

THE WEST SIDE

JOS. A. C. BRANT, Editor and Publisher.

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1901

The vote for U. S. senator yesterday was as follows: H. W. Corbett . . . 32 Binger Hermann . . . 7 R. D. Inman . . . 26 G. H. Williams . . . 22 Scattering . . . 2

The Dowager Empress is the Carrie Nation of the Celestial empire. The joint powers are all afraid of her.

By the terms of the marriage contract Queen Wilhelmina's husband seems to be a sort of silent partner in the firm.

In his recent remarks Mr. Bryan has much to say of endless chains. He answers the description himself and the voters of the United States will remove some more links if necessary.

American exports of iron and steel last year amounted to \$129,000,000, or more than four times the figures of ten years ago. Transactions in American steel and iron are necessarily on a large scale in these days.

Delaware and Nebraska are furnishing excellent arguments in favor of the choice of senators by direct elections.

The ladies never did care much for pink teas in Kansas and nowadays they never think of giving anything but joint smashing parties.

After all, we don't suppose congress will do very much harm even if it does meet in extra session.

Senator Hanna is persistent enough but he fails to realize the fact that there are men in the senate who are quite as persistent as he is and who will fight his subsidy bill to the last ditch.

It seems that the mint bureau has for years been duplicating the gold increase of the United States by adding in not only the foreign gold coin imported but also the foreign gold coin received. The error now amounts to \$125,000,000.

Representative Babcock, chairman of the Republican congressional committee in the last campaign, has appalled his colleagues by introducing a bill to abolish the tariff duties on steel and iron, asserting that this is the only way to crush the big new trust.

It costs \$25 to spit on the floor of a car in New York city. A private citizen has entered the arena as prosecutor and is making a business of seeing that the law is enforced.

Each of the forty-five states and territories should begin to give practical attention to their special buildings at the St. Louis World's Fair of 1903. It will prove a splendid investment, for each state has many products with which the world should be better acquainted.

Though Europe is ahead on automobiles propelled by gasoline or steam, this country has taken the lead in those in which electricity is the motive power. Uncle Sam seldom makes a mistake in reaching for supremacy in a new invention.

This country has no ports in Alaska or elsewhere to dispose of. If the building of the Nicaragua canal, in British estimation, depends upon a trade of that kind, the people of the United States will terminate the Clayton-Bulwer treaty by a method not entailing the loss of territory.

An extra session now seems almost unavoidable. Even if the subsidy bill were allowed to go by, and the appropriation bills were all passed, the Cuban and Philippine questions would remain, each of them requiring a good deal of careful study.

The West Side is in receipt of a proposition from A. T. Morris, of Cincinnati, Ohio, to give him some advertising space and accept as pay a box of 50 five-cent cigars. The proposition will not be accepted for two reasons: First, because Mr. Morris failed to make a similar proposition good some two years ago; and second, because the present editor doesn't smoke. The brethren of the press were running Mr. Morris' ad two years ago and we would like to know how many of them got their "smokes" after giving him their "puffs."

1900 Hops all Sold.

The hop crop for the year 1900, sale of which has just been completed, was one of the most remarkable ones in the history of the industry in the northwest, says the Evening Telegram.

About 85,000 bales were harvested and over 14 cents was the average price all the way through. The farmers were "at the bat" all the year round and would not give the dealers a chance.

It is predicted by the dealers that if the weather conditions are as favorable this year as the preceding one, 100,000 bales would not be an excessive estimate of the amount to be harvested, as the yards are all full.

Contracts for this year are already being offered for the next crop, 10 1/2 and 11 cents being the average price offered; but the farmers, elated over their success in the past year, in which they made enough to avoid going to the outside for money, will not run to dealers.

It is estimated that at least 75 per cent of the crop of 1900 went to London, wholly on account of its fine quality. It is claimed that the English brewers are more appreciative of the fine quality of the product they use than the American brewers, and whenever they discover an exceptionally fine grade of hops are willing to pay a larger price than their American brothers.

This is undoubtedly the cause of the high prices paid during the past year.

The hop growers all over the northwest have taken a renewed interest in the business and considerably more ground will be put in this year. While this will not materially affect the output this year, owing to the fact that the new vines will not bear until the following year, it will greatly increase that year's output.

Teachers' Association. The Polk County Teachers' Association will meet at the public school building in this city on Saturday, Feb. 23d, at 10 a. m.

The following program will be presented: Music, by the association. Reading in the Primary Division by Mrs. Mary Tuck; discussion led by Miss Ethel Force.

Song, by the Association. Reading in the Intermediate Division, Miss Mattie Lee. Music, Independence High School orchestra.

