

Jacksonville Real Estate Co.

Dealers in the very choicest and cheapest fruit, farm and timber and good stock ranches. Call on or write

ADOLPH SCHULZ, - Manager

Jacksonville

Oregon

Charles F. Dunford DRAYAGE

Express, Freight, General Delivery, Teaming to all Parts of the Country. Nothing too Heavy or too Light. Agent for Colestin Mineral Water.

JACKSONVILLE, - - - OREGON

PICNICERS

Will Find Our Assortment of
LUNCH GOODS
COMPLETE IN EVERY LINE

Nabisco Wafers in	10c and 25c tins
Hunt Club Salted Wafers in	10c pkgs
Fig Sultanas in	10c pkgs
Graham Crackers in	10c pkgs
Chocolate Eclaires	10c pkgs
Cheese Sandwiches	10c pkgs

Lemon, Vanilla, Almond, Ginger Wafers, 5c pkgs
Ginger Snaps in 25c barrels

Underwood's Deviled Ham, Sardines, Snider's Pork and Beans, Etc. Ripe and Green Olives, Sweet and Sour Pickles in Bottles and Bulk

ULRICH BROS.

BANK OF Jacksonville

JACKSONVILLE OREGON

This bank endeavors to promote the interest of its customers along whatever line it is practicable for it so to do. With a large capital, a strong Directory and an experienced staff of employees we are prepared to handle all business entrusted to us. We solicit your business upon the basis of sound and progressive banking, liberal and courteous treatment.

Jacksonville Post

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, OREGON

Published every Saturday by the Post Publishing Co.
J. B. BARNES, Editor.

Admitted as second class matter at Jacksonville, Oregon.

SUBSCRIPTION
One year, by mail, \$1.50

RATES FOR ADVERTISING
One inch, one column, per month, \$.50
One inch up to 15 inches per month per inch50
Over 15 inches and up to 20 inches. .45
20 inches and up to 50 inches. .40
50 inches and up. .35

The space can be used in one, two, three, four, five or six columns wide. Copy should be in as early as possible. Not later than Thursday noon to insure publication in the following issue.

LOCALS

Local readers will be charged for at the following rates:
First insertion per line, \$.10
Subsequent insertions, .05
Church announcements, resolutions of condolence, births, marriages, deaths and general news items will be published free. Anything pertaining to the good of the county will be cheerfully published. We reserve the right to correct all grammatical defects in copy sent in. All communications must be signed by the party sending them. Don't be abusive in your communications, but give good news.

CONVENTION ADJOURNS.

John Worth Kern, of Indiana, Named for Vice President.

Denver, July 11.—The Democratic national convention concluded its labors late yesterday afternoon by the nomination of John Worth Kern, of Indiana, for vice-president, completing the ticket on which William J. Bryan was made the nominee for president during the early hours of the morning.

The nomination of Mr. Kern was made by acclamation, amid the resounding cheers of delegates and spectators. No ballot was necessary, as the trend of sentiment had set irresistibly toward the Indiana candidate, state after state registering its delegations in his favor, and all other candidates withdrawing before the universal demand for his nomination.

The convention, after adjourning at daylight with the nomination of Mr. Bryan, resumed its session at 1 P. M., with a powerful nomination already in motion toward the nomination of Mr. Kern for second place. On the call of states Indiana presented the name of Kern; Colorado, through ex-Governor Thomas, placed in nomination Charles A. Towne, of New York; Connecticut presented Archibald McNeill, and Georgia, Clark Howell. The names of Judge George Gray, of Delaware, and John Mitchell, of Illinois, were not presented, owing to the positive requests of these men not to have their names go before the convention.

For a time it looked as though a ballot would be required, but the steady line of states which joined in seconding Mr. Kern's nomination soon made it apparent that the chances of all other candidates had been extinguished.

Mr. Towne in person was the first candidate to recognize the decisive nature of the Kern movement, and in a ringing speech he withdrew his name from consideration and pledged his support to the ticket of Bryan and Kern. Withdrawals quickly followed from the supporters of Howell, of Georgia, and McNeill, of Connecticut, leaving the Indiana candidate alone in the field. The withdrawal of the Connecticut candidate was accompanied by a motion that Mr. Kern be nominated by acclamation. The motion was carried with a deafening shout, and the great assemblage broke into clamorous demonstration on the accomplishment of its work and the completion of the Democratic ticket.

The nomination was made at 4:23 o'clock, and the convention thereupon adjourned without date. The Democratic national committee will assemble this morning to complete its new organization and to select the chairman, who will be the commander-in-chief of the Democratic forces in the campaign. The throngs of delegates and spectators are scattering tonight for their homes.

LIKE OLD-TIME PROPHETS.

Minister Hails Roosevelt as World's Greatest Preacher.

Edinburgh, July 11.—At yesterday's session of the International Congregational Convention, Dr. Mills, of Chicago, speaking on the bearing of New Testament ethics on the family and economic relations, referred to what he designated as the "work of America's greatest preacher, who for several years has used the White House in the spirit of the old time prophets to apply the moral law to the great American corporations." The practical result of this teaching is a revival of the sense of the ethical responsibility.

