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VOL. XVIII. $1.50 PER YEAR. INDEPENDENCE, POLK COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1900. Five Cents Per Copy. NO. 938.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

Two men held up a saloon at Tacoma and secured $12.

Fire at Canton, China, destroyed between 200 and 300 houses.

Robbers blew open the vault of a bank in Quincy, Ill., and secured $2,000.

Fire at an Oshkosh, Wis., lumber yard destroyed $75,000 worth of fine dress lumber.

The transport Logan has arrived at San Francisco from Manila, with 279 sick soldiers.

Two men were killed and four seriously injured in a train wreck near Jackson, Miss.

The steamer Nome City has arrived at Seattle from Nome with 250 miners and $100,000.

Fire destroyed the business portion of the town of Philippi, W. Va., causing a loss of $100,000.

A heavy snow storm is raging in British Columbia, $20,000 damage being done in Vancouver alone.

Two fishermen were drowned in the bay at Seattle from a small sailboat, which capsized in a gust of wind.

The American legation building at Caracas was injured beyond repair by the recent Venezuelan earthquake.

The University of Oregon football team defeated the University of California team by a score of 2 to 0.

The United Mineworkers have decided to bring into their organization all workers in and about the mines.

Governor Candler, of Georgia, has issued a call for a National Maritime congress at Brunswick, Ga., January 30.

The murderous Apaches of Mexico, will be hemmed up in the mountains and exterminated by the Mexican troops.

Anarchists were not concerned in the recent assault on Emperor William. It was merely the act of a demented Berlin woman.

Three Americans were killed in a fight with 200 botomen in the province of Panay. The enemy lost 100 killed 21 wounded and 50 prisoners.

One hundred dead bodies were found in a swamp just west of the city of Galveston, Texas, on the island where they had been deposited by the storm of September 8.

A serious snow storm is raging in South Dakota.

The Chinese emperor and empress will return to Pekin.

Fire destroyed a considerable portion of the Corean palace at Seoul recently.

General Botha has sent Lord Roberts a statement of the terms on which he will surrender.

The Japanese empress was attacked by a lunatic who threw his purse and his shoes at her.

The firm of William L. Strong & Co., of New York, has failed, with liabilities of $6,000,000.

Henry Elling, a pioneer of Montana and president of six banks in that state, died at his home in Virginia City.

During the progress of a bull fight given by women toreadors at Alicante, Spain, the benches collapsed and eight persons were killed and 200 injured.

According to Commissioner of Immigration Fitchie, of New York, immigrants have arrived in this country at the rate of 1,000 per day from all countries since July last.

Thirteen insane soldiers from the Philippines, who had been confined in the Presidio hospital at San Francisco, have been sent to the government asylum at Washington, D. C.

Yale college will educate free of charge five Filipinos provided young men of exceptional fitness and high character be selected by Judge Taft, of the Philippine commission.

At Denver, in an action begun by Dean Hart to prevent Sunday theatrical performances, Police Justice Thomas decided in favor of the theaters, holding that the city ordinance on the subject is void.

The Peruvian bark Francisco Tozo cleared from Astoria with a cargo of 529,054 feet of lumber, valued at $5,734.78. She was loaded at the Knappton, Wash., mills, and goes to Callao, Peru.

The state supreme court of Minnesota has decided that the so-called "jag cure law" is unconstitutional because it applies only to counties of over 50,000 people and it is limited in its benefits to a certain number in each county, one per year to each 10,000 of people.

More than four-fifths of the population of Mexico are of mixed or Indian blood.

Bresci, slayer of King Humbert, wrote to his wife in New York, that he is kept in a damp well and compelled to stand all the time.

Turkey has been taking a census of Islam, and finds that the number of Mohammedans in the world is 196,500,000. Of these 18,000,000 are in Turkey.

For the first time since the opening of Oklahoma farmers complain of too much rain.

Some statistician discovers that the average woman carres 40 to 60 miles of hair on her head.

The Woman's club of Medford, Mass., withdrew from the general federation on account of the race question.

The Fairmount Park Association of Philadelphia has decided to erect a statue of Robert Morris, to cost $15,000. His home was a meeting place of the celebrities of colonial days.

LATER NEWS.

The allies at Pekin resolved on strong measures.

No effort will be made by congress to decrease Southern representation.

The opening of the Milton creamery, the first in Eastern Oregon, was celebrated.

Russia deals the Pacific coast a hard blow by putting a high tariff on flour to Siberia.

The house ways and means committee considered the reduction of the stamp tax.

An ex-rebel chief will start in pursuit of Aguinaldo, who is said to be in Northern Luzon.

The population of Florida is 528,542, as against 391,224 in 1890, an increase of 137,120, or 35 per cent.

