

Legal Advertisements.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the matter of the estate of Orrin M. Wilson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the county court of Jackson County, Oregon, administrator of the estate of the above named decedent, and has duly qualified as such administrator.

All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same duly verified, to the undersigned, at his office in the city of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, within six months from and after the date and day of the first publication of this notice.

Date of this notice and day of the first publication thereof is March 1, 1919.

D. W. BAGSHAW, Administrator, Estate of Orrin M. Wilson, deceased.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lincoln A. Bratt, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator with will annexed, of the estate of Lincoln A. Bratt, deceased, by the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Jackson County and has qualified as such. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me at my office at 123 East Main St., Medford, Oregon, with vouchers and duly verified, within six months from date hereof.

Dated and first publication, 1st day of March, 1919. Last publication 29th day of March, 1919.

O. M. CORNIUS, Administrator with will annexed of estate of Lincoln A. Bratt, deceased.

Notice of Final Hearing.

Estate of Elizabeth J. Stille.

Notice is hereby given that John C. Stille, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth J. Stille, also known as Elizabeth J. Still, deceased, has filed his final report and accounting in said estate and hereby gives notice that the County Judge of Jackson County, Oregon, has set Monday, April 14th, A. D. 1919, at 10:00 A. M. of said day and at the office of the County Judge in the Court House in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, as the date, time and place for hearing on said final report and at which time anyone interested or having any objections to the said final report may be present and file said objections.

Dated March 11th, 1919. JOHN C. STILLE, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the estate of William A. Haselton, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and is the qualified Administrator of the above entitled estate. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present them, with proper vouchers, duly verified, to the undersigned at his residence in Phoenix, Oregon, or at the office of my attorney, Newton W. Borden, Medford, Oregon, before the expiration of six months from the date of this notice. Dated and first published March 29, 1919.

E. G. HIGH, Administrator.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT FOR JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON.

In the Matter of Estate of John Jacob Shafer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and is the qualified Administrator of the above entitled estate.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, at his residence in Jacksonville, Oregon, before the expiration of six months from the date of this notice, which is March 1, 1919.

GEORGE JACOB SHAFER.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Pearl Blakely, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, W. D. Satterlee, having been appointed by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, administrator of the estate of Pearl Blakely, deceased, therefore notice is given to any and all persons having claims against said estate to present the same properly verified within six months from the date of the first publication of this notice, which first publication is March 1st, 1919, to H. A. Canaday, attorney for said administrator, at his office at 32 N. Central Ave., Medford, Oregon.

W. D. SATTERLEE, Administrator

Summons.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

Lincoln Savage, administrator of the Estate of Margaret Savage, deceased, Plaintiff,

vs. W. D. Hodgson, D. G. Scobey, John W. Ries, Wallace Gilbert, and R. H. Coshun, Defendants.

To D. G. Scobey and John W. Ries, defendants:—

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, you and each of you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause on or before the expiration of ten days from the date of service upon you if served within Jackson County, Oregon; or within twenty days from the date of such service if served within any other county within the State of Oregon; or if served by publication thereof, then on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of first publication thereof, which date of first publication is March 22, 1919, and the last day of publication and for your appearance is May 3, 1919, and you are further notified that unless you appear and answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in the complaint, viz:—For judgment on a purchase money mortgage against D. G. Scobey and W. D. Hodgson in the sum of \$8000.00 principal, with interest thereon at the rate of 6% from March 15, 1916, less the sum of \$30.00 paid on account of said interest, and for the sum of \$800.00 attorney's fees, and for costs and disbursements, and for a decree foreclosing that certain real estate mortgage described in the complaint, upon the West 1/4 of the Northeast 1/4, and Northeast 1/4 of the Northeast 1/4 of Section 30, and the Northwest 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 29, all in Township 36 South, Range 4 West of Willamette Meridian in Jackson County, Oregon; and for the application of the proceeds of such sale to the said judgment as by law provided in case of purchase money mortgage, costs, attorney's fees and accruing costs of sale, and for such other and further relief as is equitable, and that the defendants and each of them, and all persons claiming by, through or under them or either of them be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, claim, and equity of redemption in and to the said premises, with the appurtenances.

This summons is published by order of the Hon. G. A. Gardner, County Judge for Jackson County, Oregon, dated March 19, 1919, requiring publication of this summons for six successive weeks in the Jacksonville Post published at Jacksonville in Jackson County, Oregon.

Date of first publication, March 22, 1919.

Date of last publication, May 3, 1919.

H. D. NORTON, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Address and residence: Grants Pass, Oregon.

Notice of Final Settlement.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Carl Hoeft, an Incompetent Person.

