

# Jacksonville Post

SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1919

## LOCAL NEWS

William L. Lewis of Central Point was a business visitor in this city today.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lewis were visitors at Medford Friday.

Mesdames Parson and Jackson of Ashland visited Miss Essie McCully this week.

Mrs. Agnes Butler, Miss Alice Hoelt and Miss Edith Hoelt attended the Kolb and Dill performance at Medford, Thursday evening.

Mayor Britt and sister, Miss Amalia, were visitors at Medford Friday.

Olin Knox left Wednesday for Grants Pass where he will visit relatives.

Mrs. Roy Ulrich was a visitor at Medford Monday forenoon.

Judge Gardner returned Friday from Portland where he had been attending a road meeting.

The Victory Loan Special will be in the valley next week, a telegram to the Post announced last night. The trophies will be on exhibition at Ashland Saturday night and at Medford on the following Monday.

Preparations are about complete for beginning the drilling of a test well for oil in the Coker Butte district near Medford.

J. B. Renault, general manager for the Home Gas Appliance company, reports good success in securing local agents in a number of towns and feels assured that the volume of business will be large. Mr. Renault has recently purchased an Overland car to facilitate his traveling to different points.

Lewis Ulrich and Jno. M. Williams Co. have new ads this week; they each contain matters of interest to careful buyers. Better read them.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Ulrich were at Medford to see Kolb and Dill in "As You Were", Thursday night.

County Judge Gardner and both the county commissioners were at Portland this week trying to arrange for state and government aid for roads in Jackson county.

Attorney Newton W. Borden of Medford transacted business in this city Tuesday.

Judge H. G. Dox, mention of whose illness was made in the last issue of this paper, was taken to a hospital at Medford Monday. Latest reports state that he is improving.

H. C. Knopp of Applegate was in town first of the week.

A local teachers' institute is scheduled to be held here this afternoon.

The public service commission has authorized an increase in gas rates to be charged in Ashland, Talent, Phoenix, Medford, Grants Pass and Roseburg, effective April 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Chapman went over to see Kolb and Dill, at Medford Thursday night.

John Cantrall of Ruch who is ill with a complication of diseases, was taken to a hospital at Medford, Wednesday.

The county draft board has finished its labors and will officially cease to exist to-day. The records have been turned over to the government.

Garden making is the popular past-time this week.

Cyrenius Combost of Buncom was a visitor in this city Wednesday.

Smallpox is reported at Grants Pass this week.

W. H. Canon and B. F. Piatt of Medford were admitted permanently to practice law in Oregon, by the supreme court at Salem, Tuesday.

Apricot trees are in bloom this week. Chauncey Florey visited friends at Eagle Point, Sunday.

G. E. Pitts of Applegate was a recent visitor in this city.

Benton Pool of Buncom transacted business in this city Monday.

Harrison Fields of Forest creek was a visitor in this city Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Berwert were visitors at Medford Saturday night.

Miss Zola Knox was a visitor at Medford Friday.

Mrs. Harry Hollingsworth of Medford, formerly Miss Pearl Dox of this city, left Wednesday for Portland where she will be operated on at St. Vincent's hospital for the removal of a goitre which has been causing her a great deal of suffering. Seven weeks ago she underwent an operation at Sacred Heart hospital, Medford.

"Speed Cop" McDonald has resigned his position as deputy sheriff and has gone to Portland where he expects to locate.

J. W. Pomeroy of Williams, Oregon, was a recent visitor in this city.

A. S. Bohl of Applegate was in town this week.

John Spiker of Watkins was a recent visitor in this city.

Wallace Eastlick, of Ashland, visited Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pitz Wednesday. Joe Gagnon is hauling logs from his timber tract on Jackson creek to the mill at Medford.

Judge Gardner reports that prospects for state aid on the road to Eagle Point and also the road to the Blue Ledge mine, are good. It is the state commission's approval of these projects it is likely that the government will "chip in" for a part of the expense.

William Newman of Portland was in town Friday morning enroute to the Applegate valley to visit his mother, Mrs. John Marvin. Mr. Newman will be remembered by many of the older residents of the city as he lived here about forty years ago.

W. G. Kenney and J. W. Opp were visitors at Medford Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Roy Smith was a visitor at Medford Friday afternoon.

Justen Hartman who has been repairing a bridge near Medford, completed the job today.

## New Plan Puts off Peace Another Month.

Paris, [March 26.—It has become known that a serious effort is being made in the highest quarters to join together all the peace treaties with Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria, thus making one comprehensive treaty in which Germany would be linked with the other central powers as their responsible head.

