GAME BIRDS OF OCHOCO.

It may be interesting to sportsmen to know that in the foot hills not many miles from town may be found at this time of year some of the finest game binia in the state, namely the blue grouse. These birds are similar to the

valley grouse, except they are much They are found in the pine larger timber, and may be detected by a peculiar grunting noise not unlike the notes of the blue grouse of the Cascades, but consisting of only one prolonged note. These birds have all the characterpeculiar to this class of game. In the winter they migrate to the fir timber on the highest mountains, and return to the fields of the valleys in the spring. birds are very tame, being hunted but little, and will seldom fly from the t of a gun. There are also a few grouse, known as pheasants, but birds are very scarce, and seldom in this part of the state. Another ety of this family of birds is the rie chicken, which is found in large bers east of the Cascades. During pras summer and fall these birds are d in large flocks, sometimes hun-of them in the wheat fields, at dre h time they are fine food and easily

stage during the winter. Still another variety of these game birds, the sage hen, is found in limited numbers in this section. These are similar to the prairie chicken in many of their habits, but are widely different in arance and size, being much larger, and having rough plumage. Many sage hens have been known to attain the size of average turkeys. In the fall of the year they are splendid eating, and may be found along the foot hills, in mall timber, but they rarely visit wheat fields.

ere are many other birds in this on of our state that are tempting to mbitious sportsmen, but, unlike the of western Oregon, they are not food at this season, and as the law is now in force, hunters d refrain from hunting or killing until the proper season arrives, the birds will be more numerous, port easier and the game more pal--Prineville News.

" BOOM."-Port Townsend is just ing upon the first real estate boom

y importance ever experienced by As an illustration of the rapidity which prices have advanced rey, we cite one instance. The old mic Hall property, which was pur-ed by Mr. Eisenbeis last year for , changed hands a few days ago for

The substantial character ot nu- | demands it .- Tribune.

merous improvements being made, gives evidence of unbounded confidence in all kinds of business among us. Then we will have a great deal of building done before the end of the present year, and the population of this locality will materially increase. The citizens have just incorporated the Puget Sound West Side Railroad Company, with headquarters at Port Townsend, capital stock of \$3,000,000, and T. T. Minor, C. C. Bartlett, J. A. Kuhn, R. D. Attridge, Robert C. Hill, J. B. Montgomery, J. F. Swan, Chas. Eisenbeis and Thomas Kirkpatrick, incorporators. The de-clared object is to build a railroad to a point on the Columbia river. This road, if built, will tap the rich Chehalis country.-Argus.

SPOKANE FALLS.

A visit to our sister town this week found it enjoying a healthy prosperity. indicative of an active business season and substantial growth. While possessed of an abiding faith in our own town of Cheney, we can see that Spokane Falls possesses elements of growth. To Falls possesses elements of growth. To deny that it is a most beautiful place to all that is for sale. Logs are easily live, would be a misrepresentation. Its naturally paved streets are always dry, killed. In the spring their flesh is not the roar of the falls, its grand scenery and commanding view are advantages that cannot be overlooked, and we would not make them less were the power ours to do so. To these natural advantages its enterprising citizens have contributed liberally to the building of all the civilizing and progressive institutions. Every religious denomination is repre-sented here and its school advantages are excellent. We write this first, because it is true; and second, because the Tribune is a permanent institution in Spokane county, and not afraid to note the prosperity of every section of country and speak a word of encouragement for our neighbors .- Cheney Tribune.

LAKE FAIRWEATHER.

This beautiful body of cold, fresh water, is situated about four miles Northwest of the town of Cheney, and is fed by three or four very large springs near its margin.

A line of levels having recently been extended from the railroad track at the Cheney depot to this lake, shows its elevation to be forty-five feet above said initial point. A large supply of fresh spring water can thus be brought into Cheney at a small expense. This town is already well supplied with water but this additional source will turnish a supply for a population of 2,500 people besides furnishing the railroad with all it can use, and then there will be plenty o-Mr. Carl Seidel, a shrewd hu- of water for manufacturing purposes. s man, being the purchaser. Other It is confidently believed that there are estate has gone up correspondingly. several other lakes that can be brought act property in general here has into Cheney whenever its growing pop-t doubled in value during the past ulation and increased business wants

Clackamas county is destined 'ere long to be the richest and most thickly settled county in Oregon. Situated on the Willamette river, but a few miles from the head of navigation, and with a railroad running through it, and two others in close proximity to its borders, combined with the fertility of her soil, her magnificent timber, splendid water powers and undeveloped mineral wealth, her future is a brilliant one. The land in Clackamas county will never be held in large quantities by speculators or farmed in large tracts, because of the rolling surface, numerous streams and large bodies of timber. The consequence of this is that the farms will in time seldom be larger than 160 or 200 acres, and as nearly the whole of the county is susceptible of cultivation, the time is not far away before every quarter section will be the home of a family, thus giving to this county a very large population. The timber lands of Oregon and Washington Territory that are situate on the banks of navigable streams, bays or inlets of the ocean, are fast being cleared, as the shot into the large streams, and the once fine bodies of timber along Puget Sound and the Columbia river, are even now, almost a thing of the past. But in Clackamas county, it is entirely different. Little or no timber has been cut, except to supply the home demand. The immense bodies of ash, fir, larch and spruce are still not only untouched, but comparatively unknown. Hardly a creek exists in the county, but what has large bodies of government land on its banks, just waiting for some one to throw a dam across the stream, put up a mill and commence sawing, with the logs necessary to run for years, all in sight. No country in the world has as much water power to the square mile as Oregon has and no part of Oregon as much as Clack-amas county. The saw-mill business is one of our undeveloped industries. It is not necessary to go back into the mountains to find large bodies of available timber, as they are to be found on the creeks and rivers in the midst of settlements. Some day, and that not a distant one, these timber lands will be valuable.

When cleared of the timber, they will be valuable for agricultural purposes, as all the good timber land is blessed with a rich soil; that on the river hanks is valuable for meadows, gardens, etc., and that on the uplands for cereals etc. Those who have exhausted their homestead and pre-emption rights, can obtain possession of these lands without residing on them, by paying the government price of \$2.50 per acre, as also can any. one else who sees fit to invest for either present or future use. These lands can be purchased from the government in quantities not exceeding 160 acres. Enterprise.