

Mr. Trowbridge's Second Courtship

By ETHEL HOLMES

Walter Trowbridge kissed his wife goodby, went out to a cab and was driven for the station. He was off on a business trip, to be absent several weeks. A few days after his departure, while sitting at breakfast in his hotel, he took up a paper and read the following item among the casualties:

A woman with a card in her portmanteau with the name of Mrs. Walter K. Trowbridge on it while crossing Main street yesterday was knocked down by a motor-car. She was picked up insensible and taken to a hospital. On recovering her consciousness her first remark was, "Dan, I spent every cent of that \$29 you gave me." When asked who Dan was, she said he was her husband. The house surgeon says that this is a case of amnesia. The woman has not been herself—Mrs. Daniel Lee, she says—for ten years.

Mr. Trowbridge's eyes started from their sockets as he read. When he finished the item he threw the paper on the floor and began the hardest job of thinking he had ever done in his life.

Some seven or eight years before he had married his typewriter, Mildred Stevens. He asked no questions about her antecedents, and she offered no information. She remembered being picked up from a sidewalk where a building was being erected—something had fallen upon her—and from that moment she remembered nothing of her past. She set about making a living, taking a position in an office and studying stenography. Several years later brought her into Trowbridge's employ, and after six months he had married her.

Returning to his home—he missed his wife's greeting—he sallied forth to the hospital and asked to see Mrs. Lee. She had much improved from her injuries and Trowbridge was admitted to her presence.

She looked at him wondering who he was and why he had called on her.

"I am interested, madam," he said, "in cases of suspended memory, and having read an account of your case, have come to ask you a few questions. I want to help you to find your former relatives."

"Thank you very much, sir," was the reply. "I will cheerfully answer any questions you may ask."

"Have you any children?"

"No."

Trowbridge gave a sigh of relief.

"How long have you been married, according to your recollection?"

"A year and a half."

"Now, if you will give me your residence I will be pleased to notify your husband."

"I lived at No. — Jones street, Brandon, Pa."

That same night Trowbridge started for Brandon and the next morning appeared at the address given. No such person now lived there, but a woman living across the street gave an account of a man named Lee, whose wife had mysteriously disappeared, having lived there and who had died long ago. Trowbridge followed the matter up so far as to make certain of Mr. Lee's death, then returned to break the sad news to Mrs. Lee. He did it so kindly that the lady was quite charmed.

When Trowbridge left her she remarked to one of the nurses that the gentleman was unusually nice. The nurse repeated the compliment to Trowbridge and he was much encouraged.

What bothered him was how to locate the lady while he was doing some courting. He couldn't shock her by asking her to come to live with him, and if she married him he desired that she should wish to do so. He told the hospital authorities the conditions and his intentions, and they agreed to keep her there so long as possible. Fortunately for his plan she did not become well enough to be discharged for a couple of weeks, and the house surgeon refused to discharge her then. Mr. Trowbridge paying for her keep till his plans were matured.

Trowbridge did not delay beginning his courtship. His first offering was flowers, and these he kept sending as fast as they withered. He found it hard to talk sentimentally to a woman with whom he had lived long enough for the heyday of love to have worn away, but he did his best. That he succeeded was evident from the pleasure Mrs. Lee showed in his attentions and her distress when he absented himself.

At last when there seemed to be no excuse for keeping the patient longer in the hospital Trowbridge proposed to her. She was glad enough to accept him, for she knew that she must soon be turned out to shift for herself, and the prospect was a gloomy one.

One morning Trowbridge was driven up to the hospital in a Prince Albert coat, a silk hat and a chrysanthemum in his buttonhole. Mrs. Lee, for whom he had surreptitiously provided a suitable wedding costume, came down from her room, and the two entered the chapel and were married, the Lohengren wedding march being rendered for the occasion. After congratulations they were driven to the home in which they had already lived together, and, as Mr. Trowbridge afterwards expressed it, "the nonsense was over."