The assistant postmaster-general of the United States pleads for a wide extension of the rural free delivery.

E. Gates was convicted at South Bend, Wash., of murder in the second degree for killing Captain Beeson.

The situation in South China is improved so that the rebels have been conquered, and the rebellion is nearly extinct.

The population of Rhode Island was announced to be 428,556, as against 345,506 in 1890; increase of 83,050, or 24 per cent.

John H. Ott, the comedian, died at New York, of a complication of diseases. He was taken ill about two weeks ago. He was 38 years old.

The big cotton mill operatives' strike in Alamanie county, North Carolina, has been declared off. The strike has been in force about three months, and several thousand hands were involved.

Dawson City advices brought by the steamer Danube, arrived at Victoria, are to the effect that on November 13, Dawson was reported to have been free from new cases of smallpox for 10 days.

The British warship Pheasant, stationed at Victoria, B. C., received rush orders from the Admiralty dispatching her to Panama to protect British interests in the revolution which has recurred there.

The annual report of Rear-Admiral Endicott, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, submits estimates aggregating $12,456,390, of which $11,252,540 is set down for public improvements. The admiral emphasizes the importance of having proper provision made at an early date for storing at convenient points along our coasts the large number of topredo-boats which are being completed and put afloat.

Sanitary conditions at Pekin are becoming serious.

The good roads movement was formally launched in Chicago.

Methodists convened in New York denounced the Church of Rome.

Rebel and American activity in the field has been greatly increased.

Kentucky bank is out $201,000 through the dishonesty of a clerk.

The United States supreme court sustained the Tennessee cigarette law.

Four men were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a Pennsylvania hotel.

The battle-ship Kentucky will enforce the indemnity claim against Turkey.

In an engagement north of Manila 11 Americans and 50 Filipinos were killed.

There is a scarcity of food in Tien Tsin, and already there is considerable suffering.

The Hay-Pauncefote treaty will be the stumbling block in the way of canal legislation.

Twenty-six Oregon counties that have not remitted scalp bounty tax are requested to do so.

The marriage of the Duke of Manchester and Miss Zimmerman, of Cincinnati, is announced.

Past fiscal year was the most prosperous period known to American shipping for some time.

A Chicago firm submits the best bid for the construction of the new postoffice building Salem, Or.

Fifty-six cases of yellow fever are now under treatment in the city of Havana, among them two Americans.

Fred J. Kisel, of Malheur county, Oregon, has been appointed as a delegate to the National Irrigation Congress.

Rev. James Deighton, once a noted London preacher, and an intimate friend of Spurgeon, died at Hungton, Ind., aged 63 years.

The population of Minnesota, as officially announced, is 1,715,754, against 1,301,826 in 1890, an increase of 449,568 since 1890, or 34.5 per cent.

The population of Pennsylavnia, as officially announced by the census bureau, is 6,302,115, against 5,258,014 in 1890, an increase of 1,044,101, or 19.8 per cent.

Dispathces from Vladivostock say the Chinese have destroyed 300 verats of the southern section of the Manchurian railroad. All the stations were burned and much rolling stock was destroyed. The damage is estimated at 10,000,000 roubles.

The Missouri is now claimed to be the longer by 200 miles than the Mississippi.

Captain Hassell, who commanded a company of American scouts in the Boer army thinks the Boers will resume fighting in the spring.

James M. Lynch, the new president of the International Typographical Union, succeeded S. B. Donnelly, the retiring president. Headquarters of the union are at Indianapolis, Ind.

Chinese viceroys memorialied the throne to punish Boxer leaders and save the empire from disruption.

Professor Hilprecht, of the University of Pennsylvania, returned from Mesopotamia and tells of the discovery of an ancient Babylonian library in the Temple of Nippur, which sheds new light on the world's history.

But five per cent of the money and valuables taken from the Galveston dead has been claimed, and the money still held by the committee aggregates many thousands of dollars, while the jewelry is worth at least $100,000.

SENT TO PRISON FOR LIFE

Fate of Princes Tuan and Chang, Boxer Leaders.

OTHERS FARE LITTLE BETTER

Moderate and Humane Course of the United States Has Advanced Its Prestige in China.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Minister Wu has received from Director-General Sheng the following cablegram, which he communicated to Secretary Hay today:

"An imperial decree of November 13 deprives Prince Tuan and Prince Chang of their ranks and offices, and orders them to be imprisoned for life; Prince Yih and secondary Prince Ining to be imprisoned; secondary Prince Lien to be deprived of his rank; Duke Lan and Ining Nien to be degraded in rank; Kang Yi being dead, no penalty can be imposed upon him; Chao Shu Chiao to be degraded, but retained in office, and Yu Hsien to be exiled to the farthest boundary."

