

# WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments and Pacific Northwest, and Other Things Worth Knowing.

John Levandowsky, said to be nearly 103 years old, the county's oldest resident, committed suicide at a hospital in Manitowoc, Wis.

Disaffection long smouldering in Santa Clara province, Cuba, came to a head Tuesday when a detachment of the rural guard revolted and fled from their post near Santa Clara.

The house has adopted the conference report on the bill which would authorize deferment of reclamation charges. The senate must concur before the measure can go to the president.

Lieutenant E. A. Musk, aviator attached to the North Island naval air squadron at San Diego, Cal., was killed Tuesday when the plane he was piloting tumbled 2300 feet into San Diego bay.

Communist hecklers broke up a political meeting addressed by Andre Tardieu, deputy, in a Paris suburb Monday night after repeatedly dragging him off the platform. M. Tardieu was badly bruised.

Trustees of the Spokane chamber of commerce have adopted a resolution to be forwarded to members of the Washington delegation in congress opposing the change in name of Mount Rainier to Mount Tacoma.

Flotation of a \$40,000,000 loan to the Kingdom of Netherlands has been arranged by an American banking syndicate, it was learned Tuesday. Offering of the bonds, which will bear 6 per cent interest is expected soon.

One hundred thousand persons, high and low, rich and poor, Monday paid their final tribute to respect to Charles F. Murphy, for two decades chief of Tammany Hall. Not in many years has New York witnessed a funeral of such magnitude.

General Julian S. Carr, ex-commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, died in Chicago Tuesday. He contracted pneumonia as the result of an illness suffered while on his way to Chicago from his home at Durham, N. C., last Saturday.

The first budget ever prepared for the government of Great Britain by a socialist was presented in the house of commons Tuesday afternoon by Philip Snowden, chancellor of the exchequer. There was very little obvious socialism in it, if any.

The annual naval supply bill, carrying \$275,000,000, was passed Tuesday by the senate without a record vote. The senate added about \$700,000 to the bill as it came from the house. The bill was sent to conference with the house but with few major differences to be ironed out.

Governor Warren T. McCray of Indiana was found guilty late Tuesday of using the mails in furtherance of a scheme to defraud by a jury in federal court after less than 15 minutes' deliberation and was placed in the Marion county jail to await sentence by United States District Judge A. B. Anderson.

A five year moratorium in the payments of constructive charges for all settlers on western reclamation projects with 25 years thereafter in which to liquidate all indebtedness is proposed in a bill introduced jointly in the senate and house by Senator Jones and Representative Summers of Washington. The bill amends the reclamation law of August 13, 1913.

The war department has made answer to numerous inquiries from Oregon and Washington as to conditions under which copra and coconut oil were prepared in the Philippine islands. The inquiries were instigated by voters in the two states by whom it will be decided in forthcoming elections whether coconut oil may be utilized in the preparation of certain food products.

Postponement of operation of the Japanese exclusion provision of the immigration bill until July 1 is understood to have been suggested by President Coolidge to senate and house conferees on the measure. This suggestion was said to have been considered by the conferees at a meeting Tuesday and afterwards word was sent to the White House that an agreement on this basis might be reached within 24 hours.

## REJECTS MELLON TAX PLAN

Entire Democratic Substitute Adopted—Smoot Plans Compromise.

Washington, D. C.—The much-discussed Mellon tax plan was laid to rest Monday with adoption by the senate of the entire democratic income tax substitute.

The minority's schedule of surtax rates was approved, 43 to 40, and its revision of normal rates was adopted, 44 to 37. The republican insurgents joined with the democrats in supporting the entire program.

Chairman Smoot of the finance committee said that when the bill came up on final passage he would propose a compromise as was done in the house after the democratic program had been approved there. He is hopeful that the senate will accept the compromise as the house did.

The surtax rates written into the bill provided for a reduction of the present maximum of 50 per cent to 40 per cent and for corresponding revisions all along the line. They are almost similar to those adopted by the house.

The normal rates accepted were 2 per cent on the first \$4000 of income, 4 per cent on the second \$4000 and 6 per cent on all above \$8000. This compares with the present rates of 4 per cent on the first \$4000 and 8 per cent above that amount.

In adopting the democratic substitute, which was offered by Senator Simmons, North Carolina, the senate moved with startling rapidity. The first vote came within a little more than an hour after consideration of the tax bill had been resumed. The others followed rapidly.