Mrs. Trowbridge was so bride-like in her demeanor that her husband had not the heart to tell her that she had merely resumed a former status. He kept putting off the information from time to time, dreading to tell her, and at last he gave up doing so. Mrs. Trowbridge is still ignorant of her relations with her husband before her second marriage with him.

EVERYBODY WANTS IMPROVED ROADS

Plan That Will Insure State
Better Highways to Be
Voted Upon in June.

Everybody wants good roads. The need for improved highways is admitted. Every citizen is anxious and willing to pay his share towards the cost of building good roads. All the individual ever has insisted upon and is asking today is that the public receive one dollar of value for every dollar expended in road construction. Frequently in the past the public has not received full value from these expenditures. But this has been due invariably to the lack of a systematic plan of road building and an intelligent supervision of the work by public officials charged with disbursing the fund.

The last Legislature, however, provided the necessary legislation for introducing in Oregon a systematic and intelligent campaign for the state-wide construction of permanent hard surface highways. A complete road code was adopted and a Highway Commission created for its administration. Another measure provided for issuance of bonds aggregating \$1,800,000 with which to match an equal amount provided by the Government, under the Shackleford Act, for the construction of post roads and forest roads.

Most important of the Legislative measures was that authorizing the issue of bonds to the amount of \$6,000,000 for the construction of main trunk lines throughout the state. At the same time, another bill was passed doubling the annual license on all automobiles and motor vehicles. The revenue from this source, together with the money derived from the existing one-fourth mill road tax will meet all interest charges of the proposed bond issue and retire the bonds without adding a dollar to the direct taxes of the individual.

Of these various measures, only one—the \$6,000,000 Bond Bill—will be submitted to the voters for their approval at the special election, June 4th. This measure asks nothing of anybody except that which he must pay under laws which go into effect regardless of whether the bond issue be adopted. All manner of safeguards have been provided outside the bonding act. The Highway Commission has been reorganized, methods of road construction have been reformed, competition in contracts has been made compulsory and an anti-conspiracy bill has been passed. Amortization tables show that the income now irrevocably provided will retire the \$6,000,000 bond issue, meet the requirements of the Federal Act, provide maintenance of roads and leave a surplus even if there be no increase in assessed value or number of automobiles.

Approval of the bond measure by the voters is all that is needed to carry out the good roads campaign effectively. Indorsement of the bonds at the June election would mean that actual road construction could begin this year. In passing on this measure, voters are not asked to vote blindly. The pending bond bill describes the roads that are to be constructed and defines the general character of their construction. All roads will be built under the supervision of the State Highway Commission which was created for that specific purpose.

The members of the Commission are men of the strictest integrity. They are among the state's most representative citizens who have achieved an enviable success in the business world. As appointees of Governor Withycombe, they may be depended upon to conduct the business of state road building with the same fidelity they have shown in their personal affairs. The personnel of the Commission is a guarantee that all road funds coming into its hands will be disbursed wisely and economically.

EVERY PRODUCER WILL BE AIDED.

Good roads concern and should interest every citizen. They reduce the cost per ton to the producer in marketing his products. This is an important factor in determining the ultimate cost to the consumer. Good roads mean a substantial saving in the operating cost of 36,000 motor vehicles in this state and will effect a further saving of at least 10 per cent in the depreciation of all vehicles. These two items amount into almost incredible sums annually. All money raised for good roads will be expended in this state, contributing to the welfare of all. Good roads increase the value of all land contiguous to the highways that are improved. This stimulates road construction in other communities. Could more material reasons be urged for supporting the good roads bond bill at the special election June 4th?

STRONG ARGUMENT FOR GOOD ROAD BONDS

One of the most forceful appeals for good roads was that offered for the Grange measures, which provided for a bond issue and was printed in the 1912 official state pamphlet. From that argument the following is quoted: "Business Men and Farmer, Producer and Consumer: Vote for the Grange Measures, for you one and all are interested in the development of the state, that can never be accomplished without the construction of good, permanent roads, built economically and scientifically. Spence, Shaw, Leedy, Mason, Committee Oregon State Grange."

