

USING YOUR EYES

Do You Think You Can Remember Everything You See?

THEN TRY THE PICTURE TEST.

Study For a Minute a Painting With a Number of Figures and Objects in It and Then Endeavor to Describe It and the Result May Surprise You.

"Seeing is believing" is an old saying which is in a fair way to lose its force. Modern psychology is proving by experiments that people do not see even a fraction of the things they confidently believe they see.

The picture test was first demonstrated in America at Clark university by the pioneer in this field, Professor William Stern of the University of Breslau. At this time two unusually intelligent children, a boy and a girl in the upper grammar grades of the Worcester schools, were shown separately for the period of a minute a colored picture entitled the "Bauerstube," giving the interior of a German peasant's home. Among other details is seen a table at which a man and a boy are seated, while a woman is standing.

The man has removed his coat, and his bright red vest is clearly exposed to view. The boy is sitting on a bench, his bare feet not quite touching the floor. The woman wears a brilliant red skirt, over which is a blue-green apron. She has a yellow shawl over her shoulders.

Near by is a cradle of the same striking blue-green as the apron. At the rear of the room is a bed, and over it hang three pictures. These pictures depict landscapes, and in one is a long avenue of trees. At the foot of the bed is a window through which nothing is visible except a branch of a tree. Near the window is a clock with the pendulum swung to one side. The hands point to exactly half past 12. All of the details of the picture are extremely clear.

The children examined by Stern had an opportunity in the minute allowed for the examination of the picture to study it in some detail. They knew that they were to be tested immediately on what they had seen. Had not the audience that witnessed the demonstration been able to follow the details of the testimony by means of a reproduction of the picture thrown by a lantern on a screen at the back of the children they would have been impressed with the remarkable clearness and apparent accuracy of the testimony, particularly with reference to a certain cupboard which both testified stood near the bed.

This cupboard was described minutely with substantial agreement as to the details. The fiction of the cupboard was developed by a few suggestive questions ingeniously put, such as the following: "Is there a cupboard in the room?" (The reply was "Yes.") "Where is it?" "How many drawers does it have?"

Professor Colvin of the University of Illinois, writing in the Independent, says that he has carried on the same experiment with a score of subjects, both adults and children, and has not found one who could give a completely accurate description of what he had seen, even in the direct testimony, while under the influence of the questions the witnesses have all shown extensive falsification in one or more particulars.

Scarcely two witnesses have agreed as to the time of the clock; some have not observed that it was going (a fact clearly indicated by the position of the pendulum); several have described the shoes of the boy in detail (he is barefooted); four have seen the cupboard; several have said that the lawn is visible through the window and have embellished it with fountain and shrubs; some have seen a road winding beyond the lawn and lined with an avenue of trees, taken bodily from one of the pictures on the wall; a non-existent tablecloth has been described as torn; the woman's apron has been given all the colors of the rainbow, but seldom the right one; the sleeves of the man's coat, nowhere visible, have been described as worn at the edges; the brilliant red waistcoat has generally been overlooked. But, most remarkable of all, the entire twenty witnesses have taken their oaths that the cradle is not blue, but a red or a reddish brown.

The results of this picture test are all the more remarkable when we remember that the witnesses in this experiment are in a much more advantageous position for giving an accurate report than are the witnesses of ordinary events. In trials in court the witness is ordinarily called upon to relate what has occurred only after a considerable lapse of time. Meanwhile he is subjected to various questions, often by interested persons. He talks about the occurrence with neighbors and friends, and then he is placed on the witness stand with the injunction to tell "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth." Under such circumstances the wonder is that there is any resemblance between the testimony and the actual facts.

Happiness.

Happiness when at a distance appears so great as to touch the sky. When it enters our door it so dwindles that very often we no longer recognize it.

Wealth may seek us, but wisdom must be sought.—Edward Young.

FOREIGN AMBASSADORS.

Above the Law of the Land to Which They Are Accredited.

In every civilized country the person of a foreign ambassador is held to be inviolable, the law of the land being powerless to touch him for any offense. Immunity from arrest extends also to an ambassador's servants and the members of his suit.