Discussion of this, the heart of the bill, had proceeded in only desultory fashion for about an hour, when Senator Jones, democrat, New Mexico, demanded a vote. There were less than a score of senators present and leaders on both sides held hurried conferences. Announcement then was made that both sides were ready for the test of strength.

## TRUST CHARGED TO DOOR FIRMS

Portland—Seven door manufacturing companies were named in a suit filed Monday by John S. Coke, United States attorney, to break up an alleged trust, which the government charged had been operating in Oregon and Washington and suggests has been holding up prices for their products.

The defendants were: The Wheeler-Osgood company, Tacoma; Henry McCleary Timber company, McCleary, Wash.; Nicolai Door Manufacturing company, Portland; Buffelen Manufacturing company, Tacoma; Robinson Manufacturing company, Everett; American Door & Manufacturing company, Hoquiam; Peterman Manufacturing company, Tacoma.

The complaint was filed in the federal court by Judge Coke at the direction of Harlan F. Stone, attorney-general; A. T. Seymour, assistant to the attorney-general; J. A. Fowler, Henry A. Guller, C. Stanley Thompson, special assistants, all of whom appear with Judge Coke as attorneys for the government.

The government asked that the companies and their employees be permanently enjoined from any acts that were charged in the petition to have been committed under the alleged conspiracy in restraint of trade.

It was charged that the companies named produce more than 90 per cent of the doors manufactured in the United States and that more than 70 per cent of them were produced by the Wheeler, McCleary, Buffelen and Nicolai companies. The government further charged that the companies have operated under a common price list "pursuant to an agreement between them to establish and maintain a uniform system for the conduct of their individual business and to eliminate competition among themselves as to grades, as to sizes, as to terms and conditions of sales, as to freight charges and as to prices."

The government contended that on August 19, 1916, the defendant companies caused the door and factory products committee of the West Coast Lumbermen's association to adopt an official west coast door list known as "the single list." It was held that the purpose of this list was to establish a uniform price on all doors of a given size, regardless of the kind, style and grade, leaving those matters to be determined by a group of fixed discount differentials.

## Fat Men Hold Up Best.

Washington, D. C.—Fat men stand the heat better than lean ones, the bureau of mines has established. Fat men, lost more weight when subjected to uncomfortably hot temperatures, but they were less exhausted when they were relieved. In a state of rest and in still air, the human body cannot endure indefinitely a temperature higher than 90 degrees Fahrenheit with 100 per cent relative humidity.

## NEW AIR SERVICE TO SPEED MAILS

New York-San Francisco Transit Starts July 1.

35 HOURS FOR TRIP

Every Twenty-five Miles to Have Emergency Landing Field With Powerful Searchlight.

Washington, D. C.—Daily air mail service between New York and San Francisco, with deliveries within 35 hours, or from one morning to the following evening, will begin July 1, it was announced Sunday by Postmaster-General New. The time of transit will be cut to 24 hours probably within a few months, the postmaster-general believes.

Not only will people on the two coasts benefit by the rapid deliveries, but those of the country generally will be enabled to transmit their letters more swiftly, as special air mail stamps will carry them from any city for transmission from coast to coast or from intermediate cities for further despatch by train.

Special air mail postage has been arranged and special stamps in three denominations, 8-cent, 16-cent and 24-cent, will be distributed to the principal cities of the country for use in specially designating letters to go by plane. Three zones have been designated for postage purposes; New York and Chicago; Chicago and Cheyenne, and Cheyenne and San Francisco. An 8-cent air mail stamp will carry an ounce letter anywhere within one zone, a 16-cent stamp anywhere within two adjoining zones, and a 24-cent stamp anywhere within the three zones.

Letters from points not on the air mail route, if bearing proper air mail stamps, will be transmitted to the nearest air mail field for dispatch without additional postage. Any class of mail, including parcel post packages, may be sent by air mail but only at regular air mail rates. Special air mail letter boxes are being installed in the larger cities along the route to expedite handling.

Regular landing fields, where changes of planes will be made on both eastbound and westbound trips, are located at New York, Belfonte, Pa.; Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, North Platte, Neb.; Cheyenne, Rock Springs, Wyo.; Salt Lake City, Elko, Nev.; Reno, Nev., and San Francisco. Eleven planes will be required for the single trip each way. New planes, with slower landing speeds, deemed necessary for night flying, have been advertised for and bids will be opened June 10.

