VOL. III.

OREGON CITY, OREGON, NOVEMBER 2, 1898.

## DOINGS OF THE WEEK

What Has Happened in the Civilized World.

GIVEN IN THE PRESS DISPATCHES

& Complete Review of the News of the Past Seven Days in This and All Foreign Lands.

Cubans have resented the American assumption of authority at Manzanillo, and the situation is strained.

General Butler has warned Secretary Alger that some show of strength must be made soon or America will lose all prestige with the Cobons.

The recent storm on the lakes was most furious. Chicago's water front was badly battered in spots. The severity of the blow was the greatest since 1894. The total damage is estimated at \$81,500.

An electrician has made the startling discovery that escaped electricity in New York follows underground pipes and resulting electrolysis cuts away the foundations of all kinds of structures.

Complete returns received by the trea ury department show that the doc- in the direct route to Porto Rico. umented American merchant shipping
June 30, 1898, comprised 22,705 vescels, of 4,747,738 gross tons, compared

A proposition being considered by
the Cuban assembly is the division of
Cuba into four states, to be called on the like date of 1897.

Governor Tanner, of Illihois, says train carrying the imported laborers will be met at the state line and shot land town for this specific purpose. to pieces with gatling guns.

President McKinley is said to have a ing impure German products, and thus tinually being made against American pork and other meat products.

The Cuban debt question has been finally disposed of at Paris. The Spanish peace commissioners acquiesced in the refusal of the Americans to have the heavy burden saddled upon the understanding.

monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that in public works, improvements and during September last the total receipts permanent betterments. It was also from all sources were \$21,713,389, a set forth that the United States would 1897, of \$8,858,883. For the three debt which had been incurred by Spain months ending September 30, 1898, the receipts were \$71,989,460, a gain as operations to quell the insurrections of compared with the same period in 1897 of \$28,196,823.

It is expected that the decision of the secretary of the navy to retain all the vessels purchased during the war will have the effect of causing a boom in granted two Americans a new conces-American shipbuilding. It comes just sion for an interoceanic canal. at a time when there is an unusual demand for ships flying the American proclamation, setting apart Thursday, flag on account of the expanding commerce of the United States in general, and particularly on account of the decision of the administration to confine trade between American ports and Porto Rico to American vessels.

A cabinet crisis is again reported to be imminent in Spain.

The Mississippi basin was visited by

a storm, and considerable property loss The postmaster at Sweet Home, Or.,

has been arrested for embezzlement. He made no returns to the government. Extraordinary precautions are being taken by Palestine authorities to insure the safety of Emperor William during his tour of the Holy Land.

The Philippine insurgents have peaceably withdrawn to the distance desired by the Americans, except in Calocan, the northern suburb of Manila.

Pardo Lucero, whose age, as shown by the records of the missions of Los Angeles and Soledad, was 125 years, died at the county hospital at Salinas,

steamship Milagala sank after being in blind girl. Autre assassinated his miscollision with the Japanese cruiser tress. Kingsamaru. Sixty Japanese were

Further information, received from to the swamps have all made good their escape, and the race conflict is

Spain wants the battleships Oregon the United States sending the warships to Manila. She claims such action is in violation of the terms of the protocol, and that the status quo must be to Mantla. Two will proceed by way maintained until peace is concluded.

Cotton buyers of Dallas, Tex., on foreign orders say that owing to the threatened war between England and France they have received cables say-"All shipments from this date until otherwise instructed must be made subject to war risks."

The Virginia grand camp of confederate veterans adopted a resolution to the effect that there could be no successor to Miss Winnie Davis as the tery I, Seventh United States artillery, 'Daughter of the Confederacy," the was shot dead while trying to desert title having expired with her death.

John D. Rockefeller will furnish funds to purchase the ground and to build a large social settlement house in the Italian district of Cleveland, O. It will be called the Alta house in honor of Mr. Rockefeller's daughter.

LATER NEWS.

Porto Ricans, it is said, will demand territorial rights. The new French premier has succeed-

ed in forming a cabinet. Agricultural experiment stations are to be established in Alaska.

A company of Chinese naval reserves is to be formed in Philadelphia.

