

The Ballot Title and Number of Such Measure Will be as Follows:
CHARTER AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED TO THE VOTERS BY THE CITY COUNCIL:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to Incorporate the Town of Jacksonville, Oregon," approved October 19, 1860, and the acts amending same, approved February 14, 1887, and February 19, 1889, and the acts amending same, filed in the office of the Secretary of State February 13, 1911, and February 22, 1893, and as also amended by certain proposed charter amendments submitted and adopted at an election held June 24, 1910, and to amend all acts enacted since said act by the legislative assembly or adopted by vote of the people.

101 Yes.
 101 No.

FURTHER NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That on the 31st day of May, 1911, an Initiative Petition was duly filed with the City Recorder, by which it was proposed for submission to the legal voters of said City of Jacksonville, for their approval or rejection, on the hereinbelow proposed charter amendments, to-wit:

INITIATIVE PETITION FOR CHARTER AMENDMENT.

WARNING.
 It is a felony for anyone to sign any Initiative or Referendum petition with any other name than his own, or to knowingly sign his name more than once for the same measure, or to sign such petition when he is not a legal voter.

INITIATIVE PETITION.
 To the honorable Henry Dox, Recorder of the Town (sometimes called the City) of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon:

We, the undersigned, citizens and legal voters of the Town of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, respectfully demand that the following proposed amendments to the charter shall be submitted to the legal voters of the Town of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, for their approval or rejection, at the special election to be held on the 21st day of June, 1911, and each for himself says: I have personally signed this petition; I am a legal voter of the Town (sometimes called the City) of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, and my residence and street number are correctly written after my name:

NAME	RESIDENCE STREET	No.
Wm. Eaton	Jacksonville	
W. G. Kenney	"	
J. H. Clark	"	
J. W. Robinson	"	
E. S. Wilson	"	
Harold Wilcox	J'ville	
E. C. Hogsett	Jacksonville	
Fred L. Colvig	Jacksonville	
E. E. Oman	"	
J. R. Neil	"	
S. C. Whittington	"	
R. B. Dow	Jacksonville, Oregon	
John B. Renault	"	
M. D. Jones	"	
J. W. Rock	"	
A. A. Grimes	"	
B. F. Mulkey	"	
G. N. Lewis	"	
J. B. Wetterer	"	
Fred Lewis	Jacksonville	
J. W. Wilson	"	
Geo Little	"	
Nick Mitchell	"	
N. Nelson	"	
T. J. Kenney	"	
D. S. Force	"	
Jno Greaves	"	
Gus Mitchell	"	
Joseph Martin	"	
Daniel Flater	"	
Henry Wendt	"	
E. J. Wendt	"	
Peter N. Fick	"	
Peter Fick Jr.	"	
M. J. Hall	"	
G. J. Shafer	"	
J. Schufur	"	
R. H. Robinson	"	
Andrew Cantrall	"	
W. T. Grieve	Jacksonville, Oregon.	
S. J. Boussum	Jacksonville	
W. P. Bailey	Jacksonville, Ore	
R. N. Finney	Jacksonville	
A. B. Ellison	"	
C. J. Kenney	"	
J. M. Dewa	"	
Patrick Donegan Jr	"	
E. A. Thompson	"	
E. H. Helms	"	
W. R. Coleman	"	
F. M. Robinson	"	
Chris Keegan	"	
Chas H. Basye	"	
H. Luy	"	
Geo E. Neuber	"	
Oscar Lewis	"	
R. C. Chappell	"	
Fred J. Fick	"	
John Kramer	"	
I. A. Marsh	Jacksonville	
Onie Beavenue	"	
F. C. Kiser	"	
George Hoffman	"	
Henry Pitz	"	
Louis Eaton	"	
Roy Ulrich	"	
Frank Kasshafer	"	
H. K. Hanna, Jr	"	
D. W. Bagshaw	"	
T. W. Fulton	"	
Dick Gaskin	"	
Lewis Ulrich	"	
O. Harbaugh	"	
C. D. Abbott	Jacksonville	
J. H. Beery	"	
Jno G. Dunnington	"	
W. H. Barnum	"	
Sid M. Nichol	"	
L. I. Brown	"	