The speaker declared that neither of the great political parties dared to nominate a man to the presidency who was not known to be a teacher of righteousness.

During a discussion that followed, Dr. Brown, of California, declared that incidentally he had seen more drunkenness in Edinburgh in a single day than in a whole month in "wicked San Francisco."

Cleveland's Will Filed.

Trenton, N. J., July 11.—The will of Grover Cleveland was probated today. It is in Mr. Cleveland's own handwriting, and makes no disclosures as to the extent of his wealth. After some minor bequests, and the creation of a fund of \$10,000 for each of the four children, the remainder of the estate is left to Mrs. Cleveland. In the will Mr. Cleveland expresses the desire that he be buried at the place where he died, and that his body be not removed unless it should be absolutely necessary. Mrs. Cleveland is made executrix and Frank S. Hastings executor.

Sherman Must Rest.

Utica, N. Y., July 11.—The physician of James S. Sherman, the Republican nominee for vice-president, visits him twice daily. Mr. Sherman is permitted to spend two hours each day in going over correspondence, and the rest of the time his physician declares must be spent in rest. It is said that Mr. Sherman has recuperated more slowly than after any previous attack. While it is admitted that he will ultimately have to be operated upon for the trouble, it will not be until he has gained his strength.

Sleuth's Bad Blunder.

City of Mexico, July 11.—Antonio Felix, a detective from Los Angeles, is under sentence of death on the charge of kidnaping. Some time ago the Los Angeles man went to Lower California and captured a Mexican named Antonio Martinez, wanted in California on a murder charge. It is said that Felix did not wait for extradition proceedings to bring his man across the border, but drove him across the line in a carriage.

Bishop Potter Weaker.

Cooperstown, N. Y., July 11.—There was little change in the condition of Bishop Potter last night. He recovered slightly from the weakness that caused alarm yesterday morning, and spent a comfortable day, but the improvement was not so great as to allay the fears of his family physician.

NEWS ITEMS FROM WASHINGTON, D. C.

RELATIONS SEVERED.

Venezuelan Consul Prepares to Leave Washington.

Washington, July 11.—The diplomatic relations between America and Venezuela, that have existed unintermittently for more than half a century, though in recent years severely strained, were yesterday completely severed. At 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon Senor Veloz-Goiticoa, the Venezuelan charge d'affaires, called at the state department by appointment to present to Acting Secretary Bacon notice from his government that he was to quit his post here, closing up the Venezuelan legation in Washington and repair forthwith to Venezuela.

The charge explained that the action of the state department in withdrawing Jacob Sleeper, the American charge, from Caracas, and in closing up its legation there, made it necessary for his government to take similar action in the case of its legation in Washington.

The charge made no demand for his passports, nor could he do so consistently, in view of the fact that Foreign Minister Paul had declined to issue such passports to the American charge when he withdrew from Caracas, on the ground that there was no necessity for passports, the country being in profound peace, and his person not being threatened in any way. Senor Veloz stated that the files and papers of the Venezuelan legation would be placed in the custody of Senor Jacobo Pimental, the Venezuelan consul general in New York. This statement is regarded as an indication that the Venezuelan government will follow the precedent established by the United States in refraining from closing the consulates. No arrangement has been made for the transaction of any diplomatic business which Venezuela might find it absolutely necessary to transact, through some unforeseen contingency.

FOR MERIT ONLY.

New Chief of Army Engineers is Not a Politician.

Washington, July 10.—President Roosevelt recognized merit when he appointed Colonel William L. Marshall as chief of engineers of the army. He picked the best man in the engineering corps, and the one who, in the opinion of unbiased officials of the department and of the army, was most entitled to the promotion, and in recognizing the merit of Colonel Marshall, he placed the corps in the hands of the man most competent to handle it. In deciding upon Colonel Marshall, the president was swayed by Secretary Taft, who from the first has favored the selection of Marshall for this post.

Colonel Marshall is physically a man of the Taft type, and for that reason there may have been a bond of sympathy between them. Last fall, when the army riding tests were held, the president threatened to retire Colonel Marshall because he failed to make the ride. But the failure was not due to the disinclination on the part of the new chief of engineers; it was due to the fact that no horse could be found in all the army stables who could carry the rotund colonel for a full day's ride, as he tips the scales at nearly 300 pounds.

Killed in Paraguay Revolution.

Washington, July 10.—Information received at the state department yesterday is that the estimated loss of life in the recent revolution in Paraguay was from 100 to 150 persons, while 100 were wounded. The information came to the department in a dispatch from Edward C. O'Brien, American minister to Uruguay and Paraguay. The revolution began on July 2, when the minister of war was taken prisoner. The dispatch came by way of Buenos Ayres, dated July 7, and stated that the City of Asuncion, where the revolution began, was tranquil.

Keep Eye on Coreans.