John H. Dialogue, head of the shipbuilding firm of that name, is dead at his home at Camden, N. J.

According to Pension Commissioner Evans the war has cost the United States 3,000 lives to date.

The Paris exposition has granted America extra floor space, and the allotment now amounts to 210,000 square feet. A dispatch to the Herald from San-

tiago, Chile, announcers that the protocol on the Puns de Alcala dispute has been signed. This settles the Chile-Argentine dispute. The former Spanish cruiser, the

Maria Teresa, which was sunk during the battle with Cervera's fleet and raised under the direction of Naval Constructor Hobson, has sailed from Calmanera for Hampton roads. It is rumored that the United States

has bought Samana bay, Santo Dominbottoms of street-car rails and iron go, and will establish a coaling station there. Samana bay is a deep lulet in the northern coast of the island and is

with 22,633 vessels of 4,769,020 tons Orient, Camaguey, Las Villas and Occident. Between the proposed states of Camaguey and Las Villas would be that labor must not be imported to his a space of land which would be a spestate, and if an attempt is made the cial federal district or territory where the capitol would be built, a new in-

In his annual report James A Dirmont, supervising inspector-general of plan to get back at Germany by exclud- steamboats, states that the total number of accidents to steamships resultretaliate against the kaiser's govern-ment for the unjust discrimination con-81. The resultant loss of life was 283, an increase over the last previous year of 100. Of the lives lost 84 were passengers and 199 crews. The estimated number of passengers carried on vessels inspected by the service during the year is 850,000,000.

At a meeting of the Paris peace comd States. The cossion of Guam to mission the Americans presented a a was agreed upon and all differ- written expression of the purpose of garding Porto Rico settled by the United States to take the entire group of the Philippine debt as has been spent for the benefit of the islands

President McKinley was the guest of honor at the peace jublilee banquet of the Phildelphia Clover Club.

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, has The president has issued his annual

November 24, as Thanksgiving day. The wooden steamer L. R. Doty was lost in a gate on Lake Michigan and of 17 people on board, none were saved.

The French, anticipating the pro posed demands of England, have withdrawn Major Marchand from Fashoda. The French court of cassation has de-The Cook county circuit court has cided in favor of revision of the famous

decided that the Chicago wheel-tax law Dreyfus case, and the immediate provisional liberation of Dreyfus. At Lake Linden, Mich., a boiler in the Calumet & Hecla boiler-house exploded, killing three men instantly and

burning one seriously. The San Francisco grand jury has voted to indict Mrs. Botkin on the charge of murder. The trial will be held in the superior court.

The steamer L. R. Doty, with her crew of 15 men, is believed by marine men to have been lost in the great storm in midlake off Kenosha, Wis. Colonel George E. Waring, jr., formerly street commissioner of New York is sick at his home in that city

with yellow fever, contracted at Havana. At Richmond, Tex., Manuel Morris and Peter Autre, negroes, were hanged from a double gallows. Morris mur-A Kobe dispatch says the Japanese dered and then outraged a 6-year-old

Vice-President Hobart narrowly escaped being killed in a runaway accident in Philadelphia. A team behind Forest, Miss., says that 14 is the num- which he was riding bolted, and when ber of negroes killed in the Harpers- a terrible disaster seemed certain a ville race riot. The negroes who fled police officer dashed out, soized the bits of the horses and stopped them.

Ex-State Representative George Ogle, of Clackamas county, Oregon, has refused to accept the money voted and Iowa recalled, and protests against him by the recent session of the legislature for full pay for the disorganized house of 1897.

Three more warships are to be sent of the Suez canal and one across the Pacific. The Brooklyn will be the first to sail and will leave new York early this week with supplies and ammunition for Dewey's fleet. The Helena is soon to follow. The Yorktown is to leave San Francisco soon after being placed in commission.

Graham A. Young, of the army engineers corps, who died at Willett's Point, was heir to over \$1,000,000.

Thomas Greenwald, a private in batfrom Fort Slocum, near New Ro-

The Candian senate is the most patriarchial of contemporary upper houses, one-third of its being in the seventies, five in the eight

## QUESTION IS SETTLED

Philippines.

NOT ONE, BUT ALL OF THEM

If Spain Refuses, Hostilities Will Be Resumed and We Will Seize the Archipelago.

tire archipelago.

