

HARDING CHOSEN; COOLIDGE SECOND

Ohio Senator Is Nominated on Tenth Ballot.

COOLIDGE ON FIRST

Lowden Forces Throw Most Strength to Senator When Own Cause Is Hopeless—Sproul Aids.

Chicago, June 12.—Warren G. Harding, United States senator from Ohio, was nominated for the presidency today by the republican national convention on the tenth ballot, after a deadlock which had lasted for nine ballots and which finally forced out of the running all the original favorites.

As his running mate, the convention named Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts, upsetting a plan of a combination of the Harding backers to nominate for the place Senator Irvine L. Lenroot of Wisconsin. Coolidge was nominated by Wallace McCamant, Oregon.

The collapse of the forces of Governor Frank O. Lowden and their transfer in large part to Senator Harding put the Ohio candidate over.

General Wood lost heavily, however, when the Harding drift began, and Senator Johnson, the third of the trio of leaders on the early balloting Friday, also went steadily down hill.

Entering the convention four days ago as a candidate distinctly of the "dark horse" class, Senator Harding got only 64 votes on the first ballot Friday and on the second he dropped

means for promoting good will between capital and labor recognized.

Administration denounced for failure to demobilize military forces and retrench in expenditures following war.

Republican party congratulated for enactment of legislative budget law and president censured for its defeat.

Farmer is declared backbone of nation and entitled to adequate representation in government.

Administration of farm loan law so as to facilitate acquisition of land by men desiring to become owners demanded.

Program of constructive legislation in great part nullified by vindictive vetoes of president.

Republican congress has stopped flood of public treasure recklessly poured into the lap of an inept shipping board and laid foundations for a great merchant marine.

Permanent woman's bureau in department of labor established by the republican congress.

Party denies right of workmen to strike against government, but insists that rights and interests of employees must be safeguarded.

Compulsory arbitration not advocated, but in its place impartial commissions and better facilities for voluntary mediation and conciliation.

Credit claimed for legislation in behalf of civil war veterans and providing for needs of service men of recent world war.

Sound policy demands real reduction of tax burden and substitution of simple procedure for complex tax laws and procedure.

Prime cause of the high cost of living has been 50 per cent depreciation in purchasing power of dollar, due to gross expansion of currency and credit.

Republican party pledges itself to earnest and consistent attack on living costs by rigorous avoidance of further inflation of currency and promotion of production.

Party reaffirms its belief in protective principle and pledges itself to revision of the tariff as soon as conditions make it necessary.

Promotion and elevation of standards of living and citizenship declared

founded upon no principle and directed by no definite conceptions of our nation's rights and obligations. It has been humiliating to America and irritating to other nations, with the result that, after a period of unexampled sacrifice, our motives are suspected, our moral influence impaired and our government stands discredited and friendless among the nations of the world.

"We favor a liberal and generous foreign policy, founded upon definite moral and political principles, characterized by a clear understanding of and firm adherence upon our own rights and unfailing respect for the rights of others. We should afford full and adequate protection to the life, liberty and property and all international rights of every American citizen and should require a proper respect for the American flag; but we should be equally careful to manifest a just regard for the rights of other nations. A scrupulous observance of our international engagements when lawfully assumed is essential to our own honor and self-respect and the respect of other nations. Subject to a new regard for our international obligations, we should leave our country free to develop its civilization along the lines most conducive to the happiness and welfare of the people, and to cast its influence on the side of justice and right should occasion require."

"The republican party stands for agreement among the nations to preserve the peace of the world. We believe that such an international association must be based upon international justice and must provide methods which shall maintain the rule of public right by development of law in the decision of impartial courts and which shall secure instant and general international conference whenever peace shall be threatened by political action, so that the nations pledged to do and insist upon what is just and fair may exercise their influence and power for the prevention of war. We believe that all of this can be done without the compromise of national independence, without depriving the people of the United States of the right to determine for themselves what is just and fair when the occasion arises and without involving them as participants and not as peacemakers in a multitude of quarrels, the merits of which they are unable to judge."

Facts About Warren G. Harding, Republican Nominee for President.

Birthplace—Corsica, Morrow county, Ohio. Born November 2, 1885; is therefore 34 years old.

Education—Attended Ohio Central college. Graduated, Iberia college, 1882.

Occupation—Newspaper man since 1884.

Business—President Harding Publishing company, publishers of the Star of Marion, Ohio.

Church—Baptist.

