

An Old Hero's Story

By F. A. MITCHEL

An old Frenchman, a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, who had been in America long enough to speak English as he would if it were French, told me this story over a glass of French wine raised in California:

It was in the beginning of the war when the Prussian had not yet conquered France and we do not think they will overrun the country and dictate terms of peace in Paris. I was with General Le Fevre, who commanded a brigade near the front. We have a railroad and the locomotives and the cars, but when the Prussians cross the border all the employees of the road run away.

In the evening just before sunset an officer rode up to the camp of the Ninth regiment of the line and said: "Any of you men locomotive engineers?"

I have been locomotive engineer before I enlisted in the army, so I shake my hand in the air. The officer he took notice and he call for me to come to him. I go with him to General Le Fevre's headquarters, and the general ask me how much I know about locomotives, and after I tell him he say to me:

"I send a thousand men to the other terminal of the railroad at once. There is one company here and the captain telegraphed to the Prussians are coming to occupy the high ground here, but if he have a thousand men he can hold off the General Bazaine send a large force. It is sixty miles to go, and you must take the train here in little more than an hour. Eef you git here before the Prussians you may save France. Zey are six or seven miles from ze place and march on foot."

I say, "Yes, general, I tak ze men here in one hour if ze locomotive will pull it so fast as zat."

It was vor' dark when we start. Ze moon only leetle crescent, nearly gone down. We run from north to south, ze same way as ze border line between France and Prussia. We do not know if ze Prussians had advanced so far as ze railroad. Eef they haf zey fire into ze train, zey try to throw it off the track. Zey do all zey can to keep us from going on.

My engine vor' good engine, one of ze best of zey kind. I run sixty miles an hour, sometimes more, sometimes less. When I come to ze curves I slow down leetle bit, but make it up when I have a straight road before me. A few Prussian cavalrymen, ze advance of ze Prussians, have come so far as ze railroad, and zey put obstructions on ze track. Suddenly I look ahead and see a tree felled on the rails. I reverse, zen shut my eyes to wait for ze smash. Eet does not come, only a leetle bump.

When an engineer runs into ze dark might he feels like Columbus when he sail into ze dark ocean. I nevaler know when I round a curve, but I run into a big rock or some othar obstruktion zat kill me and wreck ze train behind me. I see specter all ze time. Suddenly a great black something seem to spring up on ze track right before me. I reverse, but before I come to a full stop I see zat it ces nothing but a leetle bug which haf fly on ze glass before ze headlight.

All at once I hear a cracking above ze noise of ze train, and bullets whistle through ze cab. Some Prussian horsemen fire zey carbines at us. But zey do leetle damage, nothing but break my right arm. So I cannot hold ze throttle with zat arm. But what for I want two arms when one will do as well, except for sudden reverse, and by zat time I come within about ten miles of ze end of ze journey? Nevertheless I call ze fireman, who come and look ovaire my shoulder.

Ze Prussians were by zat time ver' near ze point we wish to reach, and we both approach at an acute angle. Zey hear ze rattle of our train, and we hear zey huzzas. By gar, we have to stop to take away zey zem scouts put on ze track, and while we make no sound we hear zey tramp at double quick. Zen we hear a gun, and I think we too late. Ze Prussians must be attacking ze post. But I go on, and pretty soon I come to a leetle earthwork our men haf thrown up beside the railroad and see that they have a gun there and have dropped a shell into ze Prussian advance.

In a few minutes we reach our point. I whistle down ze brakes, ze train stop, and our men jump out and run up to ze top of ze hill, where ze French have work two, three days on ze fortifications.

Zat was ze end of my work. I get surgeon to fix my arm and am ready with my musket to receive the Prussians when zey come. Zey have twice as many men as we, but we have very strong position and no trouble to hold out till Marshal Bazaine send large force.

When I get back to my command my general he throw his arms about me and hug me like a bear. He say to me: "You have done great service. You shall be a captain; you shall have a medal. I will report what you have done to the emperor."

Pouff! What was it all worth? Ze Prussians march right on to Paris, and after the capitulation our people pay big ransom to get zem out, besides giving our beautiful provinces Alsace and Lorraine. Some day when we get strong we tak zem back. But what good zat do me? I'm too old now to fight, and by zat time I sleep under ze sod.

THE WOMAN IN THE FIELD

The Farm Woman Needs Relief More Than Her City Sister.