While such a step would cause some delay, yet the American and British leaders here feel that it would save time in the end. The inclusion of Austria in a comprehensive treaty would be particularly acceptable to Italy, which has resented the conclusion of terms with Germany in a document which failed to deal with Italy's interests in Austria.

The movement for a single treaty with all the four powers probably grows out of Premier Orlando's strong opposition to such omission. The plan has not yet been fully determined upon.

Should the plan be adopted, it is expected that the four treaties could be linked and completed by May 1.

All work done in 1919 spot cash at W. R. Sparks.

WANTED—Stumpage near Jacksonville. A. T. Edmunson; Beagle, Ore.

## Highway is Praised by all Motorists.

Hood River, Ore., March 28.—Every motorist passing this way is boosting the Columbia River highway. Although the winter has been hard for roads, the unpaved stretch of the road between here and Cascade Locks is said to have emerged in excellent shape. J. S. Nickelson has been in charge of the maintenance of the road. He has kept crews of men busy removing slides and watching the drainage.

Uncle Eben.  
"If you stop to think before you speak," said Uncle Eben, "de chances are you'll discover you didn't have nuffin' wuf tellin', nohow."

## THE ACID TEST

Provost Marshal-General Crowder's report of the work of mobilizing the man-power of the nation under the Selective Draft Act disclosed the reason why America was able to produce such a tremendous quantity of foodstuff despite the drain upon the labor of the country by the operation of the draft. The reason was that sixty-five per cent of the farm labor of the country registered for military service was given deferred classification upon agricultural grounds.

Saving the possible exception of shipyard workers no other single industry was given such consideration as was the pursuit of farming and no class of producers was treated more fairly than the farmers. This was right and just, yet to the credit of the government.

The war is over as far as the fighting is concerned and the government turns to the people to settle up the bills incurred in ending it. It expects the farmer, individually and as a class, to retaliate with the "square deal."

The Victory Liberty Loan—the last of the Liberty Loans—is coming next month. It is going to catch the farmer at the wrong season. That is good.

It will be an acid test.

To learn to save is the first important lesson of life.

## THRIFT MEANS

Getting the most for your money today and in the future.

Being able to meet your obligations to your business associate, your family and your country.

Getting the most out of life, in short, making of it a real success.

War Savings Stamps are a tangible source of success.

## "LATIN QUARTER" OF TOKYO

All Kinds of Schools and Colleges for the Seeker of Knowledge to Be Found There.

Tokyo, considered the educational center of the country, vibrates with student life. In addition to its Imperial university, there are two large private universities with over 12,000 students, various technical schools, commercial schools, normal colleges, high schools, middle schools, a foreign language school, Buddhist and mission schools and 234 primary schools. Gertrude Emerson writes in ASIA Magazine.

The presence of thousands of young students from distant parts of the country who have answered the lure of the capital has brought about a curious housing problem. Many schools provide their own dormitories; most of the provinces support one, and certain philanthropic persons make contributions. The greater number of these Tokyo dormitories and boarding houses are located in the quarter of Kanda, or the "Latin Quarter," as the students themselves euphemistically call it. Jimbo Cho, the principal thoroughfare, with its rows and rows of little open-faced second-hand book shops catering to the promiscuous student taste, almost rivals the Quails of Paris. A tour of inspection will throw an interesting side light on young Japan's mental furniture. There is invariably a section devoted to foreign books, most English translations of such writers as Maupassant, Zola, Bandelair, Maeterlinck, and the Russians; Ibsen, Oscar Wilde, Shaw and by the way of showing the open-mindedness of the age, Schopenhauer and Conan Doyle very frequently side by side on the same shelf. Then there are volumes of theology and innumerable "Self Helps to Practical English."

It is a curious, indigestible, ill-assorted mass of literary material—this that the Japanese student avidly swallows, like a prescribed dose, convinced that with one gulp he will become master of all Western wisdom.

## DEMAND FOR HOLY PLACES

So Long as Religion Exists There Must Be Spots Devoted by Men to Veneration.

As long as religion exists men will look for its holy places. If they do not find its sanctuaries ready at hand in the natural features of the country in which they live, or if they are not provided with places consecrated by the history of the past, they will make them for themselves in their churches and their shrines.

Men need some special place where they can know that they are in the Divine presence and can offer their homage before his throne. The places of men's veneration are frequently impressive and beautiful, but, on the other hand, they may be the barest buildings, having nothing of grace or beauty to please the eye. Yet the meekest building becomes ablaze with Divine glory to those who have met God within its walls. And where generation after generation of men, each in its turn, has bent in reverence to worship, or to listen in faith to the word of the most high in warning, encouragement or comfort as they most need, they have dedicated holy places with a reverence due to the honor of God and the memory of his people.—London Times.