Family—Married to Florence Kling of Marion, Ohio, July 8, 1891.

Career—Member Ohio state senate, 1900-1904; lieutenant-governor of Ohio, 1904-1906; member United States senate from Ohio, 1915-1921; republican nominee for president, June 12, 1920.

Warren G. Harding, the choice of the republican party for president of the United States, is a native of Ohio and has always been a resident of that state, being a publisher and business man of the city of Marion. Always a staunch member of the republican party, Mr. Harding entered the political field in his own state a score of years ago and by his leadership and keen mind soon gained recognition outside of his own state. In 1914 he was elected United States senator from Ohio and took his first official step into the national political arena. For some years before this time, however, he had been prominent in the councils of the party and had carried on studies in Europe and elsewhere which well qualified him to handle the problems of a national and an international nature which he was called upon to take after assuming the senatorial toga.

Facts About Coolidge, Vice-Presidential Nominee.

Calvin Coolidge, Massachusetts' governor, who was elected upon the platform of "law and order," was born near Plymouth, Vt., on a little farm located 12 miles from a railroad, July 4, 1872. He is a direct descendant of John and Mary Coolidge, who came to the shores of America on the Mayflower and settled ten years later—in 1630, on land near where Coolidge was born.

As a youth he worked on his father's farm and like Lincoln, was forced to earn the greater part of the money which gave him his legal education. He attended the school at Plymouth and successively thereafter the Black River academy at Ludlow, the St. Johnsbury academy in Caledonia county, Vt., and Amherst college, Massachusetts. Graduating from Amherst in 1895, he went to Northampton where he entered the law offices of Hammond & Field, both of whom took an active interest in the politics of the city and county.

At this time Coolidge was 23 years old. He gained admittance to the state bar in 1897 and two years later was elected to the city council. From that time on Coolidge held several city offices. It is said of him that he has never lost an election. He acted as city solicitor of Northampton, from 1900 to 1901 and clerk of courts, from 1901 to 1903. In October, 1905, he married Miss Grace A. Goodhue of Burlington, Vt., and in 1906 his first son, John B. Coolidge, was born. His other child, Calvin Jr., was born in 1908.

Treaty to End June 19.

Ottawa.—Canada's treaty with France will terminate, June 19. France has been informed that the dominion will be ready to resume negotiations concerning it when circumstances are more opportune, he said. The French government about 15 months ago gave notice that the treaty would be renounced. After that an arrangement was made by which the treaty would continue in effect temporarily.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Salem.—Interest on county deposits should be placed in the general funds and not in the current expense funds, according to an opinion given by the attorney general here.

Baker.—One of the most sensational horn mountain district opened the eyes of the prospectors throughout Baker county, when large nuggets were picked up in the Belmont mine last week, according to mining officials who arrived in Baker from Greenhorn.

Salem.—The shortage of gasoline and eliminating of half of the annual license fee after July 1 have combined to reduce materially the demand for motor vehicle licenses during the past few days.

Salem.—Bonds in the sum of \$116,000 issued by Multnomah County Drainage District No. 1 arrived here recently for recording to the offices of the secretary of state. This district has issued a total of \$400,000 in bonds and considerable development work is now under way.

Aurora.—Aurora's new artesian well is now flowing at the rate of nearly 40,000 gallons a day, which is several thousand gallons more than the city uses. The water is pure and free from every sort of harmful bacilli, according to the report of the test made by the state board of health.

Stanfield.—One of the heaviest downpours of rain for this time of the year started Sunday night and continued until early Tuesday morning. A few ranchers had started haying, but the majority had not, and little damage is reported. The rainfall is most opportune, as wheat has just begun to head out and will put thousands of dollars in the wheat ranchers' pockets.

Bend.—To work against the threatened crop shortage in Deschutes county by supplying badly-needed labor to the farmers of this section, the Bend commercial club has voted to create a farm employment bureau. An effort will be made to divert the labor turnover at the local pine mills, estimated at 300 per cent, to the ranchers of the county, as a partial solution of the problem.

Salem.—That the deficiency appropriation of \$250,000 authorized at last Friday's meeting of the state emergency board probably will be sufficient to insure operation of the so-called soldiers' sailors' and marines' educational aid law until next January, when funds derived from the 1920 tax will begin to reach the state treasurer, was the statement made here by Sam A. Kozar, secretary of state.