Recitation, Madge Cleland. Song, by pupils 1st grade. Dialogue, by pupils 3d grade. Violin and piano duet, Jessie Heffron and Kate Ketchum.

Recitation, Lillian Connaway. Piano solo, Pearl Kelly. Concert recitation, by 2d grade. Piano solo, Zoe Stockton.

Music, High School orchestra. Reading in the Advanced Division, by Miss Carrie N. Haley; discussion led by H. D. McDonald. Nature Study, Mrs. Clara French followed by general discussion.

All teachers and friends of education are cordially invited to be present.

Good Roads. A great road is not a convenience. It is an investment that pays big dividends. There never has been a good road built that did not pay 100 per cent each year on its cost.

A good road shortens the distance, saves wear and tear on wagons, prolongs the life and usefulness of stock, diminishes the labor of man and increases business. A good road makes it possible for the grower to get his product to market when it is in demand, regardless of the weather, and takes him out of the clutches of the "middle man," who squeezes from the buyer the uttermost penny, and grinds the producer by introducing extortion. A good road will bring producer and consumer closer together to mutual advantage; for it enables the one to buy for less money, and the other to sell for more profit than where good roads are not known.

A good road will create social intercourse, make friends of neighbors, and neighbors of a community. It will create industry, for the assurance of selling will beget the desire to produce. It creates a market for what would be a waste and has no competitor as a mortgage raiser. It tears down combinations and builds up competition. It creates factories and builds up markets. It is the greatest civilizer. To the grower the difference between a profit and a loss. To the merchant good roads mean prosperity and bad roads spell adversity.—Cotton Plant.

Divorces are now granted in Michigan if the husband is a confirmed cigarette fiend. It certainly is time that congress should take up this question of marriage and divorce.

Senator Morgan intends to have the Nicaraguan canal bill passed at this session or know the reason why. He has introduced it as an amendment to both the river and harbor and sundry civil bills.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.

The senatorial battle over the ship subsidy bill, which raged for the greater part of the past week, resulted in no apparent advantage for either side. Night sessions were abandoned, after several had been held, because it was evident that they were doing nothing more than to keep the senators who attended them in a bad humor. Friends of the bill still profess to believe that an arrangement will be made whereby it will be voted upon at this session, but its opponents are very positive in saying that they are fully determined that if the bill must be passed it shall be done at an extra session. That is the situation as viewed from the outside, but attempts are being made in private to arrange a deal which will allow the bill to be voted upon, and some of them may succeed.

Republican leaders in the senate are making it plain that they are anxious to avoid an extra session of congress. They have agreed to an amendment to the army appropriation bill, giving the president authority to establish and maintain a civil government in the Philippines, and they are now preparing an amendment to the same bill, informing the Cubans just what congress considers necessary for them to do before the military authority of the U. S. is withdrawn from the island. It is claimed that if these two amendments go through there will be no excuse for an extra session.

The revenue reduction bill is in danger of failing, because of the wrangle in the house over the senate amendments to the bill, which besides being obnoxious to some of the house leaders are claimed to be an infringement upon the right of the house to originate revenue legislation. Gossip has mixed the American Tobacco Co., commonly known as the tobacco trust, which will profit largely if the senate amendments become law, up in the wrangle. It is known that the administration would not grieve any over the failure of the bill, because of the reductions being largely in excess of the recommendation of Secretary Gage.

The eight Kansas members of the house were asked to express their opinions of Mrs. Nation's saloon smashing crusade. Representative Curtis said: "In my judgment, a vast majority of the people of Kansas regret that the conditions are such in the state as to furnish cause to Mrs. Nation to enter upon the crusade. I have always been of the opinion that the prohibition liquor law could be enforced if the officers desired to enforce it. I am also satisfied that Mrs. Nation and her followers think that the crusade is doing good. The difficulty is that people outside the state do not understand the local situation and her action is giving Kansas a great deal of undesirable notoriety."

Representative Calderhead said: "It is not adding the cause of temperance nor suppressing the saloon." Representative Bowersock said: "The woman with the hatchet will no more abolish the saloon, than the woman with the ballot will purify politics. Ultra-temperance

people in Kansas approve of Mrs. Nation's work, but it is well to remember that cranks do not predominate in our state. Mrs. Lease is on record, I know, as having said that they can raise more hell in Kansas than in any other state in the Union, but I believe we should stick to raising corn, wheat and potatoes." Representative Ridgely said: "From the governor down to the local officers, there is no disposition to enforce the law. With this state of affairs there has been a plan to see if the state would also protect those who take the law into their own hands, to abate these nuisances. There is a method in this program of smashing saloons."