say: that Wm. Eaton, W. G. Kenney, J. H. Clark, J. W. Robinson, E. S. Wilson, Harold Wilcox, E. C. Hogsett, Fred L. Colvig, E. E. Oman, J. R. Neil, S. C. Whittington, R. B. Dow, John B. Renault, M. D. Jones, J. W. Rock, A. A. Grimes, B. F. Mulkey, G. N. Lewis, J. B. Wetterer, Fred Lewis, J. W. Wilson, Geo. Little, Nick Mitchell, N. Nelson, T. J. Kenney, D. S. Force, Jno Greaves, Gus Mitchell, Joseph Martin, Daniel Flater, Henry Wendt, E. J. Wendt, Peter N. Fick, Peter Fick, Jr., M. J. Hall, G. J. Shafer, J. Schufur, R. H. Robinson, Andrew Cantrall, W. T. Grieve, S. J. Boussum, W. P. Bailey, R. N. Finney, A. B. Ellison, C. J. Kenney, J. M. Dewa, Patrick Donegan Jr, E. A. Thompson, E. H. Helms, W. R. Coleman, F. M. Robinson, Chris Keegan, Chas H. Basye, H. Luy, Geo E. Neuber, Oscar Lewis, R. C. Chappell, Fred J. Fick, John Kramer, I. A. Marsh, Onie Beavenue, F. C. Kiser, George Hoffman, Henry Pitz, Louis Eaton, Roy Ulrich, Frank Kasshafer, H. K. Hanna, Jr., D. W. Bagshaw, T. W. Fulton, Dick Gaskin, Lewis Ulrich, O. Harbaugh, C. D. Abbott, J. H. Beery, Jno G. Dunnington, W. H. Barnum, Sid M. Nichol, L. I. Brown, signed this sheet of the foregoing petition, and each of them his name thereto in my presence. I believe that each has stated his name, residence and street number correctly, and that each signed is a legal voter of the Town or City of Jacksonville.

F. C. KISER.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31 day of May, 1911.
 H. K. HANNA, Jr.
 Notary Public for Oregon.

PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT.

An act to amend Section 1 of an act of the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, approved February 19th, 1889, entitled "An act to amend section 1 of an act approved October 19, 1860, to incorporate the town of Jacksonville, and an act to amend section 4 of Article VI of an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Jacksonville, approved February 14, 1887, and an act to amend Section 2 of Article IV of an act to incorporate the Town of Jacksonville, approved October 19, 1860, and to amend the charter of the Town of Jacksonville, Oregon, (sometimes called the City of Jacksonville, Oregon), and to amend all amendments to said charter of said Town of Jacksonville, whether such amendments were made by the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, or by the people of said Town of Jacksonville, and to repeal all acts of the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, and all charter amendments of the Town (sometimes called the City) of Jacksonville, in conflict herewith, and to supercede any act or measure heretofore voted upon, or which is submitted to be voted upon concurrently herewith, for the amendment of the charter of said Town or City of Jacksonville, Oregon, in so far as the same conflicts herewith. And to provide by this measure for the amendment of the charter of the Town of Jacksonville, and changing the boundaries of said Town, so that the boundaries as fixed in this measure shall be the boundaries of said Town, irrespective of, and notwithstanding, the provisions of any measure to be voted upon concurrently, or at the same election, with this measure, and by this act to fix the boundaries of said Town, and of said incorporation, notwithstanding the provisions of any other amendment to the said charter, heretofore submitted to the people of said Town or passed by the legislative assembly, or which shall be submitted to the voters at the election at which this measure is voted upon.

The People of the Town of Jacksonville do Ordain as Follows:
 The People of the City of Jacksonville do Ordain as Follows:
 And Be It Enacted by the People of the Town of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, that Section 1 of said act of the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, approved October 19, 1860, as amended by said act of said legislative assembly approved February 19th, 1889, and as amended by any subsequent or other acts of said legislative assembly, or of the people of said Town or City of Jacksonville, be, and the same hereby is, amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:
 The boundary line of the corporation of the Town of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, shall be, and is, as follows to-wit:
 Commencing at the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section thirty-one (31), Township thirty-seven (37) south of range two (2) west of the Willamette Meridian, Jackson County, Oregon, and running thence east one

hundred (100) chains; thence north to the south boundary line of what is known as the J. N. T. Miller Land Claim; thence west one hundred (100) chains; thence south to the place of beginning.

That all acts of the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, or of the people of the Town or City of Jacksonville, in conflict herewith, be, and the same hereby are, repealed, to the extent of such conflict.

That the boundaries of said Town of Jacksonville are hereby fixed in accordance with Section 1, and this act supercedes, and is superior to, and is controlling over, any act of the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, or any other act of the people of the Town of Jacksonville heretofore passed, or which may be passed or voted upon concurrently herewith.