The mail planes will fly by night over 1000 miles of lighted airway between Chicago and Cheyenne, the pilots being guided by automatic acetylene lights placed every three miles. Every 25 miles of the night air lane has an emergency landing field provided with powerful searchlights, and at about every 250 miles there is a regular landing field with searchlights visible from 100 to 150 miles when flashed in the air. The existing daylight coast to coast air mail, which has been in operation six years and which has been merely an advancing service to speed up letter mail, will be merged with the new service. After July 1 no mail will be carried on planes except that bearing special air mail postage stamps.

## Potato Gas is Fatal.

Chicago.—Carbon monoxide, generated by burning potatoes, was declared by a coroner's jury to have caused the death of Mrs. Caroline Showerman, 73 years old, who was found dead in the kitchen of her home. Neighbors who discovered the body said a pot of potatoes which had boiled dry was burning on the stove. At the inquest it was explained that, ordinarily, potatoes in carbonizing would give off carbon dioxide gas, but if the oxygen in a tightly closed room had been greatly exhausted this gas would be changed to carbon monoxide. The room was tightly closed and it was decided this was what had happened to the aged woman.

## Bogus Bills Destroyed.

Washington, D. C.—The handwork of a thousand counterfeiters went up in smoke Saturday at the treasury. Treasury officials, following the regular procedure, solemnly carried bundle after bundle of bogus bills to the great macerators and incinerators of the treasury. The fact value of the paper amounted to about \$250,000, but its worth was nil in the eyes of the law. It was the day for the annual destruction of all counterfeit money.

## Something to Think About

By F. A. WALKER

### RUINOUS WEALTH

PARADOXICAL as it may seem at first blush, the declaration made so frequently by psychologists and economists that but few people can become prosperous, is nevertheless true. "When I come into the fortune which is to be mine on the day of my majority," says the youth who is looking forward to what he considers is to be the crowning event of his life, "I shall show my set how a gentleman of wealth and fine tastes should live and enjoy himself."

So when the riches come in showers and floods, the prodigal youngster starts off at a rapid pace on a carefree career which in an incredibly short time ends in broken manhood and humiliating disaster.

It is the story which is so often told of the sowing of wild oats and the reaping of tares and dishonor—the selling of a soul for a rag and a bone. The handling of large properties and great sums of money by the inexperienced, is usually fraught with just such peril.

And in quite the same manner the newly rich, forgetful of his limited means of the past, start off in their new adventure with a brazen blare of trumpets.

It is their first taste of the golden feast, and they have resolved to gorge themselves to repletion.

In a dozen years or so, with nothing to show for their folly except a lot of worthless gee-gaws and a burdensome load of experience, they are glad to get back in the homely little corner of the staid old world which they so grandiloquently abandoned.

The scene of their defeat they would gladly close to their mind's eye, but they cannot do so. The happiness which was theirs in the simple life is gone.

Their substantial friends in the bare days are no more.

Instead of triumph, the wealth they quickly got and wantonly spent, brought them nothing but derision and sorrow.

The same poor sort of humans are everywhere about us, gazing with envious, greedy eyes upon the rich, often cowed by fear and burdened with cancerous care. And all the while these hapless creatures seem unaware that hard work and high thinking give peace and pleasure that wealth cannot buy!

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## The Young Lady Across the Way



The young lady across the way says she doesn't believe in going to extremes and she thinks earrings four inches long are nearly long enough for any girl.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

## THE MOOD

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

SOMETIME, when we're in the mood, In some day to come, We shall break our solitude, We who are not dumb; When the mood the moment brings On some quiet day You and I shall say the things That we have to say.

Now we part and now we meet, Yet we seem to wait, Leaving something incomplete, Inarticulate There are dreams we long to share, Dreamers I and you, There are wounds we long to bare, But we never do.

But some hour will set us free, When, we never know; But some moment suddenly Hearts will overflow, For the thirsty 'twill be drink, For the hungry food Maybe sooner than we think We shall feel The Mood.

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## NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY REAL ESTATE

In Jacksonville. A new era is here and all desirable property will soon be taken at the very reasonable prices now prevailing. List with me if you have property for sale. The demand will be good this Spring.