There is, however, one case of record in which an ambassador's assistant was really executed, and that was in Great Britain. This was in 1653, and the victim was Pantaleon Sa, who was the brother and one of the train of the Portuguese ambassador. He quarreled with an acquaintance over a business matter and wounded him, the life of the party attacked being saved only by the intervention of bystanders. But the next night Pantaleon Sa, with fifty of his Portuguese friends, all armed to the teeth, sought out his enemy with the intention of killing him. There was a desperate struggle, and one person was killed and several were wounded. The guards were called in, but the Portuguese fired on them also. Then Pantaleon Sa sought refuge in his embassy, where he thought he was safe, but the ambassador surrendered him, and he was duly executed after some hesitation on the part of the authorities.

The most extraordinary example of ambassadorial privilege on record occurred in 1661, when the French and Spanish ambassadors at London and their retinues fought a fierce battle in the streets of that capital, twelve persons being killed and forty wounded. On this occasion, a new Swedish ambassador was coming to London, and there was a dispute between the French and Spanish ambassadors as to who should have precedence in the procession of welcome. When at last the Swedish diplomatists arrived and was proceeding from Tower hill to Whitehall, the Spaniards, who had a force of a hundred men on foot and fifty on horseback, formed across the road to bar the passage of the French. The latter fired a volley and charged the Spanish, sword in hand. Three horses, the postilion and the coachman of the French ambassador were killed at the outset, but the struggle lasted for a long time after that. In the end victory was with the Spanish. Nobody was punished. Nor could anybody be punished if such an event should happen anywhere today.—Harper's Weekly.

Striking a Light.

Friction matches are a comparatively modern invention. The first really practical friction match was made in the United States in 1836 by L. C. Allen of Springfield, Mass. Before this time a clumsy form of match was imported from France, which had to be dipped into a bottle of sulphuric acid before it could be lighted. This took a great deal of time and trouble, and Allen, seeing the necessity for friction matches, set about to make them and succeeded. He neglected to patent them, however, and on finally applying for letters patent found that a man named Alonzo Phillips, who was a peddler, had discovered through a third person the secret of making the matches and had already obtained a patent.

Rossetti's Elephant.

Dante Gabriel Rossetti, the poet painter, once told Browning that if he gave him anything for Christmas it should be a young elephant. "But what on earth," said Browning, "will you do with an elephant if I give him to you?" "I will teach him to clean the windows," Rossetti answered. "Then when some one passes the house he will see the elephant cleaning the windows and will say, 'Who lives in that house?' And people will tell him, 'Oh, that's the painter called Rossetti.' And he will say, 'I think I should like to buy one of that man's pictures.' So he will ring to come in, and I shall sell him a picture."

Facilities to Economize.

"Our forefathers lived much more simply than we did," said the man who takes everything seriously. "They did not hesitate to economize." "Yes, but look at the room they had to economize in. You couldn't expect us to churn in a flat or keep chickens and a garden on the fire escape, could you?"—Washington Star.

Notice of Contest.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, May 13, 1912.
To Thomas B. Landers, of Ruth, Oregon, Contestor.
You are hereby notified that Joseph M. Donahue who gives Medford, Oregon, as his post office address, did on May 13, 1912, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead, Entry No. 07480, Serial No. 07480 made August

22, 1911, for Lot 5, SE 1/4, E 1/4 NW 1/4, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 SE 1/4 of Section 10, Township 39 S., Range 3 W., Willamette Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said Thomas B. Landers has not resided upon or cultivated said lands or any part thereof nor has he improved the same in any manner whatsoever and that he has totally abandoned the same; that he has not resided thereon for a period of more than six months last past nor has he ever established his residence thereon.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard thereon, either before this office or on appeal. If you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on said contestant, either in person or by registered mail, if this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made, stating when and where the copy was delivered, if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the post-office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

BENJ. F. JONES,
Register.

Date of first publication, May 15, 1912; date of second publication, May 25, 1912; date of third publication, June 1, 1912; date of fourth publication, June 8, 1912.