That if any other act of the people of the Town of Jacksonville shall be concurrently herewith, or hereafter, voted or passed amending the charter of the Town of Jacksonville, or changing the name of said Town of Jacksonville to the City of Jacksonville, then Section 1 as above enacted, shall be a part of such amendment and shall define the limits of said municipality irrespective of any such other act or amendment.

The Ballot Title and Number of Such Measure Will be as Follows:

CHARTER AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION.

AN ACT to amend the present charter of the Town of Jacksonville, Oregon, so as to change the boundaries of said Town as in this act provided, and to so define the boundaries thereof, irrespective of any other charter amendment submitted concurrently herewith, or otherwise, and to that end to amend Section 1 of an Act of the legislative Assembly of Oregon, approved February 19, 1889, amendatory of said section and of an Act approved October 19, 1860, and repealing all acts, or parts of acts, in conflict with this act.

Number 102 Yes.
 Number 103 No.

For the said special election of June 21, 1911, for the submission to the legal voters of the City of Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, of the foregoing amendments to the City charter, the following judges of election and the following voting places have been duly appointed by the Council: J. Hartman, chairman; W. C. Kitto and F. Kasshafer, judges; and S. P. DeRoboam and J. B. Wetterer, clerks. The City Hall in said city, is hereby designated and appointed as the polling place for said election.

The polls will be open from ten o'clock in the forenoon, to seven o'clock P. M. By order of the Common Council.
 HENRY G. DOX, Recorder.

The Use of Esquire.

The recovery of a letter which had been sent to a little town in Germany and never delivered to the person addressed cured the writer of the custom of adding "esquire" to a name on the superscription of mail matter. The letter in question would probably have been promptly delivered had the address read simply "Mr. John Brown." But the sender had addressed it "John Brown Esquire," and the communication rested comfortably in the "E" compartment of the poste restante department, waiting to be called for by "Mr. Esquire." One of the popular guide books warns against the use of "Esq." saying that it might be mistaken for a name.

Real Leghorns.

Little Willie was taken out into the country on a bright spring day. As he played with his sister in the farmyard a group of Leghorn chickens approached, led by a Leghorn rooster. "Willie," said the little girl, "why are those chickens called Leghorns?" "Look at their ankles," Willie replied. "Don't you see the little horns on them?"

A Statesman's Queer Ambition.

The great Lord Grey had an ambition far above politics. He had passed the reform bill, but that did not satisfy his soul. There was talk of Tagliani, and Grey said quite earnestly, "What would I give to dance as well as she!"

The statesman who had been prime minister and had left an indelible mark on the history of his country was actually envious of an opera dancer!—London Globe.

Right Back at Her.

"Does your husband allow you to have things charged at the stores?"
 "Oh, I think he would, but—"
 "But the stores wouldn't. Is that what you were going to add?"
 "Oh, no. I was going to say that he gives me plenty of money with which to pay cash. Does yours?"—Buffalo Express.

An Unbiased Champion.

"Queer world, isn't it? See that chap over there, the one who is putting up the big boiler for individual drinking cups for public use?"
 "Yes."
 "He hasn't drunk a drop of water for seven years."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Very Same.

Howell—I can say the Ten Commandments backwards. Jewell—Yes, that's the way you obey them.—New York Press.

THE WHITE PERIL.

Consumption Must Be Prevented Rather Than Cured.

TAMP OUT THE INFECTION.

Unless the Germs of the Disease in the Habitation, Whether It Be House or Tent, Are Utterly Destroyed Fresh Air and "Cures" Avail Little.

There is no cure for tuberculosis, and probably never will be, accepting the word "cure" in the sense of some special medicine. A disease prevented is better than cured, for no one is so well off physically or financially after any illness, and particularly does this truth apply to tuberculosis. The successful prevention of a disease does away with any need for its "cure." This is well exemplified in the case of yellow fever. We have never succeeded in finding a cure for that former scourge of the south, but we have done far better. We have wiped out the disease bodily, bag and baggage, by simple preventive methods.