**Surety Bonds Furnished**  
**Fire Insurance.** **J. L. ROE**  
NOTARY PUBLIC. Justice of the Peace. CITY RECORDER  
Office in Roe building, Jacksonville, Oregon

## THE Chocolate Corner

O. C. DOROTHY, Proprietor  
**COUNTRY CLUB AND ROYAL CLUB BEST COFFEE ON THE MARKET**  
Fresh Eggs, Bread, Meat Products, Cereals and full line of canned goods. Barber shop in connection  
**The place to go for soft drinks, Cigars, Candies, Nuts, Ice Cream, Etc.**  
FRESH ROASTED PEANUTS AND POPCORN

## Blacksmithing & Wood Work

By GEORGE HACKNEY  
At Bishop Shop, Jacksonville.  
**Horseshoeing a Specialty**  
GIVE ME A TRIAL.

All Kinds of Printing at Reasonable Prices at the Post Printing Office.  
Jacksonville Freight Line  
W. A. BISHOP, Prop  
Moving and all kinds of freight handled.

## Jackson County Jacksonville

The banner county of Oregon—which captures nearly all the prizes at the state fairs—has a population of about 25,000 happy and prosperous people and enjoys the distinction of having the most delightful and healthful climate in America—not even excelled in Southern California. No county in the western country is richer in resources—the principal ones being farming, stockraising, dairying, fruit, alfalfa, lumbering, gold, silver and copper mining, cement, marble, lime, etc. This county, which lies in the southwestern part of the state, adjoins California and is a happy medium between the extremely wet climate of the north coast and the dry desert climate of California—being the most perfect climate found on the western continent.

A modern town of 1000 people, is the county seat of Jackson county and is situated in the most fertile and productive portion of the famous Rogue River Valley—correctly termed the "Italy of America." The town is beautifully located in a cove at the base of magnificent pine-clad mountains and is surrounded by the finest irrigated alfalfa farms and fruit orchards in the entire country. The town is five miles west of Medford, a modern city of 8000 people, with which it is connected by a steam and electric railroad and splendid highway. The altitude of the town is 1568 feet and there are no extremes in heat or cold. The annual rainfall is about 25 inches—there being little or no snow in the valley. A more healthful place could not be found.

## County Official Directory Jackson County Lawyers

State Senator—Geo W Dunn, Ashland.  
Joint Representative—Chas F Hopkins, Roseburg.  
County Representatives—John H Carlin and Ralph Cowgill of Medford.  
Circuit Judge—C M Thomas.  
Pros. Attorney—Newton W. Borden.  
County Judge—G A Gardner.  
Commissioners—Victor Bursell and Geo Alford.  
Clerk—Chauncey Florey.  
Sheriff—C E Terrill.  
Assessor—J B Coleman.  
Treasurer—A C Walker.  
School Supt.—Susanne Homes Carter  
Coroner—John A Perl.  
Health Officer—Dr W P Hoyt.

**City Directory**  
Mayor—Emil Britt.  
Councilmen—Chester Wendt, Peter Flick, G W Godward and Frank Lindley  
Recorder and Justice of the Peace—J. L. Roe  
Treasurer—C. C. Chitwood.  
Marshal—M D Jones.  
Council meets first Tuesday of each month.

**MEDFORD**  
C. M. Thomas, Cir. Judge, Medford Bldg.  
M. Purdin, Medford bldg.  
Gus Newbury and son Donald, Medford Bldg.  
E. H. Hurd, Medford Bldg.  
Lincoln McCormack, First Nat Bk bldg.  
John H Carlin, First National Bank bldg.  
O M Roberts, Medford Nat. Bank bldg.  
Rawles Moore, Medford Bldg.  
James F. Fliegel, Old P. O. bldg.  
Porter J. Neff, Medford Nat. Bank bldg.  
E E Kelly, Medford Nat'l Bank Bldg.  
H K Hanna, Old P. O. Bldg.  
F. M. Calkins, Old P. O. Bldg.  
T W Miles, Jackson County Bank bldg.  
F. J. Newman, Palm bldg.  
N W Borden, District Attorney, Palm bldg  
Winfield R. Gaylord, Palm bldg.  
E A and Charles Reames, Liberty bldg.  
O C Boggs, old postoffice bldg.  
Glenn O Taylor, J P and City Judge, Federal bldg.  
H A Canady, old P O bldg.  
R. F. Platt, 30 Laurel Street.  
W E Phipps, Clarion office.

**ASHLAND**  
Nellie Dickey.  
J. A. Roberts.  
Briggs & Briggs.  
G. W. Trefren.  
W. J. Moore.  
C. E. Watson.