The Chinese officials mentioned in the decree are among the highest in China, and comprise most, if not all, of those against whom the powers demanded rigorous punishment. Prince Tuan stands at the head of the anti-foreign and Boxer movement. Previous edicts degraded him and took away his office and servants, but this judgment of life imprisonment is the most severe thus far given to any of the leaders responsible for the trouble. From a Chinese standpoint, it is an extreme penalty to a prince of the blood, but it remains to be seen whether the powers will regard it as adequate to Prince Tuan's offense. The others mentioned were Tuan's active associates, and two of them were specifically mentioned for punishment, along with Tuan, in Secretary Hay's note of October 3, in which he advised the Chinese government that this country would expect these officials to receive their just deserts.

Kang Yi is one of the officials who died suddenly when the demands for punishment had been made, probably by suicide. Yu Hsien is another who was thought to have committed suicide, but the reports indicate that he is still alive.

Wise Course of the United States.

There is no hesitation in energetically denying the European implication that the United States government is moved in its Chinese course by sentimental and unbusinesslike considerations. On the contrary, it is pointed out that, while sentiment is on the side of our government in this matter, it is accompanied by the soundest business considerations. The animating purpose of the state department now is to prevent the destruction of Chinese integrity upon pretexts to maintain the open door, for which our government long has contended, and to secure indemnities for the past, and guarantees for the future.

A TERRIBLE PENALTY.

The Limon, Colo., Murderer Burned at the Stake.

Limon, Colo., Nov. 19.—Chained to a railroad rail set firmly in the ground, on the exact spot where his fiendish crime was committed, Preston Porter, Jr., or, as he was familiarly known, John Porter, this evening paid a terrible penalty for his deed. It was 6:23 o'clock when the father of the murdered girl touched the match to the fuel which had been piled around the negro, and 20 minutes later a last convulsive shudder told that life was extinct. What agony the doomed boy suffered while the flames shriveled up his flesh could only be guessed by the terrible contortions of his face and the cries he gave from time to time.

The executioners, who numbered about 300 citizens of Limon county, had not the least semblance of the ordinary mob. Their every act was deliberate, and during all the preparations, as well as throughout the sufferings of the negro, hardly an unnecessary word was spoken. Grimly they stood in a circle about the fire until the body was entirely consumed and then quietly they took their way back to Limon, from whence they departed for their homes shortly afterward.

Attack on the Kaiser.

Breslau, Nov. 19.—Emperor William was the object of an attempted outrage today which, however, failed. As he was driving in an open carriage to the cuirassier barracks, accompanied by the hereditary prince of Saxe-Meininger, a woman in the crowd hurled a short hand-chopper, or hatchet, at the carriage. The hatchet struck the carriage, but the rapidity with which the vehicle was passing saved its occupants.

Head End Collision.

Oil City, Pa., Nov. 19.—A head-end collision between a Pennsylvania extra freight train and a Lake Shore passenger train occurred two miles west of Polk tonight. Both engines were demolished, all of the passenger coaches left the tracks, and 40 oil and coal cars of the freight were derailed.

Prevented Negroes From Voting.

Lexington, Nov. 19.—A. S. Thompson, a prominent farmer of Bourbon county, George Leary and Samuel Adams, colored, were held in $1,000 bail by United States Commissioner Hill to the federal court the first Monday in January, at Frankfort, charged with conspiracy to prevent negroes from voting at the last election. It is charged that crap games were started and the negroes participating were arrested just before the election so as to keep them away from the polls.

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 19.—A special dispatch to the Republican from Casas Grands, Mex., say: A band of Apache Indians attempted to drive away a bunch of stock at the Mormon settlement near this place this morning. The settlers gave chase, and in the fight which ensued four whites were killed and several injured. The Indians lost 10 killed and seven wounded.

Havana, Nov. 19.—During the cool weather of the last three days the yellow fever situation has improved. Sixty-five cases are now under treatment, including seven Americans.

A CLERK STOLE $201,000.

He Has Been Missing Several Days and the Bank Is Closed.

Cincinnati, Nov. 21.—United States Bank Examiner Tucker today took possession of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination. He also announced unofficially that Frank M. Brown, the assistant cabier, was missing and that a partial investigation showed that he was short about $201,000.

Brown, who is the son of Paris C. Brown, ex-mayor of Newport, and one of the leading business men of Cincinnati, has been with the bank for 18 years and was one of its most trusted men. Experts state that his operations extend over a period of 10 years. He left on a vacation last Wednesday, and is supposed to be out of the country. It is generally believed that he has taken with him a considerable amount of money.