During the four days just passed,

In 1897 Spain issued, by royal decree, Philippines, and to which the Spanish on the track and was struck by a train. national guarantee was added. From 1 got off dead easy." these \$40,000,000 of obligations, Spain realized \$36,000,000 in cash. These \$40,000,000 represent the Philippine have Jackson appear before the next

The conditions also differ, the Philippine debt having been created by royal decree because the archipelago was not a parliamentary colony, while the socalled Cuban debt was created by law. The difference raises the question of the non-responsibility of the Philippines when removed from the sovereignty under which its resources were

Should the United States absorb the Philippines, none but officials yet know whether they will assume a part or all of this debt, or more than the Phillppine debt. The Americans have declined to assume the Cuban debt because Cuba is not theirs; but In deposing Spain in the Philippines, the Amerioans acquire the territory, and it is believed there will be some financial assumption by the United States.

At this point arises the question of how much financial relief might compensate Spain for her loss of the Philppines. Some well-informed persons believe that Premier Sagasta has determined to be rid of the Philipines, and would direct his commission to sign a finds support in the Parisian press, which today declares that resistance is impossible, and that Spain should abandon the archipelago.

Spain Will Resist

Paris, Nov. 1 .- There was a strong impression, which has been growing here recently, that the Spanish, upon receiving definite assurances of the American determination to take the entire Philippine group, would quit the conference, but this view was modified by the attitude of the Spanish newspapers which arrived here today.

These are found to have wheeled into line with the Epoca of October 27, which demanded that the Spanish commissioners should sign a treaty in Paris, no matter how onerous the conditions imposed by the Americans.

Nevertheless, despite this attitude of the Madrid press, and, despite the statement given Friday last to the press correspondentt by the Spanish commissioner, who denied that the Spaniards had any intention of withdrawing, the Americans here will not be surprised if one or more of the Spanish commissioners resign and practically close the negotiations. This feeling is based spon the fact that Senor Rios early last week would have resigned, if his so doing would not have imperiled the Sagasta ministry; and the reasoning is that, if, while pressing the Cuban debt, which is not mentioned in the protocol, Senor Rios was inclined to resign, he might, in the open field of contention as to the Philippines, feel that resignations would help Senor Sagasta, on the ground that the demand of the United States for the entire Philippine group

would be extertionate. It is believed here tonight, on the eve of taking up the main question, that the Spanish commissioners are not likely to acquiesce here in any treaty that the Americans would sign.

Cure for Hog Cholera. Washington, Oct. 31.-During the ments in the use of a serum as a remedy for hogs affected by cholers or the results were eminently satisfactory, encountered. proving that the disease can be success fully treated, easily and inexpensively. This year the experiments have been extnesive and far-reaching. bureau treated 932 hogs. Of these, 170 died, the number saved being 81 out of every 100. The loss was only 19 per

Miss Nell Thompson, a Christian scientist, died in Los Angeles, while undergoing an extended fast.

Turkish Murderers Executed. Candia, Crete, Nov. 1 .- Five more of the Mussulmans convicted of taking part in the massacre of British soldiers september 6, were executed today.

bka, Kan., Oct. 31,-The bers of the first battalion of the Twentysecond Kansas regiment, which have sailed from San Francisco for Manila. carry ballots with them and will vote on Kansas officers about midway between Honolulu and Manila.

### A FATHER'S TERRIBLE CRIME.

Murdered His Child by Placing It Be

New York, Nov. 1 .- Nicholas Jack-America Will Take Over the Trenton prison to serve 10 years for son, of Hackensack, who was sent to causing the death of his 6-year-old son Louis, confessed to Sheriff Herring and Deputy Sheriff Jackson, while they were on their way to Trenton from Hackensack with the prisoner. On this information, Mrs. Jackson is held as an accessory to the murder of her stepson. Here are Jackson's words to the shoriff.

