residence, 169 Longdale St., Portland, Oregon.

DAWES HAS SCHEME TO HELP FARMERS

Impartial Commission Held the Chief Reliance for Soil Problems.

Portland, Or.—(Special).—Common sense will solve the problems of the American farmer, just as it has opened the way for the rehabilitation of Europe, according to Charles G. Dawes, republican vice-presidential candidate, in a recent speech.

General Dawes would apply the remedy of common-sense in much the same way it was administered in the European situation. He urged a commission, non-political, competent and strictly non-partisan in its makeup.

He said the situation in agriculture is now comparable to the dilemma in which European industry found itself and with which the reparations commission had to grapple, after five years of futile bickering and with Europe on the brink of chaos.

John W. Davis, head of the democratic ticket, has snuffed at the Dawes agricultural scheme and referred, slightly to "moth balls" in connection with it. But this was as nothing compared to what critics said of an expert commission to untangle European affairs. One prominent man said the plan was like prescribing a pill to cure an earthquake.

But General Dawes was equal to that sneer and said he had always held the opinion that common sense is a universal remedy, whether given in the form of a pill or taken as a steady diet.

The commission the President is about to appoint, it was admitted, would meet with many difficult situations and in order to get results worth while, it would have to be divorced absolutely from politics, it was said. General Dawes held it an economic problem and not a political question at all.

He pointed out the disparity in earning capacity of agricultural and industrial portions of the population and touched specifically upon the situation not only of the beet, wheat, fruit and cotton growers but of the whole body of farmers throughout the nation.

"The idea of an economic, non-partisan and impartial commission, which the president has announced he will appoint to suggest a plan for legislative and other relief," he said, "is to have the subject impartially and competently considered from all standpoints."

"There is at present no consensus of either economic, agricultural or political opinion behind any specific remedy. It has not been possible to secure, for any proposed plan of relief, endorsement of all the leading agricultural organizations."

"The commission plan is the only one, as I see it, by which this great agricultural problem of the nation can receive a common-sense consideration, free from political poison."

"The experts' plan in Europe was accepted because settled public opinion demanded its acceptance and any government which had opposed its acceptance would have been overthrown by public opinion."

"There come crises so great in national affairs that by common consent there is a turning away from political quack doctors. It seems to me that such a crisis is confronted in the agricultural situation."

LAFOLLETTE FAILS U. S. IN SUGAR CRISIS

Portland, Or.—(Special).—Senator La Follette now is saying a good deal about the public being defrauded through the tariff on sugar. But as a member of the senate when the sugar tariff was up for adoption, he had not a single word to say about rates on sugar. As a matter of fact there were five roll calls on the sugar tariff in the senate and La Follette did not vote on a single one of them.

Why did La Follette wait until a presidential campaign was on before denouncing the sugar tariff? Why did he not only denounce it but vote against it when he had the chance? Was it by any chance because Spreckles, the sugar baron of California, is his staunch supporter in this campaign that he would not vote against his interests? La Follette's failure then to do battle for what he now claims was right may well give his supporters pause in pinning their faith to La Follette for any other economic relief.

MUST GET OUT VOTE SAYS G. O. P. CHAIRMAN

Of greatest importance in the forthcoming election, declared I. L. Patterson, chairman of the Republican State Central committee, is for every party member to vote November 4. The election, he said, is won if normal party strength is mustered at the balloting. If they fail to do their duty at the polls, the opposition, he said, might win through default.

Not in years has there been such urgent reasons for party support, he said. Both national and state issues should rouse every republican to do his utmost, it was stated. The very form of the government itself, it was pointed out, is attacked by La Follette, while control of the state is sought by the democratic incumbent's personal machine.

"A full representative vote means an outstanding republican victory," declared Chairman Patterson.

WISCONSIN TAXES SHOW BIG GROWTH

LaFollette System Results in Heavily Increased Cost of Government.

"We are content to leave with the people of Oregon the economy record of this administration and the same record of the La Follette regime in Wisconsin as sufficient reason for a vote for Coolidge in the forthcoming election," said I. L. Patterson, chairman of the Republican State Central committee.

"We find that Coolidge, who said, 'I am for economy. After that I am for more economy,' meant what he said and carried out this policy to the limit, with the avowed intention of cutting government expenses and taxes still further in the coming four years."

"The La Follette conduct of affairs in Wisconsin shows constantly mounting extravagance of state government and, because La Follette has been in complete control there, he and his friends who are of the same political theories as himself, for the past 20 years, it should be fair to contrast the record of this administration in government, with Coolidge at the head, and the record of the La Follette group in Wisconsin."

"We know that Coolidge is the head of the administration that has saved the people of this country \$4,000,000 daily in federal taxes as compared with 1921. It has leaped 95,456 employees from the federal payroll. The national debt has been reduced \$1,750,000,000 in three years. The budget has been established, the Dawes plan adopted and a period of prosperity has replaced general distress that prevailed when this administration took charge of public affairs."