By Peter Radford,
Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

Much has been said and more written about the woman in the factory and behind the counter, but how about the woman who works in the field, I want to say a few words in her behalf. I regret a necessity that compels woman to work for a livelihood, and I favor not only shortening her hours, but freeing her from manual labor entirely. I crave for society that high standard of excellence where the home is woman's throne and her life is devoted to molding the character and elevating the thought of the rising generation. But so long as want, greed and misfortune prevail in this world, women, through choice or necessity, will work, and perhaps they will work at one task or another as many hours per day as they please.

We may pity the weak and admire the strong in their struggle, but the farm woman is entitled to her share of sympathy and reward.

All Must Toil.

The labor problem, as relates to men, is a most vexatious one, and when we apply it to women it becomes more seriously complicated. We will always have to work unless some political genius can put a law on the statute book that will enable us to live without labor. So long as every person must meet toil face to face, the best we can do is to equitably distribute the burdens and reward labor, and if there is to be a revision of wages and a shortening of hours, I want the farm woman to get her share. She has more reason to complain than any other class of toilers. She has, as a rule, fewer comforts, fewer pleasures, less recreation and less opportunity for enjoyment than her sister in the city. She has not so many conveniences and fewer luxuries and less to be thankful for than women who live in the town, but she toils on, a model of consistency, patience and womanly devotion. Certainly she should be the first to be rewarded.

The Real Labor Problem is on the Farm.

The great dailies with flaming headlines deplore the lot of women who toil in the cities, the city pulpit thunders with sympathy for her, and the legislators orate in her behalf, but not a line is written, a word said or a speech delivered in the interest of the million women who labor on the farm. Where one woman works in the cities in this state, there are a hundred mothers toiling in the field, and no mention is made of it. Is the woman in the city entitled to any more consideration than the woman on the farm? I contend that she is not. The city woman may be more easily restrained by legislation, and she may have a more attentive audience when she cries aloud, but the real labor problem, in so far as it relates to women and children, is on the farm—where mother and child, wielding the hoe and gathering the harvest, toil day in and day out without hope of reward.

The City Life Puny.

The farm woman weeps from sun until sun. They do their housework and hold a half-million babes to sleep after the chickens go to roost, and they get breakfast and milk the cows before the lack sleep. The city woman frequently chafes under hardships that the farm woman would consider a blessing. The city people are great talkers and oftentimes greatly magnify their troubles and enlarge their accomplishments. This characteristic permeates organized society as well as enters into the individual life of cities. There are orphan asylums which are doing commendable work and should be encouraged, that boast of their accomplishments, but I have seen widows in the country make a crop, drink branch water and eat corn-bread and molasses and raise more children and better children than many of those city orphan asylums. The cities need to get back to the soil with their ideals. They are hysterical, puny and feeble in their conception of life, its requirements and its opportunities.

The farmers' problems are pressing for solution and the awakening is at hand.

It is apparent that the old credit system must give way to business methods in financing the crop.

The Philadelphia Society for the Promotion of Agriculture is the oldest association of its kind in America. This was organized by George Washington and Benjamin Franklin in 1785.

To Set a Razor.

When a razor begins to "pull" and drag the hair instead of cutting it there is no need to send it to the barber to be set. There is a perfectly simple method by which any one can put it in trim. All that is necessary is to turn an ordinary sharp table knife edge upward and lay the razor flat on the edge of the knife. Then draw the razor along downward, pressing lightly all the while from heel to toe, as if stropping, turning and repeating the operation half a dozen times. If the razor is then stropped the keenness of its edge will be surprising.—Pearson's Weekly.

Don't be surprised if you have an attack of this kind. It is caused by the action of the stomach on the food. It is a common ailment and will soon disappear. Sold by the...

Order to Show Cause.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the guardianship and Estate of Nino M. Harris, Neil Harris and Gertrude Harris, Minors.

On the petition of B. F. Platt, guardian, for an order and license of this Court, to consent to, or procure partition of the real property hereinafter described, and to sell at private sale, or borrow money upon, all the right, title and interest of said estate in said real property, or any part thereof.

It appearing to this Court, from the petition filed and presented and filed by B. F. Platt the guardian of the estate of said minors, praying for an order and license to consent to, or procure partition of the real property belonging to said estate, hereinafter described, and to sell at private sale, or borrow money upon, all the right, title and interest of said estate in said real property, or any part thereof; that it is expedient and for the best interests of said estate and said wards and for the benefit of said wards, and necessary for their maintenance, that said real property should be partitioned, and that the same should be sold or money borrowed thereon.