Shoddy Tricks of Writing.

In "The Art of Writing" Sir Arthur Quiller-Couch, inveighing against the "trick of elegant variation," criticizes a certain undergraduate's essay on Byron. In an essay on Byron, he says, Byron is, or ought to be, mentioned many times. "But my undergraduate has a blushing sense that to call Byron twice on one page is indelicate. So Byron, after starting bravely as Byron, in the second sentence turns into 'that great but unequal poet,' and thenceforward I have as much trouble with Byron as ever Telemachus with Proteus to hold and pin him back to his proper self." Among the truly wonderful variations recorded by Sir Arthur are "the gloomy master of Newstead," "the meteoric darling of society," "the apostle of scorn" and "the martyr of Missolonghi."

Salt Means Much to Health.

"If the human race should be deprived of salt, even for a period of a few months," said a physician, "we would not only lose a natural healthful incentive for our food, but disease, with all its attendant miseries, would spread with such relentless speed as to defy the efforts of the most skillful doctors of the land. Alling persons frequently refuse sugar, but they seldom turn up their noses at common salt. That is because there is in the body a deficiency of chloride of sodium, and nature intuitively excites the desire for it. Salt is essential to health and life and is as much a food as bread or flesh. If there is no wish for salt in a person doctors uniformly conclude that disease in some form is lurking unsuspected in the system."

The Barking Wolf.

The prairie wolf, the coyote of the Mexicans, is the American representative of the old world jackal. It is thirty-six to forty inches long, with a tail measuring sixteen to eighteen inches. Its color is usually a yellowish gray on the back and sides, with black cloudings. The under parts and inside of limbs are of a dirty white. The cry is a sort of snapping bark, and for this reason the animal is known as the barking wolf. It lives and breeds in burrows and has its young in April, often ten at a time. It hunts in packs and is very fleet.

Let Him Say Something.

"I'm just waiting for my husband to complain about my extravagance this month."

"Ready to give him an argument, eh?"

"You bet I am. By mistake his golf club checks came to the house, and I've got 'em."—Detroit Free Press.

The Hen.

The hen is nowhere noticed in the Old Testament. It is mentioned in the New Testament, however, in Matthew xxiii, 27, and Luke xlii, 24. That a bird so common in Palestine should receive such slight notice is considered to be singular.

His Sole Occupation.

Cholly—Will you marry me if I stop smoking cigarettes?
Miss Bright—No, Mr. Sappy; I couldn't think of marrying a man who did nothing.—Boston Transcript.

Legal Advertisements.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

By virtue of an execution in force and order of sale duly issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for the County of Jackson, to me directed and dated on the 7th day of April 1917, in a certain suit therein, wherein J. W. Haines as Plaintiff recovered judgment against J. C. Edwin Shipley, A. H. Sunderman and Lula M. Sunderman his wife defendants, for the sum of Five Hundred (\$500.00) less \$5.00 paid March 16, 1916, with interest thereon from May 27, 1915 at 6%, and the further sum of \$13.75 paid for fire insurance and \$50.00 as attorney's fees, and with costs and disbursements taxed at \$14.40, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the Clerk's office of said Court in said County on the 31st day of March 1917.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of said execution, I will on the 15th day of May, 1917, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the front door of the Courthouse in the City of Jacksonville, in Jackson County, Oregon, offer for sale and will sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, to satisfy said judgment, together with the costs of this sale, subject to redemption as provided by law, all of the right, title and interest that the said defendants, J. C. Edwin Shipley, A. H. Sunderman and Lula M. Sunderman, his wife, jointly or individually, had on the 27th day of May, 1914, or have since acquired, or now have in and to the following described property, situated in Jackson County, State of Oregon, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the east line of Oak Street, Two hundred and seventy-one feet northerly from the southwest corner of Block Three (3) in the original townsite of Woodville (now Rogue River) as the same is shown on the plat thereof, filed as a public record in the office of the County Recorder in and for said Jackson County; Running thence northerly twenty-five (25) feet; thence east one hundred (100) feet; thence south twenty-five (25) feet; thence west

one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning; together with the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1917.