"My wife, whom I had only recently married, did not like Louis, my little Paris, Nov. 1.-While the Spanish boy, and we had many quarrels about and American peace commissioners him She helped me plan the murder, now stand on the threshold of the and I was to put the boy on the tracks. Philippine question, it seems probable, I went to Tea Neck and stood near the in the light of this hour, that the West Shore railroad track. I was United States will take over the en- afraid to put the youngster on the track | wants the ship after she reaches the struck him in the stomach with an iron bolt, and that made him unconthose in touch with, though possibly iron bolt, and that made him unconnot in the confidence of the commis- scious. Then I put him on the track, sioners have felt the concentration of just below the crossing, and waited for tendencies toward the standpoint in- a train to come along. When I was dicated as likely to be occupied by the convinced that he was dead I went United States commissioners at Tues-day's session of the two commissions. I fixed up the story about my leaving the boy saleep on the hill near leaving the boy asleep on the hill near the tracks, to save my life. The judge bonds in the sum of \$40,000,000, to tried me and found me guilty of manwhich were pledged the revenues of the slaughter, thinking that Louis walked

debt, which is entirely outside of the grand jury to testify as to Mrs. Jack-\$500,000,000 of the so-called Philippine son's connection with the plan of the

CYCLONE IN LONDON.

Small Area Damaged by an Unusually

London, Nov. 1 .- During a severe storm last night, a small area, about half a mile square, around Denmark hill, Camberwell, London, was visited by a cyclone. Cabs were overturned. windows, doors, lamp-posts, trees and chimneys were blown down and a number of houses unroofed.

The contents of numerous hawkers stalls were carried hundreds of yards in the air by the wind, and many people were injured by the flying debris, which did also immense damage to property.

WILLIAM IN JERUSALEM.

Movements of the Royal German Pil-

Jerusalem, Nov. 1 .- The approach of From the tower of David, Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria proceeded on foot, amid wild cheering, to the church of the Holy Sepul-

cher, where they were received by the Catholic, Greek and Armenian clergy, whose patriarchs presented addresses eulogizing the devotion of the emperor, who has since conferred decorations on the patriarchs. Emperor William and the empress, while at the church of the Holy Sepulcher, visited the various portions of the sacred shrine, and spent 10 minutes at the scene of the

ICE IN THE YUKON.

A Dozen River Boats Stand a Good Chance of Being Wreeked.

San Francisco, Nov. 1,-Ice making on the Yukon, and there was thin ice at Dutch Harbor, when the Portland sailed, October 11. The tug Sadie has gone into winter quarters at Dutch Harbor. At least a dozen river Yukon, and all will probably be lost. The Dawson City is a total wreck. The Herman and Tacoma are aground, and the other boats are in such perilous position that when the ice breaks up they

may go to pieces. All the treasure in sight on the Portland was one box of gold dust and nuggests consigned to the Alaska Commercial Company. Its value was not made known, but is not believed to exceed \$10,000. Several returning miners were on the vessel, but they carried their wealth in the form of drafts, and were reticent regarding the amount.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 1.—The most marvelous strike recorded in a mine of Washington was made today in the Republic mine, at Republic, on the north half of Colville reservation. Freepast two years the department of agri- milling ore averaging 15 ounces of culture has conducted a series of experi- gold, or nearly \$300 to the ton, was encountered at a depth of 400 feet from the surface. The drills cut through 24 swine plague. The eexpriments were feet of ledge matter, the last 16 feet conducted by Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief averaging 15 ounces, and the farther of the bureau of animal industry, and wall of the pay streak has not yet been

Admiral Miller Will Soon Retire. Washington, Oct. 31 .- The announcement was made at the navy department today that Rear-Admiral Miller, commanding the Pacific station, will be retired November 22 by operation of law on account of age. Commodore Albert Kautz, recently in command of the naval station at Newport, is now on his way to San Francisco to relieve Admiral Miller.

Murder of a Hermit. Springfield, Mass., Nov. 1.-Isaac Stetson, a hermit, was found dead in the woods near his home, in the vicinity of Wahconah farm, yesterday, having probably been murdered. An autopsy performed today showed that Stetson had been shot down, and that death was instantaneous.

Many people in Brookilne, Mass., recently paid \$2.50 each for painted sparrows, on the representation that they were canaries.

# TO RAISE THE MAINE THANKSGIVING DATA

A San Francisco Company Wants the Job.