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the County Court of Jackson County, State of Oregon, the final account of her guardianship of the estate and person of Carl Hoeft, an incompetent person, and that said court has fixed Saturday, April 19, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the court room of said court at the county court house in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of objections to said final account and for settlement of said estate.

All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified and required to make or file their objections to said final account, if any they have, on or before the time aforesaid, fixed for the hearing and settlement thereof.

Date of this notice and of the first publication thereof is March 22, 1919.

CHRISTINA SMITH, Guardian of the Estate and Person of Carl Hoeft, an Incompetent Person.

Notice of Final Settlement.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, IN AND FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Estate of Karl Hoeft, sometimes known as Charles Hoeft, deceased.

Public notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, the final account of his administration of the estate of Karl Hoeft, sometimes known as Charles Hoeft, deceased, and that said court has fixed Saturday, April 19, 1919, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the court room of said court at the court house in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, as the time and place for the hearing of objections to said final account and for settlement of said estate.

Work and save. Invest in war savings. Hold your securities. Do not surrender your War Savings Stamps or Liberty Bonds conditionally or unconditionally.

All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified and required to make or file their objections to said final account, if any they have, on or before the time aforesaid, fixed for the hearing and settlement thereof.

Date of this notice and of the first publication thereof is March 22, 1919.

S. F. SMITH, Administrator of the estate of Karl Hoeft, sometimes known as Charles Hoeft, deceased.

Summons.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

J. F. Brown, Plaintiff, vs. B. O. Lucas and C. E. Bellows, defendants.

To B. O. Lucas, defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff, filed against you in the above entitled suit, within six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in his said complaint, succinctly stated as follows:

For a decree of the court strictly enforcing from any right under the agreement by plaintiff and yourself on May 1, 1913, for sale of south-west quarter of south-west quarter of Section 19 and the north-west quarter of north-west quarter of Section 15 in Township 35 south of Range 1 west of Willamette Meridian, class 4, his thirty days from the date of such decree or such further time as the court may direct, you pay into the court the balance due on said agreement of \$4353.72, with interest at seven per cent per annum from March 1, 1919, and the costs and disbursements herein, failing which payment the decree of this court to be entered that said agreement is null and void and barring and foreclosing you from any right, title or interest in said premises or any part thereof, and giving plaintiff the immediate possession of the same, subject to the lease of C. E. Bellows for the current year thereon, the rent under which lease to be paid to plaintiff and plaintiff to have all other rents, issues and profits on said premises.

This summons is served upon you by publication for six successive weeks in the Jacksonville Post at Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, by order of the Hon. F. M. Calkins, Judge of said court, made in Chambers on March 24, 1919, and the first date of publication of this summons is March 29, 1919, and the time for appearance herein is on or before six weeks from said date, namely, on or before May 10, 1919.

M. PURDIN, Attorney for plaintiff, Postoffice address, Room 405, M. F. & H. Bldg., Medford, Oregon.

Would Be Lonely.

A little friend of mine is quite a mischievous little boy, and after a day of play with the boys of the neighborhood his conduct is not always everything his mother could wish. But he is quite a lovable little chap, too, and was one day showing his affection for his mother in true boy fashion, with hugs and kisses. His father looked on approvingly and said: "That is good, son. That is the way I like to see my boy. Can't you always play nicely and be good?" The answer voiced the feeling of Young America: "Sure, I can but I'd have to play by myself."—Chicago Tribune.

BOLSHEVISM—ITS CURE

President Wilson has asked for food to stop the wave of Bolshevism rolling westward out of Russia. No intelligent person doubts the value of food as a first aid, but at bottom the security of our institutions rests upon the working interest the people take in those institutions.

Citizens having no interest in a government, no economic interest in the success of that government, are apt to be the first victims of vicious propaganda or unbalanced political theorists. On the other hand men and women who have invested in their government either by way of conducting private enterprise under its protection or through direct purchase of government securities have something at stake and desire to maintain stable institutions. Such persons are not necessarily reactionists. They may be quite progressive and anxious for reform where reform is needed.

Consequently the effective barrier to Bolshevism in America today is thrift and investment. The philosophy must reach into the workshops of the nation. It is reaching into those workshops and into the schoolhouses of the nation in the form of the Thrift Stamp and the War Savings Stamp, interest paying engagements of the United States government which can be bought for as low as 25 cents.

When everybody in America is buying Thrift and War Savings Stamps as a habit, one won't hear much about the I. W. W. in America.

It is the financial and patriotic duty of every American who loves real liberty to get the Thrift Stamp habit NOW.