RALPH G. JENNINGS,
Sheriff of Jackson
County, Oregon.
By LESLIE W. STANSELL, Deputy

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, IN AND FOR JACKSON COUNTY.
Francis A. McCargar, Plaintiff,

vs.
Rogue River Farm Products Company, a corporation, Northern Bank & Trust Company, of Seattle, Washington, a corporation, and W. H. Walker, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a writ of execution issued out of and under the seal of the above-entitled court in the above entitled cause, to me directed, and dated April 7, 1917, and which writ was issued upon request of plaintiff and in compliance with and upon a judgment, decree and order of sale rendered and entered in the above entitled court and cause on March 31, 1917, and duly docketed in Volume—at page—of Judgment Book of above entitled court and wherein the plaintiff, Francis A. McCargar, recovered judgment against the defendant Rogue River Farm Products Company, a corporation, for the following sums, namely: \$1,833.21, being the amount of principal and accrued interest due at the date of said decree upon the note and mortgage therein foreclosed; the further and additional sum of \$21.22, being the amount of taxes expended by plaintiff upon the mortgaged premises pursuant to the terms of said mortgage; the further and additional sum of \$150,000 adjudged to plaintiff as reasonable attorney's fees in said suit; and the further and additional sum of \$37.50 taxed as costs and disbursements in said suit; with interest on said judgment, including the aforesaid several sums, at the rate of 8% per annum from the date of said judgment and decree, namely, from March 31, 1917; and by which decree the said above named defendants are and each of them is foreclosed of all right, title, estate, lien or interest in or to the hereinafter described premises, including all interest that said defendants above named, or any of them had therein on May 21, 1914, or which they, or any of them, have since acquired or now have therein, and by which decree the same is ordered to be sold for the satisfaction of the aforesaid judgment:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of said judgment, decree, order of sale and execution, and in compliance with the commands of said writ, I will on Monday, the 7th day of MAY, 1917, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day at the front door of the court house in Jacksonville, Jackson County, State of Oregon, offer for sale and sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, subject to redemption as by statute provided, the following described real property and all interest that the defendants above named or any of them, had therein on May 21, 1914, (the date of the mortgage foreclosed in said cause,) or that they have since acquired or now have therein, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution, judgment, decree and accruing costs, to-wit:

The Northwest quarter of Northwest quarter, and Lots Nos. ONE (1), TWO (2) and THREE (3) in Section Twenty-two (22), in Township Thirty-seven (37) South, Range ONE (1) West of the Willamette Meridian, containing 52½ acres, together with all tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, all being situated in Jackson County, State of Oregon.

DATED this 7th day of APRIL, A. D. 1917.

RALPH G. JENNINGS,
Sheriff of Jackson County, Oregon,
By LESLIE W. STANSELL, Deputy.

Date of first publication April 7, 1917.
Date of last publication May 5, 1917.

Notice of Final Account

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON.

In the matter of the Estate of Lewis A. Wait, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned as administrator of the Estate of Lewis A. Wait, deceased, has filed his final account in the County Court of the State of Oregon in and for Jackson County and that Monday the 7th day of May 1917, at the hour of 10 A. M. of said day in the court room of said court has been named by the said court as the time and place for hearing all objection thereto and settlement thereof.

Dated at Jacksonville, Oregon, this 7th day of April 1917.

JOHN A. WAIT,
Administrator of the
Estate of Lewis A.
Wait, Deceased.

First publication April 7, 1917.
Last publication May 5th 1917.