It is hereby ordered, that the next of kin of said wards and all persons interested in the said estate appear before this Court on the 12th day of October, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M., at the County Court House, at Jacksonville, in said county, then and there to show cause, if any there be why an order should not be granted, licensing and authorizing said guardian to consent to, or procure partition of said real property, and to sell at private sale, or borrow money upon, all the right, title and interest of said estate in said real property, situated in Jackson County, Oregon and described as follows, to-wit:

The north half of the north-east quarter, and the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of Section Ten (10) in Township Thirty-five (35) South of Range Two (2) East of W. M. according to government survey, an undivided one-third part of which is owned by said estate in fee simple.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order shall be personally served on the next of kin of said wards and on all persons interested in the estate, or shall be published three successive weeks in the Jacksonville Post, published in said county, at Jacksonville, Oregon. Dated September 28, 1914.

F. L. TOUVELLE,
County Judge.

Summons.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON.

Charles A. Warren, Plaintiff,

vs.

Little V. Warren, Defendant. Suit for Divorce.

To Little V. Warren: the above named defendant.

In the Name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby commanded to appear and answer the plaintiff's complaint against you now on file in the above entitled Court and cause on or before the last day prescribed in the publication of summons herein, to-wit on or before the 24th day of October, 1914, said date being the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, for want thereof plaintiff will apply to the above entitled Court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, viz: that it be decreed that the marriage vows now existing between plaintiff and defendant be dissolved and held for naught, and that the plaintiff have the care and custody of the minor child, Howard C. Warren.

This summons is published in the Jacksonville Post, by order of Honorable F. L. Touvelle, Judge of the County Court for Jackson County, Oregon, which said order was made and entered of record on the 11th day of September, 1914, and which said order requires you to appear and answer the said complaint on or before the last day prescribed in said order for publication of summons. Date of first publication is the 12th day of September, 1914, and date of last publication is the 24th day of October, 1914.

H. L. DEARMOND,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out and under the seal of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Jackson, dated the 27th day of August, 1914, in a certain cause wherein John R. Carpenter, Mary L. Carpenter and Louise G. Livingston are plaintiffs reversed judgment against Merle G. Glover and Lillian G. Glover for the sum of Three Thousand (\$3000.00) Dollars with interest thereon from said 19th day of February, 1914, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum and Two Hundred (\$200) Dollars attorney's fee, and the further sum of Eleven and 40/100 (\$11.40) Dollars costs, which judgment and decree was dated the 22nd day of August, 1914, and was entered and docketed in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the same day, and is now on record in Volume 21 at page 528 of the Circuit Court Journal.

Now, therefore, in compliance with the command of said execution and order of sale I will on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28th, 1914, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the Court House in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, offer for sale and will sell to the highest bidder for cash, subject to redemption as is by law provided, all the right, title and interest of the defendants Merle G. Glover and Lillian G. Glover in and to the following described real property, to-wit:

Commencing at the Northeast corner of Donation Land Claim No. 89 in Township Thirty-seven (37) South of Range Two (2) West of Willamette Meridian, and running thence South 13.75 chains; thence West 14.54 chains; thence North 13.75 chains to the North line of said Donation Land Claim; thence East on said North line 14.54 chains to the place of beginning, containing twenty acres.

Also commencing at the Northeast corner of Lot One (1) in Block Five (5) of the Orchard Home Association Tract, according to the official plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the County Recorder in and for said Jackson County, and running thence West along the north line of said Lot One, Two Hundred and Forty-two (242) feet; to the Northwest corner of said Lot One; thence South One Hundred and Eighteen (118) feet to corner; thence East Two Hundred and Forty-two (242) feet to the West side line of street; thence North along

the West side line of said street One Hundred and Eighteen (118) feet to the place of beginning, being the North 118 feet of said Lot One.

Said property will be sold at said time and place in two separate parcels. First an acre square out of the Southeast corner of the above described twenty acre tract lying within said Donation Land Claim No. 89, which tract or parcel containing one square acre, said Defendant Frank P. Dutton will be permitted to purchase for One Hundred Dollars without interest, as in said decree provided.

Second: All of the remainder of said property will be offered for sale to the highest bidder for cash, and all the proceeds of both sales will be applied to the judgment in favor of the plaintiffs and against the defendants heretofore mentioned.

Dated at Jacksonville, Oregon, this 27th day of August, A. D. 1914.

W. H. SINGLER,
Sheriff of Jackson County, Oregon.
By E. W. WILSON, Deputy

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.

