

## A QUAKER CEREMONY

Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Wheeler Observe Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank T. Wheeler celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding at their handsome residence in this city last night, a large concourse of invited friends gathering to do honor to the occasion. The rooms were beautifully decorated with potted plants and cutflowers. The Quaker ceremony, which united Miss Eva Craven and F. T. Wheeler in the holy bonds of matrimony at Earlham, Iowa, on April 22, 1895, was performed by the Rev. Mr. Sutcliffe, pastor of the Methodist church, and was as unique as it was impressive. Elegant refreshments were served. Following is the guest list: Mr. and Mrs. Marion Veatch, Mr. and Mrs. A. Brund, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Jones, Rev. and Mrs. Sutcliffe, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hemenway, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. John Silsby, Dr. and Mrs. J. O. VanWinkle, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Conner, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hart, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hazelton, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Wynne, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Eakin, Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Rosenberg, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Briggs, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Abrams, Mr. and Mrs. B. Lurch, Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Awbrey, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Herren, Mr. and Mrs. Hogate, Dr. and Mrs. Macey, Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy Woods, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Medley, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Simeral, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. VanDenBerg, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Veatch, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hart, Mr. and Mrs. H. Venske, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Porter, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. DuBulle, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Burkholder, Misses Whitsett, Dickerson, Moore, Purvance, Wilson, Burdick, Richmond, Mrs. Gordon.

### THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The Eugene Register of this morning says: Next Sunday the leaders of the Willamette Valley league clash on the Midway park grounds to decide who shall be the leaders for the championship pennant. Although Cottage Grove won their game with Eugene in a ninth-inning rally, they do not deserve to be characterized and figured as a weak team. On the contrary, they deserve to be given a world of credit for having a fighting team, a team that is never whipped until the last man is out and the game is over.

The Sixth Annual Epworth League Convention of the Salem district convenes at Brownsville, Oregon, April 29 to May 1, 1910. A large number of delegates are going from the local chapter. The following were appointed voting delegates at a largely attended business meeting on Monday: Misses Berg, Purvance, Hazel and Neita Hazelton; Messrs. Eby, Sutcliffe, Applegate and Kime. Delegate Eby has his expenses paid.

Marshall Snodgrass went to Eugene at 3 o'clock this morning with a horse-trader whose name The Sentinel did not learn, who is charged with cruelty to animals. The man was taken to Eugene for arraignment before a magistrate.

Paint your own vehicles for 90 cents. Inquire at Waters, The Wall Paper Store.

Andrew Nelson has gone to Walterville to install Eugene's municipal electric power plant.

The books for the free circulating library have arrived and may be found at the office of A. H. King. Join the association and use the books.

The Methodist Brotherhood held an interesting meeting Tuesday evening. The debate was, Resolved, That each pupil and student of the public schools of these United States up to and including the eighth grade, shall be prohibited from preparing his text book lessons at home. Affirmative, W. C. Counter, Robert Sutcliffe. Negative, E. K. Barnes, H. E. Inlow.

There will be services at the Catholic church next Sunday; mass and sermon at 10 a. m. Sunday school at 2 o'clock every Sunday.

Messrs. E. C. Spray and J. S. Hickey have purchased three five passenger "E. M. F. 30" automobiles and will open a garage in this city, the location to be decided upon later. It will be known as the Nesmith Auto Company, and is bound to be a winner.

Mr. A. A. Martin of Los Molinos Valley, California, will address the Commercial club next Monday evening on publicity. Mr. Martin has been traveling in the interest of the locality from which he hails, and carries seventy-five stereopticon views of California, and these and others will be exhibited next Monday night.

We have brushes from 10 cents up. Waters, The Wall Paper Store.

The Eugene Guard the other day stated that Mr. John Trunnel, who resides on the Coast Fork was opposed to the creation of Nesmith county. Mr. Trunnel was in Cottage Grove yesterday,

and to a representative of The Sentinel said: "No man ever heard me say a word against Nesmith county, and I'll bet five to one that it will be voted in. The Guard misquoted me when it said I am opposed to the creation of Nesmith county."

