

BELIEVES MULTNOMAH WILL VOTE FOR REPEAL

An effort will be made at the coming election to repeal the unexpended portion of the \$6,000,000 road bonds voted by the people last June.

GIRL'S STATEMENT WILL HELP INDEPENDENCE

Here is the girl's own story: "For years I had dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation, I drank hot water and olive oil by the gallon.

COUNTY NEWS NOTES

The county, school and state levy combined will be three mills less than last year.

Officers of the Northmouth grade will be installed tomorrow by State Master Spence.

The county court has decided to publish the names of all those receiving financial aid from the county.

Elmer Hastings of Airlie has joined the navy as a painter.

Floyd Crowley of the navy, stationed at Frisco, was home last week on a visit.

Jacob Fetzer of Suver, having no children to join the Red Cross, took out a membership for his son.

The Polk County Observer has suspended its Tuesday issue and will print but one paper a week hereafter.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Polk. Plaintiffs, - Plaintiff vs. Defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear, and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit, on or before Saturday, the 26th day of January, 1918.

(1) For a judgment against you, the said Defendant, H. A. Davis, for the sum of \$200.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from the 23rd day of January, 1917.

(2) For a decree foreclosing that certain mortgage given by you, the said Defendant, H. A. Davis, to the Plaintiff, on the 23rd day of April, 1915, upon all of Lot numbered Nineteen (19), in Block numbered Two (2), in Sheridan View Acres, in Polk County, State of Oregon.

(3) That you, and each of you, be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title, lien, claim, or interest in, to, or upon the said real property, and every part thereof, save and except the statutory right of redemption.

(4) That the Plaintiff have execution against you, the said Defendant, H. A. Davis, for any deficiency in his judgment against you, after the application of the proceeds of the said real property.

(5) For a Judgment and Decree that the before mentioned mortgage executed by you, the said Defendant, H. A. Davis, be reformed and corrected, according to the real intent of the parties, so the description therein shall read as follows: "All of Lot numbered Nineteen (19), in Block numbered Two (2), in Sheridan View Acres, in Polk County, State of Oregon, as shown by the map and plat thereof, on file and of record in the Office of the County Clerk of Polk County, State of Oregon, containing ten (10) acres of land".

(6) For such other and different relief as to the Court may seem proper.

This summons is published in the "Independence Monitor", once each week, for six successive weeks, by order of the Hon. H. H. Belt, Judge of the above entitled Court, made on the 18th day of December, 1917.

1917 CRUSADERS TAKE HOLY CITY WITHOUT POMP

Description of the British Entry Into Jerusalem.

COMMANDER ENTERS ON FOOT

Ceremony is Full of Dignity and Simplicity, the Significance of Which Was Not Lost on the Population—No Soldier Shouts of Triumph Over Defeated Foe—People Show Evidence of Delight.

The first detailed account of the British entry into the Holy City was received by the London Daily News from W. T. Massey at Jerusalem. He says:

"This central site of sacred history is liberated from the thralldom of the Turk without a British bullet or shell being directed against its walls, or so much as a stone being scratched. The Turks were forced to withdraw by General Allenby's strategy and the valor of his army. The Turkish artillery fired from a position quite close to the city, and enemy guns thundered from the Mount of Olives, but of our fire the inhabitants could make out nothing more than a distant rumbling of guns and the bursts of musketry. No Display Entering City.

"General Allenby put the sanctity of the holy sites before every other consideration and approached the city only when the pressure of his troops in the mountains west and northwest forced the enemy to yield.

"I write this after witnessing the official entry of General Allenby and his staff and military commanders of detachments of French and Italian troops. There was no great pageantry of arms, no display of pomp. With the commander in chief and his small staff was a guard of less than 150 all told, including allied troops. There was a quiet ceremonial of reading the proclamation of military law, of meeting notables of the city and heads of religious bodies, and the official entry was over.

"There were no flags hoisted and there was no enemy flag to haul down. There were no soldier shouts of triumph over the defeated foe, but just a short military procession into the Mount Zion portion of the city, 200 yards from the walls.