Brown, it is alleged, has lived a fast life, with wine, women and gambling in his repertoire. His career was cut short by a jealous woman, who made his doings known to the bank's officials. Brown's alleged shortage had been rumored for some time, but the bank officials and directors have repeatedly declared that his accounts were correct and that everything was all right.

The wildest scenes were witnessed in Newport today when Examiner Tucker's announcement was made public, and serious trouble is expected. The capital stock of the bank is only $100,000. Brown's shortage is double that amount, and more than the reserve and all the assets, including the bank's real estate. He must have gone the full limit for a small bank.

WERE BURNED TO DEATH.

Four Men Lost Their Lives in Pennsylvania Hotel Fire.

Oswayo, Pa., Nov. 21.—Four men were burned to death today in a fire that destroyed the McGonigal House, a three-story frame building, and the opera house adjoining, and several others were injured. The buildings were burned to the ground in half an hour's time.

Otto Kauley, a gas line walker of Coudersport, Pa., was burned about the face and arms, and Jerry Bailey sustained a broken shoulder by jumping from the third story of the hotel. The fire originated in the McGonigal House, from an over pressure of natural gas. There were 30 people in the hotel, which was a flimsy structure, and the flames licked up the building as if it were tinder.

There were many narrow escapes, most of the occupants jumping from the windows. The town has no fire protection. The tannery employes connected a line of hose to the burning building, but on account of trouble with the pump, there was considerable delay in getting a stream on the fire and the flames got beyond control. Nothing remains of the four dead but a few charred bones. The property is insignificant.

MORAL CRUSADE IN NEW YORK

Bishop Potter's Letter to Mayor Van Wyck Has Good Effect.

New York, Nov. 21.—Police Captain Horlipy, in command of the Elizabeth-street station, the official charged with having insulted the Rev. Mr. Parkhurst, one of Bishop Potter's assistants, was today transferred to another station. The transfer is put down as the effect of Bishop Potter's letter to Mayor Van Wyck concerning the prevalence of vice on the East Side, known as the "Red Light" district. A noticeable change was apparent in this district tonight. It was very quiet, and during the first hours of the night not a person was arrested.

Captain Moynihan, of the West Twentieth street station, who had notified the management of the Grand Opera-House that only sacred concerts would be allowed on Sunday night in the theater, tonight arrested two performers who had done a "song and dance act." Friends bailed them out. The police raided a club on East Ninety-seventh street, arrested 17 men and two women and captured a lot of dice and chips. A Brooklyn gaming-house was also raided and 11 persons taken into custody.

Sentenced to Be Shot.

Salt Lake, Nov. 21.—James Linch and Robert L. King, the men convicted of the murder of Godfrey Prose, at the sheep Ranch gambling house, the night of September 14 last, were sentenced by Judge Booth this afternoon to suffer the death penalty. The condemned men chose to be shot. The date of their execution was set for Friday, January 11.

Famous Strike Leader Dead.

Houston, Texas, Nov. 21.—Martin Irons, once leader of the union labor organizations, and who directed the great Missouri Pacific strike in the '80s, is dead. He came to this country 35 years ago, and began organizing social democracy clubs, using "anti-money rent" as a slogan to arouse the farmers.

Illinois Mill Resumes Operations.

Joliet, Ill., Nov. 21.—The billet mill and converter of the Illinois Steel Works resumed operations tonight, after a three weeks' shut-down. About 1,000 men were affected.

Fire in a Cotton Warehouse.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 16.—Fire in the Alabama Compress & Storage Copmany's warehouse today destroyed one of the four sections of the buildings, together with between 500 and 1,000 bales of cotton. The loss is $70,000.

Lord Kitchener will depopulate the small towns of the Transvaal and concentrate their population in large towns, otherwise following out a reconcentrado policy.

Remains of Limon Fiend.

Limon, Colo., Nov. 21.—After being notified that some fragments of bones of a human being had been found on the prairie near this town, Coroner Brown and a jury summoned by him gathered up the scarcely visible "remains" of John Porter, the negro who was burned to death on Friday night, and buried them in a small box at the scene of the tragedy. The jurors signed a verdict to the effect that the remains were those of John Porter, and that "the death was at the hands of parties unknown."

THEIR PUNISHMENT LIGHT

Leaders of Boxer Uprisings Get Short Sentences.

YUAN RETIRED WITH HONOR

An Attempt Made to Thwart the Demands of the Powers—The Tai Yuan Missionaries Are Safe.

London, Nov. 22.—The Morning Post's Pekin correspondent, says:

"The edict inflicting punishment is milder than the first reports suggested. Prince Tuan and Prince Chwang are only banished, and not imprisoned. Duke Lan cannot accept the edict, owing to the inadequacy of the punishment.