August 27, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Annie Hall, guardian of the persons and estate of the minor heirs of Margaret J. Hall, of Jacksonville, Oregon, who, on January 29, 1912, made Homestead Entry, Serial No. 07797, for the N. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4, S. W. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4, and S. E. 1/4 of S. W. 1/4 of Section 14, Township 37 S., Range 3 W., Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. A. Gardner, County Clerk of Jackson County, at his office at Jacksonville, Oregon, on the 12th day of October, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Verno Cantrell, of Jacksonville, Oregon; Everett Cantrell, of Jacksonville, Oregon; W. A. Kenney, of Jacksonville, Oregon; Charles Berwert, of Jacksonville, Oregon.

J. M. UPTON,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

ISOLATED TRACT. PUBLIC LAND SALE.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.

August 20, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that, as directed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under provisions of Act of Congress approved March 28, 1912 (37 Stat., 77), pursuant to the application of Christian Ulrich, Serial No. 02355, we will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, but at not less than \$2.50 per acre at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 7th day of October, 1914 at this office the following tract of land: W. 1/2 N. E. 1/4 N. E. 1/4, Sec. 12, T. 38 S., R. 3 West Willamette Meridian.

Any persons claiming adversely the above described land are advised to file their claims or objections on or before the time designated for sale.

J. M. UPTON,
Register.

Summons in Foreclosure of Delinquent Tax Certificate.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

E. E. Pinkerton, Plaintiff,

vs.

S. L. McGary and all other persons unknown if any having or claiming to have an interest in or to the real property hereinafter described.

Defendant.

To S. L. McGary, the above named defendant. In the Name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby notified that E. E. Pinkerton, the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered 1631 issued on the 2nd day of May, 1914, by the Tax Collector of the County of Jackson, State of Oregon, for the amount of \$3.20 Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the year 1913, together with penalties, interest and costs thereon upon the real property assessed to you, of which you are the owner as appears of record, situated in said County and State, and particularly located and described as follows, to-wit:

South E. 1/4 Southeast Quarter Section 20, Township Forty, Two East, less ten acres sold for county road and railroad right-of-way.

You are further notified that said E. E. Pinkerton has paid taxes on said premises for prior or subsequent years, with the rate of interest on said amounts as follows:

Year's Tax Date Paid	Tax	Receipt No.	Amount
1911	May 2nd, 1911	1630	\$6.30
1912	May 2nd, 1911	1629	6.07
1913	May 2nd, 1914	7211	6.07

Said S. L. McGary as the owner of the legal title of the above described property as the same appears of record, and each of the other persons above named are hereby further notified that E. E. Pinkerton will apply to the Circuit Court of the County and State aforesaid for a decree foreclosing the lien against the property above described and mentioned in said certificate. And you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service, and defend this action or pay the amount due as above shown, together with costs and accrued interest, and in case of your failure to do so a decree will be rendered foreclosing the lien of said taxes and costs against the land and premises above named.

This summons is published by order of the Honorable F. L. Touvelle, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Jackson, and said order was made and dated this 7th day of August, 1914, and the date of the first publication of this summons is the 8th day of August, 1914.

All process and papers in this proceeding may be served upon the undersigned residing within the State of Oregon, at the address hereunder mentioned.

E. E. KELLY,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Address: Med. ord., Oregon.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF OREGON, IN AND FOR JACKSON COUNTY.

In the Matter of the Estate of A. E. Helms, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by an order duly made and entered by the County Court of Jackson County, Oregon, the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of A. E. Helms, deceased, and has duly qualified as such administrator.

All persons having claims against said decedent or said estate are hereby notified and required to present the same properly verified, to the undersigned administrator at the office of his attorneys, J. R. Neil, in Jacksonville, Oregon, on or before six months from and after the date of the first publication of this notice.

The date of this notice and the first publication thereof is September 28th, 1914.

O. P. HELMS,
Administrator of the Estate of A. E. Helms, Deceased.

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14 Portland Passenger	8:27 A.M.
24 Grants Pass Motor	10:22 A.M.
32 Grants Pass Motor	4:27 P.M.
16 Oregon Express	5:20 P.M.
12 Shasta Limited (Mail only)	2:44 A.M. Extra fare train.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

23 Ashland Motor	8:35 A.M.
13 California Express	10:52 A.M.
31 Ashland Motor	2:24 P.M.
15 San Francisco Express	4:00 P.M.
11 Shasta Limited (Mail only)	5:22 A.M. Extra fare train.

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