SUMMONS

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON.

Ella V. M. Edwards, Plaintiff,
vs.
David Cleveland Edwards, Defendant.

To David Cleveland Edwards, the above named Defendant.
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby notified and required to appear in the above entitled court and cause, and answer the complaint of plaintiff filed herein, within six (6) weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons upon you, which is the 11th day of May, 1912, and, if you fail to appear and answer within the time required, for want thereof, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for and do mandate in her complaint, to-wit:

For a decree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of matrimony heretofore and now existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for a judgment of the court against defendant for plaintiff's costs and disbursements, and for such other relief as to the court may seem just and equitable in the premises.

This summons is served upon you by publication in the Jacksonville Post, once a week for six (6) consecutive weeks, by order of the Honorable F. M. Calkins, judge of said court, said order having been made on the 9th day of May, 1912.

GUS NEWBURY,
Attorney for Plaintiff

Notice of Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon.

April 11, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Wesley R. Sparks, of Jacksonville, Oregon, who on September 19, 1907, made Homestead Entry Serial No. 6226, for NE 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 5, Township 38 S., Range 2, West Willamette Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. H. Canon, United States Commissioner, at Medford Oregon, on the 24th day of May, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Charles F. Dunford, of Jacksonville, Oregon; Charles H. Harford, Jr., of Jacksonville, Oregon; James Rock Sr., of Jacksonville, Oregon; John Lyden of Jacksonville, Oregon.

BENJAMIN F. JONES,
REGISTER

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR JACKSON COUNTY

In the matter of the estate of William Curtis Kitto, a deceased person.
Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, by an order of the County Court of Jackson county, State of Oregon, duly entered on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1912, has been appointed and now is the duly qualified and acting Administrator of the estate of the above named decedent.

All Creditors and persons having claims against said decedent or his estate are hereby notified and required to present the same duly verified with proper vouchers, to the undersigned at his residence on 15th Street, in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.
Date hereof and of the first publication hereof is May 4th, 1912.

JOSEPH KITTO,
Administrator of the estate of the above named decedent.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR THE COUNTY OF JACKSON.

Geo. Lord, Plaintiff,
vs.
Consolidated Gold Mines Co., a corporation, and A. J. Sherrod, Defendant.

To Consolidated Gold Mines Co., and A. J. Sherrod, Defendants.
In the name of the state of Oregon: You are hereby required to appear and answer the plaintiff's complaint against you now on file in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the last day prescribed in the publication of summons herein, to-wit, on or before the 15th day of June, 1912, said date being the expiration of six weeks from the first day of publication of this summons. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer, for want thereof plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in his complaint, viz: that the plaintiff have judgment against you for the sum of \$405.65 together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the first day of July, 1911, and for his costs and disbursements in this action.

This summons is published in the Jacksonville Post by order of the Hon. J. B. Neil, Judge of Jackson County, Ore., which said order was made and entered of record on the 27th day of April, 1912, and which order requires you to appear and answer the said complaint on or before the last day prescribed in said order for publication of this summons. Date of first publication is the 4th day of May, 1912, and date of last publication is the 13th day of June, 1912.

DEARMOND & DEARMOND,
Attorneys for Plaintiff

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If you could possibly make any use of a high grade typewriter, even though it didn't cost you one cent of money, or if you would like the agency in your town on a plan by which you could make big money, or if you would like a position with the company, then be sure, on a postal card or in a letter addressed to "Frank L. Wilder, President, Woodstock, Ill.," say, "Mail me your Free Offers."

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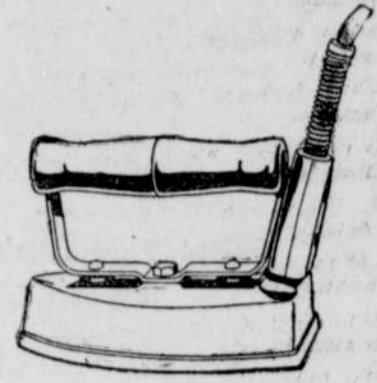
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