## NORTH PACIFIC INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION.

WHEE, less than two years ago, several enterprising citizens of Portland, dissatistied with the limitations and lack of growth of the Mechanies' Fair, conceived the idea of building a mammoth pavilion and conducting an exposition on a seale of greater mugnitude than had yet been attempted on the Pacific coast, the suggestion was scouted as chimerical, impracticable and wholly beyond the de-
on the seale projected, and the popular subscription was enlarged to $\$ 150,000$. This was in May, 1888, and within a few days a contract was let for the building and work was at once begun. It was completed tho late for a fair to be held that year, and the one in poogress is the first given by the association.

The site chosen embraced nine full blocks of land near the corner of B and Fourteenth streets, lying chiefly in the canyon cutting through that portion of the city and which was then utilized for a garden by


Chinamen. Owing to the nature of the ground, the architect was enabled to design a building unique in character and remarkably adapted to the use for which it was destined. The large structure, with a front of 400 feet on $B$ street, and extending back into the catryon 200 feet, was divided into three sections, the crabtet one having its floor on the bottom of the canyon. and the ones on either side of it being built upons foundation of piling at the level of the street gride Along the sides of the center section are amphitheartred seats, the top of which is on a level with the floor of the side halls, where the chief exhibits are, and our can walk direetly from the main floor on either side down into these gallery seats of the central section.

A grand conception was this construction of the mulsie hall, and most imposing and beautiful is the effect