## The Ancient Quipu.

The quipu reached its most elaborate form among the Peruvians, from whose language the term "quipu" meaning "knot," is borrowed. It consists of a main cord, to which are fastened at given distances thinner cords of different colors, each cord being knotted in divers ways for special purposes, and each color having its own significance. Red strands stood for soldiers, yellow for gold, white for silver, green for corn, and so forth, while a single knot meant ten, two knots meant twenty, double knots two hundred. Such simple devices served manifold purposes. Besides their convenience in reckoning, they were used for keeping the annals of the empire of the Incas; for transmitting orders to outlying provinces; for registering details of the army.

## Individuality in Groves.

To many people a grove is a grove, and all groves are alike. There is as marked a difference between different forests as between different communities. A grove of pines without underbrush, carpeted with the fine-fingered russet leaves of the pine, and odorous of resinous gums, has scarcely a trace of likeness to a maple woods, either in the insects, the birds, the shrubs, the light and shade, or the sound of its leaves. . . . At any rate, the first pines must have grown on the sea shore, and learned their first accents from the surf and the waves; and their posterity have borne it inland to the mountains.—Henry Ward Beecher.

## Liberty Is Responsibility.

Peace and order and security and liberty are safe so long as love of country burns in the heart of the people. It should not be forgotten, however, that liberty does not mean lawlessness. Liberty to make our own laws does not give us license to break them. Liberty to make our own laws commands a duty to observe them ourselves and to enforce obedience among all others within their jurisdiction. Liberty is responsibility, and responsibility is duty, and that duty is to preserve the exceptional liberty we enjoy within the law and for the law and by the law.—McKinley.

## HEADGEAR OF ALL FASHIONS

In the Revolutionary War the Hats Worn by the Soldiers Were of Many Designs.

In our past wars there were no such things as flying shrapnel, or airplanes that dropped darts of steel on the soldiers below, so American soldiers wore ordinary army hats. But modern warfare has made it necessary that soldiers wear helmets of steel.

In the Revolutionary war our soldiers' hats were of many designs. One of the most common was the "cocked" hat, made of black or brown felt and turned up on the sides to form three corners. The Virginia riflemen wore brown felt hats with one side turned up, and the Maryland riflemen brown fur-trimmed hats.

The hat generally worn by the New York rangers or riflemen was of black felt, cap shaped, turned up in front, with a plume. Sometimes words were marked on the front, such as "Liberty," "Death," etc. Soldiers in the cavalry or "light horse" of Philadelphia wore sportsmen's caps, ornamented with buck's tails.

Hats worn by the First Governors' foot guards of Connecticut were closely modeled after those of the British Grenadiers. They were of black fur, cap shaped, with a piece of yellow felt in front. On the side they were decorated with a red plume. Privates in the Pennsylvania companies wore braided-hat hats. The dragoons wore can-shaped helmets.

## THINK VAMPIRES KILL SHEEP

Macedonian Shepherds Have Firm Belief in the Existence of Creatures of a Lower World.

A Macedonian shepherd, tending his flocks in the high pastures, sets off on his rounds in the morning, and finds several of his sheep mangled about the neck, dying or dead. He hastens to the nearest village and spreads the awful news—Vampires!

Now, a vampire may only be seen by certain gifted people, and these make it their life's business to destroy them. Their usual fee is about sixty dollars. So the shepherd hastens to a vampire killer, and this man takes down his long musket, loads it, and rams down a holy wafer on top of the charge. He puts on a long sheepskin coat and sets out for the hills.

Just before dawn he will be heard to fire a single shot. At daybreak he shows the shepherd a pool of blood. That is the dead vampire, for a vampire is all blood, and being shot, of course resolves into a pool of blood.

A vampire slayer is treated with great deference by his neighbors. He is a power in the land. But in all villages there is usually one scowling one man who can read, or, perhaps, has traveled outside his native land. He laughs when you mention vampires, and talks of wolves and dogs that have run amuck. He even hints that it is possible to hide a bladder filled with blood beneath the long sheepskin coat the slayer wears. There is bad feeling between the vampire slayer and this scowler. They pass each other without speaking.

## "Houses Roofed With Gold."

"Houses roofed with gold," of which Marco Polo wrote from rumor, were not mythical. On first arriving in Japan I made a journey to Otoko Yama, in central Japan, January 27, 1871, to test the story.

For centuries gold had little more value in Japan than in South America when Balboa sought the Pacific. Even until 1839 gold was worth only four times as much as silver. I found at the Shinto temple, erected 850 A. D., a gilded rain conduit which once encircled the whole of the eaves of the roof, but after the long wars only 30 feet or so was left.