Summons.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF OREGON FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

Ethan Allen Hildreth, Plaintiff,
vs.
Dessa Margie Hildreth, Defendant.

To the above named defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby summoned and required to appear in the above entitled court and cause and answer the complaint of plaintiff on file therein against you within six weeks after the date of the first publication of this summons or within six weeks after the personal service thereof upon you without the State of Oregon; said period of six weeks being the time fixed by the Honorable F. M. Calkins, Judge of the above named Court, in his order directing service of summons by publication, which order bears date March 7, 1917, within which you shall so appear and answer or be adjudged to be in default therein.

And you will further take notice that if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, Plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, a succinct statement of which is as follows, to-wit:

For a decree of the court; Dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and divorcing plaintiff from defendant absolutely, together with such other and further relief as the court may deem just and equitable.

Date of first publication March 10, 1917.

PORTER J. NEFF,
Attorney for Plaintiff

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, Etc.

required by the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912 (O. S. 3962) published weekly at Jacksonville, Oregon, for April 1st 1917.

That the name and address of the publisher, editor and business manager is: D. W. Bagshaw, Jacksonville, Oregon.
That there is no managing editor.
That the owners are:
D. W. Bagshaw, Jacksonville Oregon,
Ada L. Bagshaw, Jacksonville, Oregon.
That there are no known bondholders, mortgagees or other security holders.
D. W. Bagshaw, Editor & Publisher.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 3rd day of April, 1917.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Notary Public for Oregon.
(My commission expires Jan. 19, 1921.)

Notice of Final Account

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON.

In the matter of the Estate of August Rehkopf, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, as administrator of the Estate of August Rehkopf, deceased, has filed his final account in the County Court of the State of Oregon in and for Jackson County and that May 14, 1917 at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day in the court room of said court has been named by said court as the time and place for hearing all objections thereto and settlement thereof.

Dated at Medford, Oregon, this 13th day of April, 1917.

HENRY A. REHKOPF,
Administrator.

First publication April 14, 1917, and last publication May 12, 1917.

Summons.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON IN AND FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

Charles Nickell, Plaintiff,
vs.
Chas. B. Wolcott, defendant.

Action at law to recover money.
To Chas. E. Wolcott, the above named defendant:

You are hereby required to be and appear in the above-entitled court and cause on or before the expiration of six weeks from and after the date of the first publication of this summons to then and there answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause, and if you fail to so appear you are hereby notified that plaintiff will apply to the court for a judgment against you for the sum of \$74.29 with interest thereon at 10% per annum from May 30, 1895, and for the further sum of \$50.00 reasonable attorney's fees, and for the costs and disbursements of this action to be taxed.

You are further notified that plaintiff will apply to the court for the sale of sufficient of the real property heretofore attached herein to satisfy said judgment which real property is described as follows to-wit: NE¼ of NW¼ NW¼ of NE¼, NW¼ of SE¼, Section 7, Twp. 37, South, Range 2 West, and E½ of NW¼, SE¼ of SW¼ in Section 12, Twp. 37, South, Range 3 West, all in Jackson County, Oregon.

This summons is served upon you by publication thereof pursuant to the order of Hon. F. M. Calkins, Judge of the above entitled court and which order is of date March 24, 1917.

The date of the first publication of this summons is March 24, 1917.

CHARLES PRIM
Attorney for Plaintiff.

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Lawyer

Office in Bank of Jacksonville Building
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON

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Dentist.

Office Upstairs, over Daniels for Duds
MEDFORD OREGON.

Change in Southern Pacific Time Table.

Effective Nov. 13, 1916.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.
14 Portland Passenger.....8:20 A.M.
16 Oregon Express.....6:20 P.M.
12 Shasta Limited2:18 A.M.
SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.
15 California Express10:50 P.M.
13 San Francisco Express...9:05 A.M.
11 Shasta Limited.....3:20 A.M.
17 Ashland Passenger4:35 P.M.