Denver, July 11.—Secret service men are said to be watching the Corean patriotic convention in the chapel of Grace Methodist church, in this city, because of a report that the foreigners came to this country to learn army and war tactics for use in freeing their country from the domination of the Japanese, but there was no indication of such a purpose in the proceedings yesterday, which were entirely peaceful in their tenor.

Meyer for Secretary of State.

Paris, July 11.—According to advices received here from Washington, William H. Taft recently announced to certain of his friends his purpose, if elected president of the United States, of appointing George von L. Meyer, at present postmaster general, to be his secretary of state.

Two Years for Forgery.

Chicago, July 10.—Daniel Keller, ex-captain in the United States army recently convicted of defrauding the government through the use of stolen quartermaster's checks, was yesterday sentenced to serve two years at hard labor in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan.

All's Well With the Fleet.

On Board U. S. S. Connecticut at Sea, July 8, 9:30 A. M. (by wireless to Mare Island navy-yard, Cal.)—The Atlantic fleet is steaming this morning in squadron formation at ten knots, 185 miles out from San Francisco. Weather clear and calm.

WARSHIP TO GO SOUTH.

American Vessel Sent to Honduras to Investigate Trouble.

Washington, July 14.—It was announced at the state department Saturday that an American warship will be sent to Port Amapala, Honduras, to investigate the reports that Honduras revolutionists are rapidly pushing forward with a view to capturing the city. These messages were received at the state department Saturday. From the tenor of the telegrams, no apprehension is felt that the dispute will involve other Central American republics.

Dispatches from Salvador Saturday state that a number of arrests of Salvadoran revolutionists have been made by the Salvadoran government because it was thought they were aiding the revolution. The Honduran government is evidently trying to suppress the disturbances.

In accordance with the request of the state department the bureau of navigation Saturday afternoon issued orders to the protected cruiser Albany to proceed at once to Amapala. The Albany is now at Panama, where she had gone from San Francisco to take marines to preserve peace in the coming Panama elections. She will carry 100 marines to Amapala the ostensible reason for her visit to the Central American port being a threat to the Honduran government to preserve peace. After the Honduran revolution is quieted the Albany will take the marines to San Francisco.

FORTUNES OF WAR WAVERING.

Government Retakes Gracias, Rebels Threaten Puerto Cortez.

Washington, July 15.—Official advices which reached the state department yesterday confirm the press reports that the Honduran government forces have retaken the small town of Gracias, and add that they are about to move to the more important city of Choluteca. To this extent the government appears to have the advantage.

On the other hand Honduras is menaced from the northern border. On the Caribbean sea border there are continually reiterated reports of attacks on Puerto Cortez, while General Lee Christmas, whom the state department officials style a soldier of fortune, is reported in the country just a few miles from Puerto Cortez. The force mentioned in one of the dispatches as being on a small island about 18 miles distant from Puerto Cortez is presumably the one from which an attack is feared.

The state department is being fully advised of the situation in the whole Central American district, but Mr. Dodge, the minister to Honduras and Salvador, explains that reliable information is difficult to obtain.

The United States and Mexican governments still continue to use their best efforts to keep peace in that part of the world, but have gone to the extent thus far only of offering their friendly mediation. The American cruiser Albany is now on its way from Panama to Amapala, the Pacific coast port of Honduras.

LABORERS PLAY MERCHANT.

Ancient Game Worked Successfully by Means of Lying Passports.

Washington, July 16.—Acting on reports showing that many Japanese who come to this country on passports indicating that they are merchants or students or members of some other branch of the exempt classes, later take their places as laborers, the government is planning to increase the activity of agents keeping the immigrants under surveillance.

The officials believe that Japan is using every effort to live up to her agreement not to issue passports to laborers, but there is little doubt that the regulations are continually evaded. It is believed that a careful watch on the immigrants after they have reached this country soon will lead to a solution of the problem.

The work of the immigration commission on the Pacific coast under the direction of Professor F. C. Mitchell, whose headquarters are in San Francisco, is progressing successfully, according to his reports, and he is to be allowed more agents for field work. He is following the immigrants and determining their social progress. He finds that Italians, Mexicans and Russians have showed marked advancement.

Increase Border Posts.

Washington, July 16.—Ambassador Creel, of Mexico, who has been in conference with Acting Secretary of State Bacon regarding the alleged violation of the neutrality laws along the Mexican border, was given again the most positive assurance of the intentions of this government to prosecute all neutrality offenders. An increase of the army posts on the border is possible, as Mexico already has indicated her intention of adding to the number.

Will Visit Oyster Bay.

Washington, July 14.—Senator Bourne has returned to Washington from a week spent in the North. At the invitation of the president, he will spend a day at Oyster Bay, his call being purely personal. He also witnessed the boat races at Schenectady, and spent the rest of the week on the Hudson. He expects to leave in a few days for Bar Harbor.

Agreement With Mexico.

Washington, July 11.—A perfect understanding between Mexico and the United States as to this government's purpose to take all steps possible to prevent violations of neutrality laws on the Mexican border, was reached at a two hours' conference between Acting Secretary of State Bacon and Ambassador Creel.