Salem.—An initiative petition providing for the complete abolishment of cigarettes in Oregon has been filed with the secretary of state, and will be referred to the attorney-general for ballot title. Under the proposed law it will be a violation to sell, keep for sale, solicit, advertise, receive orders or possess cigarettes, cigarette papers or what is generally known among smokers as "the makings." Persons violating the proposed law will be subject to both a fine and county jail sentence.

Portland.—Purchase of practically all of the Clatsop county holdings of the Hammond Lumber company by the Crown-Willamette Paper company was announced recently by R. L. Herren, timber superintendent of the paper company. Although the exact purchase price was not made public, it is known to range between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000. The deal involves 17,500 acres of timber land in the Necanicum country with approximately 650,000,000 feet of standing timber. This timber cruises 88 per cent of spruce and hemlock.

Salem.—Receipts of the motor vehicle department of the state government for the month of May, 1920, totaled \$99,696, according to a financial statement prepared by the secretary of state. Various transactions which made up the fees for the month included 4277 automobile registrations, 321 motorcycle registrations, 17 dealers' licenses, 195 chauffeurs' licenses, 1803 automobile transfers, 71 motorcycle transfers, 102 automobile license plates, 11 motorcycle license plates, 14 dealers' plates, four chauffeur badges and 36 dealers' additional sets of license plates.

Salem.—In a signed confession reiterating statements made previously to fellow convicts but the truth of which were doubted by Dr. R. Lee Steiner, until recently superintendent of the penitentiary, James Ogle, now serving a life sentence in the institution for the murder of J. N. Burgess and George E. Ferringer of Pendleton in Multnomah county last November, Wednesday assumed all blame for the shooting of the two men and exonerated David Smith and Walter Bannister as far as the actual killing was concerned. Smith and Bannister also are under life sentence for the part they played in the murders.

SHOE PRICES ARE REDUCED

Three St. Louis Makers Cut Costs—Tight Money One Cause.

St. Louis.—Reductions in the wholesale prices of various styles of shoes of from 25 cents to \$2 a pair were announced Wednesday by officials of three of the largest shoe manufacturing establishments here.

The reductions are on all shipments made after June 1, it was explained, and are retroactive to autumn orders placed prior to June 1.

The companies announcing the reductions are the International Shoe company, the Hamilton-Brown Shoe company, and the Brown Shoe company. Officials emphasized that the new prices were not the result of an agreement by the three firms.

A. C. Brown, president of the Hamilton-Brown Shoe company, asserted that "tight money" and the resultant difficulty of retailers to borrow money was the chief cause of the lowered prices. Reduced prices of certain grades of leather were assigned as a contributory cause.

Shoes that formerly sold at wholesale for \$12 a pair have come down to as low as \$10.

SHORT WHEAT CROP FORECAST FOR YEAR

Washington, D. C.—Despite an improvement of 19,000,000 bushels in the winter crop during May and an indicated spring crop of 68,000,000 bushels greater than that of last year, the total wheat production for 1920 was estimated Wednesday by the department of agriculture at 781,000,000 bushels, or 160,000,000 bushels less than the total for 1919.

From its condition on June 1, the spring crop was estimated at 277,000,000 bushels, or 18,000,000 bushels more than the five-year average. A total winter wheat production of 504,000,000 bushels was forecast. This is 228,000,000 bushels less than that of last year and 59,000,000 bushels below the average for the five years ending in 1918.

Portland.—Eighty community executive committees have been organized for the intensive canvass throughout the state of the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce in its expansion movement which begins June 14th. The canvass will continue until August 1st.

Leading men in every section of Oregon are affiliating with the State Chamber, in the capacity of committee chairman and members, in the movement to raise a budget of \$450,000 covering a 3-year period with which to carry on the development work of the State Chamber.

More than two hundred endorsements have been received, approving the expansion movement and citing the need for such an agency as the State Chamber to take the initiative in the development problems affecting the entire state.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE STARTS EXPANSION DRIVE

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Mexico Election is Set.

Mexico City.—Members of the chamber of deputies and the senate will be elected August 1 and the presidential elections will be on September 5, according to a decision reached by Adolfo de la Huerta, provisional president, Sunday. Declaration was made that the government had determined not to enter into any negotiations with Felix Diaz, a revolutionary leader in the state of Vera Cruz.

Shanghai.—(By the Associated Press.)—A definite agreement on terms of peace between northern and southern China has been reached between Wang Yih Ting, northern plenipotentiary peace delegate, and the southern leaders, Wu Ting Fang, Tang Shao Yi, former premier of the Peking government, and Dr. Sun Yat Sen. Although peace delegates have been here for nine months, they met for the first time in conference Wednesday.