Mr. C. H. Burkholder was a county seat visitor on Wednesday.

The Odd Fellows of Cottage Grove will celebrate the ninety-fourth anniversary of the founding of the order in America next Tuesday, when the members of the Rebekahs, together with their families, will assemble at the Odd Fellows' hall and indulge in an evening of social intercourse, followed by a banquet. The lodge has gained considerable strength within the past few months, and the interest manifested augurs well for the future. If you are a member of the three-link order you will be welcome to join in the observance of the anniversary, whether you have received an invitation or not. The Rev. Mr. Sutcliffe, a member of the order, will preach to the Odd Fellows next Sunday morning.

Make that rocking chair as good as new. You can do it yourself with Roger's Stainfloor. We sell it, in half pints, pints, and quarts. Waters, The Wall Paper Store.

Samuel Clemens, better known as Mark Twain, died last night at his home in Redding, Conn.

Ernest Bisby has accepted a position at Klamath Falls.

Baker Tom Parker, while breaking eggs yesterday afternoon, found a horse hair eleven inches long in one of them. The egg was perfectly fresh, and in the best of condition. Mr. Parker says he has heard of hairs having been found in eggs by bakers, but that this is his first offense. The supposition is that the chicken swallowed the hair, which found its way into the egg sack.

Harry Short and Col. Blair have The Sentinel's thanks for first roses of the season. While Ashland and other neighboring cities are making much ado over "first of the season" roses, Cottage Grove has been in the game for a week or more.

Editor E. W. Kibby of the Albany Herald was a Cottage Grove visitor yesterday.

Manager Conley spent yesterday at Roseburg. He is impressed with the spirit of unity exhibited there.

### THE DIRECT PRIMARY.

It is something of a novelty for Americans to discover an energetic campaign for the direct primary going on in the Prussian monarchy. Though the German empire enjoys universal suffrage for elections to the reichstag, voting in the kingdom for members of the Prussian diet is limited by tax and educational qualifications. The property qualification is direct, but the educational qualifications are applied by exempting from the other civil and military officers and members of other classes whose station presupposes a certain degree of education. Heretofore the qualified electors in Prussia have chosen members of the diet by an indirect system which resembles the American convention plan. Indeed if American states were to make the convention legal and compulsory, they would be adopting a political method which the Prussian diet has just voted to abandon. Heretofore groups of one hundred and fifty electors each have voted for delegates who in turn chose the members of the house.

Hereafter qualified members, without any material change in the qualification, will vote directly for members of the diet. The bill was passed by a conservative and moderate coalition, against the opposition of the liberal parties, which want equal suffrage and secret balloting as well as direct voting, and the socialists, who want universal suffrage and threaten a general strike as a means to bring it about. It appears that the fiercest war was waged in the diet over the attempt to abrogate the three classes into which Prussian electors are divided according to the amount of taxes they pay. We can find no intelligent description of this classification, but the inference from the determined fight upon it is that it must somehow give greater weight to the votes of the richer classes. This classification seems to have been kept by exertion of all authority of the ministry, with the monarchy behind it.

"The general statement will be admitted by all that many of the counties in Oregon are too large. The purpose of dividing the state into counties and the counties into precincts is that every citizen may be within moderate distance of the seat of local government. To compel him to travel a long distance over bad roads in order to pay his taxes, serve on juries, and so forth, is to inflict a hardship, and as soon as circumstances permit there ought to be a tendency to remedy it."—Oregonian, Portland, March 31, 1910.

"A new county means new towns, a new center of interests, a new stimulus to good roads, bridges, enterprises, a new group of business activities and new men brought to the front. It makes new opportunities and remarkable incentives to creation of wealth that are awakened. The Nesmith proposition is of state wide interest."—Salem Journal, March 30, 1910.

## SUES TO COLLECT CASH

Money in Oregon Banks Sought by State in Action Started.