So writes Dr. F. C. Walsh in the Technical World Magazine, and he declares that notwithstanding the "optimists," the disease is on the increase. He singles out and lays great stress on the fact that consumption is a contagious disease and on the contention that it is not contracted to any great extent through infected milk or even by the using the drinking cups that consumpsive use or through the "spitting nuisance." Its spread is through the infection of the habitation. Here is one of his parables:

Brown had moved in the month of May into a house in another part of the town where he had always lived. By fall he had contracted tuberculosis. It was discovered later that several different families who had occupied this same house in succession had lost several members from tuberculosis. No attempt had ever been made to disinfect the house. Brown went to a far western state, pitched his tent on a certain spot, and never made any change from that one spot until his death. Note that fact. As a result the soil over which he slept night after night became saturated with the accumulated germs which he expelled in coughing, so that he was continually at night rebreathing into his system the very "seeds" which cause the disease. He was repositing himself nightly and didn't know it. His system would have been able to throw off the original "germ poison" which it contracted, but it was not strong enough to withstand a new dose of the poison every night. Had he changed the location of his tent daily he could have slept each night in an atmosphere practically germ free.

Jones is another victim. He goes to the same state. He has an idea that he can get along without any tent and sleeps with only the stars above, rolled up in his blanket. He naturally moves from place to place, each day sleeping on new and different ground each night. He ends by being cured.

Smith has the disease and goes to the west. He feels and looks in perfect health long before a year is gone. He returns home, satisfied that he is cured. In less than four months he is again in the tenacious clutches of the disease.

There is a lesson in this. The open air treatment is all right, but it must be carried out by right methods. All early cases of consumption which have failed to recover by outdoor treatment must lay the blame to faulty treatment. Jones, who recovered, you will remember, did change his location every day, having no tent to bother him, and in doing so avoided the fatal mistake of Brown.

How about Smith? The case of Smith is of the greatest importance. He had recovered, you will remember, and returned to his home feeling fine—back to what? To the very same plague ridden room in which he had first contracted the disease—a room reeking with tubercular germ life and which had been occupied. It was learned later, by five different consumpsives at various times. The disease got a hold on him a second time for the simple reason that he came back to the original source of his disease. He should have sought new quarters, or else the house, and particularly the room he occupied, should have been disinfected before being occupied by him or any one else. These three cases cited are but typical instances. There are thousands upon thousands of Browns, Joneses and Smiths living and dying this very day whose story, if told in its true light, would match exactly the simple but pathetic history of these three men.

The thing that the doctor brings out is that consumption must be prevented rather than cured; that prevention is easy and cheap and lies in disinfection. This, in the case of the consumpsive's quarters, he insists, should be at least once a week. The formula is simple: "Fumigate every room in the house with a vapor given off by heating formaldehyde; wash all the floors, windows and woodwork with mild solutions of corrosive sublimate and water." Fresh air, either at home or elsewhere, he establishes, is in itself insufficient.

He reaches the conclusion that the very existence of the hope of a "cure" has been responsible for increase of the disease. He urges people to flee from consumption by killing it in the germ that lurks in house or ground.

Think all you speak, but speak not all you think.—DeLaune.

The Weather.

Following is the report of U. S. Volunteer Cooperative Observer, E. Britt; Jacksonville, for month of May Latitude 42 deg. 18. min. north; longitude 123 deg. 5 min. west.

DATE	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	PRECIPITATION	CH. RCT. OF DAY
1	63	45		clear
2	63	45		partcloudy
3	66	44		
4	75	47		cloudy
5	62	27	.40	partcloudy
6	62	32		
7	61	40		clear
8	65	34		
9	58	38		
10	65	33		clear
11	72	36		partcloudy
12	74	48		clear
13	59	39	trace	clear
14	65	38	.30	
15	66	35		
16	58	39	.44	
17	58	41	.10	partcloudy
18	59	39		
19	62	34	.39	clear
20	79	37		
21	80	46		
22	82	48		
23	57	38		cloudy
24	58	37		
25	67	37		
26	66	43		
27	73	37		
28	79	41		
29	85	46		clear
30	86	48		cloudy
31	81	54	.10	cloudy

Temperature—mean max. 64.22; mean min. 40.13; mean 52.2; Max. 85 on 30th min. 32, on 6th; greatest range 42. Precipitation—Total for month, 1.50 inches. Greatest in 24 hours, .46 inches.

BUSINESS CARDS.

GUS NEWBURY
 Attorney-at-Law
 Will Practise in All Courts in the State
 MEDFORD, OREGON.

D. W. BAGSHAW
 NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER
 Fire Insurance
 Office with Jacksonville Post
 JACKSONVILLE, OREGON

H. K. HANNA
 Lawyer
 Office in Bank of Jacksonville Building
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DR. T. T. SHAW
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