"Baron von Waldersee officially announced that he has stopped looking toward peace in the province of Chi Li.

Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Pekin, says:

"In communicating the punishment edict dated Sinan Fu, November 13 to the foreign envoys, Li Hung Chang submits it as the final punishment the court is able to inflict, and repeats the stereotyped plea of all Chinese plenipotentiaries, namely, that the emperor threatens him and Prince Ching with severe punishment if they fail to induce the representatives of the powers to accomplish a compromise. The mildness of the sentences excites ridicule, and strengthens the ministers in their determination to demand the death penaly. The punishments are illusory. Prince Tuan is merely banished to his own home, and others undergo a merely nominal lowering of rank. Perpetual imprisonment means a life of honored retirement.

"Large numbers of Southern Chinese now residing in Pekin, fearing further tribulation during the winter, are preparing to leave for the south."

According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Times, it is asserted on good authority in Tien Tsin that there are still some missionaries surviving at Tai Ynan Fu under the protection of the Mandarins.

"A Chinese official reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, "that the allies have captured two passes leading from Chi Li into Shan Si. Herr Knappe, the German consul, has returned from Nankin. He reports that he asked the viceroy to permit foreign troops to ascend the Yangste and to stop sending supplies to Sian Fu."

"The French consul here reports," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily News, "that severe persecutions of Catholic converts continue in the province of Kiang Si. Mr. Goodnow, United States consul, hears that the Christians in the province of Che Kiang are similarly persecuted. The people of both provinces are manifestly anti-foreign."

THE APACHES' RAID.

The Mormon Colonies Appeal for Military Aid.

Chihuahua, Mex., Nov. 22.—The Mormon colonies of Durban, Pacheco, Colonia, Oaxaca, Colonia Diaz and Colonia Juarez have appealed to the military authorities of Mexico against further raids from the bands of hostile Indians. Preparations are being made by the war department to strengthen the military garrisons and to annihilate the force of Apaches which made the bloody attack on the Pacheco settlement a few days ago. These Apaches have taken refuge in the Sierra Madre mountains, and their pursuit will be difficult. The Pacheco colony has a population of about 1,200.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 22.—The president of the Mormon church in this city has received a telegram from A. W. Ivins, president of the Mexican mission at Colonia Juarez, Mexico, saying that no Mormons have been killed, as recently reported, and denying that there had been an Indian uprising.

British Steamer Seized.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 22.—Passengers who arrived here Sunday on the British steamer Atrato, from Colon, say there were rumors at Colon, when they sailed, that the British steamer Tobago had been seized by the Colombian government at Panama, and sent, under an armed escort, to Buena Ventura. It is added that the British consul at Panama had asked his government for a war vessel.

March Against Panama.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 21.—The British steamer Atrato arrived here today from Colon. Captain Copp reports that the Liberals had gained several important victories during the fortnight that preceded his departure, and that when he left Colon they were marching in force against Panama, and the stores had been closed in momentary expectation of an attack.

Fatal Hotel Fire.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Nov. 22.—The Hotel French burned today. Miss Hechardt, of Annapee, Wis., a guest, was burned to death. All others in the hotel escaped. The financial loss is nominal.

Charge on Bicycles.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Thirty-two Western roads have signed an agreement to make a minimum charge on all bicycles, tricycles and baby carriages, regardless of their weight, instead of classing them as baggage, as many lines have been in the practice of doing. Hereafter these articles will be charged for the same as excess baggage, nothing less than 25 cents per piece being collected. If the weight is over 50 pounds, actual weight will be charged.

Express Package Stolen.

Sioux City, Ia., Nov. 22.—A $5,000 package of money sent to Sioux City by a Sheldon, Ia., bank, Friday, via the American Express Copmany, is missing. It was stolen some time between its sending, at 5 o'clock Friday afternoon and 9 P. M. of the same day.

Another Embezzler.

Guthrie, O. T., Nov. 22.—Tom Phillips, a bookeeper in the Guthrie National Bank, was arrested today on a United States warrant for embezzling $3,000. His bond was fixed at $3,000, which he gave.

SENSATIONAL MURDER CASE.

A Pennsylvania Minister Accused of Killing His Wife.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 23.—A sensational murder mystery has developed at Wyoming, near here, and the principal figure in it is Rev. D. C. Stuart, a former pastor of the Wyoming Baptist church. The pastor's wife died suddenly two weeks ago at the home of her daughter in Plymouth. She had been married but three months and was ill only ten days. Her illness was not considered serious and she died suddenly shortly after her husband had carried dinner to her bedside. An empty bottle with the label "carbolic acid" was found near the bed and suicide was suggested. Numerous suspicious circumstances have been brought to light and the body was exhumed and an autopsy will be held. The reverend gentleman was asked to account for some money belonging to the church, which he failed to do and he resigned his pastorate and left for Philadelphia. Stuart was arrested in Philadelphia. The warrant charges murder and abortion.