Assistant Attorney General I. H. VanWinkle has taken the first steps necessary to collect \$11,521.48 in deposits lying in various Oregon banks without claimants, and which, according to an act of the legislature passed in 1907, belongs to the state. The first case will be filed in Multnomah county by Mr. VanWinkle against the First National bank of Portland to recover \$5865.15.

The action is one resembling escheat and is brought under a statute which provides that when a deposit has laid in a bank for seven years without a claimant title to it shall pass to the state, and it shall be placed in the common school fund, for the benefit of the public schools. The case instituted against the Portland bank will be followed by others against banks in every part of the state which holds deposits that have not been drawn upon within seven years. The First National bank of Portland has the largest inactive deposit, the Ladd & Tilton bank of Portland is second with \$2371.46.

The Jackson County Bank of Medford is on the list and the state will endeavor to subject \$470.58 of its deposits to escheat proceedings; the Butler Banking Company of Hood River has \$100; the Capital National bank of Salem, \$332.89; the First Bank of Joseph, \$25; the Farmers & Traders' National bank of LaGrande, \$970.83; The First National bank of Prineville, \$131.43; The First National bank of Roseburg, \$40; the LaGrande National bank, \$312.55, and the Security Trust & Savings bank of Portland, \$321.80.

Some banks, including the First National bank of Roseburg, whose reports formerly showed larger sums of unclaimed deposits, have recently found claimants for them, which was one of the principal objects for the enactment of the law. The reason that action has not been started sooner to collect these sums is because the law was deficit until amended by the 1909 legislature.

### NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Since the establishment of the first Normal school in the State of New York in 1853, there has been a steady, persistent growth and development in the number of schools established in the State, as well as throughout the United States, until there is no State in the union that does not have Normal training, save and except Oregon alone. This is an unenviable distinction. California, Idaho, Washington, her nearest neighbors, all generally maintain their Normal schools. Many of the States, and most of the cities, require their teachers to have had training in a Normal school. The rural schools in all the states are as justly entitled to this superior service, it is only denied them because of the scarcity of trained teachers, and the remedy in our state now lies with the people. Every other state in the union has from one to nineteen Normal schools. This means that the Normal school has passed the experimental stage, and has proved its worth and merits by the results. The public schools must have teachers, the supply must come from the eighth grade, the denominational schools, the state schools, or far better from the properly equipped Normal schools, the rightful source. These teachers are required to handle the most difficult, delicate and intricate product of society, the child. The impressions the child receives at school are the most lasting. It stands to reason then, that a trained teacher will give the best returns to the State. The late U. S. Com. of Ed. W. T. Harris said, "The ordinary person sees results, but does not take note of the methods by which they are procured. Hence the teacher who has never received instruction in a Normal school may happen to be a good teacher, but it is quite unusual for him to understand how he secures his own results; and he is often not able to profit by seeing the work of other good teachers."

The work done by the Normal schools is not antagonistic to that of the state schools, the High schools or the denominational schools, because it is work peculiar to itself, in that it trains teachers only. The teachers in the public schools should be trained by the state wholly free from sectarian ideas. By the method proposed in the initiative for the Monmouth Normal school, the question is taken wholly out of politics. It is fairly put up to the voters for their intelligent verdict.

Another fact, the teacher from the Normal school returns a direct, immediate benefit to the State. To use his acquired skill and knowledge he must give the children the benefit, and in order to earn a livelihood, he must, and does, teach. Of the graduates of the Monmouth Normal, the record shows that ninety five per cent have, and are, teaching. In teaching he gives the children the direct benefit of his superior training and skill. The proposed cost for maintaining this school on the initiative bill now pending, is but the matter of a few cents to each tax payer. If a man pays taxation on one thousand dollars he will pay four cents

a year to the support of the Normal school. This money will be expended under direction of the one board of regents, with the secretary of state as the auditing official. Hence the matter is closely safe-guarded.