Even at the Vienna exposition the solid gold plates on the dolphin from the Nakoya castle attracted attention. It is historically true that in early Japan there were roofs of gold.—W. E. Griffis in New York Tribune.

## Getting Full Value of Flowers.

Highly ornamental vases are attractive in themselves but, as flower holders, they may be said to be partial failures, as they do not serve their purpose to the fullest extent. They rather attract attention to themselves, than set off the blooms for which they are designed. A vase of plain material or color, or one on which the design is obscure, is more to be desired, as it presents the flowers in their full beauty, and does not distract one's attention. In the same way, a vase of insertion, or a shade that blends with the flowers it holds, is far more attractive than one of contrasting color. Vases that are to be used for all kinds of flowers might better be green, of a dull shade, as this resembles the plant coloring and is not noticeable.

## Death of Madame Roland.

The terrible French revolution brought many women as well as men into prominence, some for their genius, some for their crimes and some for their misfortunes. Among the number was Mme. Roland, wife of a famous adherent of the revolution, who was guillotined November 8, 1793. As she passed to the scaffold, she gazed at a gigantic statue of Liberty erected near it and exclaimed, "O Liberty! how many crimes are committed in thy name!" Mme. Roland was not only a good but a beautiful woman, and the guillotine took the life of one who was, perhaps, the most remarkable woman of the French revolution.

## At The Churches

### PREBYTERIAN

Albert H. Gammons, Minister

Sunday Services regularly as follows: 10:30 A. M. Sabbath School. Church for all ages.

11:30 A. M. Morning worship with sermon.

6:45 P. M. Christian Endeavor Prayer meeting.

7:30 P. M. Evening worship, with sermon.

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

Everyone welcome to these meetings. "I was glad when they said unto me let us go into the house of the Lord."—Ps. 122:1.

### CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

Services held every Sunday morning at 11 o'clock in L. O. O. F. Hall. Everybody welcome.

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## Weather Report.

Following is the report of U. S. Volunteer Cooperative Observer, E. Britt, Jacksonville, for month of Dec. Latitude 42 deg. 18. min. north; longitude 123 deg. 5 min. west.

Date	Maximum	Minimum	Precip.
1	41	24	
2	39	28	
3	42	26	
4	41	36	.20
5	59	38	.25
6	48	33	.30
7	51	33	.04
8	61	42	.08
9	52	38	1.72
10	45	34	.14
11	46	35	.10
12	43	32	.10
13	38	30	.11
14	53	33	.02
15	51	34	
16	46	34	.39
17	43	35	.27
18	43	27	
19	41	32	.14
20	44	33	.03
21	38	31	.22
22	38	31	.14
23	46	29	.02
24	47	33	
25	46	34	.57
26	41	33	1.12
27	48	32	.61
28	49	34	.14
29			
30			
31			6.55

Temperature—mean max. 46.5; mean min. 32.82; mean 37.16; Max 53 on 14; Minimum 24 on 1. Greatest daily range, 29. Total precipitation 6.86 inches. Greatest in 24 hours, 1.92 in., on 9. Number of days with 0.1 inch or more precipitation, 22, clear, 3; partly cloudy, 0; cloudy, 25.  
Total snowfall 1 1/2 inches  
Precipitation for season, 18.66  
Precipitation for last season 16.65  
Seasonal average  
E. BRITT,  
Cooperative Observer.

## Southern Oregon Traction Company Time Table

Effective Feb. 22d, 1919  
Leave Jacksonville.  
7:20 a. m. daily except Sunday  
8:30 a. m. daily except Sunday  
10:00 a. m. Sunday only  
11:30 a. m. daily except Sunday  
2:00 p. m. daily  
3:45 p. m. daily  
5:00 p. m. daily  
7:15 p. m. Wed & Sat. only  
Leave Medford.  
8:00 a. m. daily except Sunday  
9:30 a. m. Sunday only  
9:45 a. m. daily except Sunday  
10:28 a. m. Sunday only  
12:08 Noon-daily  
2:45 p. m. daily  
4:30 p. m. daily  
6:00 p. m. daily  
10:00 p. m. Wed & Sat. only

Sixth Year Established in Jackson County.

## THE DOW HOSPITAL

Personally conducted by Doctors Dow and Dow. Fully equipped for all surgical and obstetrical cases. Trained nurses only, employed.

"SERVICE AND RESULTS FOR THE PATIENT"

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All kinds of rough and dressed Lumber  
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Fountain Pens, Toilet Goods,  
Correspondence Cards, &c.

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