Representative Miller said: "I believe the effect of Mrs. Nation's crusade will be that the prohibitory law will be enforced hereafter better than it has been for several years. While we all deplore the method adopted by Mrs. Nation, we cannot help but admire her courage." Representative Bailey said: "Mrs. Nation is a very radical woman. She is injuring the cause with conservative temperance people. I don't want to be understood as defending the violators of the law, but I do not approve of meeting violations of the law with lawlessness. It injures the reputation of the state abroad." Representative Reeder and Long declined to express their opinions for publication.

Friends of the senior officers of Gen. Leonard Wood, whose nomination to be brigadier general in the regular army jump him over more than 500 of his senior officers, and of Gen. J. Franklin Bell, whose nomination to be brigadier general jumped him over more than one thousand, are trying to prevent the confirmation of these nominations, as well as that of Fred Grant, who is not in the regular army at all, to be a brigadier general. They have succeeded in temporarily hanging up those three nominations, all of those which accompanied them, including that of Gen. Miles to be lieutenant general, have been favorably reported to the senate. The objection is that the military record of the three men does not justify their promotion over older and more experienced officers.

The attitude of the president toward Cuba has been plain recently. One of several senators who called on him the other day remarked: "The flag must never be pulled down in Cuba." The president at once replied: "Indeed, it must. Just as soon as the Cubans are ready to attend to their own affairs we must turn their government over to them." This is by no means a new attitude on the part of the president, either, as reference to his message to this congress at its opening session in December 1899 will show.

REASONS WHY Independence has Only 909 Population—One is Because Dallas has no Empty Houses.

Grants Pass, Feb. 12, 1901. Hon. C. B. With, Census Supervisor Dist. No. 1, Albany.

My Dear Sir:—I notice by the Portland dailies and also the local papers at Independence that I am being criticized for not making the population of the town of Independence more than 909. The accusations are that I was either careless in getting all the population scheduled or else purposely falsified the enumeration. Neither one is true. I had lived in Independence nearly a dozen years and believe I knew nearly every resident of the town, and I endeavored to list every person residing there and interpreted the census law as liberally as possible in order to get a full enumeration.

I found by actual count 51 empty houses in the town and if there had been an average of six persons in each of those vacant houses the total population would have been 1239 instead of only 909.

At the time of the June election Mr. E. V. Dalton of Independence was elected county treasurer and went to Dallas to secure a house and found it difficult to obtain one, proving that the report that there were no vacant houses in Dallas to be practically true.

I read my instructions carefully and believing I was in the right listed all the crew sleeping on board the steambark Altona (or Ramona) as it lay at the wharf in Independence on the night of June 1st. I listed two travelling men at the Little Palace hotel, one from Chicago and the other from New York, after questioning them and being satisfied that they would not be enumerated elsewhere. The Messrs John Kirkland, S. E. Owens, Henry Waller and some other residents of Independence, left just before June 1st for Alaska and being satisfied that they would not be enumerated I obtained from their wives answers to the necessary questions and listed them. The son of L. C. Gilmore was attending school in Salem, and to make sure that I was not in error in listing his name, I saw him in person and told him not to give his name as a resident of Salem. Quite a number of young people were away from home at school and I enumerated them. I took one block after another and finished one block completely before going to another, and believe I gave to Independence its full population. One family spent all the working days of the week at a logging camp on the Luckanumet and I called at least three times at their house in order to find them at home to get answers to the questions. Wherever there was any question as to whether I should enumerate a name, I gave Independence the benefit of the doubt and believe I am

This picture is the trade mark of SCOTT'S EMULSION, and is on every bottle of SCOTT'S EMULSION in the World, which now amounts to many millions yearly. This great business has grown to vast proportions.

First—Because the proprietors have always been most careful in selecting the various ingredients used in its composition, namely; the finest Cod Liver Oil, and the purest Hypophosphites.

Second—Because they have so skillfully combined the various ingredients that the best possible results are obtained by its use.

Third—Because it has made so many sickly, delicate children strong and healthy, given health and rosy cheeks to so many pale, anaemic girls, and healed the lungs and restored to full health, so many thousands in the first stages of Consumption.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 1/2 First Street, New York. Inc. and \$1.00; all druggists.

West Side and Pacific Homestead, one year, \$2.

THE CLEARING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm. Easy and pleasant to use. Causes no irritation. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief in minutes. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Allays inflammation. Heals and Promotes the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents by mail. Druggists or by mail: Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren Street, New York.

Abstract of Instruments Filed in Polk County Feb. 12 to 18, 1901.

DEEDS. E C Key to Fannie Key, 100x100t Perrydale—41.