Cow Sells for \$30,000.

St. Paul.—A world's record price of \$30,000 for a Holstein cow was paid Saturday at the Minnesota Holstein-Friesian sale. The price was paid by Gustav Pabst, Dousman, Wis., for Pabst Korndyke Cornflower, purchased from Fred Pabst, Oconomowoc, Wis. The previous record price was \$18,400.

Swiss Buried By Gold.

Geneva, Switzerland.—According to President Sarasin, of the Swiss bank, Geneva is being buried in a golden avalanche. Gold stored in banks has no outlet in Europe, he said, and many industries are at a standstill and the situation is becoming worse.

WORLD HAPPENINGS OF CURRENT WEEK

Brief Resume Most Important Daily News Items.

COMPILED FOR YOU

Events of Noted People, Governments and Pacific Northwest, and Other Things Worth Knowing.

Samuel Grossman, president of the defunct Riley-Shubert-Grossman company, a Chicago mail-order concern, was found guilty of using the mails to defraud by a jury Tuesday.

Secretary Colby, on behalf of the American government, has tendered a verbal apology to the British ambassador for the burning of a British flag here last week by Irish women.

A landslide has buried part of the village of Achupayas, in the province of Chimborazo, Ecuador. Several houses were buried. Fourteen bodies have been unearthed. Many persons were injured.

Lillian Snowgrass, swimming for Oakland, California, Athletic club, won the Pacific association women's junior 100-yard backstroke championship in the Neptune beach pool at Alameda. Her time was 1 minute 32 seconds.

Dr. C. H. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., received the distinguished service medal Tuesday. It was pinned on him in Chicago by Major-General Wood. Announcement of the award of this medal to Dr. Mayo was made some time ago.

Herbert C. Hoover, candidate for the republican nomination for president, made the commencement address at Swarthmore (Pa.) college Tuesday and received an honorary degree of doctor of laws. He did not touch on politics.

Fourteen persons were killed, 100 others were injured and many buildings were destroyed by the explosion of 80 carloads of explosives near Turin, Sunday, according to a Rome dispatch to the London Exchange Telegraph company.

The Dominion government will introduce legislation this week compelling Canadian makers of the news print to supply 15 per cent of their total output to Canadian publishers, according to the Citizen. The bill will not fix the price.

The Mexican embassy in Washington has been formally delivered to Alvaro Torre Diaz, representative of the de facto government in Mexico by Salvador Diego Fernandez, minister and charge d'affaires appointed by the late President Carranza.

Mayor Charles Davis of El Paso, Tex., issued an order Monday that "every loafer in El Paso must go to work," because of the acute labor situation which he declared was imperiling El Paso industries and the agricultural district about El Paso.

Another appeal for the return of her baby, who was stolen from its crib last Wednesday, was issued Monday night by Mrs. George H. Coughlin of Norristown, Pa. More letters claiming to be from the kidnappers, and demanding ransoms ranging from \$6000 to \$20,000, were received at the Coughlin home.

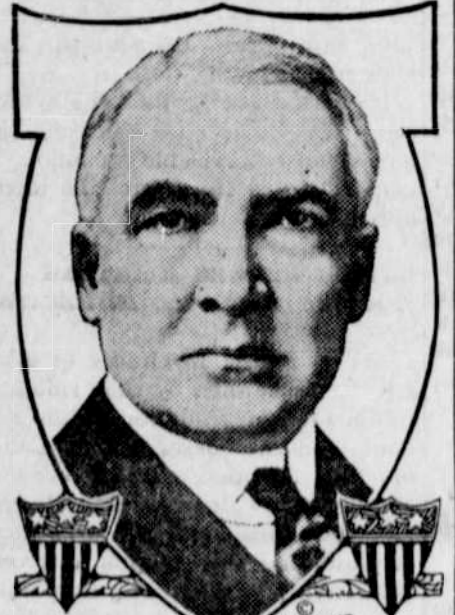
The share of the United States in the first 20,000,000 marks gold of reparation bonds which Germany is required to issue under the Versailles treaty will be about \$500,000,000, it was stated in Paris Monday. This sum will be for the first 20 months' occupation of the Rhineland by American troops.

Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, operated on at Rochester, Minn. Monday, was declared "out of danger" in a statement issued by Dr. W. J. Mayo, attending surgeon. The operation, which was for the removal of the gall sac, was successful although more serious than anticipated, the surgeon announced.