"Now let us see what constructive results the La Follette group has accomplished in Wisconsin. In 1901 La Follette became governor and has since retained control of the state with his henchmen. From 1901 to 1922, the records show, there was no great increase in the population of the state. While population increase from 1901 to 1922 was 38 per cent, increase in property assessment for the same period was more than 246 per cent and the increase in state expenditures was 488 per cent."

"In Wisconsin an army of new state employees was created and the new capital building became too limited to house the political swarm of tax eaters."

"The total assessed valuation of Wisconsin in 1901 was \$1,439,324,000. In 1921 it had reached the startling total of \$4,694,729,932, without a material reduction in the rate per cent of taxation. In addition to this assessment, too, a state income tax law took more than \$41,000,000 from the taxpayers from 1912 to 1921, inclusively."

"High cost of government in Wisconsin under the La Follette plan is apparent to anyone who will consult the record. He proposes to extend his paternalistic, socialist schemes in Wisconsin to the national government if he has the opportunity."

"Thos. E. Lyons, for years a member of the Wisconsin tax commission, in a recent review of the Wisconsin tax situation, said: 'It will be observed that these levies jumped from \$50,370,979 in 1912 to \$64,488,661 in 1915, or 28 per cent, and from \$64,488,661 in 1915 to \$117,961,735 in 1922, or 81.5 per cent. The increase in the eight-year period from 1914 to 1922 was 124.5 per cent.'"

"Under the Coolidge plan of government, costs are decreasing and taxes are lessening. Under the La Follette plan, costs are rising and taxes are growing at a very heavy rate. It should not be difficult for the voters to make up their mind as to which policy they prefer in their government."

VOTERS ADVISED ON CANDIDATES' STATUS

Voters at the coming election, the Republican State Central committee points out, should not be confused by the growing number of names of three candidates for justices of the supreme court. Judge H. H. Holt, Judge Percy H. Kelly and Judge O. P. Coshaw, on the ballot. The first two are republicans but because of the fact that the vacancy Judge Kelly speaks occurred too late for him to file as a republican, he was compelled to have his name placed on the ballot as an independent.

As the names of the three candidates are grouped, it may be the mistaken idea of voters they are seeking the same two vacancies on the supreme court bench. This is not the fact. Judge Holt and Judge Coshaw are candidates for the vacancy caused by the resignation of Lawrence T. Harris of Eugene, while Judge Kelly seeks the vacancy caused by the death of the late Judge John McCourt.

The state committee points out that no non-partisan issue is involved in the election. There are two vacancies in the supreme court to be filled, caused by retirement and death of two republicans. There are two republican candidates, Judge Holt and Judge Kelly, running for these places, while Judge Coshaw, a democrat, is running against Judge Holt for the vacancy caused by the Judge Harris retirement.

Both these republican candidates, it is noted, are well qualified for the positions they seek and deserve the vote of all republicans and, indeed, of all good citizens of whatever party.

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 Made with wide hem top, bodice style with pretty lingerie ribbon shoulder straps to match—colors peach and flesh pink—sizes 36, 38, 40 and 42. Priced each.....\$1.25
 (See window display.)

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 New 56-inch Silversheen coatings—all wool—fashionable shades, a yd. \$3.95
 New 44-inch wool crepes in hair line checks—colors tan, beige, brown, a yd. \$2.50
 Many all-wool patterns, a yd. 79c to \$3.95

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DAINTY NEW SLIPPERS HERE FOR WOMEN
 Have you seen the new lace front and cut-out slippers here? These slippers have only been on the market in the east a few weeks and are proving most popular—the laces fasten through loops (not eyelet holes as usual) the heels are just high enough to be most attractive and comfortable—shown here in black satin and patent leather, priced a pair.....\$6.00

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NEW FALL FASHIONS IN BUTTERICK PATTERNS AND FASHION MAGAZINES ON SALE HERE
 Umpfrey & Mackin THE QUALITY STORE—GOOD SERVICE

LYNX HOLLOW.
 Oct. 13.—Mr. and Mrs. William Slater visited in Sherwood with relatives several days during the week.
 Mr. and Mrs. William Porter and little daughter, of Eugene, were week end guests of the R. Y. Porter family.
 The Guss Smith family have moved into the house occupied by L. J. Green.
 Tim Allen, uncle of A. B. Wolford, with his son Floyd and the latter's wife, of Silverton; and Mrs. Edna Richie and Miss Mary Wolford, both aunts of Mr. Wolford, visited at the A. B. Wolford home Sunday last.
 Mrs. Macabee and Miss Irma James, of Cloverdale, are guests of Mrs. Tom Johnson one day during last week.
 The Murry family, of Eugene, were guests at the Walter Pentico home Sunday last.
 Mr. and Mrs. Paul Barnett and two daughters, who left here October 2, are at Pacific Beach, Wash., where they expect to spend the winter.

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