Sultan Congratulates McKinley.

Constantinople, Nov. 22.—United States Charge d'Affaire Griscom was again at the Yildiz Pasa November 17, attending a court musicale, after which he remained and dined with the sultan, who charged him to transmit to President McKinley his warmest congratulations upon his re-election, adding that the result of the election had given his majesty the greatest pleasure, because it assured the continuane of the present exceedingly friendly relations between Turkey and the United States.

The Smuggled Jewels.

New York, Nov. 23.—At the customhouse today it was announced that an official appraisement of the so-called Maximilian jewels taken from the person of a Mexican in this city last week fixed their value at $2,760, exclusive of the 60 per cent customs duties. The case will probably be submitted to United States District Attorney Burnett on charges that the jewelry was smuggled into this country.

Government Insane Patients.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The annual report of the government hospital for the insane shows a total of 2,076 patients, an increase of 138, the largest increase in its history, and predicts a total of 2,275 inmates at the close of the present year. There are 958 inmates taken from the army, navy and marine hospital service, of whom 256 were received during the past year.

Lyons Car Strike.

Lyons, France, Nov. 23.—The Lyons car strike is assuming grave proportions. Yesterday, the police accompanied the cars, in one instance saving a driver whom the crowd was about to throw into a canal. Today the strikers overpowered the cars and the police in order to disperse them, were compelled to draw their revolvers. Many arrests have been made.

More Anti-Christian Riots.

Canton, Nov. 23.—Refugees who have arrived here report that anti-Christian riots have broken out in the province of Kiang Si. The non-Christians are wearing badges and all persons not so decorated are in danger of death. The viceroy of the province has appointed a deputy to settle the French claims at Shun Tak, and French gunboats will accompany the latter with the view of enforcing his orders.

German Warship Damaged.

Kiel, Nov. 23.—Divers report that the first-class German battle-ship Kaiser Friederich III, which was in collision Saturday while entering this harbor with the first-class battle-ship Kaiser Wilhelm II, is leaking slightly at the bows. The Kaiser Wilhelm II has her outer plating dented. Neither of the vessels requires docking.

England's War Loan.

London, Nov. 23.—The Daily Telegraph makes the following announcement: "We learn that the government will not ask more than £20,000,000 for the war loan in December. The question of the full amount and that of the Transvaal will be decided later."

Russian Iron Mines Discovered.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 23.—Count Klein Michael has formed a stock company to exploit iron mines discovered on his estates in the government of Kursk. The prospecting commission reports that 500,000,000 poods of ferriferous earth, bearing from 48 to 60 per cent of iron, are accessible.

Two Men Killed by Collapse of Dock.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 21.—A section of the Minnesota ore docks, situated in this harbor, collapsed today, under the weight of 60,000 tons of ore. Max Tors and Thomas Ford were killed, and William Burke was injured. The property loss is estimated at $100,000. The crash came without warning, 300 feet of the dock disappearing beneath the surface of the water.

Klondike Gold Output.

Seattle, Nov. 23.—Dufferein Patullo, chief clerk of the gold commissioner's office at Dawson, estimates the past season's Klondike output of gold at $20,000,000 as against $17,000,000 for 1899. Next year's gold output of the Klondike, Patullo thinks, will reach $25,000,000. Of this year's shipments of gold, United States Consul McCook has a record of $14,000,000.

A San Antonio Fire.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 23.—The A. B. Frank Co., grocers, and Gold, Frank & Co., wholesale dry goods, on West Commerce street, suffered a $250,000 loss by fire today.

Standard Oil Magnate's Will.

New York, Nov. 23.—The will of Ambrose McGregor, the Standard Oil millionaire, disposes of an estate valued at $4,500,000, all going to relatives.

Sailor Wanted for Theft.

Astoria, Nov. 23.—By telegraph from Portland the police received a warrant of Martin Wise, an apprentice on the British ship Leicester Castle, now on her way down the river. The boy is charged with having stolen a pair of opera glasses from a Portland lodging house.

Acquitted of Murder.

Wallace, Idaho, Nov. 23.—Dick Adams' preliminary hearing on a charge of murdering William Kennedy and Daniel Kildee resulted in acquittal today, Justice Johnson holding that he acted in self-defense.

AGUINALDO TO BE CAPTURED

Ex-Rebels Will Join Americans in Pursuit.