Joe Jones to Harry Hibbard, its 4.5 blk 16, Imp Co's add Dallas—\$125. R A Campbell to W W Campbell, its 8, 9, blk 2, and its 1, 2, blk 3, Ball's add Ballston—\$225.

W W Campbell to Minnie A Campbell same as above—\$225. United States to Eric Spolath, 100a sec 30 tp 8 s r 8 w—patent.

T C Garwood to J S Macomber, 78a N Garwood farm, tp 8 s r 6 w \$500. R D Cooper to M E Masterson, 156.25a T L Burbank 1 ct tp 8 s r 4 w—\$1.

Our Hops Heard From. On Monday Riley Cooper received the following letter which speaks for itself:

Omaha, Neb., Feb. 13, 1901. Mr. R. D. Cooper, Independence, Ore.

At the close of the Trans-Mississippi exposition we purchased a bale of most excellent hops from which we took your name. After using them we became convinced of their superiority over the New York hops which we had used for a number of years previous to that time.

If you have any hops on hand, kindly make us a delivered price and mail us a small sample, and oblige.

Yours very truly, O S TIME YEAST CO.

This letter speaks more eloquently as to the quality of the hops raised in the vicinity of Independence than could be done in any other manner. It also shows that it will pay to raise good hops and put them on the market right. If our growers expect future orders they must be careful in filling present ones well. We congratulate Mr. Cooper on his success as a grower.

Record of the Legislature. PASSED BOTH HOUSES. H B 2, by Barrett, relative to school libraries.

H B 91, by Heitkemper, to prohibit barbering on Sunday. S B 12, by Muikley, for sale of school lands.

S B 15, by Brownell, exemption earnings of judgment debtors. S B 17, by Marsters, fixing fees for witnesses.

H B 91, by Heitkemper, to prohibit barbering on Sunday. S B 95, fixing salary of county judge of Clackamas county.

H B 203, by the ways and means committee, to appropriate money for legislative expenses, and deficiencies.

Incorporation bills, Sheridan, Whitney. House joint resolution of 1899, relative to submission of initiative and referendum.

SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR. 3, by Whitney—To construct bridge across Willamette river, levy tolls. Passed January 21.

H B 4, by Nichols, appropriating money for Corvallis Agricultural College.

H B 25, by Harris, appropriating money for University of Oregon. H B 180, by Roberts, for payment of scalp bounty warrants.

224, by Story—Relative to Portland tax levy. H B 257, by Pearce, relative to Salem postoffice site.

S B 8, Wehrung, relative to license on state fair grounds. (A law without governor's signature.) S B 9, by Marsters, to amend Roseburg incorporation act.

S B 19, by Brownell, to pay expenses of Indian war veterans to Washington City. Signed Jan. 23. S B 71, by Smith of Baker, to incorporate Baker City.

S B 89, by Brownell, to submit initiative and referendum. Jan. 25. S B 104, by Smith, removing incline at Cascades.

S B 113, by Sweek, to authorize Portland to levy a special tax. Incorporation acts for the following places: Roseburg, Canyonville, Silverton, Elgin, Summerville, Baker City, Antelope, Dallas, Sumpter, Myrtle Point, Medford.

West Side and Oregonian, 1 yr, \$2.

Notice of Final Settlement. In the County Court of the State of Oregon, in and for Polk County, Oregon, deceased.

In the matter of the estate of Miranda Hill, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator of the estate of Miranda Hill, deceased, has filed his final account of the administration of the said estate with the clerk of the county court of said county, State of Oregon, and that the judge of said court has fixed Saturday the 23d day of March, 1901, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day at the court room of said court as the time and place for the hearing of said account and objections thereto and for the settlement of the same.

H. B. KELSO, Administrator of the estate of Miranda Hill, deceased. Dated February 21st, 1901. 222-51

CATARRH

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Polk County Bank

(INCORPORATED.) MONMOUTH, OREGON.

J. H. HAWLEY, President. P. L. CAMPBELL, Vice-President. I. A. C. POWELL, Cashier.

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Capital Stock, \$50,000.00

DIRECTORS: H. Hirschberg, D. W. Swann, R. F. Smith, A. Nelson, M. W. Stewart.

A general banking and exchange business transacted. Loans made, bills discounted, commercial credits granted. Deposits received on current accounts subject to check. Interest paid on time deposits.

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Has been refitted and renovated from cellar to garret, and everything is new. Good sample room for commercial men. Satisfaction guaranteed. Rates, \$1.00 to \$2.00. Special rates by the week.

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Hot and Cold Baths at all Times.

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...Call on...

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Orders for hauling executed promptly and at reasonable rates.

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Our goods are first-class, our prices as low as the lowest—quality of goods considered.

All kinds of country produce bought at the Highest Market Price.

A Share of Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.