The state has a well-equipped plant established at Monmouth, a fair estimate of its valuation would be more than one hundred thousand dollars. Being near the center of population, easy of access, it is located in the most beautiful part of the state. The buildings are well designed and equipped for the work, having all modern conveniences. It would be worse than folly to discontinue its use, for the school must be located some place, and this is a well selected site.

### DIVIDE.

Miss Ruth Miller has had a bad attack of erysipelas, but is much better at present.

Dan Meehling has returned from his six months vacation. He visited his native state, Indiana, also Wisconsin, New Mexico, Oklahoma and California. He thinks of purchasing a home in Oregon.

Sherman Chapman of Brownsville spent a couple of days at Divide with friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Tullar and daughter Verna, spent Sunday at the home of Nels Lewis.

Mr. B. H. Lee is running his mill at its full capacity. He has secured a large contract for mining timbers.

E. Chapman has a contract to haul lumber for a Eugene company and left on Wednesday for their new home ten miles from Eugene. Mrs. Chapman goes Friday.

Mr. David Alexander was a Divide caller on Tuesday.

Miss Goodman, who has been seriously ill for some time, is much better.

Miss Sarah Foster of Latham and Mrs. F. M. Chapman were Roseburg visitors Saturday.

Ernest Turner left for Drain last Saturday.

Mrs. G. W. and Mrs. E. L. McReynolds visited at the home of E. Chapman Sunday.

"We are perfectly willing that they should have the new county of Nesmith if they want it."—Bandon Recorder.

"There is no question that Lane and Douglas counties are too large. The people are put to great inconveniences, delay and expense in transacting business at the county seats, and as a rule the remote sections of large counties do not receive their just representation, and, therefore, public improvements are neglected. There is no argument on earth that can successfully combat 'home rule' by intelligent people, and it makes one tired to hear the pathetic cry put up by the parent counties that the ambitious offspring will be worse off when running its own affairs than if it remained contented with crumbs from the parental table."—Shanico Star, March 11, 1910.

### REPORT

Of the Condition of the Bank of Cottage Grove, at Cottage Grove, Oregon,

At the Close of business, March 29th, 1910.

RESOURCES.  
Loans and discounts.....\$39,564 41  
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....852 31  
Bonds, securities, etc.....3,755 00  
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures.....10,028 00  
Other real estate owned.....570 00  
Due from approved reserve banks.....4,309 54  
Checks and other cash items.....339 22  
Cash on hand.....7,572 57  
Total.....\$66,801 00

LIABILITIES.  
Capital stock paid in.....\$25,000 00  
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....1,350 97  
Due to banks and bankers.....175 00  
Individual deposits subject to check.....35,277 46  
Demand certificates of deposit.....200 00  
Time certificates of deposit.....4,787 57  
Total.....\$66,801 00

State of Oregon, County of Lane, ss.

I, George M. Hall, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
GEORGE M. HALL, Cashier.  
Correct: GEORGE M. HALL,  
B. LURCH  
GEO. ATKINSON, Directors.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of April, 1910.  
HARRY SHORT, Notary Public.

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From all Points on the

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(Lines in Oregon)

| TO                             | RATES   |
|--------------------------------|---------|
| Chicago                        | \$72.50 |
| Council Bluffs                 |         |
| Omaha                          |         |
| Kansas City                    | 60.00   |
| St. Joseph                     |         |
| St. Paul                       |         |
| St. Paul via Council Bluffs    | 64.90   |
| Minneapolis direct             | 60.00   |
| Minneapolis via Council Bluffs | 63.90   |
| Duluth direct                  | 66.90   |
| Duluth via Council Bluffs      | 67.50   |
| St. Louis                      | 67.50   |

The above rates apply from Portland only. From points south of Portland add ONE WAY local rate to Portland, to make through rate via Portland. One way through California, add \$15.00.

Ten days provided for the going trip. Stop-overs within limits in either direction. Final return limit three months from date of sale, but not later than October 31st.

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**MM. McMURRY**  
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