The first real test of the league of nations as a practical working body will be made when the council meets in London on June 14 to deal with the case of Persia versus the bolshevik. The greatest importance is attached to this case by the supporters of the league, partly because the case has unusual complications.

Three thousand Czech-Slovak troops who fought under Admiral Kolchak in western Siberia arrived at Vancouver, B. C., from Vladivostok Sunday on the steamship Ixion and were immediately disembarked, marched to the Canadian National railway station and started for Montreal, whence they will sail for Trieste.

WARREN G. HARDING



Nominated for President by Republicans.

to 56. When the convention adjourned Friday night at the end of the fourth ballot he had 61.

In all-night conferences among the party chiefs, however, he was mentioned many times as the most likely to break the nomination deadlock should neither Wood, Lowden nor Johnson take a commanding lead today. They all failed to do so, Wood and Lowden running a neck-and-neck race for leadership on four ballots, while the strength of the California candidate dwindled steadily.

Meantime Harding pushed his total to 133, individual delegates from many states swinging to him from the columns of the leaders and of various favorite sons. The Johnson managers, fearing a landslide was impending, then made a last play to save the fortune of their candidate. They moved to recess for a couple of hours in order to take an inventory and seek a new combination. The Wood and Lowden forces, both virtually at the peak of their strength but disheartened at the long string of ballots without material gains, fell in with the recess plan and the convention adopted it.

In the dramatic succession of conferences that followed the fate of the candidates virtually was sealed. Some of the Wood and Lowden managers tried ineffectually for an agreement which would hold their delegates in line and kill off the Harding boom. Some tried to get a Wood-Lowden-Johnson agreement to adjourn till Monday without making a nomination. There also were a conference between Johnson and Harding supporters in which the Ohioans' supporters tried without success to have the remaining Johnson strength swung to Harding.

Reform Along All Lines Demanded in Platform of Republican Party.

Republican party reaffirms its unyielding devotion to constitution of United States.

Democratic administration unprepared for war and equally unprepared for peace.

Demonstrated incapacity of democratic party has destroyed confidence and weakened authority of government.

Republican party undertakes to end executive autocracy and restore constitutional government.

Justice of collective bargaining as

Riches Taken by Error.

Chicago.—A customer who had left his coat for pressing at John J. McKay's tailor shop in Detroit, May 29, left the place \$45,000 richer than when he entered, if the story told the local police by a man who gave the name of Henry H. Sarles is true. The police arrested Sarles, who they said admitted stealing \$50,000 in securities from McKay's safe, but said he concealed all but \$5000 in a coat belonging to some one else.

CALVIN COOLIDGE



Nominated for Vice President by Republicans.

first duty of government.

Recent legislation by republican congress to promote and maintain American merchant marine endorsed.

Existing policy of United States for practical exclusion of Asiatic immigrants is sound and should be maintained.

No alien should be permitted to become a citizen until he has become genuinely American.

Right of free speech, free press and free assembly must be maintained, but advocacy of overthrow of government must not be permitted.

Transportation service best assured through private ownership and operation of railroads under proper regulation and control.

Laws against combinations in restraint of trade approved, but amendments held necessary to make business situation clear.

Immediate resumption of trade relations with nations with which United States is at peace demanded.

Liberal appropriations in co-operation with the states for construction of highways favored.

Comprehensive reclamation policy to increase national wealth and production demanded.

Party holds in imperishable remembrance the valor and patriotism of the soldiers and sailors who fought in great war for human liberty and pledges itself to discharge obligation.

Republicans welcome women into full participation in activities of party and of government.

Party is pledged to prevent evils of child labor through rigid enforcement of adequate laws.

Equal pay for equal service should rule in all branches of government in which women are employed.

Nation of home-owners best guaranteed of maintenance of principles of liberty and law and order.

Republican party will oppose now and hereafter the acceptance of a mandate for any country in Europe or Asia.

Republican Platform Plank on League Completed.

The plank on the league of nations says:

(A) League of Nations.—Foreign policy of administration has been

Harding to be Notified.

Marion, O.—United States Senator Warren G. Harding will be officially notified of his nomination for the presidency by the republican party at his home in Marion within the next few days. It was also learned that Senator Harding will adopt the custom of former President McKinley and receive party leaders at his home for conferences during the summer. These conferences will be held on the lawn in front of the Hardin residence.