Work and save. Invest in war savings. Hold your securities. Do not surrender your War Savings Stamps or Liberty Bonds conditionally or unconditionally.

HANGED FOR BURNING COAL

There Was a Time When Job of Looking After Production Would Have Been Sincere.

The present-day restrictions with regard to the use of coal would have seemed very mild to our ancestors, remarks a writer in London Tit-Bits. There is no doubt that the use of what used to be called "sea coal" to distinguish it from charcoal had its drawbacks.

Many look forward to the time when there will be no more smoky chimneys in Britain, when the atmosphere of London will be as clean as it must have been in the days of Good Queen Bess, and when a new building will not be begrimed with soot almost as soon as it is built.

In the reign of Edward I the inhabitants of London petitioned the king against the growing use of coal, declaring that it was "a public nuisance, corrupting the air with its stink and smoke, to the great detriment of their health." Whereupon the king prohibited its use, offenders to be punished for a first offense by a fine and for a second to have their kilns and furnaces destroyed.

The practice of using coal was at length made a capital offense and a man was tried, condemned and hanged for burning coal in London.

In those days the population of England probably did not exceed four or five million, and wood was plentiful and cheap from the vast forests that covered tens of thousands of square miles where now are great towns.

ALWAYS 'SOMETHING TO DO

Secret of Sir Walter Scott's Marvelous Literary Achievements Told in a Few Words.

"Never to be doing nothing" was the simple but effective rule that enabled Sir Walter Scott to get done the enormous amount of work for which he is noted. A passage in Lockhart's life of the poet and novelist reads:

"Those who observed him the most constantly were never able to understand how he contrived to keep himself so thoroughly up with the stream of contemporary literature of almost all sorts, French and German, as well as English. That a rapid glance might tell him more than another man could gather by a week's poring may easily be guessed; but the grand secret was his perpetual practice of his own grand maxim, never to be doing nothing. He had no 'unconsidered trifles' of time. Every moment was turned to account; and thus he had leisure for everything—except, indeed, the newspapers, which consume so many precious hours nowadays with most men, and of which, during the period of my acquaintance with him, he certainly read less than any other man I ever knew that had any habit of reading at all. I should also except, speaking generally, the reviews and magazines of the time. Of these he saw few, and of the few he read little."

Varying Movements of Leaves.

Different species of trees move their leaves very differently, so that one may sometimes tell by the motion of shadows on the ground, if he be too indolent to look up, under what kind of tree he is sitting. On the tulip-tree (which has the finest name that ever tree had, making the very pronouncing of its name almost like the utterance of a strain of music—Liriodendron tulipifera), on the tulip-tree, the aspen, and on all native poplars, the leaves have an intense individualism. Each one moves to suit itself. Under the same wind one is trilling up and down, another is whirling, another slowly vibrating right and left, and others still, quieting themselves to sleep, as a mother gently pats her slumbering child; and each one intent upon a motion of its own. Sometimes other trees have single frisky leaves, but usually the oaks, maples, beeches, have community of motion. They are all acting together, or are all alike still.—Henry Ward Beecher.

The Bishop of Verdun.

St. Vanne, or Vintonus, died November 9, 1225. A celebrated congregation of reformed Benedictines in Lorraine, formed in the abbey of St. Vanne in Verdun, in 1694, took him for patron, and from the famous abbey and that of Moyen-Monster, dedicated in honor of St. Hydulphe, bears the name of St. Vanne and St. Hydulphe. Many in France desired to accede to the reform, but on account of the wars then existing, a union was thought too difficult. A reform under the same plan was set on foot in France, under the name of the Congregation of St. Maur, and began in the abbey of St. Austin in Limoges in 1613, and confirmed by Gregory XV, in 1627, which now comprises 185 abbeys and priories.

Mystic Shrine.

The Ancient and Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine was founded 1,400 years ago at Mecca, Arabia. The modern order is of comparatively recent origin. It was founded at New York in 1871 by William J. Florence, the actor. It contains a legend as to Arabic origin and on its altars rest copies of the Bible and the Koran. The Mystic Shrine is an entirely separate organization from the Masonic order. However, one of the provisions of membership is that the applicant must be either a Scottish Rite Mason, that is to say, a Mason of the thirty-second degree, or a member of the order of Knights Templar.

RACIAL BLENDINGS IN SYRIA

So Many Nations Have Overrun the Country That No One Race Can Claim Pre-eminence.