PERMISSION MAY BE GIVEN Cruiser Brooklyn and Gunboats Helena and Yorktown Will Be Added

to Dewey's Flest.

Washington, Oct. 81 .- The Acme Wrecking Company, of San Francisco, has made a request upon the navy department for anthority to raise the battle-ship Maine. If the government demanded from the government by the company. It is stated at the department unofficially that in case the company is found to be reliable, the task, no doubt, will be given them.

For the Asiatic Station. New York, Oct. 81 .- A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: Two more men-of-war will probably follow the auxiliary cruiser Buffalo to the Asiatic squadron. Orders have already been given to the gunboat Helena to prepare for her long trip through the Suez canal to the far East, and as soon as she is ready she will start.

Rear-Admiral Dewey has impressed upon the department the necessity of having a large number of light-draught gunboats among the Philippine islands. The Yorktown, it is understood, will be placed in commission on the Pacific

coast, and start for Manila. Before permitting Naval Constructor Hobson to continue the work of raising the cruiser Cristobal Colon, his plans must receive the approval of the naval board of construction. Orders have ington on Tuesday next at a meeting of the board. Mr. Hobson will detail his plan for floating the Colon. Believing it desirable to add the chief

intelligence officer to the membership of the board of construction, orders have been given to Commander Clover, appointing him a member of the organ-

Captain A. S. Crownshield, acting secretary of the navy, has given in structions to Commander West, commanding the gunboat Princeton, directtheir German imperial majesties to the ing him to proceed with his vessel to city yesterday was made through tri- San Juan, Porto Rico, and take station umphal arches, and amid banners, gar- there until relieved arrivar of the someo should take the islands and assume and delight. The formal entry through with Commander A. S. Snow, and \$40,000,000 of debt. This proposition the Jaffa gate was heraided by the roar when Commander Snow assumes duty eral Wood was closeted with Colonel of guns at the citadel, where the Turk- as commandent of the station, Rear- Pettit and his adjutant, and he was ish band played the German anthem. Admiral Schley will board the Newark subsequently received by Colonel Petand sail for home

HITCHBORN'S REPORT.

Work of the Construction Bureau

Washington, Oct. 81 .- A large part of the burden of equipping the United States navy for the war with Spain fell upon the construction bureau of the navy. In his annual report, Commodore Hitchborn, the chief constructor, furnishes many interesting details as The planters unanimously refuse to fall to this work, involving the transformation of more than 100 merchant coaft ing that it would be a trades union of into effective naval vessels at short notice. Looking to the future, the chief constructor invites attention to the importance of properly equipping and maintaining plants at or near paval stations along the coast already established and he submits estimates for the purpose, averaging about \$25,000 in

Besides the long list of vessels purchased by the government for use as steamers are stock on sand bars in the auxiliary cruisers, the report says that the wharf to see the young commander, 10 vessels were accepted by the government from builders during the last fiscal year. These were the Iowa, Helena, Nashville, Wilmington, Annapolis, Marietta, Newport, Vicksburg, Foots

and Wheeling. of construction has been very satisfac-

torv. naval vessels throughout the various conditions of the war is set down as a source of gratification to the construction bureau, where the greater part of them were designed.

The chief constructor pays a tribute te the indefatigable labors of the construction corps during the war and expresses the opinion that the increase in its personnel has hardly been as rapid as the demand upon its services. Therefore, it is urged that the bureau continue the liberal policy it has followed in assigning officers to the corps.

The Engineer's Pate. Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 81 .- The engine of the eastbound train on the Santa Barbara branch of the Southern Pacific ran off the track near Camulus station, and Engineer Davis was canche under the cab and crushed to death. The fireman on the engine was seriously, but not fatally injured.

Will Resist Invaders. Peking, Oct. 31.-There is a general movement of Chinese troops towards the coast of the Gulf of Pe-Li-Chi. It is understood to be due to an apprehension of an attempt by a foreign power to seize the railway. Americans in China in No Danger.