"The ceremony was full of dignity and simplicity. Its significance was not lost on the population, who saw in it an end of Turkish regime and the beginning of a new era of freedom and justice for all classes and creeds. Right down into the hearts of the people, who cling to Jerusalem with the deepest reverence and piety, there was unfeigned delight. I learn that prayers were offered up in almost every house in Jerusalem that our arms would be successful.

"At eight o'clock in the morning the mayor and chief of police came out under a flag of truce. The mayor, who holds his high civic position as a member of the Hassel family which possesses documentary proof of its direct descent from Mahomet through the prophet's daughter, offered the surrender of the city. The formal surrender was arranged at noon December 8.

"Between the offer and the formal acceptance, there was sharp fighting on the outskirts, the Turks fighting more stubbornly than at any period of these operations and meeting bayonet with bayonet. The London troops were heavily attacked and strong machine-gun fire was poured into them from the Mount of Olives, but by noon the Turks were pushed back so far that we occupied ground 7,000 yards north of the city walls. The Welsh troops were operating from the south and east, and drove the Turks from the Jericho road. This was the military position at noon, December 9.

"It was a picturesque throng that from the outskirts of Jerusalem flocked in to greet the conquering general. Armenians and Greeks and men of all nationalities, sponser clad, stood side by side with Moslems dressed in the brighter raiment of the east. The predominance of Tarbush in the streets added to the brightness of the scene. "All obviously regarded the day as important, for they wore their best robes, and many of them, abandoning their natural reserve, joined in vocal expressions of welcome. Their faces lighted up with pleasure at the general's approach. The flat-topped roofs and balconies held people crying aloud their welcome.

"General Allenby entered the town on foot. Aside the Jaffa gate he was received by the military governor and a guard of honor formed by men who have done their full share in the campaign. Drawn up on the right of the gate were men from English, Scottish, Irish and Welsh contingents. Opposite them were fifty men from representing Australian and New Zealand horsemen. Inside the walls were twenty French and twenty Italian troops from detachments sent by their countries to take part in the Palestine operations. "Inside the walls was a crowd, densely packed in the narrow streets. The commander in chief, preceded by his aid de camp, had on his right the com-

mander of the French detachment and on his left the commander of the Italian detachment. Following were the Italian, French, and American military attaches and a few members of the general staff. Guards of honor marched in the rear.

"The procession turned to the right into Mount Zion and halted at El Kala Citadel. On the steps at the base of the tower of David, which was standing when Christ was in Jerusalem, a proclamation of military law was read in four languages in the presence of the commander in chief and many notables of the city.

"Reforming, the procession moved up Zion street to Barracks square where the mayor and the mufti were presented and likewise sheikhs with charge of mosques and the moslems belonging to the Khaldees and Alameeh families which trace their descendants through many centuries. Patriarchs of Latin, Greek, Orthodox and Armenian churches and Coptic bishops had been directed to leave Jerusalem by the Turks, but their representatives present were introduced to the general as were also heads of the Jewish committees of the Syria church, of the Greek Catholic church, an Abyssinian archbishop and a representative of the Anglican church. The last to be presented was the Spanish consul, who has in charge the interests of almost all the countries at war.

"The representations over, the procession returned to Jaffa gate. Thus ended a simple and impressive ceremonial, the effect of which must be far reaching."

DEATH TO THE HUN.

By Daisy Sanial Gill (of the Vigilantes) Forward through pain and woe Till he is beaten back— Death to the Hun! Though low our dead men lie, Loud rings their charging cry As life and love leap by— Death to the Hun! Speak not of right to be, Speak not of Liberty Under the sun, Till we can stand beside France—Belgium crucified, And fling the glad news wide— Dead is the Hun! Till we can answer back Who braved that brute attack— "Father and son, You have not died in vain, Fruitful your mortal pain, Hope for the Race remain— Dead is the Hun!"

KING VICTOR LIVES WITH TROOPS AT FRONT

Only Goes to Capital When Presence Is Required by Cabinet Meetings.