Syria, the region extending from the Taurus mountains to Egypt and from the desert to "the great sea," is the land of the patriarchs and prophets and apostles—"the Holy Land." Its population numbers about three and one-half million of Semitic origin, speaking the Arabic language, and yet with so many races intermingled through the centuries of the various conquests and occupations that the people cannot claim any one race as their own. Greek, Roman and European crusader, all have blended with the ancient Semitic stock to produce the Syrians of today.

In Syria was the one green spot of Turkey—the Lebanon mountains. In 1800, because of the massacres, the European powers insisted that these mountains be made autonomous. And since that date this little district has been a living demonstration of what the people of the land are capable of becoming.

The steep mountain sides have been terraced to a height of 4,000 feet and planted to olives, figs and vines. Taxes have been low, safety to person and property secured, good roads built and kept in repair. The people have constructed more comfortable homes and have sent their sons to schools and colleges.

The story of the achievements of the Lebanon and its sons during these 60 years of autonomy would be a thrilling narrative in itself.

KEEP COOL AND KEEP WELL

Some Points of Importance to Be Remembered When an Epidemic Is Threatening Public Health.

At its worst any epidemic takes but a relatively small toll of the population, and as a rule the majority of people are resistant to the assaults of the worst disease germs, including influenza, if they but take ordinary care of themselves. This is important. Whatever medical science may advise as to prevention or as to treatment, one simple fact that outweighs everything else is that if every individual will but follow the normal life he has led, and those things that are suited to his system, things he has always eaten with resulting good health, rest and sleep as usual and avoid overfatigue while carrying on his work, also as usual, he will escape the pestilence. There is no excuse for any panic. Above all, the individual should remember that the first and last rule to follow in this state of things is to keep cool and keep well. For the man who will keep cool will keep well, and the man who keeps well and has all his faculties about him will keep cool. This is no time for official or individual or collective hysteria.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Extravagance.

It makes no difference who administers the extravagance or how high the purpose is, extravagance is an evil in itself. There is something in the very fact that invites venality and corruption. The very sight of a great pile of money excites desire that too often finds some way for satisfying itself. The papers are full of instances of this kind. In fact, we could write a pretty good history of the country if we limited our narrative to graft and grabbing only, and yet much of it is overlooked because it is usual and expected. Extravagance has made many an unearned fortune and it is doing as much these days, especially in government contracts. This country should hasten to apply the doctrine that an overcharge is a crime and that profiting is treason. There is nothing that so destroys the democratic level of a nation, whether it appears on the heights or in the depths.—Ohio State Journal.

Strike That Failed.

Labor strikes were frequent even in the earliest recorded days. An important strike occurred in Egypt during the reign of Cheops, several thousand years before the Christian era. While the great pyramid erected in honor of that monarch was in course of construction it is stated that 50,000 workmen refused to continue their labors. They were dissatisfied with the food furnished to them, which was insufficient in quantity and poor in quality. Argument proving useless on the part of the contractors, soldiers were ordered to drive the strikers back to work, and many thousands of them were cut to pieces, while those who could escape fled. The others were compelled to resume their labor.

Dogs in Roumania.

Each nation looks upon the dog in a different way, but the dogs of war and the dogs of peace (of a pastoral and agricultural people like the Roumanians) are beyond doubt the intelligentest of their kind. A little farther east he was sometimes held in fear, and an old Babylonian prayer runs thus: "From the dog, the snake, the scorpion, and whatever is baleful, may Merodach preserve us." . . . On the other hand, on some of the wonderful bas-reliefs of that period, our four-footed friends have been gratefully immortalized, and their names remain written thereon to this day—"He who ran and barked." "The biter of his foes." "The seizer of his enemies." But here in Roumania "slayer of the wolf," "the friend of sheep," "tokens a less disinterested path in life.—Exchange.

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D. W. BAGSHAW

Attorney at Law

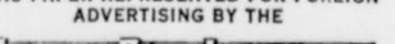
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER Office with Jacksonville Post. JACKSONVILLE, OREGON

H. K. HANNA

Lawyer

Office in Bank of Jacksonville Building JACKSONVILLE, OREGON

THIS PAPER REPRESENTED FOR FOREIGN ADVERTISING BY THE



GENERAL OFFICES NEW YORK AND CHICAGO BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES

Change in Southern Pacific Time

Table.

Effective Nov. 13, 1916.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

- 14 Portland Passenger..... 8:20 A.M.
16 Oregon Express..... 6:20 P.M.
12 Shasta Limited ..... 2:18 A.M.
SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.
15 California Express..... 10:50 P.M.
13 San Francisco Express... 9:05 A.M.
11 Shasta Limited..... 3:20 A.M.
17 Ashland Passenger 4:35 P.M.