MACABOLOS WILL LEAD PARTY

He Will Have One Hundred Picked Natives and Will Be Supported by United States Soldiers.

Manila, Nov. 23.—General Macabolos, the ex-Filipino chief, is prepared to start in pursuit of Aguinaldo with 100 picked natives, supported by American troops. Other ex-rebel Filipinos will be used in campaigning in the country. Their offers have not been formally made yet, but they are ready if the authorities will accept their services. Aguinaldo, it is supposed, is in Northern Luzon, according to statements made by ex-rebel leaders now in Manila, confirmed from other sources.

Aglipay, a renegade native priest, not long ago an insurgent leader in Northern Luzon, has written to friends in Manila asking for election news and requesting to be informed whether a decision has been reached concerning the relations between church and state, and the disposition of church properties. The replies sent him contain the information that church and state will be separate, and the entire religious freedom will be allowed.

Transport Indiana Aground.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Quartermaster-General Ludington received a cable dispatch today from Colonel Miller, chief quartermaster at Manila, confirming the press report of the grounding of the transport Indiana on the east side of Isla de Polilo, one of the smaller islands of the Philippine group, east of Luzon. Colonel Miller's dispatch follows:

"Indiana aground November 7. She is reported as not damaged. Palmer (quartermaster), with transport Pennsylvania and a lighter draught vessel, left Manila Sunday in order to relieve her. Nothing more necessary."

When the Indiana ran aground she was loaded with supplies and a company of the Twenty-second infantry, detailed to act as a garrison at Baloi.

TORNADO IN THE SOUTH.

Much Loss of Life in Tennessee and Mississippi.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 23.—A tornado bounding through a narrow stretch of territory stretching from a point three miles north of Lulu, Miss., to Lagrange, Tenn., caused a heavy loss of life and property this afternoon. The storm so completely interrupted telegraphic and telephonic communication that neither the origin nor the ending of it can be determined tonight, nor can the extent of the disaster be learned. From meager details obtainable, covering only three points, it appears that 19 lives were lost, and the destruction of property was also heavy. It is believed that between the towns heard from numerous farm-houses and interior communities of more or less considerable population were struck. Accompanying the tornado was a rain storm of terrific proportions.

The tornado struck the town of Lagrange, 49 miles east of Memphis, on the Southern railway, in Fayette county, this afternoon. Only one church is left standing in the town. The streets are littered with the debris of destroyed buildings, merchandise, telegraph and telephone wires and poles. Several persons are dead.

Six persons were injured more or less seriously, and 10 business places were totally destroyed. The Methodist, Baptist and Presbyterian churches were demolished. The residence portion of the town also suffered heavy loss, several buildings being completely demolished and a large number damaged.

A perfect deluge of rain was falling when the cyclone came, but its advance was foretold by a roaring, rushing sound, followed by quick heavy reports which gave the inhabitants warning, and they rushed out from the falling buildings.

STORM IN CHICAGO.

Rain Fell in Deluging Quantities and Thunder and Lightning Plentiful.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Glaring flashes of lightning and loud peals of thunder, sights and sounds generally peculiar to midsummer in Chicago, accompanied the storm which burst upon the city shortly before midnight last night. Rain fell in deluging quantities, and the elements displayed all the characteristics of a summer thunderstorm. Telephone and telegraph wires were affected by the electricity in the atmosphere. The streets of the city ran like rivers. There was enough wind on the lake to endanger the safety of light craft.

This storm is probably the forerunner of a cold wave that has forced the mercury down to 12 degrees below zero in Montana, and which is scheduled to arrive in Chicago today.

John Wanamaker has been re-elected president of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association.

Frank Sargent Declines.

Washington, Nov. 23.—It was learned tonight that Frank Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, to whom was tendered the office of chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, has decided definitely not to take the position, but to remain at the head of the labor organization he now represents.

Railroads centering in St. Louis ask their employes to work for the proposed exposition in 1903.

An Armenian Released.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—The repeated representations of the United States legation here have resulted in the release from prison of the Armenian, Arzyouan, who was arrested while traveling on an American passport. Arzyouan was ordered to leave the country.

Mules for the Philippines.

Seattle, Nov. 23.—A train of 14 cars of army mules, destined for shipment to the Philippines, is expected here by Quartermaster Ruhlen during the next two days.

THE COLD WEATHER TONIC.

Increasing Demand for Winter Goods Is Noted.

Bradstreet's says: The tonic effect of seasonably cold weather is again testified to by reports from practically all markets, of a brisk demand for winter clothing and wool wear. This in turn is reflected in increased re-orders from Western, Northwestern and Southern jobbers, and a perceptible improvement in tone of wholesale trade at the East, which hopes to participate later in the results of the existing good consumption demand.