Though King Victor is the only entente ruler who has constantly lived at the front among his soldiers, yet very little is said and printed about him. His name never appears in the general staff communiques. The war correspondents never mention the king's name and doings, except when allowed to describe official ceremonies connected with the visit at the Italian front of other entente rulers or high entente officials. Very few civilians have seen the king during the last two years. Even during his brief visits to the capital, when his presence here is required by important cabinet meetings, the king is never seen in the streets, as in former years. A few days ago the following sketch of King Victor, together with the description of one of his experiences at the front, was discovered in a letter of a soldier to his mother:

"The king passed only a short distance from me and I saw him distinctly. He was calm, smiled to everybody whose gaze attracted his attention and spoke to every soldier near him, asking numberless questions. After a while he resumed his ascent toward the advanced trenches in order to shake hands with the soldiers and encourage them with fatherly words. After the visit he came back, took a photo of us and then boarded his car and sped away. Only two generals and a colonel were with him. While making the ascent an enemy plane happened to be heading for the same spot. The king, instead of seeking shelter, continued to walk, and when our antiaerials opened fire on the plane the king remained in the middle of the road, impassable under the hail of shrapnel bullets, following the duel with his field glass. When the plane fled he congratulated the artillerymen."

PLAN TO TRAIN CRIPPLES

Oregon University to Re-Educate Victims of the War. Re-education of men crippled in the war is a problem that the University of Oregon is anticipating and one for which preparation already is being made. A committee of representatives of the departments of psychology and education has been appointed to make a careful study of the most practical methods of re-education and to make recommendations for the establishment of such courses of study as are deemed advisable. The special problem for the committee is to devise ways of educating men for new pursuits after they have been crippled in such way as to make their former occupations impossible.

PARISIAN IDOL SEEKS CONVENT

Actress Tires of Vanities Amid War's Horrors.

IS CONVERTED BY PRIEST

Eva Lavalliere, Late Star of the Varieties, Turns Over Her Wealth to the Poor—Found Shallowness of Stage Contrasted Too Strongly With Boundless Sufferings of the Soldiers in the Trenches.

Paris rubbed its eyes and sat up with a shock when it read in the morning papers recently that Eva Lavalliere was about to give up the world and retire to a convent. Lavalliere, who for almost twenty years has been the joy of Paris theatergoers; she whose verve and sparkle had made of her one of the most popular actresses of the capital—whose special talent always gave you the feeling of biting into a sour-sweet apple with its particular and delightful tang.

Rumor has it that Lavalliere—like her famous namesake—tiring of the pomp and vanities of the world, has decided to seek peace and solace behind the walls of a cloister. At all events, the late star of the Varieties said when asked if the report was true:

Made Vow to Quit.

"When the war began I made a vow that I would never act again. Then managers begged me to change my mind, and I consented. I played a short season of "Carmenita," but the shallowness and artificialities of the stage contrasted with the boundless sufferings of our soldiers in the trenches sickened me and I gave up the part. "Last spring I went into the country for a rest, and there one day the village priest called upon me and asked me whether I would not come to mass the following Sunday. I smiled—can you imagine me at mass—but he was such a delightful priest, and to please him I went. I returned again and again—and now I have decided to give up the rest of my life to religion."

Lavalliere looks strange without her makeup. She no longer hides the fact that her hair is white. She has given up her handsome apartment, sold her furniture, her furs and her jewels, turned the proceeds over to the poor, and has declared herself ready for her new vocation.

Some skeptical persons insist that the reason for this change of heart is that the actress feels her powers are waning and that she has lost her looks. Some even declare that all this is only the prelude to the announcement that she is to appear in a new play this season.

The Soldier Understands.

But the soldier in the trenches understands. Through three years of war, side by side with death, he has learned to look into men's hearts. By his own descent into the darkness of his fate he has discovered the shining brightness of spiritual ties. He seems to have grown antennae with which he can probe into the mysteries of a soul. He is not astonished that a woman, finding her existence an empty one, has gone boldly forth into the great adventure of discovering a new and finer life.

With the disappearance of Eva Lavalliere from the world's stage it seems as if a part of Paris had put on mourning for the dead in sympathy for the living, as if she had understood the terrible lesson of today and had decided to expiate, to pay with her devotions the fearful price of blood.

FLY AMERICAN FLAG BEHIND THE LINES



The American flag brings trade to this tobaccoist somewhere behind the lines in a French village. A board also announces the fact that cakes, jam and chocolate are among the wares that tempt French soldiers to buy.