Washington, Oct. 31. — Admiral Dewey has cabled the department that everything is quiet at Peking and that

no further trouble is anticipated, and

not in danger. Oswego, N. Y., Oct. 81.-The Tonkin River boiler and engine works in this city were destroyed by fire early today, Loss, \$105,000. Otto Snyder, the night watchman, perished in the

Washington, Oct. 31 .- The president

today issued the following Thankegiving proclamation:
"By the President of the United States-A Proclamation: The approaching November brings to mind the customs of our ancestors, hallowed by time and rooted in our most sacred

traditions, of giving thanks to Al-mighty God for all the blessings he has voucheafed to us during the past year. "Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving. We have been blessed by abundant harvests, our trade and commerce have been wonderfully increased, our public credits have been improved and strengthened, all sections of our country have been brought together and knitted into closer bond of national purpose

and unity. "The skies have been for a time darkened by the cloud of war, but as we were compelled to take up the sword in the cause of humanity, we are permitted to rejoice that the conflict has been of brief duration, and the losses we have had to mourn, though grievous and important, have been so few, considering the great results accomplished, as to inspire us with gratitude and praise to the Lord of Hosts. We may laud and magnify His Hoty Name that the cossation of hostilities came so soon as to spare both sides the countless sor-

rows and disasters that attend pro-

tracted war. "I do, therefore, invite all my fellow-citizens, those at home as well as those who may be at sea or sojourning in foreign lands, to set spart and observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, as a day of national thanksgiving, to come together in their several places of worship for a service of praise and thanks to Almighty God for all the blessing of the year, the mildness of the seasons and the fruitfulness of the soil; for the continued prosperity of the people; for the devotion and valor of our countrymen; for the glory been given to him to appear in Wash- of our victory and the hope of a righteous peace, and to pray that the divine guidance which has brought us heretofore to safety and honor may be graciously continued in the years to come.

In witness whereof, etc. "WILLIAM M'KINLEY. "By the President: John Hay, Sec etary of State."

WOOD AT MANZANILLO.

Setting the New Civil Government Manzanillo, Oct. 31 .- The United

States gunboat Hist arrived here tonight with Garagal deep mourement Matthew Hanna. On landing, Gentit's entire regiment. General Wood then visited the barracks, hospitals, palace, custom-house and patoffic Colonel Pettit reports that the Cuban

General Rios is apparently making every effort to prevent the disbanding of his troops. The Cuban commander wishes all the sugar estates in the neighborhood to tell him how many men they can employ, and he will guar antee to supply all required on condition that only soldiers are employed. in with such an arrangement, considerthe strongest possible kind and would also tend to keep up the Cuban military organization, which, in the interests of the island, the planters are very anxious to break up. In their opinion it would be better to have no commerce than to attempt it on such conditions. Lieutenant Lucien Young, the com

citement on landing than even General Wood himself. Crowds gathered at who, with Lieutenants Holm and Jungen, of the Hornet and Wampatuck, defeated a whole flotilla of Spanish gunboats at Manzanillo on July 1 last. According to the reports from the and Wheeling.

Progress made on the vessels in course General Calixto Garcia has been chosen permanent chairman of the organiza-

mander of the Hist, created more ex-

DUG THEIR WAY OUT.

Boulder Prisoners Escape by Means of Denver, Colo., Oct. 31.-A special to the News from Boulder, Colo., says: About 6:30 o'clock this evening it was discovered that five inmates of the county jail had made their escape by tunneling under the wall. They are John C. Cassidy, who was today sen-tenced to life imprisonment for the murder of William Rowe, at Sugarloaf; George and Edward Rowe, sentenced to four and a half and six years respectively for cattlestealing; Nick Boucher, awaiting trial for assault with intent to murder; and John Baptiste, serving a three months' sentence for larceny. With caseknives and pieces of wood they had dug down six feet and tunneled eight feet to the outside of the wall, hiding the dirt taken out under one of the cages. They had been at work several days. No trace of the escapes

has been found. St. Louis, Oct. 31 .- A special to the Post-Dispatch from Sherman, Tex., says a disastrons fire occurred at Corsicans today. William Johnson and two children were burned to death.

San Francisco, Oct. 31 -The vault

in the First National bank, used by Judge Wolf, of the Wolf, Worden Company, who mysteriously disappeared two months ago, was opened to that American interests in China are day It was found to be empty, and ney and securities amounting to \$10,000 belonging to the Sarah M. the head with his army revolver. Pearson estate, of which Wolf was executor, are now missing. Wolf supposed to have met with foul play Oregon, but 'ater on was seen in

## WORK OF A POSSE

NO. 11.