The renewed advance in cotton, another result of cold weather, has proved a stimulus to Southern trade, and also made cotton goods agents and manufacturers rather indifferent to new business offered at old rates. What looked like an improvement in wool demand and prices seems to have received a temporary setback from the failure of a large commission house with woolen mill connections.

The strength of prices is still more marked in iron and steel, demand for which continues large, both for crude and finished materials. The action of the billet pool in advancing prices is claimed to have checked demand.

In finished material the activity is most marked, and mills are generally well supplied with orders and indifferent to future business at present rates.

The awarding of the government contract for armor plate at $425 per ton will swell the output of the steel industry by $15,000,000.

Wheat, including flour shipments for the week aggregate 4,062,000 bushels, against 3,555,507 bushels last week.

Failures for the week in the United States number 227, against 161 last week.

Canadian failures number 27, against 17 last week.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, new, 1½c.
Lettuce, hot house, $1 per crate.
Potatoes, new, $16.
Beets, per sack, 85c@$1.
Turnips, per sack, $1.00.
Beans, wax, 4c.
Squash—1½c.
Carrots, per sack, 90c
Parsnips, per sack, $1.25.
Cauliflower, native, 75c.
Cucumbers—40@50c.
Cabbage, native and California, 1½c per pounds.
Tomatoes—30@50c.
Butter—Creamery, 29c; dairy, 18@20c; ranch, 16c pound.
Eggs—34c.
Cheese—12c.
Poultry—12c; dressed, 14c; spring, 13@15c turkey, 13c..
Hay—Puget Sound timothy, $14.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, $19.00.
Corn—Whole, $23.00; cracked, $25; feed meal, $25.
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, $20.
Flour—Patent, per barrel, $3.50; blended straights, $3.25; California, $3.25; buckwheat flour, $6.00; graham, per barrel, $3.00; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rye flour, $3.80@4.00.
Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, $13.00; shorts, per ton, $14.00.
Feed—Chopped feed, $19.00 per ton; middlings, per ton, $20; oil cake meal, per ton, $30.00.
Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, price 7½c; cows, 7c; mutton 7½; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 9@11c.
Hams—Large, 13c; small, 13¼; breakfast bacon, 12c; dry salt sides, 8½c.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 54@54½c; Valley, nominal; Bluestem, 57c per bushel.
Flour—Best grades, $3.40; graham, $2.00.
Oats—Choice white, 42c; choice gray, 41c per bushel.
Barley—Feed barley, $15.50 brewing, $16.50 per ton.
Millstuffs—Bran, $15.50 ton; middlings, $21; shorts, $17; chop, $16 per ton.
Hay—Timothy, $12@12.50; clover, $7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, $6@7 per ton.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 45@50c; store, 30c.
Eggs—32½c per dozen.
Cheese—Oregon full cream, 12½c; Young America, 13c; new cheese 10c per pound.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, $2.50@3.50 per dozen; hens, $4.00; springs, $2.00@3.50; geese, $6.00@7.00 doz; ducks, $3.00@5.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 11c per pound.
Potatoes—50@65c per sack; sweets, 1½c per pound.
Vegetables—Beets, $1; turnips, 75c; per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1½c per pound; parsnips, 85c; onions, $1; carrots, 75c.
Hops—New crop, 12@14c per pound.
Wool—Valley, 13@14c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 9@12c; mohair, 25 per pound.
Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3½c; dressed mutton, 6½@7c per pound.
Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, $5.75; light and feeders, $5.00; dressed, $6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds.
Beef—Gross, top steers, $3.50@4.00; cows, $3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 6@7c per pound.
Veal—Large, 6½@7½c; small, 8@8½c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Nevada, 11@13c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@14c; Valley, 15@17c; Northern, 9@10c.
Hops—Crop, 1900, 13@16c.
Butter—Fancy creamery 22½c; do seconds, 21c; fancy dairy, 20 22c; do seconds, 19c per pound.
Eggs—Store, 28c; fancy ranch, 42c.
Millstuffs — Middlings, $16.50 @ 19.00; bran, $13.00@13.50.
Hay—Wheat $9@13½; wheat and oat $9.00@12.50; best barley $9.50 alfalfa, $7.00@8.50 per ton; straw, 35@47½c per bale.
Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 70@90c; Salinas Burbanks, 90c@$1.15; river Burbanks, 25@60c; new, 50@85c.
Citrus Fruit—Oranges, Valencia, $2.75@3.25; Mexican limes, $4.00@5.00; California lemons 75c@$1.50; do choice $1.75@2.00 per box.
Tropical Fruits—Bananas, $1.50@2.50 per bunch; pineapples, nominal; Pers