JOYOUS LIFE LED ON BRITISH FLEET

More Smiles There Than Among Any Similar Group.

NO PLACE FOR PESSIMIST

Healthy, Happy, Wholesome Men Have Homes on Big Battle Fighters—Theater Ship Goes From Vessel to Vessel and Home Talent of Visited Ship is Given Opportunity to Entertain Their Fellows.

The British navy is no place for a pessimist. There are probably more smiles to be seen on the faces of the men who make their homes on British war vessels than are to be found among any similar group of men in the world. This is especially true of the Grand Fleet, where the continual routine of the last three years might have been expected to develop some degree of depression, but which, on the contrary, has brought together a great community of healthy, happy, wholesome men.

It was the privilege of the New York Sun's correspondent to live for several days aboard his majesty's battle cruiser—and to enter into the life and spirit of the men aboard this great fighting machine. Most of those who make their home in the wardroom had been stationed aboard the ship for two years, some of them for a much longer period, and in the whole lot there was not one case of the "blues," not one "wet blanket." From the bridge to the stokehold there was nothing but contentment and willingness to serve uncomplainingly without the slightest trace of bitterness or regret over sacrifices made for the cause.

Fleet Makes Thrilling Sight.

There is nothing particularly thrilling about going aboard a battle cruiser in the darkness of early evening, but to awaken in a comfortably furnished cabin, formerly the quarters of an admiral, and to look through the porthole upon long lines of enormous gray ships riding at anchor upon a harbor glistening in the sunlight is sufficient to give the thrill of a lifetime.

Something in the atmosphere of the northern country where the Grand Fleet has its home gives health with every breath. On the surrounding shores of the harbor the Vikings of old spent their winters and assimilated the strength that made them the terror of their enemies, and on the same shores almost every day may be seen the officers and men of the fleet taking their exercise. Parties of men in running clothes dash from small boats and play at hare and hounds with the same vim as they did in the early days of their youth. Others play golf on a course laid out over the pent bags and enjoy it as much as if they were driving the ball over the finest greensward in the kingdom.

Among the battlements are the usual comforts of a well-ordered home. The wardrooms have graphophones and billiard tables, and a weekly motion picture show is given on the decks.

Home Talent Gets Opportunity.

There is even a theater ship supplied, which goes about from vessel to vessel. It anchors alongside and the talent of the visited ships produces a creditable performance. The theater ship is called the Gourka, and its periodic visitations are anticipated fervently by the crew of every ship in the fleet.

Perhaps the happiest lot of any aboard the ships of the Grand Fleet are the midshipmen. They have all the energy and pent-up enthusiasm of boys in preparatory school, and when they begin to enjoy themselves in their "gunroom" the racket can be heard in every nook and cranny of their ship. They take a stranger into their midst with a straightforwardness that is touching and they sing their songs in a manner to bring up memories of college fraternity houses and prep school dormitories.

The same cheeriness that pervades the mess halls is to be found in the captain's quarters, where in bright comfort the skipper reads his books, arranges his program of work for the men and has his being in peaceful seclusion. There is something clean and wholesome and desirable about the life of the fleet, and records show that few men who have entered into the work have ever died of melancholia.

PETAINE SHOWS MODESTY

Autobiography Records Merely Date of Birth and Death—Modesty is one of the characteristics of General Petain, commander in chief of the French armies operating in France. It is reported that after one of his brilliant successes on the western front, which led to his appointment to supreme active command, he was asked by a military writer to furnish him with a few autobiographic notes. The general courteously replied with this laconic message: "Petain, General of Division. Born April 24, 1856. Died —."

Will Multiply Gasoline Output.

Secretary of Interior Lane has authorized the construction of a plant to utilize an invention of Frederick A. Koromann, a San Francisco chemist, whereby it is claimed the output of gasoline by the United States can be increased twofold.

War Can't Stop Us. It makes no difference in our appetites for good eats. But the question of the hour is, "where to get good, satisfying eats at medium prices." WE HAVE THE ANSWER is plainly in evidence in every part of our store. It consists of Fresh, Pure, Clean Groceries And the smiles of many satisfied customers is the best of proof that we make good on every claim. albreath & Jones