Fierce Battle With Indians in Grant County.

THE BAND WAS EXTERMINATED

Five Redskins and One White Man Were Killed-Indians Gathering at Izee in Large Numbers.

Baker City, Or., Oct. 29 .- A special from Canyon City states that a young man who was a member of the sheriff's posse which is pursuing the Indians who yesterday shot two settlers-David Cuttings and John High-and killed two horses ridden by F. Duncan and F. Mosier, has just returned to Canyon City with a report of a desperate fight

between the posse and the Indians.

The 19 white men and five buck warriors were about 40 feet apart when the battle began. George Cuttings, son of David Cuttings, received a bell in the left arm, the missile passing

through his lungs.

One of the indians, who was shot and killed, fought with desperate courage. After being repeatedly shot he continued firing his rifle until it was empty and then fired his revolver until the weapon dropped so low that the bullets struck the ground near his

George Cuttings, after being wounded, started, in company with M. Mosier, for Izee, near the scene of the trouble. The wounded man became so weak that he was left near the trail propped up against a tree. When a searching party went to look for Cuttings, they found his dead body near a spring, to which he had crawled. The posse continued in pursuit of the Indians, and, after a running battle, killed all five.

Settlers have sent to Canyon City for more ammunition, stating that In-dians are gathering around Izee in large The trouble arose over the Indians

accusing the whites of stealing horses. REMOVED FROM THE LIST.

Thousands of Offices Will Be Taken From Civil Service. Washington, Oct. 29 .- It is understood that a presidential edict removing a large number of government officers from the civil service probable. Assis promulgated is founy months, having been deferred from time to time owing to pressure of war business. As at present determined upon, the order will affect upwards of 7,000 places. It will include deputy collectors of inbecome acting collectors, actually serving in that capacity. There are about 2,000 of these deputy collectors. The largest class affected is the corps of examining surgeons of the pension bureau, of whom there are in all over 4,100. About 50 office deputy marshals, heretofore reported as classified but concerning whose status there has been some doubt, because of their being in the judicial branch of the service, are expected to be placed in the exempt class. There are other scattering positions, including some of a fiduciary and confidential character, which

will aggregate possibly several hundred. FATE OF DREYFUS.

Appeal for Revision of the Case Heard at Paris. Pairs, Oct. 29 .- The court of ceasation, which is to decide upon the question of the reopening of the case of Alfred Drevius, the prisoner of Devil's island, who is alleged to have been falsely convicted of selling important military plans to agents of a foreign power, opened at noon today. During the session of the court, an anti-Dreyfus mob numbering about 100 persons and headed by MM. Drumont, Millevoye and Lasce, shouting "Vive l'Armiel" and "A morte les Juife!" attempted to enter the court, but the passage of the mob was barred by the police, and large reinforcements were sent to guard the

approaches to the court.

Maitre la Borie, who was counsel for M. Zola during the latter's famous trial, was seated among the lawyers, occupy ing the first row. Mrs. Dreyfus, wife of the prisoner, was provided with a seat in a corner. She was represented

by Maitre Mornard. The case was called immediately after the opening of the court. Reporter Bard appeared for the captain.

McCord Will Receive \$40,000. Washington, Oct. 29 .- The award of the chief justice of Canada, to whose arbitration was submitted the claim of Victor H. MCord against the government of Peru for damages sustained by reason of imprisonment during the revolutionary outbreaks there, has been received at the state department. Me-Cord is awarded \$40,000. Payment of this amount will close the diplomatic controversy which has been in progress between the United States and Peru for some years, this government having persistently urged reparation for Mo-Cord. The settlement of the case provides that the money must be paid to McCord within six months from the

date of the award. Suicide of a Volunteer. New York, Oct. 29.-Philip R. N. Hildreth, 26 years old, a member of troop A, New York volunteers, committed suicide at his home in this city while delirious from fever contracted in Porto Rico. He shot himself through

The Plague at Samarkand. St. Petersburg, Oct. 29.—It is now recognized that the epidemic prevailing at Samarkand is the true plague. Th mortality is high,